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# **APPLICABILITY TABLE**

# **PRODUCTS**

- LM960
- LM960A18
- LM960A9-P



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## 1. INTRODUCTION

## 1.1. Scope

Scope of this document is to give an overview of the fonts, styles and general structure -- first chapter included -- to use when writing hardware user guides.

#### 1.2. Audience

This document is intended for editors who are about to write or edit documentation for Telit.

#### 1.3. Contact Information, Support

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For detailed information about where you can buy the Telit modules or for recommendations on accessories and components visit:

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Our aim is to make this guide as helpful as possible. Keep us informed of your comments and suggestions for improvements.

Telit appreciates feedback from the users of our information.

#### 1.4. Text Conventions



Danger – This information MUST be followed or catastrophic equipment failure or bodily injury may occur.



Caution or Warning – Alerts the user to important points about integrating the module, if these points are not followed, the module and end user equipment may fail or malfunction.



Tip or Information – Provides advice and suggestions that may be useful when integrating the module.

All dates are in ISO 8601 format, i.e. YYYY-MM-DD.

#### 1.5. Related Documents

- [1] 3GPP TS 27.007 specification and rules http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/Specs/archive/27 series/27.007/
- [2] 3GPP TS 27.005 specification and rules http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/Specs/archive/27 series/27.005/
- [3] Hayes standard AT command set



### 2. OVERVIEW

#### 2.1. About the document

This document is to describe all AT commands implemented on the Telit wireless modules listed on the applicability table.

# 2.2. General remark about packet domain services in UMTS/GPRS and EPS

#### 2.2.1. Attach/Detach procedure for packet domain services

For easy reading, the term PS attach and/or PS detach is used for GPRS attach/detach procedure in UMTS/GPRS as well as EPC attach/detach procedure in EPS

#### 2.2.2. EPS bearer context and PDP context

According to 3GPP TS 23.401, there is a 1 to 1 mapping between active EPS bearer context and active PDP context:

- An active default EPS bearer context is associated with an active non-secondary PDP context.
- An active dedicated EPS bearer context is associated with an active secondary PDP context.

For easy reading, the term PDP context is used for PDP contexts in UMTS/GPRS as well as PDN/default EPS bearers and traffic flows in EPS.



### 3. AT COMMANDS

The Telit wireless module family can be controlled via the serial interface using the standard AT commands<sup>1</sup>. The Telit wireless module family is compliant with:

- 1. Hayes standard AT command set, in order to maintain the compatibility with existing SW programs.
- 2. 3GPP TS 27.007 specific AT command set for User Equipment.
- 3. 3GPP TS 27.005 specific AT commands for SMS (Short Message Service) and CBS (Cell Broadcast Service)

Moreover, Telit wireless module family supports also Telit proprietary AT commands for special purposes.

#### 3.1. Definitions

The following syntactical definitions apply:

- **CR> Carriage return character**, is the command line and result code terminator character, which value, in decimal ASCII between 0 and 255,is specified within parameter **S3**. The default value is 13.
- **<LF>** Linefeed character, is the character recognized as line feed character. Its value, in decimal ASCII between 0 and 255, is specified within parameter **S4**. The default value is 10. The line feed character is output after carriage return character if verbose result codes are used (**V1** option used) otherwise, if numeric format result codes are used (**V0** option used) it will not appear in the result codes.
- <...> Name enclosed in angle brackets is a syntactical element. They do not appear in the command line.
- [...] Optional sub parameter of a command or an optional part of TA information response is enclosed in square brackets. Brackets themselves do not appear in the command line. When sub parameter is not given in AT commands which have a Read command, new value equals to its previous value. In AT commands which do not store the values of any of their sub parameters, and so have not a Read command, which are called action type commands, action should be done on the basis of the recommended default setting of the sub parameter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The AT is an ATTENTION command and is used as a prefix to other parameters in a string. The AT command combined with other parameters can be set up in the communications package or typed in manually as a command line instruction.

### 3.2. AT Command Syntax

The syntax rules followed by Telit implementation of both Hayes AT commands and GSM/WCDMA commands are very similar to those of standard basic and extended AT commands. There are two types of extended command:

- Parameter type commands. This type of commands may be "set" (to store a value or values for later use), "read" (to determine the current value or values stored), or "tested" (to determine ranges of values supported). Each of them has a test command (trailing '=?') to give information about the type of its sub parameters; they also have a Read command (trailing '?') to check the current values of sub parameters.
- Action type commands. This type of command may be "executed" or "tested".
  - o "executed" to invoke a particular function of the equipment, which generally involves more than the simple storage of a value for later use
  - "tested" to determine:
     Whether or not the equipment implements the Action Command (in this case issuing the correspondent Test command trailing =? returns the OK result code), and, if sub parameters are associated with the action, the ranges of sub parameters values that are supported.

Action commands don't store the values of any of their possible sub parameters. In case of Telit command, "read" action may be used for the specific purpose.

#### Moreover:

- The response to the Test Command (trailing =?) may be changed in the future by Telit to allow the description of new values/functionalities
- If all the sub parameters of a parameter type command +CMD (or #CMD or \$CMD) are optional, issuing AT+CMD=<CR> (or AT#CMD=<CR> or AT\$CMD=<CR>) causes the OK result code to be returned and the previous values of the omitted sub parameters to be retained.

#### 3.2.1. String Type Parameters

A string, either enclosed between quotes or not, is considered a valid string type parameter input. According to V25.ter space characters are ignored on the command line and may be used freely for formatting purposes, unless they are embedded in numeric or quoted string constants; therefore a string containing a space character has to be enclosed between quotes to be considered a valid string type parameter (e.g. typing AT+COPS=1,0,"A1" is the same as typing AT+COPS=1,0,A1; typing AT+COPS=1,0,"A BB" is different from typing AT+COPS=1,0,A BB).

A small set of commands requires always writing the input string parameters within quotes: this is explicitly reported in the specific descriptions.

#### 3.2.2. Command Lines

A command line is made up of three elements: the **prefix**, the **body** and the **termination** character.

The **command line prefix** consists of the characters "**AT**" or "**at**", or, to repeat the execution of

the previous command line, the characters "A/" or "a/".

The **termination character** may be selected by a user option (parameter **S3**), the default being

<CR>.

The basic structures of the command line are:

- ATCMD1
   CR> where AT is the command line prefix, CMD1 is the body of a basic command (nb: the name of the command never begins with the character "+") and <CR> is the command line terminator character
- ATCMD2=10<CR> where 10 is a sub parameter
- AT+CMD1;+CMD2=, ,10<CR> these are two examples of extended commands (nb: the name of the command always begins with the character "+"2). They are delimited with semicolon. In the second command the sub parameter is omitted.
- AT+CMD1?<CR> This is a Read command for checking current sub parameter values
- AT+CMD1=?<CR> This is a test command for checking possible sub parameter values

These commands might be performed in a single command line as shown below:

ATCMD1 CMD2=10+CMD1;+CMD2=, ,10;+CMD1?;+CMD1=?<CR>

anyway, it is always preferable to separate into different command lines the basic commands and the extended commands; furthermore, it is suggested to avoid placing several action commands in the same command line, because if one of them fails, then an error message is received but it is not possible to argue which one of them has failed the execution.

If command **V1** is enabled (verbose responses codes) and all commands in a command line has been performed successfully, result code **<CR><LF>OK<CR><LF>** is sent from the TA to the TE, if sub parameter values of a command are not accepted by the TA or command itself is invalid, or command cannot be performed for some reason, result code

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The set of **proprietary AT commands** differentiates from the standard one because the name of each of them begins with either "@", "#", "\$" or "\*". **Proprietary AT commands** follow the same syntax rules as **extended commands** 



<CR><LF>ERROR<CR><LF> is sent and no subsequent commands in the command line
are processed.

If command **V0** is enabled (numeric responses codes), and all commands in a command line has been performed successfully, result code **0<CR>** is sent from the TA to the TE, if sub-parameter values of a command are not accepted by the TA or command itself is invalid, or command cannot be performed for some reason, result code **4<CR>** and no subsequent commands in the command line are processed.

In case of errors depending on ME operation, **ERROR** (or **4**) response may be replaced by **+CME ERROR**: **<err>** or **+CMS ERROR**: **<err>**.



The command line buffer accepts a maximum of 80 characters. If this number is exceeded none of the commands will be executed and TA returns ERROR.



## 3.2.3. ME Error Result Code - +CME ERROR: <err>

This is NOT a command, it is the error response to +Cxxx 3gpp TS 27.007 commands.

Syntax: +CME ERROR: <err>

Parameter: **<err>** - error code can be either numeric or verbose (see **+CMEE**). The possible values of **<err>** are reported in the table:

Verbose Format				
phone failure				
No connection to phone				
phone-adaptor link reserved				
operation not allowed				
operation not supported				
PH-SIM PIN required				
SIM not inserted				
SIM PIN required				
SIM PUK required				
SIM failure				
SIM busy				
SIM wrong				
incorrect password				
SIM PIN2 required				
SIM PUK2 required				
memory full				
invalid index				
not found				
memory failure				
text string too long				
invalid characters in text string				
dial string too long				
invalid characters in dial string				
no network service				
network time-out				
network not allowed - emergency calls only				



Numeric Format	Verbose Format			
40	network personalization PIN required			
41	network personalization PUK required			
42	network subset personalization PIN required network subset personalization PUK required			
43	network subset personalization PUK required			
44	service provider personalization PIN required			
45	service provider personalization PUK required			
46	corporate personalization PIN required			
47	corporate personalization PUK required			
General purpose er	ror:			
100	unknown			
601	wrong state			
602	Can not activate			
606	Bad or no response from server			
608	Already connected			
615	Service is not available			
616	Invalid user id			
617	Invalid password			
618	File is not found			
770	SIM invalid			
GPRS related errors	s to a failure to perform an Attach:			
103	Illegal MS (#3)*			
106	Illegal ME (#6)*			
107	GPRS service not allowed (#7)*			
111	PLMN not allowed (#11)*			
112	Location area not allowed (#12)*			
113	Roaming not allowed in this location area (#13)*			
GPRS related errors	s to a failure to Activate a Context and others:			
132	service option not supported (#32)*			
133	requested service option not subscribed (#33)*			
134	service option temporarily out of order (#34)*			
148	unspecified GPRS error			
149	PDP authentication failure			
150	invalid mobile class			



Numeric Format	Verbose Format					
Network survey errors						
657	Network survey error (No Carrier)					
658	Network survey error (Busy)					
659	Network survey error (Wrong request)					
660	Network survey error (Aborted)					
Supplementary serv	vice related error					
257	network rejected request					
258	retry operation					
259	invalid deflected to number					
260	deflected to own number					
261	unknown subscriber					
262	service not available					
263	unknown class specified					
264	unknown network message					
AT+COPS test com	mand related error					
680	LU processing					
681	Network search aborted					
682	PTM mode					
AT+WS46 test command related error						
683	Active call state					
684	RR connection Established					

<sup>\*(</sup>Values in parentheses are 3gpp TS 24.008 cause codes)



# 3.2.4. Message Service Failure Result Code - +CMS ERROR: <err>

This is NOT a command; it is the error response to +Cxxx 3gpp TS 27.005 commands

Syntax: +CMS ERROR: <err>

Parameter: <err> - numeric error code. The <err> values are reported in the table:

Numeric Format	Meaning		
0127	3gpp TS 24.011 Annex E-2 values		
128255	3gpp TS 23.040 sub clause 9.2.3.22 values		
300	ME failure		
301	SMS service of ME reserved		
302	operation not allowed		
303	operation not supported		
304	invalid PDU mode parameter		
305	invalid text mode parameter		
310	SIM not inserted		
311	SIM PIN required		
312	PH-SIM PIN required		
313	SIM failure		
314	SIM busy		
315	SIM wrong		
316	SIM PUK required		
317	SIM PIN2 required		
318	SIM PUK2 required		
320	memory failure		
321	invalid memory index		
322	memory full		
330	SMSC address unknown		
331	no network service		
332	network time-out		
340	no +CNMA acknowledgement expected		



Numeric Format	Meaning
500	unknown error
512	FDN not allowed number

#### 3.2.5. Information Responses and Result Codes

The TA response, in case of verbose response format enabled, for the previous examples command line could be as shown below:

- Information response to +CMD1?<CR><LF>+CMD1:2,1,10CR><LF>
- Information response to +CMD1=?<CR><LF>+CMD1(0-2),(0,1),(0-15)<CR><LF>
- Final result codeCR><LF>OK<CR><LF>

Moreover, there are other two types of result codes:

- result codes that inform about progress of TA operation (e.g. connection establishment CONNECT)
- Result codes that indicate occurrence of an event not directly associated with issuance of a command from TE (e.g. ring indication **RING**).

Here the basic result codes according to ITU-T V25Ter recommendation

Result Codes					
Numeric form	Verbose form				
0	OK				
1	CONNECT				
2	RING				
3	NO CARRIER				
4	ERROR				
6	NO DIALTONE				
7	BUSY				
8	NO ANSWER				

#### 3.2.6. Command Response Time-Out

Every command issued to the Telit modules returns a result response if response codes are enabled (default). The time needed to process the given command and return the response varies, depending on the command type. Commands that do not interact with the SIM or the network, and involve only internal set up settings or readings, have an immediate response, depending on SIM configuration (e.g., number of contacts stored in the phonebook, number of stored SMS), or on the network the command may interact with.

In the table below are listed only the commands whose interaction with the SIM or the network could lead to long response timings. When not otherwise specified, timing is referred to set command. For phonebook and SMS writing and reading related commands, timing is referred to commands issued after phonebook sorting is completed. For DTMF sending and dialing commands timing is referred to module registered on network

("AT+CREG?" answer is "+CREG: 0,1" or "+CREG: 0,5").

Command	Estimated maximum time to get response (Seconds)				
+COPS	180 (test command)				
+CLCK	15 (SS operation)				
	5 (FDN enabling/disabling)				
+CPWD	15 (SS operation)				
	5 (PIN modification)				
+CPIN	30				
+CPBS	5 (FDN enabling/disabling)				
+CPBR	5 (single reading)				
	15 (complete reading of a 500 records full phonebook)				
+CPBF	10 (string present in a 500 records full phonebook)				
	5 (string not present)				
+CPBW	5				
+CACM	5				
+CAMM	5				
+CPUC	180				
+CSCA	5 (read and set commands)				
+CSAS	5				



+CRES	5					
+CMGS	120 after CTRL-Z; 1 to get '>' prompt					
+CMSS	120					
+CMGW	5 after CTRL-Z; 1 to get '>' prompt					
+CMGD	5 (single SMS cancellation)					
	25 (cancellation of 50 SMS)					
+CNMA	120 after CTRL-Z; 1 to get '>' prompt					
+CMGR	5					
+CMGL	100					
+CGACT	150					
+CGATT	140					
D	120 (voice call)					
	Timeout set with ATS7 (data call)					
Α	60 (voice call)					
	Timeout set with ATS7 (data call)					
Н	60					
+COPN	10					
+CRSM	180					
+COPL	180					
+WS 46	10					

# 3.2.7. Command Issuing Timing

The chain Command -> Response shall always be respected and a new command must not be issued before the module has terminated all the sending of its response result code (whatever it may be).

This applies especially to applications that "sense" the **OK** text and therefore may send the next command before the complete code **<CR><LF>OK<CR><LF>** is sent by the module.

It is advisable anyway to wait for at least 20ms between the end of the reception of the response and the issue of the next AT command.

If the response codes are disabled and therefore the module does not report any response to the command, then at least the 20ms pause time shall be respected.



During command mode, due to hardware limitations, under severe CPU load the serial port can lose some characters if placed in autobauding at high speeds. Therefore, if you encounter this problem fix the baud rate with **+IPR** command.



# 3.3. Storage

#### 3.3.1. Factory Profile and User Profiles

The Telit wireless modules stores the values set by several commands in the internal non-volatile memory (NVM), allowing to remember this setting even after power off. In the NVM these values are set either as **factory profile** or as **user profiles**: there are **two customizable user profiles** and **one factory profile** in the NVM of the device: by default the device will start with user profile 0 equal to factory profile.

For backward compatibility each profile is divided into two sections, one **base section** that was historically the one that was saved and restored in early releases of code, and the **extended section** that includes all the remaining values.

The **&W** command is used to save the actual values of **both sections** of profiles into the NVM user profile.

Commands &Y and &P are both used to set the profile to be loaded at start up. &Y instructs the device to load at start up only the **base section**. &P instructs the device to load at start up the full profile: **base + extended sections**.

The **&F** command resets to factory profile values only the command of the base section of profile, while the **&F1** resets to factory profile values the full set of base + extended section commands.

The values set by other commands are stored in NVM outside the profile: some of them are stored always, without issuing any **&W**, some other are stored issuing specific commands (**+CSAS**, **#ESAV**); all of these values are read at power-up.

The values set by following commands are stored in the profile base section:

AUTOBAUD: +IPR
COMMANDECHO: E
RESULTMESSAGES: Q
VERBOSEMESSAGES: V

EXTENDEDMESSAGES: X

FLOWCONTROLOPTIONS: &K,+IFC

DSR(C107) OPTIONS: &S

DTR(C108) OPTIONS: &D

DCD (C109) OPTIONS: &C

RI(C125) OPTIONS: \R

POWERSAVING: +CFUN

DEFAULTPROFILE: &Y0

SREGISTERS: S2;S3;S4;S5;S7;S12;S25;S30;S38

CHARACTERFORMAT: +ICF



The values set by following commands are stored in the profile extended section:

+DR +CSCS +CREG +CNMI +CIND +CMER +CPBS +CMEE +CGREG +CMGF +CSDH +CEREG #QSS #STIA #SIMPR +CGEREP +CTZU +CTZR +CSTF +CSVM +CSDF +CPNER #NITZ

The values set by following commands are automatically stored in NVM, without issuing any storing command, and independently from the profile (unique values), and are automatically restored at start up:

#SELINT +COPS3 +CGCLASS +CGDCONT +CGQMIN +CGQREQ +CGEQMIN +CGEQREQ +WS46 +CGSMS +CGEQOS #ENS #BND #RXDIV **#VCDISABLE** #TESTMODE #LRXDIV **#SIMINCFG** #HSEN #CACTL \$LCSLPP \$AGPSEN \$CACTL #RXTOGGLE #ICMP #LTECAT #WWANLED #DGCFG #LOCAUTOSTART #LOCNMEATYPE **#DGENABLE** #4RXDIS +CPMS #PDPAUTH **#SIMDET** #B30TXDIS #DPRLIST **#DPRCTL** 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> It is partially stored in NVM; see command description. 80568ST10869A Rev.7 Page **24** of **380** 



The values set by following commands are stored in NVM on demand, issuing specific commands and independently from the profile:

+CSCA +CSMP +CSCB

Stored by +CSAS<sup>4</sup> command and restored by +CRES<sup>4</sup> command.

\$GPSP \$GPSR \$GPSNVRAM

\$GPSQOS \$GPSSLSR \$GPSSTOP

Stored by \$GPSSAV command and automatically restored at startup; factory default values are restored by \$GPSRST command.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Both commands +CSAS and +CRES deal with non-volatile memory, intending for it either the NVM and the SIM storage.



# 4. AVAILABILITY TABLE

Telit wireless module family can be selected via Technology or Functional(AT) availability in accordance with customer's necessary condition.

# 4.1. Technology Availability Table

	GSM/GPRS	UMTS	LTE
LM960/LM960A18		•	•
LM960A9-P			•

# 4.2. AT Commands Availability Table

	LM960 / LM960A18				A18			
COMMAND	Generic	Verizon	Sprint	AT&T	TMUS	геп	LM960A9-P	Function
AT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Starting A Command Line
A/	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Last Command Automatic Repetition Prefix
#/	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Repeat Last Command
#SELINT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Select Interface Style
&F	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Set to Factory-Defined Configuration
z	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Soft Reset
&Y	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Designate A Default Reset Basic Profile
&P	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Designate A Default Reset Full Profile
&W	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Store Current Configuration
+GMI	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Manufacturer Identification
+GMM	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Model Identification
+GMR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Revision Identification
+GCAP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Capabilities List
+GSN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Serial Number
&V	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Display Current Base Configuration and Profile
&V0	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Display Current Configuration and Profile
&V1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	S Registers Display
&V3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Extended S Registers Display
&V2	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Display Last Connection Statistics
\ <b>V</b>	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Single Line Connect Message
+GCI	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Country of Installation
%L	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Line Signal Level
%Q	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Line Quality
L	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Speaker Loudness



		LMS	960 / L	.M960	A18			
COMMAND	Generic	Verizon	Sprint	АТ&Т	TMUS	геп	LM960A9-P	Function
М	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Speaker Mode
E	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Command Echo
Q	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Quiet Result Codes
V	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Response Format
х	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Extended Result Codes
I	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Identification Information
&C	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Data Carrier Detect (DCD) Control
&D	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Data Terminal Ready (DTR) Control
&K	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Flow Control
\Q	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Standard Flow Control
&S	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Data Set Ready (DSR) Control
\R	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Ring (RI) Control
+IPR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Fixed DTE Interface Rate
+IFC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	DTE-Modem Local Flow Control
+ICF	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	DTE-Modem Character Framing
D	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Dial
A	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Answer
Н	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Disconnect
%E	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Line Quality Monitor and Auto Retrain or Fallback/Fall forward
+DS	•	•	•	•	•	•		Data Compression
+DR	•	•	•	•	•	•		Data Compression Reporting
S2	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Escape Character
S3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Command Line Termination Character
S4	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Response Formatting Character
S5	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Command Line Editing Character
S7	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Connection Completion Time-Out
S10	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Carrier Off with Firm Time
S12	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Escape Prompt Delay
S25	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Delay to DTR Off
S30	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Disconnect Inactivity Timer
S38	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Delay Before Forced Hang Up
+PACSP				•				Network Selection Menu Availability
+CGMI	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Request Manufacturer Identification
+CGMM	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Request Model Identification
+CGMR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Request Revision Identification



		LMS	960 / L	.M960	A18			
COMMAND	Generic	Verizon	Sprint	АТ&Т	TMUS	ren	LM960A9-P	Function
+CGSN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Request Product Serial Number Identification
+CSCS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Select TE Character Set
+CIMI	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Request International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI)
+ICCID	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Read ICCID (Integrated Circuit Card Identification)
+CEER	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Extended Error Report
+CNUM	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Subscriber Number
+COPN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Read Operator Names
+CREG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Network Registration Report
+CEREG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	EPS – Network Registration status
+COPS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Operator Selection
+WS46	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PCCA STD-101 Select Wireless Network
+CLCK	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Facility Lock/Unlock
+CPWD	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Change Facility Password
+CPOL	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Preferred Operator List
+CPLS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Selection of Preferred PLMN List
+CPAS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Phone Activity Status
+CFUN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Set Phone Functionality
+CPIN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Enter PIN
+CSQ	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Signal Quality
+CIND	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Indicator Control
+CMER	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Mobile Equipment Event Reporting
+CPBS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Select Phonebook Memory Storage
+CPBR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Read Phonebook Entries
+CPBF	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Find Phonebook Entries
+CPBW	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Write Phonebook Entry
+CCLK	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Clock Management
+CSDF	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Time Zone reporting
+CSTF	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Setting time format
+CTZR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Time Zone reporting
+CTZU	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Automatic Time Zone update
+CRSM	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Restricted SIM Access
+CSIM	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Generic SIM Access
+CACM	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Accumulated Call Meter
+CAMM	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Accumulated Call Meter Maximum
+CPUC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Price Per Unit and Currency Table



		LMS	960 / L	.M960	A18			
COMMAND	Generic	Verizon	Sprint	АТ&Т	TMUS	ren	LM960A9-P	Function
+CCHO	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Open Logical Channel
+CCHC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Close Logical Channel
+CGLA	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	Generic UICC Logical Channel access
+CUAD	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	UICC Application Discovery
+CPINR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Remaining PIN retries
+CSVM	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Set voice mail number
+CLAC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Available AT commands
+CPNER	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Primary Notification Event Reporting
+CMEE	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Report Mobile Equipment Error
+CGCLASS	•	•	•	•	•			GPRS Mobile Station Class
+CGATT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PS Attach or Detach
+CGEREP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Packet Domain Event Reporting
+CGREG	•	•	•	•	•			GPRS Network Registration Status
+CGDCONT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Define PDP Context
+CGQREQ	•	•	•	•	•			Quality of Service Profile (Requested)
+CGEQREQ	•	•	•	•	•			3G Quality of Service Profile (Requested)
+CGQMIN	•	•	•	•	•			Quality of Service Profile (Minimum Acceptable)
+CGEQMIN	•	•	•	•	•			3G Quality of Service Profile (Minimum Acceptable)
+CGACT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PDP Context Activate or Deactivate
+CGEQNEG	•	•	•	•	•			3G Quality of Service Profile (Negotiated)
+CEMODE	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Set Mode of Operator for EPS
+CGPADDR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Show PDP Address
+CGCMOD	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Modify PDP State
+CGCONTRDP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PDP Context Read Dynamic Parameters
+CGEQOS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Define EPS Quality of Service
+CGEQOSRDP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	EPS Quality of Service Read Dynamic Parameters
+CGPIAF	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Printing IP Address Format
+CGTFTRDP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Traffic Flow Template Read Dynamic Parameters
+CBC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Battery Charge
+CSMS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Select Message Service
+CPMS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Preferred Message Storage
+CMGF	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Message Format
+CSCA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Service Center Address
+CSMP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Set Text Mode Parameters
+CSDH	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Show Text Mode Parameters



		LMS	960 / L	.M960	A18			
COMMAND	Generic	Verizon	Sprint	АТ&Т	TMUS	геп	LM960A9-P	Function
+CSCB	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Select Cell Broadcast Message Types
+CSAS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Save Settings
+CRES	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Restore Settings
+CMMS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	More Messages to Send
+CNMI	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	New Message Indications to Terminal Equipment
+CNMA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	New Message Acknowledgment to ME/TA
+CMGL	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	List Messages
+CMGR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Read Message
+CMGS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Send Message
+CMSS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Send Message from Storage
+CMGW	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Write Message to Memory
+CMGD	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Delete Message
+CGSMS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Select Service for MO SMS messages
+CESQ	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Extended Signal Quality
#SHDN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Software Shut Down
#REBOOT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Reboot
#GPIO	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	General Purpose Input & Output Pin Control
#TEMPSENS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Temperature monitor
#CBC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Battery and Charger Status
#QSS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Query SIM Status
#SIMDET	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	SIM Detection Mode
#SIMPR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	SIM Presence Status
#SIMINCFG	•	•	•			•	•	GPIO SIMIN Configuration
#HSEN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Hot-swap Enable
#HWREV	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Hardware Identification
#ENS				•				Enhanced network selection
#EONS				•				Enhanced operator name string
#USBCFG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	USB Configuration
+IMEISV	•	•	•	•		•	•	Request IMEI and SW version
\$GPSP	•	•	•		•	•	•	GPS Controller Power Management
\$GPSR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	GPS Reset
\$GPSNMUN	•	•	•		•	•	•	Unsolicited NMEA Data Configuration
\$GPSACP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Get Acquired Position
\$GPSSAV	•	•	•		•	•	•	Save GPS Parameters Configuration
\$GPSRST								Restore to Default GPS Parameters
PUPOROI	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Residie to Delauit GPS Parameters



		LMS	960 / L	.M960	A18			
COMMAND	Generic	Verizon	Sprint	АТ&Т	TMUS	ren	LM960A9-P	Function
\$GPSNMUNEX	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Unsolicited NMEA Extended Data Configuration
\$GPSNVRAM	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	GPS NVRAM Parameters Delete
\$GPSQOS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	GPS Quality of Service
\$GPSSLSR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	GPS Start Location Service Request
\$GPSSTOP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	GPS Stop Location Service Request
\$LCSSLP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Update SLP address
\$LCSTER	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Update terminal information
\$LCSLRMT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	MT Location Request Mode
\$LCSLRV	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Location request verification
\$LTC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	LCS certificate
\$GNSSCONF	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Configuration of the GNSS Receiver
\$GPSLOCK	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	GPS Lock Mode
\$GPSANTPORT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Configuration of GNSS Antenna Port Type
\$AGPSEN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Position Mode Configuration
\$LCSLPP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	LPP Configuration
\$LCSAGLO	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Selection for Positioning Protocol for A-GLONASS
\$LOCMODE			•					GPS Location Request Mode
\$NMEA			•					Enable NMEA Stream
\$LOCATION			•					Enable Location Services
\$GETLOCATION			•					Get Current Location
#LOCAUTOSTART	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	GNSS Auto Start Configuration
#LOCNMEATYPE	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NMEA Type Configuration
#BND	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Select Band
#RXDIV	•	•	•	•	•			Enable RX Diversity and set DARP
#RXTOGGLE	•	•	•	•	•			Swap 3G-RX from main to diversity
#SMSFORMAT		•						Select 3GPP or 3GPP2 Format for MO SMS
#ISMSCFG		•						Domain Configuration for Outgoing SMS
#LRXDIV	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Enable LTE RX Diversity
#FASTSHDN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Configure Fast Power Down
#VCDISABLE	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Disable Voice Call
#NVIM	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Non-Volatile Memory Item Management
#TESTMODE	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Enable Test Mode command in not signaling mode
#MONI	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Cell Monitor
#CQI	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Channel Quality Indication
#RFSTS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Read Current Network Status



		LMS	960 / L	.M960	A18			
COMMAND	Generic	Verizon	Sprint	AT&T	TMUS	ren	LM960A9-P	Function
#SERVINFO	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Serving Cell Information
#NITZ	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Network Time zone
#STIA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	SIM Toolkit Interface Activation
#STGI	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	SIM Toolkit Get Information
#STSR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	SIM Toolkit Send Response
#LANG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Select Language
#SDM	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Set SIM Toolkit Display Mode
#STIME	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Set SIM Toolkit Timeout value
#STKENV	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Send SIM Toolkit Envelop Command
#USB3TUNE	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Tuning USB 3.0 PHY
#LCFC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	LTE Carrier Aggregation Frequencies and Combinations
#CACTL	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	LTE Carrier Aggregation enable and disable
#USBSWITCH	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Switch USB configuration
#GETFW	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Get firmware status
#ACTIVEFW	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Active firmware
#CLEARFW	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Clear firmware
#GETFWEXT	•	•	•	•	•			Extended get firmware status
#ACTIVEFWEXT	•	•	•	•	•			Extended active firmware
#FWPLS	•	•	•	•	•			Firmware PLMN ID Selection
#FIRMWARE	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Active firmware and display firmware
#CAINFO	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Show LTE CA information
#LAPS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	LTE Antenna Ports Signals
#PSMWDISACFG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Power Saving Mode configuration
#PSMEVTCFG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Wake Up event configuration
#PSMWAKENCFG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	WAKE_N pin configuration
#PSMEVT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Get Wake up events
#ICMP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	ICMP Support
#ICMCONNECT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	ECM/RNDIS interface connection
#ICMLANCFG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Private IP address for ECM/RNDIS and GW, DHCP address setting
#ICMROAMINGEN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Enable roaming data call
#HOSTODIS				•				Host Odis parameters management
#TMLVL	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Thermal mitigation level
#SHDNIND	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Shutdown Indication
#LTECAT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Set specific LTE category
#WWANLED	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Set LED display pattern



		LMS	960 / L	.M960	A18			
COMMAND	Generic	Verizon	Sprint	AT&T	TMUS	геп	LM960A9-P	Function
#FDOR	•	•	•	•	•			Triggers fast dormancy
#PERSISTAPN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Preserve APN Profile
#QOSINTER	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	QoS Flow Indication interval
#GETCUSTFEAT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Get the Setting of Customization Feature
#SETCUSTFEAT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Set the Customization Feature
#DGCFG	•	•	•	•	•	•		Dying GASP Configuration
#DGSTAT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Dying GASP Statistics Management
#DGENABLE	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Dying GASP Enable/Disable SMS/Detach Request
#CSURV	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Network survey
#CSURVC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Network Survey (Numeric Format)
#SINGLEAPNSWITCH	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Set APN param change
#4RXDIS	•	•	•	•	•		•	Set 4RX disable
#UPTIME	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Get System Up Time
#CLATENA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Enable/disable the CLAT interface
#LOOPBACKMODECF G	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Set the loopback mode configuration
+ODIS				•				Saving and Retrieving the Odis Parameters
#B30TXDIS	•	•	•	•	•			Set B30 TX disable
#ESIMID	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Provides the EUICC ID
#ESIMPF	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Manage Profiles
#ESIMPFINFO	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Provides the Profile data
#ESIMUPN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Updates the Nickname
#ESIMGETADDR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Configures the default SM-DP+ address
#ESIMCAP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Set or get the Terminal Capability
#ESIMPFUC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Provides the User Consent
#ESIMADDPF	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Allows Download a New Profile
#ESIMMEMRST	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Resets Profile or SM-DP+ address
#PDPAUTH	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PDP authentication parameters
#RESETINFO	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Read reason for most recent devices reset or power-down
#LWM2MSKIP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	No Starting any LwM2M Client
#DPRLIST	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	TX Dynamic Power Reduction List
#DPRCTL	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	TX Dynamic Power Reduction Control
#OTGCFG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	USB OTG enable/disable and configure

# 5. AT COMMANDS REFERENCES

## 5.1. Command Line General Format

## 5.1.1. Command Line Prefixes

# 5.1.1.1. Starting A Command Line – AT

AT – Starting A Command Line						
AT	The prefix <b>AT</b> , or <b>at</b> , is a two-character abbreviation ( <b>ATtention</b> ), always used to start a command line to be sent from TE to TA					
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007					

## 5.1.1.2. Last Command Automatic Repetition - A/

A/ - Last Cor	A/ – Last Command Automatic Repetition					
A/	If the prefix <b>A</b> / or <b>a</b> / is issued, the MODULE immediately execute once again the body of the preceding command line. No editing is possible and no termination character is necessary. A command line may be repeated multiple times through this mechanism, if desired.					
	If <b>A</b> / is issued before any command line has been executed, the preceding command line is assumed to have been empty (that results in an <b>OK</b> result code).					
	Note: this command works only at fixed IPR.					
	Note: the custom command #/ has been defined: it causes the last command to be executed again too; but it does not need a fixed IPR.					
Reference	V25ter					

# 5.1.1.3. Repeat Last Command - AT#/

AT#/ – Repeat Las	AT#/ – Repeat Last Command						
AT#/	The prefix is used to execute again the last received command						

# 5.2. General Configuration Commands

# 5.2.1.1. Select Interface Style - #SELINT

AT#SELINT - Select	AT#SELINT – Select Interface Style						
AT#SELINT= <v></v>	Set command sets the AT command interface style depending or parameter <v>.</v>						
	Parameter:						
	<v> - AT command interface style</v>						
	2 - switches the AT command interface style of the product to LM960 family						
AT#SELINT?	Read command reports the current interface style.						
AT#SELINT=?	Test command reports the available range of values for parameter <v>.</v>						

# 5.3. Hayes Compliant AT Commands

# 5.3.1. Generic Modem Control

## 5.3.1.1. Set To Factory-Defined Configuration - &F

&F - Set To Facto	&F - Set To Factory-Defined Configuration						
AT&F[ <value>]</value>	Execution command sets the configuration parameters to default values specified by manufacturer; it takes in consideration hardware configuration switches and other manufacturer-defined criteria.						
	Parameter:						
	<value>:</value>						
	0 - just the factory profile base section parameters are considered.						
	1 - either the factory profile base section and the extended section are considered (full factory profile).						
	Note: if parameter <b><value></value></b> is omitted, the command has the same behaviour as <b>AT&amp;F0</b>						
Reference	V25ter.						

# 5.3.1.2. Soft Reset – Z

Z - Soft Reset	
ATZ[ <n>]</n>	Execution command loads the base section of the specified user profile and the extended section of the default factory profile.



#### Z - Soft Reset

Parameter:

<n>

0..1 - user profile number

Note: any call in progress will be terminated.

Note: if parameter <n> is omitted, the command has the same behaviour as ATZ0.

# 5.3.1.3. Default Reset Basic Profile Designation - &Y

#### &Y - Default Reset Basic Profile Designation

#### AT&Y[<n>]

Execution command defines the basic profiles which will be loaded on startup.

Parameter:

<n>

0..1 - profile (default is 0): the wireless module is able to store 2 complete configurations (see command &W).

Note: differently from command **Z<n>**, which loads just once the desired profile, the one chosen through command **&Y** will be loaded on every start up.

Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour as **AT&Y0** 

## 5.3.1.4. Default Reset Full Profile Designation - &P

### &P - Default Reset Full Profile Designation

# AT&P[<n>]

Execution command defines which full profile will be loaded on start up.

#### Parameter:

#### <n>

0..1 - profile number: the wireless module is able to store 2 full configurations (see command &W).

Note: differently from command **Z<n>**, which loads just once the desired profile, the one chosen through command **&P** will be loaded on every start up.



&P - Default Reset Full Profile Designation		
	Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour as <b>AT&amp;P0</b>	
Reference	Telit Specifications	

# 5.3.1.5. Store Current Configuration - &W

&W - Store Current Configuration		
AT&W[ <n>]</n>	Execution command stores on profile <n> the complete configuration of the device.</n>	
	Parameter:	
	01 - profile number: the wireless module is able to store 2 full configurations	
	Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour of <b>AT&amp;W0</b> .	

## 5.3.1.6. Manufacturer Identification - +GMI

+GMI - Manufacturer Identification	
AT+GMI	Execution command returns the manufacturer identification.
Reference	V.25ter

# 5.3.1.7. Model Identification - +GMM

+GMM - Model Identification	
AT+GMM	Execution command returns the model identification.
Reference	V.25ter

## 5.3.1.8. Revision Identification - +GMR

+GMR - Revision Identification	
AT+GMR	Execution command returns the software revision identification.
Reference	V.25ter

# 5.3.1.9. Capabilities List - +GCAP

+GCAP - Capabilities List	
AT+GCAP	Execution command returns the equipment supported command set list. Where:



+GCAP - Capabilities List		
	+CGSM: 3GPP TS command set	
	<b>+DS</b> : Data Service common modem command set	
Reference	V.25ter	

# 5.3.1.10. Serial Number - +GSN

+GSN - Serial Number		
AT+GSN	Execution command returns the device board serial number.	
	Note: The number returned is not the IMSI, it is only the board number	
Reference	V.25ter	

# 5.3.1.11. Display Current Base Configuration And Profile - &V

&V - Display Current Base Configuration And Profile	
AT&V	Execution command returns some of the base configuration parameters settings.

# 5.3.1.12. Display Current Configuration And Profile - &V0

&V0 - Display Current Configuration And Profile	
AT&V0	Execution command returns all the configuration parameters settings.
	Note: this command is the same as <b>&amp;V</b> , it is included only for backwards compatibility.

# 5.3.1.13. S Registers Display - &V1

&V1 - S Registers Display				
AT&V1		Execution command returns the value of the <b>S</b> registers in decimal and hexadecimal value in the format:		
	REG	DEC	HEX	
	<reg0></reg0>	<dec></dec>	<hex></hex>	
	<reg1></reg1>	<dec></dec>	<hex></hex>	
	where			
	<reg<i>n&gt; - S</reg<i>	register numb	er	
	000005			

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&V1 - S Registers Display		
	007	
	012	
	025	
	038	
	<dec> - current value in decimal notation</dec>	
	<hex> - current value in hexadecimal notation</hex>	

# 5.3.1.14. Extended S Registers Display - &V3

&V3 - Extended S	&V3 - Extended S Registers Display		
AT&V3	Execution command returns the value of the <b>S</b> registers in decimal and hexadecimal value in the format:		
	REG	DEC	HEX
	<reg0></reg0>	<dec></dec>	<hex></hex>
	<reg1></reg1>	<dec></dec>	<hex></hex>
	where		
	<reg<i>n&gt; - S re</reg<i>	egister numb	er
	000005		
	007		
	012		
	025		
	030		
	038		
	<dec> - curr</dec>	ent value in d	lecimal notation
	<hex> - curr</hex>	ent value in h	nexadecimal notation

# 5.3.1.15. Display Last Connection Statistics - &V2

&V2 - Display Last Connection Statistics	
AT&V2	Execution command returns the last connection statistics & connection failure reason.

# 5.3.1.16. Single Line Connect Message - \V

\V - Single Line Connect Message	
AT\V[ <n>]</n>	Execution command set single line connect message.
	Parameter:



\V - Single Line Connect Message	
	<n></n>
	0 - off
	1 - on
	Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour of <b>AT\V0</b>

# 5.3.1.17. Country Of Installation - +GCI

+GCI – Country Of Installation	
AT+GCI= <code></code>	Set command selects the installation country code according to
	ITU-T.35 Annex A.
	Parameter:
	<code></code>
	59 – It currently supports only the Italy country code
AT+GCI?	Read command reports the currently selected country code.
AT+GCI=?	Test command reports the supported country codes.
Reference	V25ter.

# 5.3.1.18. Line Signal Level - %L

%L - Line Signal Level	
AT%L	It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility with landline modems

# 5.3.1.19. Line Quality - %Q

%Q - Line Quality	
AT%Q	It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility with landline modems

# 5.3.1.20. Speaker Loudness - L

L - Speaker Loudness	
	It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility with landline modems

# 5.3.1.21. Speaker Mode - M

M - Speaker Mode	
ATM <n></n>	It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility with landline modems

## 5.3.2. DTE - Modem Interface Control

# 5.3.2.1. Command Echo – E

E - Command Echo		
ATE[ <n>]</n>	Set command enables/disables the command echo.	
	Parameter: <n> 0 - disables command echo 1 - enables command echo (factory default), hence command sent</n>	
	to the device are echoed back to the <b>DTE</b> before the response is given.  Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour	
	of ATE0	
Reference	V25ter	

# 5.3.2.2. Quiet Result Codes - Q

Q - Quiet Result Codes	
ATQ[ <n>]</n>	Set command enables or disables the result codes.
	Parameter:
	<n> 0 - enables result codes (factory default)</n>
	1 - disables result codes
	2 - disables result codes (only for backward compatibility)
	Note: After issuing either ATQ1 or ATQ2 every information text transmitted in response to commands is not affected
	Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour of <b>ATQ0</b>
Example	After issuing ATQ1 or ATQ2



Q - Quiet Result Codes	
	AT+CGACT=? +CGACT: (0,1) nothing is appended to the response
Reference	V25ter

# 5.3.2.3. Response Format – V

V - Response Format			
ATV[ <n>]</n>	Set command determines the contents of the header and trailer transmitted with result codes and information responses. It also determines if result codes are transmitted in a numeric form or an alphanumeric form (see [§3.2.3 Information Responses And Result Codes] for the table of result codes).		
	Parameter:		
	<n></n>		
	0 - limited headers and trailers an	nd numeric format of result codes	
		Later CD, LD	
	information responses	<text><cr><lf></lf></cr></text>	
	result codes	<numeric code=""><cr></cr></numeric>	
	1 - full headers and trailers and v default)  information responses	erbose format of result codes (factory <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
		<text><cr><lf></lf></cr></text>	
	result codes	<cr><lf></lf></cr>	
		<verbose code=""><cr><lf></lf></cr></verbose>	
	Note: the <b><text></text></b> portion of information responses is not affected by this setting.		
	setting.		
	Note: if parameter is omitted, the of ATV0	command has the same behaviour of	
Reference	V25ter		

# 5.3.2.4. Extended Result Codes – X

X - Extended Result Codes	
ATX[ <n>]</n>	Set command selects the result code messages subset used by the modem to inform the <b>DTE</b> of the result of the commands.  Parameter:
	4-15
	<n></n>



X - Extended Result Codes		
	0 - send only OK, CONNECT, RING, NO CARRIER, ERROR, NO ANSWER results. Busy tones reporting is disabled.	
	14 - reports all messages (factory default is 1).	
	Note: If parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour of <b>ATX0</b>	
	Note: Current value is returned by AT&V	
	Parameter:	
	<n></n>	
	0 - EXTENDED MESSAGES : X0=NO	
	14 - EXTENDED MESSAGES : X1=YES	
Note	For complete control on <b>CONNECT</b> response message see also <b>+DR</b> command.	
Reference	V25ter	

# 5.3.2.5. Identification Information – I

I - Identification Information		
ATI[ <n>]</n>	Execution command returns one or more lines of information text followed by a result code.	
	Parameter:	
	<n></n>	
	0 - numerical identifier.	
	1 - module checksum	
	2 - checksum check result	
	3 - manufacturer	
	4 - product name	
	5 - DOB version	
	Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour of <b>ATI0</b>	
Reference	V25ter	

# 5.3.2.6. Data Carrier Detect (DCD) Control - &C

&C - Data Carrier Detect (DCD) Control	
AT&C[ <n>]</n>	Set command controls <b>DCD</b> output behaviour.

&C - Data Carrier Detect (DCD) Control		
	Parameter:	
	<n></n>	
	0 - <b>DCD</b> remains <b>high</b> always.	
	<ul> <li>1 - DCD follows the Carrier detect status: if carrier is detected DCD is high, otherwise DCD is low. (factory default)</li> </ul>	
	2 - DCD off while disconnecting	
	Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour of AT&C0	
	Note: <b>AT&amp;C</b> has to be removed from the list of AT command whose parameters are stored in NVM.	
Reference	V25ter	

#### 5.3.2.7. Data Terminal Ready (DTR) Control - &D

&D - Data	Terminal	Ready	(DTR)	Control

#### AT&D[<n>]

Set command controls the Module behaviour to **DTR** transitions.

#### Parameter:

#### <n>

- 0 DTR transitions are ignored. (factory default)
- 1 when the MODULE is connected, the **High** to **Low** transition of **DTR** pin sets the device in command mode, the current connection is NOT closed.
- 2 when the MODULE is connected, the **High** to **Low** transition of **DTR** pin sets the device in command mode and the current connection is closed.
- 3 device ignores **DTR** transitions.
- 4 C108/1 operation is disabled.
- 5 C108/1 operation is enabled; same behaviour as for <n>=2

Note: if AT&D2 has been issued and the DTR has been tied Low, autoanswering is inhibited and it is possible to answer only issuing command ATA.

Note: Recommended that AT&D2 is issued prior to dial-up network service from DTE. If DTR event is ignored, DCE could be stuck in dormant state in a situation that DCE is not able to communicate with NW(like No service) and DTE tries to disconnect dial-up service.



&D - Data Terminal Ready (DTR) Control		
	But in case of LTE, if the default PDN is used for the connection, the connection will be preserved.	
	Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour of AT&D0	
	Note: if DTR stay in Low, URC message is not issued to DTE	
Reference	V25ter	

# 5.3.2.8. Standard Flow Control - \Q

\Q - Standard Flow Control	
AT\Q[ <n>]</n>	Set command controls the flow control behaviour.
	Parameter:
	0 - no flow control
	3 - hardware bi-directional flow control (both <b>RTS/CTS</b> active) (factory default)
	Note: It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility with legacy
	modems.
Reference	V25ter

# 5.3.2.9. Flow Control - &K

&K - Flow Cont	rol
AT&K[ <n>]</n>	Set command controls the flow control behaviour.
	Parameter:
	<n></n>
	0 - no flow control
	3 - hardware bi-directional flow control (both RTS/CTS active) (factory default)
	Note: It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility with legacy
	modems.

#### 5.3.2.10. Data Set Ready (DSR) Control - &S

#### &S - Data Set Ready (DSR) Control

## AT&S[<n>]

Set command controls **DSR** pin behaviour.

Parameter:

#### <n>

- 0 always High
- 1 follows the GSM traffic channel indication.
- 2 High when connected
- 3 **High** when device is ready to receive commands (factory default).

Note: if option 1 is selected then **DSR** is tied **High** when the device receives from the network the UMTS traffic channel indication.

Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour of **AT&S0** 

**Note**: If option 1 or 2 are active, **DSR** will not be tied **High** in case of GSM voice connection.

#### 5.3.2.11. Ring (RI) Control - \R

## \R - Ring (RI) Control

#### $AT\R[<n>]$

Set command controls RING output pin behaviour.

Parameter:

#### <n>

- 0 **RING** on during ringing and further connection
- 1 **RING** on during ringing (factory default)
- 2 RING follows the ring signal

Note: to check the ring option status use the **&V** command.

Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour of **AT\R0** 

## 5.3.2.12. Fixed DTE Interface Rate - +IPR

+IPR - Fixed DTE Interface Rate		
AT+IPR= <rate></rate>	Set command specifies the <b>DTE</b> speed at which the device accepts commands during command mode operations; it may be used to fix the <b>DTE-DCE</b> interface speed.	
	Parameter:	
	<rate></rate>	
	-	
	300	
	600	
	1200	
	2400	
	4800	
	9600	
	19200	
	38400	
	57600	
	115200 (default)	
	230400	
	460800	
	921600	
	3200000	
	3947500	
	Note: It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility with legacy	
	modems.	
AT+IPR?	Read command returns the current value of +IPR parameter.	
AT+IPR=?	Test command returns the list of supported autodetectable <b><rate></rate></b> values and the list of fixed-only <b><rate></rate></b> values in the format:	
	+IPR:(list of supported autodetectable <rate> values), (list of fixed-only <rate> values)</rate></rate>	
Reference	V25ter	

## 5.3.2.13. DTE-Modem Local Flow Control - +IFC

+IFC - DTE-Modem Local Flow Control	
	Set command selects the flow control behaviour of the serial port in both directions: from <b>DTE</b> to <b>modem</b> ( <b>by ta&gt;</b> option) and from <b>modem</b> to
<by_ta></by_ta>	DTE ( <by_te>)</by_te>



+IFC - DTE-Modem	ı Loca	al Flow Contro	ol	
	 	flow control No C105 (RTS) (fa ta> - flow contr	one actory default ol option for th	ne data received by <b>DTE</b> )  ne data sent by <b>modem</b>
		flow control No		)
	The	supported flow	control list as	s follows
		<by_te></by_te>	<by_ta></by_ta>	
		0	0	
		2	2	
		vith legacy	ct and is inclu	uded only for backward compatibility
AT+IFC?	Read	d command ret	urns active flo	ow control settings.
	Note: If flow control behaviour has been set with AT&Kn command with the parameter that is not allowed by AT+IFC the read command AT+IFC? will return:  +IFC: 0,0			
AT+IFC=?		•	irne all euppo	rted values of the parameters
ATTIFU-!	I	te> and <by_t< th=""><th></th><th>nted values of the parameters</th></by_t<>		nted values of the parameters
Reference	V25t	er		

5.3.2.14. DTE-Modem Character Framing - +ICF

+ICF - DTE-Modem Character Framing		
AT+ICF=[ <format></format>	Set command defines the asynchronous character framing to be used when autobauding is disabled.	
,[ <parity>]]</parity>		
	Parameters:	
	<b><format></format></b> - determines the number of bits in the data bits, the presence of a parity bit, and the number of stop bits in the start-stop frame.	
	1 - 8 Date, 2 Stop	
	2 - 8 Data, 1 Parity, 1 Stop	
	3 - 8 Data, 1 Stop (factory default)	
	5 - 7 Data, 1 Parity, 1 Stop	
	<parity> - determines how the parity bit is generated and checked, if present; setting this sub parameter is mandatory and has a meaning only if <format> subparameter is either 2 or 5 otherwise is not allowed.</format></parity>	
	0 - Odd (not supported)	
	1 - Even (not supported)	
	Note: It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility with legacy modems.	
AT+ICF?	Read command returns current settings for sub parameters <pre><format> and <parity>.</parity></format></pre>	
	If current setting of subparameter <b><format></format></b> is neither 2 nor 5, the current setting of subparameter <b><parity></parity></b> will always be represented as 0.	
AT+ICF=?	Test command returns the ranges of values for the parameters <format> and <parity></parity></format>	
Reference	V25ter	
Example	8N2 AT+ICF=1 OK 8O1 AT+ICF=2,0 OK	
	8E1	

+ICF - DTE-Modem Character Framing		
	AT+ICF=2,1	
	OK	
	8N1	
	AT+ICF = 3 (default)	
	OK	
	701	
	AT+ICF=5,0	
	ОК	
	7E1	
	AT+ICF=5,1	
	ОК	

# 5.3.3. Call Control

# 5.3.3.1. Dial – D

D – Dial		
ATD <number>[;]</number>	Execution command starts a call to the phone number given as par ameter.	
	If ";" is present, a <b>voice</b> call to the given number is performed.	
	Parameter:	
	<number> - phone number to be dialed</number>	
	Note: the numbers accepted are 0-9 and *,#,"A","B","C","D","+".	
	Note: for backwards compatibility with landline modems modifiers "T", "P", "R", ",", "W", "!", "@" are accepted but have no effect	
ATD* <gprs_sc>[* <addr>][*[<l2p>][ *[<cid>]]]]#</cid></l2p></addr></gprs_sc>	This command is specific of GPRS functionality and causes the MT to perform whatever actions are necessary to establish communication between the TE and the external PDN.	
	Parameters:	
	<pre><gprs_sc> - GPRS Service Code, a digit string (value 99) which identifies</gprs_sc></pre>	
	<addr> - string that identifies the called party in the address space applicable to the PDP.</addr>	
	<l2p> - a string which indicates the layer 2 protocol to be used. For communications software that does not support arbitrary</l2p>	
	characters in the dial string, the following numeric equivalents shall be used:	



D – Dial	
	1 - PPP <cid> - a digit which specifies a particular PDP context definition (s ee +CGDCONT command).</cid>
Reference	V25ter.

## 5.3.3.2. Answer – A

A – Answer	
АТА	Execution command is used to answer to an incoming call if automatic answer is disabled.  Note: This command MUST be the last in the command line and
	must be followed immediately by a <b>CR</b> > character.
Reference	V25ter.

## 5.3.3.3. Disconnect - H

H – Disconnect	
АТН	Execution command is used to close the current conversation (voice or data).
	Note: this command can be issued only in command mode; when a data conversation is active the device is in on-line mode (commands are not sensed and characters are sent to the other party), hence escape sequence is required before issuing this command, otherwise if <b>&amp;D1</b> option is active, <b>DTR</b> pin has to be tied <b>Low</b> to return in command mode.
Reference	V25ter.

## 5.3.4. Modulation Control

# 5.3.4.1. Line Quality Monitor And Auto Retrain Or Fallback/Fallforward - %E

%E - Line Quality Monitor And Auto Retrain Or Fallback/Fallforward	
	Execution command has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility with landline modems.

# 5.3.5. Compression Control

# 5.3.5.1. Data Compression - +DS

+DS - Data Compression	
AT+DS=[ <n>]</n>	Set command sets the V42 compression parameter.



+DS – Data Compression		
	Parameter: <n> 0 – no compression, it is currently the only supported value; the command has no effect, and is included only for backward compatibility</n>	
AT+DS?	Read command returns current value of the data compression parameter.	
AT+DS=?	Test command returns all supported values of the parameter <n></n>	
Reference	V25ter	

## 5.3.5.2. Data Compression Reporting - +DR

+DR - Data Compression Reporting		
AT+DR= <n></n>	Set command enables/disables the data compression reporting upon connection.	
	Parameter:	
	<n></n>	
	0 - data compression reporting disabled;(default)	
	1 - data compression reporting enabled upon connection.	
	Note: if enabled, the following intermediate result code is transmitted before	
	the final result code:	
	+DR: <compression></compression>	
	(the only supported value for <b><compression></compression></b> is "NONE")	
AT+DR?	Read command returns current value of <n>.</n>	
AT+DR=?	Test command returns all supported values of the parameter <n></n>	
Reference	V25ter	

#### 5.3.6. S Parameters

Basic commands that begin with the letter "S" are known as "S-Parameters". The number following the "S" indicates the "parameter number" being referenced. If the number is not recognized as a valid parameter number, an **ERROR** result code is issued.

If no value is given for the sub parameter of an **S-Parameter**, an **ERROR** result code will be issued and the stored value left unchanged.

Reference: V25ter



NOTE: what follows is a special way to select and set an S-parameter:

 AT=<value><CR> sets the contents of the last S-paramter accessed with ATSn=<value> command

## Example:

AT=40<CR> sets the content of S2 to 40

 AT? returns the current value of the last S-parameter accessed with ATSn=<value> commandTip or Information – Provides advice and suggestions that may be useful when integrating the module.

#### 5.3.6.1. Escape Character - S2

5.5.0. 1. Escape Gharacter - 52		
S2 - Escape Character		
ATS2= <char></char>	Set command sets the ASCII character to be used as escape character.	
	Parameter:	
	<char> - escape character decimal ASCII</char>	
	0255 - factory default value is 43 (+).	
	Note: the escape sequence consists of three escape characters preceded and followed by <i>n</i> ms of idle (see <b>S12</b> to set <i>n</i> ).	
ATS2?	Read command returns the current value of <b>S2</b> parameter.	
	Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s	

#### 5.3.6.2. Command Line Termination Character - S3

S3 - Command Line Termination Character	
ATS3= <char></char>	Set command sets the value of the character either recognized by the device as command line terminator or generated by the device as part of the header, trailer, and terminator for result codes and information text, along with <b>S4 parameter</b> .



S3 - Command Line Termination Character	
	Parameter: <char> - command line termination character (decimal ASCII)  0127 - factory default value is 13 (ASCII <cr>)</cr></char>
	Note: the "previous" value of <b>S3</b> is used to determine the command line termination character for entering the command line containing the <b>S3</b> setting command. However the result code issued shall use the "new" value of <b>S3</b> (as set during the processing of the command line)
ATS3?	Read command returns the current value of S3 parameter.
	Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s
Reference	V25ter

# 5.3.6.3. Response Formatting Character - S4

	O. D. F. W. O	
54 - Response For	S4 - Response Formatting Character	
ATS4= <char></char>	Set command sets the value of the character generated by the device as part of the header, trailer, and terminator for result codes and information text, along with the <b>S3 parameter</b> .	
	Parameter:	
	<char> - response formatting character (decimal ASCII)</char>	
	0127 - factory default value is 10 (ASCII <b>LF</b> )	
	Note: if the value of <b>S4</b> is changed in a command line the result code issued in response of that command line will use the new value of <b>S4</b> .	
ATS4?	Read command returns the current value of S4 parameter.	
	Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s	
Reference	V25ter	

# 5.3.6.4. Command Line Editing Character - S5

S5 - Command Line Editing Character	
ATS5= <char></char>	Set command sets the value of the character recognized by the device as a request to delete from the command line the immediately preceding character.
	Parameter:
	<char> - command line editing character (decimal ASCII)</char>
	0127 - factory default value is 8 (ASCII <b>BS</b> )
ATS5?	Read command returns the current value of <b>S5 parameter</b> .
	Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s
Reference	V25ter

# 5.3.6.5. Connection Completion Time-Out - S7

S7 - Connection Completion Time-Out	
ATS7= <tout></tout>	Set command sets the amount of time, in seconds, that the device shall allow between either answering a call (automatically or by A command) or completion of signalling of call addressing information to network (dialling), and establishment of a connection with the remote device.
	Parameter:
	<tout> - number of seconds</tout>
	1255 - factory default value is 60
ATS7?	Read command returns the current value of <b>S7 parameter</b> .
	Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s
Reference	V25ter

# 5.3.6.6. Carrier Off With Firm Time - S10

S10 –Carrier Off With Firm Time	
ATS10	Execution command has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility with landline modems

# 5.3.6.7. Escape Prompt Delay - S12

S12 - Escape Prompt Delay	
ATS12= <time></time>	Set command sets:



S12 - Escape Prom	S12 - Escape Prompt Delay	
	<ol> <li>the minimum period, before receipt of the first character of the three escape character sequence, during which no other character has to be detected in order to accept it as valid first character;</li> <li>the maximum period allowed between receipt of first or second character of the three escape character sequence and receipt of the next;</li> <li>the minimum period, after receipt of the last character of the three escape character sequence, during which no other character has to be detected in order to accept the escape sequence as a valid one.</li> </ol>	
	Parameter:	
	<time> - expressed in fiftieth of a second</time>	
	20255 - factory default value is 50.	
	Note: the minimum period <b>S12</b> has to pass after <b>CONNECT</b> result code too, before a received character is accepted as valid first character of the three escape character sequence.	
ATS12?	Read command returns the current value of <b>S12 parameter</b> .	
	Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s	

## 5.3.6.8. Delay To DTR Off - S25

0.0.0.0. Bolay 10 B	5.5.0.6. Delay 10 DTK OII - 325	
S25 -Delay To DTR Off		
ATS25= <time></time>	Set command defines the amount of time, in hundredths of second, that the device will ignore the <b>DTR</b> for taking the action specified by command <b>&amp;D</b> .	
	Parameter:	
	<time> - expressed in hundredths of a second</time>	
	0255 - factory default value is 5.	
	Note: the delay is effective only if its value is greater than 5.	
ATS25?	Read command returns the current value of <b>S25 parameter</b> .	
	Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s	

# 5.3.6.9. Disconnect Inactivity Timer - S30

S30 -Disconnect Inactivity Timer	
ATS30= <tout></tout>	Set command defines the inactivity time-out in minutes. The device disconnects if no characters are exchanged for a time period of at least <b><tout></tout></b> minutes.
	Parameter:
	<tout> - expressed in minutes</tout>
	o - disabled, disconnection due to inactivity is disabled (factory default).
	1127 - inactivity time-out value
ATS30?	Read command returns the current value of <b>\$30 parameter</b> .
	Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s

# 5.3.6.10. Delay Before Forced Hang Up – S38

S38 -Delay To Before Forced Hang Up	
ATS38= <delay></delay>	Set command has no effect and it included only for backward compatibility.
	Parameter:
	<delay> - expressed in seconds</delay>
	0255 - factory default value is 0.
ATS38?	Read command returns the current value of S38 parameter.
	Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s

## 5.4. 3GPP TS 27.007 AT Commands

#### 5.4.1. General

# 5.4.1.1. Network Selection Menu Availability - +PACSP

+PACSP – Network Selection Menu Availability	
AT+PACSP?	Read command returns the current value of the <mode> parameter in the format:</mode>
	+PACSP <mode></mode>
	where:
	<mode> - PLMN mode bit (in CSP file on the SIM)</mode>
	0 - restriction of menu option for manual PLMN selection.
	1 - no restriction of menu option for Manual PLMN selection
AT+PACSP=?	Test command returns the OK result code.

# 5.4.1.2. Request Manufacturer Identification - +CGMI

+CGMI - Request Manufacturer Identification	
AT+CGMI	Execution command returns the device manufacturer identification code without command echo.
AT+CGMI=?	Test command returns <b>OK</b> result code.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

# 5.4.1.3. Request Model Identification - +CGMM

+CGMM - Request Model Identification	
AT+CGMM	Execution command returns the device model identification code without command echo.
AT+CGMM=?	Test command returns <b>OK</b> result code.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

# 5.4.1.4. Request Revision Identification - +CGMR

+CGMR - Request Revision Identification	
AT+CGMR	Execution command returns device software revision number without command echo.
AT+CGMR=?	Test command returns <b>OK</b> result code.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

# 5.4.1.5. Request Product Serial Number Identification - +CGSN

+CGSN - Request Product Serial Number Identification	
AT+CGSN	Execution command returns the product serial number, identified as the IMEI of the mobile, without command echo.
AT+CGSN=?	Test command returns <b>OK</b> result code.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

# 5.4.1.6. Select TE Character Set - +CSCS

+CSCS - Select TE Character Set	
AT+CSCS=	Set command sets the current character set used by the device.
[ <chset>]</chset>	
	Parameter:
	<chset> - character set</chset>
	"GSM" - GSM default alphabet (3GPP TS 23.038)
	"IRA" - international reference alphabet (ITU-T T.50)
	"8859-1" - ISO 8859 Latin 1 character set
	"PCCP437" - PC character set Code Page 437
	"UCS2" - 16-bit universal multiple-octet coded character set (ISO/IEC10646)
AT+CSCS?	Read command returns the current value of the active character set.
AT+CSCS=?	Test command returns the supported values for parameter <b><chset></chset></b> .
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

# 5.4.1.7. Request International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) - +CIMI

+CIMI - Request International Mobile Subscriber Identify (IMSI)	
AT+CIMI	Execution command returns the value of the Internal Mobile Subscriber Identity stored in the SIM without command echo.
	Note: a SIM card must be present in the SIM card housing, otherwise the command returns <b>ERROR</b> .
AT+CIMI=?	Test command returns <b>OK</b> result code.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

# 5.4.1.8. Read ICCID (Integrated Circuit Card Identification) - +ICCID

+ICCID - Read ICCID	
AT+ICCID	Execution command reads on SIM the ICCID (card identification number that provides a unique identification number for the SIM)



AT+ICCID=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code
Example	AT+ICCID +ICCID: 89014104243627585306 OK

# 5.4.2. Call Control

# 5.4.2.1. Extended Error Report - +CEER

+CEER – Extended Error Report	
AT+CEER	Execution command returns one or more lines of information text < report > offering the TA user an extended error report in the format:
	+CEER: <report></report>
	This report regards some error condition that may occur:  - The failure in the last unsuccessful call setup (originating or answering)  - The last call release  - The last unsuccessful PS attach or unsuccessful PDP context activation
	- The last PS detach or PDP context deactivation
	Note: If none of this condition has occurred since power up then "Normal, unspecified" condition is reported.
AT+CEER=?	Test command returns <b>OK</b> result code.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

# 5.4.3. Network Service Handling

# 5.4.3.1. Subscriber Number - +CNUM

+CNUM - Subscriber Number	
AT+CNUM	Execution command returns the MSISDN (if the phone number of the device has been stored in the SIM card) in the format:
	+CNUM: <alpha>,<number>,<type>[<cr><lf> +CNUM: <alpha>,<number>,<type>[]]</type></number></alpha></lf></cr></type></number></alpha>
	where:



+CNUM - Subscriber Number	
	<alpha> - alphanumeric string associated to <number>; used character set should be the one selected with +CSCS.</number></alpha>
	<number> - string containing the phone number in the format <type></type></number>
	<type> - type of number:</type>
	129 - national numbering scheme
	145 - international numbering scheme (contains the character "+").
AT+CNUM=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code
Example	AT+CNUM
	+CNUM: "PHONENUM1","2173848500",129
	+CNUM: "FAXNUM","2173848501",129
	+CNUM: "DATANUM","2173848502",129
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

# 5.4.3.2. Read Operator Names - +COPN

+COPN - Read Operator Names	
AT+COPN	Execution command returns the list of operator names from the <b>ME</b> in the format:
	+COPN: <numeric1>,<alpha1>[<cr><lf></lf></cr></alpha1></numeric1>
	+COPN: <numeric2>,<alpha2>[]]</alpha2></numeric2>
	where:
	<numericn> - string type, operator in numeric format (see +COPS)</numericn>
	<alphan> - string type, operator in long alpha numeric format(see +COPS)</alphan>
AT+COPN=?	Test command returns <b>OK</b> result code.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

# 5.4.3.3. Network Registration Report - +CREG

+CREG – Network Registration Report	
AT+CREG=[ <mod e="">]</mod>	Set command enables/disables network registration reports depending on the parameter <mode>.</mode>
	Parameter:
	<mode></mode>
	0 - disable network registration unsolicited result code (factory default)

# +CREG - Network Registration Report 1 - enable network registration unsolicited result code 2 - enable network registration unsolicited result code with network Cell identification data If <mode>=1, network registration result code reports: +CREG: <stat> Where: <stat> 0 - not registered, ME is not currently searching a new operator to register to 1 - registered, home network 2 - not registered, but ME is currently searching a new operator to register to 3 - registration denied 4 - unknown 5 - registered, roaming If <mode>=2, network registration result code reports: +CREG: <stat>[,[<lac>],[<ci],[<AcT>]] Where: <a>lac>: string type; two byte location area code (when <Act></a> indicates value 0 to 6). In hexadecimal format <ci>: string type; four byte GERAN/UTRAN/E-UTRAN cell ID in hexadecimal format. <act>: integer type; access technology of the serving cell</a> 0 GSM 2 UTRAN 7 E-UTRAN Note: <lac>,<ci> and <Act> are reported only if <mode>=2 and the mobile is registered on some network cell. Note: LM960 family does not support GSM access technology. AT+CREG? Read command reports the <mode> and <stat> parameter values in the format: +CREG: <mode>,<stat>[<lac>,<ci>,<AcT>]



+CREG - Network	k Registration Report
	Note: <lac>,<ci> and <act> are reported only if <mode>=2 and the mobile is registered on some network cell.</mode></act></ci></lac>
AT+CREG=?	Test command returns the range of supported <b><mode></mode></b>
Example	AT
	OK
	at+creg?
	+CREG: 0,2
	OK
	(the MODULE is in network searching state)
	at+creg?
	+CREG: 0,2
	ОК
	at+creg?
	+CREG: 0,2
	ОК
	at+creg?
	+CREG: 0,1
	ОК
	(the MODULE is registered)
	at+creg?
	+CREG: 0,1
	ОК
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

# 5.4.3.4. EPS – Network Registration status +CEREG

+CEREG – EPS Network Registration Status	
AT+CEREG=[ <n>]</n>	The Set command controls the presentation of an unsolicited result code.  +CEREG: (see format below).

#### +CEREG - EPS Network Registration Status

#### Parameter:

- <n> result code presentation mode
- 0 disable network registration unsolicited result code
- 1 enable network registration unsolicited result code; if there is a change in the terminal EPS network registration status, it is issued the unsolicited result code:

#### +CEREG: <stat>

#### where:

<stat> - registration status

- 0 not registered, terminal is not currently searching a new operator to register to
- 1 registered, home network
- 2 not registered, but terminal is currently searching a new operator to register to
- 3 registration denied
- 4 unknown(e.g. out of E-UTRAN coverage).
- 5 registered, roaming
- 2 enable network registration and location information unsolicited result code; if there is a change of the network cell, it is issued the unsolicited result code:

#### +CEREG: <stat>[,<tac>,<ci>[,<AcT>]]

#### where:

- <stat> registration status (see above for values)
- <tac> two byte tracking area code in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00C3" equals 195 in decimal)
- <ci>- four byte E-UTRAN cell ID in hexadecimal format.
- <act><act>< access technology of the registered network:</a>
- 0 GSM (not applicable)
- 1 GSM Compact (not applicable)
- 2 UTRAN (not applicable)
- 3 GSM w/EGPRS (see NOTE 2) (not applicable)
- 4 UTRAN w/HSDPA (see NOTE 3) (not applicable)
- 5 UTRAN w/HSUPA (see NOTE 3) (not applicable)
- 6 UTRAN w/HSDPA and HSUPA (see NOTE 3) (not applicable)
- 7 E-UTRAN

+CEREG – EPS Network Registration Status	
	Note: <tac>, <ci> and <act> are reported only if <mode>=2 and the mobile is registered on some network cell.</mode></act></ci></tac>
	<b>Note 2:</b> 3GPP TS 44.060 [71] specifies the System Information messages which give the information about whether the serving cell supports EGPRS.
	<b>Note 3:</b> 3GPP TS 25.331 [74] specifies the System Information blocks which give the information about whether the serving cell supports HSDPA or HSUPA.
AT+CEREG?	Read command returns the status of result code presentation mode <n> and the integer <stat> which shows whether the network has currently indicated the registration of the terminal in the format:</stat></n>
	+CEREG: <n>,<stat>[,<tac>,<ci>[,<act>]]</act></ci></tac></stat></n>
	Note: <tac>, <ci> and <act> are reported only if <mode>=2 and the mobile is registered on some network cell.</mode></act></ci></tac>
AT+CEREG=?	Test command returns supported values for parameter <n></n>
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

#### 5.4.3.5. Operator Selection - +COPS

5.4.3.5. Operator Selection - +COPS		
+COPS - Operator	+COPS - Operator Selection	
AT+COPS=[ <mod e&gt;[,<format>[,<op er&gt;[,<act>]]]]</act></op </format></mod 	Set command forces an attempt to select and register the network operator.	
	<mode> parameter defines whether the operator selection is done automatically or it is forced by this command to operator<oper>.</oper></mode>	
	The operator <oper> shall be given in format<format>.</format></oper>	
	Parameter:	
	<mode></mode>	
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
	0 - automatic choice (the parameter <oper> will be ignored) (factory default)</oper>	
	1 - manual choice( <oper>field shall be present)</oper>	
	2 - deregister from network; the MODULE is kept unregistered until a +COPS with <mode>=0,1 or 4 is issued</mode>	
	3 - set only <format> parameter (the parameter <oper> will be ignored)</oper></format>	
	4 - manual/automatic( <oper> field shall be present); if manual selection fails, automatic mode(<mode>=0) is entered</mode></oper>	
	<format></format>	

+COPS - Operator Selection	
	0 - alphanumeric long form (max length 16 digits)
	1 - short format alphanumeric <oper></oper>
	2 - numeric <oper></oper>
	<pre><pre><oper>: network operator in format defined by <format> parameter.</format></oper></pre></pre>
	<act></act>
	0 - GSM
	2 - UTRAN
	7 - E-UTRAN
	, 20110111
	<b>Note:</b> <mode> parameter setting is stored in NVM and available at next reboot, if it is not 3 (i.e.: set only <format> parameter).</format></mode>
	<b>Note:</b> if <mode>=1 or 4, the selected network is stored in NVM too and is available at next reboot (this will happen even with a new SIM inserted)</mode>
	Note: <format> parameter setting is never stored in NVM</format>
	Note: LM960 family does not support GSM access technology.
	<b>Note:</b> If module has an invalid SIM or SIM card is not initialized completely, +COPS mode 2 can be displayed although user changed to another value such as 0 or 1.
AT+COPS?	Read command returns current value of <mode>,<format> and <oper> in format <format>; if no operator is selected, <format> and <oper> are omitted</oper></format></format></oper></format></mode>
	+COPS: <mode>[,<format>,<oper>,&lt; AcT&gt;]</oper></format></mode>
	where: <act>: access technology selected 0 - GSM 2 - UTRAN 3 - GSM w/EGPRS 4 - UTRAN w/HSDPA 5 - UTRAN w/HSUPA 6 - UTRAN w/HSDPA and HSUPA 7 - E-UTRAN</act>
AT+COPS=?	Test command returns a list of quintuplets, each representing an operator present in the network.  The quintuplets in the list are separated by commas:
	<b>+COPS:</b> [list of supported ( <stat>,long alphanumeric <oper>,short alphanumeric <oper>,numeric <oper>,&lt; AcT&gt;)s] [,,(list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <format>s)]</format></mode></oper></oper></oper></stat>
	where: <stat> - operator availability</stat>



+COPS - Operator	Selection
	0 - unknown 1 - available 2 - current 3 - forbidden
	<a href="#"><act>: access technology selected</act></a> 0 - GSM 2 - UTRAN 7 - E-UTRAN
	<b>Note:</b> once the command done with network scan, this command may require some seconds before the output is given.
Example	AT+COPS?
	+COPS: 0,0,"Test PLMN 1-1",0
	ОК
	AT+COPS=?
	+COPS: (2,"","","45008",2),(1,"Test PLMN 1-1","Test1-1","00101",0),(3,"","","45005",2),,(0-4),(0-2)
	ОК
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

## 5.4.3.6. PCCA STD-101 Select Wireless Network - +WS46

0.4.0.0.1 00/(01B-1	0.4.3.0. PCCA 31D-101 Select Wileless Network - TW340	
+WS46 – PCCA STE	+WS46 - PCCA STD-101 Select Wireless Network	
AT+WS46=[ <n>]</n>	Set command selects the cellular network (Wireless Data Service, WDS) to operate with the <b>TA</b> (WDS-Side Stack Selection).	
	Parameter:	
	<n> - integer type, it is the WDS-Side Stack used by the TA.</n>	
	12 GSM Digital Cellular Systems (GERAN only)	
	22 UTRAN only	
	25 3GPP Systems (GERAN and UTRAN and E-UTRAN)	
	28 E-UTRAN only	
	29 GERAN and UTRAN	
	30 GERAN and E-UTRAN	
	31 UTRAN and E-UTRAN	
	<b>Note:</b> The values in <n> for Query are mutually exclusive. If one value (e.g. "25") is returned, other values shall not be returned.</n>	

+WS46 – PCCA STD-101 Select Wireless Network	
	<b>Note:</b> <n> parameter setting is stored in NVM and available at once.</n>
	<b>Note:</b> The Generic, AT&T, TMUS, Verizon and Sprint variants can set support <n> parameter values 22, 28 and 31 only. The 31 is factory default.</n>
AT+WS46?	Read command reports the currently selected cellular network, in the format:  + WS46: <n></n>
AT+WS46=?	Test command reports the range for the parameter <n>.</n>
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

## 5.4.3.7. Facility Lock/Unlock - +CLCK

5.4.5.7. Facility Loc	CK/UNIOCK - +CLCK
+CLCK - Facility	Lock/Unlock
AT+CLCK= <fac>,<mode></mode></fac>	Execution command is used to lock or unlock a <b>ME</b> on a network facility.
[, <passwd></passwd>	Parameters:
[, <class>]]</class>	<fac> - facility</fac>
	"AB" - All Barring services (applicable only for <mode>=0)</mode>
	"AC" - All inComing barring services (applicable only for <mode>=0)</mode>
	"AG" - All outGoing barring services (applicable only for <mode>=0) (not yet supported)</mode>
	"AI" - BAIC (Barr All Incoming Calls)
	"AO"- BAOC (Barr All Outgoing Calls)
	"IR" - BIC-Roam (Barr Incoming Calls when Roaming outside the home country)
	"OI" - BOIC (Barr Outgoing International Calls)
	"OX" - BOIC-exHC (Barr Outgoing International Calls except to Home Country)
	"SC" - SIM (PIN request) (device asks SIM password at power-up and when this lock command issued)
	"FD" - SIM fixed dialing memory feature (if PIN2 authentication has not been done during the current session, PIN2 is required as <passwd>)</passwd>
	"AL" - SIM APN Control List feature (if PIN2 authentication has not been done during the current session, PIN2 is required as <pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre>passwd&gt;)</pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>
1	"PN" - network Personalisation

+CLCK - Facility	Lock/Unlock
	"PU" - network subset Personalisation
	"PP" - service Provider Personalization
	"PC" - Corporate Personalization
	"PF" - lock Phone to the very First inserted SIM card (MT asks password when other than the first SIM card is inserted)
	<mode> - defines the operation to be done on the facility</mode>
	0 - unlock facility
	1 - lock facility
	2 - query status
	<pre><passwd> - shall be the same as password specified for the facility     from the DTE user interface or with command Change     Password +CPWD</passwd></pre>
	<pre><class> - sum of integers each representing a class of information      (default is 7)</class></pre>
	1 - voice (telephony)
	2 - data (refers to all bearer services)
	4 - fax (facsimile services)
	8 - short message service
	16 - data circuit sync
	32 - data circuit async
	64 - dedicated packet access
	128 - dedicated PAD access
	Note: when <mode>=2 and command successful, it returns:</mode>
	+CLCK: <status>[,<class1>[<cr><lf>+CLCK: <status>,<class2></class2></status></lf></cr></class1></status>
	[]]
	where
	<status> - the current status of the facility</status>
	0 - not active
	1 - active
	<classn> - class of information of the facility</classn>
AT+CLCK=?	Test command reports all the facilities supported by the device.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007



# +CLCK - Facility Lock/Unlock Example Querying such a facility returns an output on three rows, the first for voice, the second for data, the third for fax: AT+CLCK ="AO",2 +CLCK: <status>,1 +CLCK: <status>,2 +CLCK: <status>,4

## 5.4.3.8. Change Facility Password - +CPWD

#### +CPWD - Change Facility Password

## AT+CPWD=<fac>, <oldpwd>, <newpwd>

Execution command changes the password for the facility lock function defined by command Facility Lock **+CLCK**.

Parameters:

<fac> - facility

"AB" - All Barring services

(applicable only for <mode>=0)

"AC" - All inComing barring services

(applicable only for <mode>=0)

"AG" - All outGoing barring services

(applicable only for <mode>=0)

"AI" - BAIC (Barr All Incoming Calls)

"AO" - BAOC (Barr All Outgoing Calls)

"IR" - BIC-Roam (Barr Incoming Calls

When Roaming outside the home country)

"OI" - BOIC (Barr Outgoing International Calls)

"OX" - BOIC-exHC (Barr Outgoing International

Calls except to Home Country)

"SC" - SIM (PIN request)

"P2" - SIM PIN2

"PN" - network Personalisation

"PU" - network subset Personalisation

"PP" - service Provider Personalization (refer 3GPP TS 22.022 [33])

"PC" - Corporate Personalization (refer 3GPP TS 22.022 [33])

"PF" - lock Phone to the very First inserted SIM/UICC card

(also referred in the present document as PH-FSIM) (MT
asks password when other than the first SIM/UICC card is
inserted)

+CPWD - Change Facility Password	
	<pre><oldpwd> - string type, it shall be the same as password specified     for the facility from the ME user interface or with command     +CPWD. <newpwd> - string type, it is the new password</newpwd></oldpwd></pre>
	Note: parameter <b><oldpwd></oldpwd></b> is the old password while <b><newpwd></newpwd></b> is the new one.
AT+CPWD=?	Test command returns a list of pairs ( <fac>,<pwdlength>) which presents the available facilities and the maximum length of their password (<pwdlength>)</pwdlength></pwdlength></fac>
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007
Example	AT+CPWD=? +CPWD: ("AB",4), ("AC",4), ("AG",4), ("AI",4), ("AO",4), ("IR",4), ("OI",4), ("OX",4), ("SC",8), ("P2",8),("PN",16),("PU",16),("PP",16), ("PC",16),("PF",16)
	OK

# 5.4.3.9. Preferred Operator List - +CPOL

O.A.O.O. Professor d. On a materal list		
+CPOL – Preferred Operator List		
AT+CPOL=[ <inde x&gt;][,<format>[,<o per&gt;[,<gsm_act &gt;,</gsm_act </o </format></inde 	Execution command writes an entry in the SIM list of preferred operators.	
<gsm_compact_< th=""><th>Parameters:</th></gsm_compact_<>	Parameters:	
AcT>, <utran_act>, <eutran_act>]]</eutran_act></utran_act>	<index> - integer type; the order number of operator in the SIM preferred operator list</index>	
	1 <i>n</i>	
	<format></format>	
	0 – long format alphanumeric < oper>	
	1 – short format alphanumeric < <b>oper</b> >	
	2 - numeric <b><oper></oper></b>	
	<pre><oper> - string type</oper></pre>	
	<gsm_act> - GSM access technology</gsm_act>	
	0 – access technology not selected	
	1 – access technology selected	



+CPOL – Preferred Operator List		
	<pre><gsm_compact_act> - GSM compact access technology</gsm_compact_act></pre>	
	0 – access technology not selected	
	1 – access technology selected	
	<utr><utra_act> - UTRA access technology</utra_act></utr>	
	0 – access technology not selected	
	1 – access technology selected	
	<e-utran_actn> - E-UTRAN access technology:</e-utran_actn>	
	0 – access technology not selected	
	1 – access technology selected	
	Note: if <index> given but <oper> left out, the entry deleted. If <oper> given but</oper></oper></index>	
	<index> left out, <oper> put in the next free location. If only <format> given, the</format></oper></index>	
	format of the <b><oper></oper></b> in the read command changes. Currently	
	<pre><gsm_compact_act> not supported but set value is acceptable.</gsm_compact_act></pre>	
	Note: LM960 family does not support GSM access technology.	
	<b>Note:</b> The User controlled PLMN could not be read/wrote/returned values and range on some SIM like AT&T when it set to CPLS 0 because the EF_PLMNwACT field does not exist.	
AT+CPOL?	Read command returns all used entries from the SIM list of preferred operators.	
AT+CPOL=?	Test command returns the whole <b><index></index></b> range supported by the SIM and the range for the parameter <b><format></format></b>	
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007	

# 5.4.3.10. Selection of preferred PLMN list – +CPLS

+CPLS – Selection of preferred PLMN list		
AT+CPLS= <list></list>	The execution command is used to select a list of preferred PLMNs in the SIM/USIM.	
	Parameter:	
	0 - User controlled PLMN selector with Access Technology EFPLMNwAcT, if not found in the SIM/UICC then PLMN preferred list EFPLMNsel (this file is only available in SIM card or GSM application selected in UICC) (Default)	



+CPLS – Selection of preferred PLMN list	
	1 - Operator controlled PLMN selector with Access Technology EFOPLMNwAcT
	2 - HPLMN selector with Access Technology EFHPLMNwAcT
AT+CPLS?	Read command returns the selected PLMN selector list from the SIM/USIM  +CPLS: <li>+CPLS: <li>+CPLS</li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li>
	Test command returns the whole index range supported lists by
AT+CPLS=?	the SIM/USIM
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

#### 5.4.4. Mobile Equipment Control

### 5.4.4.1. Phone Activity Status - +CPAS

+CPAS – Phone Activity Status	
Execution command reports the device status in the form:	
+CPAS: <pas></pas>	
Where:	
<pas> - phone activity status</pas>	
0 - ready (device allows commands from <b>TA/TE</b> )	
1 - unavailable (device does not allow commands from <b>TA/TE</b> )	
2 - unknown (device is not guaranteed to respond to instructions)	
3 - ringing (device is ready for commands from TA/TE, but the ringer is active)	
4 - call in progress (device is ready for commands from <b>TA/TE</b> , but a call is in progress)	
Note: '1' and '2' at <pas> is not supported.</pas>	
Note: In the LTE registration state, CPAS: 4 (call in progress) is displayed.	
Test command reports the supported range of values for <b><pas></pas></b> .	
Note: although <b>+CPAS</b> is an execution command, 3gpp TS 27.007 requires the Test command to be defined.	
ATD03282131321; OK	
AT+CPAS	
+CPAS: 4 the called phone has answered to your call	



+CPAS - Phone Activity Status	
	OK
	ATH
	OK
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

### 5.4.4.2. Set Phone Functionality - +CFUN

+CFUN - Set Phone	e Functionality
AT+CFUN=	Set command selects the level of functionality in the ME.
[ <fun>[,<rst>]]</rst></fun>	
	Parameters:
	<fun> - is the power saving function mode</fun>
	0 - minimum functionality (low power mode)
	1 - mobile full functionality (factory default)
	4 - disable both TX and RX
	6 - reset
	7 - offline mode
	Special modes, you can see them through the read command, but you can't set those mode:
	5 – factory test mode
	<rst> - reset flag</rst>
	0 - do not reset the ME before setting it to <b><fun></fun></b> functionality level (default)
	1 - reset the ME before setting it to <b><fun></fun></b> full functionality.
	Note: issuing AT+CFUN=0[,0] causes the module to perform either a network deregistration and a SIM deactivation.
	Note: In the <b><fun>=7</fun></b> (offline), modem can only be changed to <b><fun>=6</fun></b> (reset)
AT+CFUN?	Read command reports the current setting of <b><fun></fun></b> .
AT+CFUN=?	Test command returns the list of supported values for <b><fun></fun></b> and <b><rst></rst></b> .
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

#### 5.4.4.3. Enter PIN - +CPIN

#### +CPIN - Enter PIN

## AT+CPIN=<pin> [,<newpin>]

Set command sends to the device a password which is necessary before it can be operated (SIM PIN, SIM PUK, PH-SIM PIN, etc.).

If the PIN required is SIM PUK or SIM PUK2, the **<newpin>** is required. This second pin, **<newpin>** will replace the old pin in the SIM.

The command may be used to change the SIM PIN by sending it with both parameters **<pin>** and **<newpin>** when PIN request is pending; if no PIN request is pending the command will return an error code and to change the PIN the command **+CPWD** must be used instead

Parameters:

<pin> - string type value

<newpin> - string type value.

To check the status of the PIN request use the command **AT+CPIN?** 

#### AT+CPIN?

Read command reports the PIN/PUK/PUK2 request status of the device in the form:

+CPIN: <code>

where:

<code> - PIN/PUK/PUK2 request status code

READY - ME is not pending for any password

SIM PIN - ME is waiting SIM PIN to be given

SIM PUK - ME is waiting SIM PUK to be given

PH-SIM PIN - ME is waiting phone-to-SIM card password to be given

PH-FSIM PIN - ME is waiting phone-to-very first SIM card password to be given

PH-FSIM PUK - ME is waiting phone-to-very first SIM card unblocking password to be given

SIM PIN2 - ME is waiting SIM PIN2 to be given; this **<code>** is returned only when the last executed command resulted in PIN2 authentication failure (i.e. **+CME ERROR: 17**)

SIM PUK2 - ME is waiting SIM PUK2 to be given; this **<code>** is returned only when the last executed command resulted in PUK2 authentication failure (i.e. **+CME ERROR: 18**)

PH-NET PIN - ME is waiting network personalization password to be given

PH-NET PUK - ME is waiting network personalization unblocking password to be given



<b>ABIN E</b> . <b>E</b>	
+CPIN - Enter PIN	
	PH-NETSUB PIN - ME is waiting network subset personalization password to be given
	PH-NETSUB PUK - ME is waiting network subset personalization unblocking password to be given
	PH-SP PIN - ME is waiting service provider personalization password to be given
	PH-SP PUK - ME is waiting service provider personalization unblocking password to be given
	PH-CORP PIN - ME is waiting corporate personalization password to be given
	PH-CORP PUK - ME is waiting corporate personalization unblocking password to be given
	Note: Pin pending status at startup depends on PIN facility setting, to change or query the default power up setting use the command AT+CLCK=SC, <mode>,<pin></pin></mode>
AT+CPIN=?	Test command returns <b>OK</b> result code.
Example	AT+CMEE=1 OK AT+CPIN? +CME ERROR: 10 error: you have to insert the SIM AT+CPIN? +CPIN: READY you inserted the SIM and device is not waiting for PIN to be given OK
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007
1.01010100	0011 10 21.001

### 5.4.4.4. Signal Quality - +CSQ

### +CSQ - Signal Quality

### AT+CSQ

Execution command reports received signal quality indicators in the form:

+CSQ: <rssi>.<ber>

where

<rssi> - received signal strength indication

0 - (-113) dBm or less

1 - (-111) dBm

2..30 - (-109)dBm..(-53)dBm / 2 dBm per step

31 - (-51)dBm or greater

99 - not known or not detectable

**<ber> -** bit error rate

2G (GSM) – RXQUAL [bit error rate (in percent)]

0 - less than 0.2%

1 - 0.2% to 0.4%

2 - 0.4% to 0.8%

3 - 0.8% to 1.6%

4 - 1.6% to 3.2%

5 - 3.2% to 6.4%

6 - 6.4% to 12.8%

7 - more than 12.8%

99 - not known or not detectable

### 3G (UTRAN) - ECIO [in dBm]:

0: (-1) to (0)

1: (-5) to (-2)

2: (-8) to (-6)

3: (-11) to (-9)

4: (-15) to (-12)

5: (-18) to (-16)

6: (-22) to (-19)

7: (-24) to (-23)

99 - not known or not detectable

### 4G (LTE) - RSRQ [in dBm]:

0: (-4) to (-3)

1: (-6) to (-5)



+CSQ - Signal Quality	
	2: (-8 ) to (-7 )
	3: (-10) to (-9)
	4: (-13) to (-11)
	5: (-15) to (-14)
	6: (-17) to (-16)
	7: (-19) to (-18)
	99 - not known or not detectable
	Note:
	In GSM, the received signal strength indication is the average of the received signal level measurement samples in dBm, taken on a channel within the reporting period of length one SACCH multi frame, and is mapped as above.
	For UMTS, the current radio signal strength indicates CPICH RSCP in levels.
	For UMTS, radio signal quality CPICH EC/IO range -24db to 0db is scaled to 0 to 7 as <ber> section 9.1.2.)</ber>
	For LTE, the execution command reports received signal strength and indicators in the form:
	+CSQ: <rssi>,<rsrq></rsrq></rssi>
	Where:
	<rssi> - Received Signal Strength Indicator.</rssi>
	<rsrq> - Reference Signal Received Quality.</rsrq>
	Note: LM960 family does not support GSM access technology.
AT+CSQ=?	Test command returns the supported range of values of the parameters <b><rssi></rssi></b> and <b><ber></ber></b> .
	Note: although +CSQ is an execution command without parameters, ETSI 07.07 requires the Test command to be defined.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

### 5.4.4.5. Indicator Control - +CIND

+CIND - Indicator Control	
	Set command is used to control the registration state of ME
[ <state></state>	indicators, in order to automatically send the <b>+CIEV</b> URC, whenever

+CIND - Indicato	+CIND - Indicator Control	
[, <state>[,]]]</state>	the value of the associated indicator changes. The supported indicators ( <b><descr></descr></b> ) and their order appear from test command <b>AT+CIND=?</b>	
	Parameter:	
	<state> - registration state</state>	
	0 - the indicator is deregistered; there's no unsolicited result code (+CIEV URC) automatically sent by the ME to the application, whenever the value of the associated indicator changes; the value can be directly queried with +CIND?	
	1 - the indicator is registered: an unsolicited result code (+CIEV URC) is automatically sent by the ME to the application, whenever the value of the associated indicator changes; it is still possible to query the value through +CIND? (default)	
AT+CIND?	Read command returns the current value of ME indicators, in the format:	
	+CIND: <ind>[,<ind>[,]]</ind></ind>	
	Note: the order of the values <ind>s is the same as that in which the associated indicators appear from test command AT+CIND=?</ind>	
AT+CIND=?	Test command returns pairs, where string value <b>descr</b> is a description (max. 16 chars) of the indicator and compound value is the supported values for the indicator, in the format:	
	+CIND: (( <descr>, (list of supported <ind>s))[,(<descr>, (list of supported <ind>s))[,]])</ind></descr></ind></descr>	
	where:	
	<pre><descr> - indicator names as follows (along with their <ind> ranges)</ind></descr></pre>	
	"battchg" - battery charge level	
	<ind> - battery charge level indicator range 05</ind>	
	99 - not measurable	
	"signal" - signal quality	
	<ind> - signal quality indicator range 07</ind>	
	99 - not measurable	
	"service" - service availability	
	<ind> - service availability indicator range 0 - not registered to any network</ind>	
	1 - registered	
	"sounder" - sounder activity	
	<ind> - sounder activity indicator range</ind>	
	0 - there's no any sound activity 1 - there's some sound activity	
	"message" - message received	
	<ind> - message received indicator range</ind>	
	0 - there is no unread short message at memory locations	
	1 - unread short message at memory locations	



+CIND - Indicator Control	
	"call" - call in progress <ind> - call in progress indicator range  0 - there's no calls in progress  1 - at least a call has been established  "roam" - roaming  <ind> - roaming indicator range  0 - registered to home network or not registered  1 - registered to other network  "smsfull" - a short message memory storage in the MT has become full  (1), or memory locations are available (0)  <ind> - short message memory storage indicator range  0 - memory locations are available  1 - a short message memory storage in the MT has become full.  "rssi" - received signal (field) strength  <ind> - received signal (field) strength  <ind> - received signal strength level indicator range  0 - signal strength ≤ (-112) dBm  14 - signal strength in 15 dBm steps  5 - signal strength ≥ (-51) dBm  99 - not measurable  "simidchg" - simid change status  <ind> - received simid change event mask range  0 - No simid change from last inserted SIM  1 - ICCID change event mask (0x01)  2 - IMSI change event mask (0x02)  4 - MSISDN change event mask(0x04)</ind></ind></ind></ind></ind></ind>
Example	Next command causes all the indicators to be registered AT+CIND=1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1 Next command causes all the indicators to be de-registered AT+CIND=0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 Next command to query the current value of all indicators AT+CIND? CIND: 4,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,2,7
Note	See command +CMER
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

### 5.4.4.6. Mobile Equipment Event Reporting - +CMER

+CMER - Mobile Equipment Event Reporting	
AT+CMER=	Set command enables/disables sending of unsolicited result codes
[ <mode></mode>	from TA to TE in the case of indicator state changes (n.b.: sending of URCs in the case of key pressings or display changes are
[, <keyp></keyp>	currently not implemented).
[, <disp></disp>	

### +CMER - Mobile Equipment Event Reporting

### [,<ind>

### [,<bfr>]]]]]

#### Parameters:

<mode> - controls the processing of unsolicited result codes

- 0 buffer +CIEV Unsolicited Result Codes(default)
- 1 discard +CIEV Unsolicited Result Codes when TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. on-line data mode); otherwise forward them directly to the TE.
- 2 buffer +CIEV Unsolicited Result Codes in the TA when TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. on-line data mode) and flush them to the TE after reservation; otherwise forward them directly to the TE.
- 3 forward +CIEV Unsolicited Result Codes directly to the TE; when TA is in on-line data mode each +CIEV URC is stored in a buffer; once the ME goes into command mode (after +++ was entered), all URCs stored in the buffer will be output.

<keyp> - keypad event reporting

0 - no keypad event reporting

<disp> - display event reporting

0 - no display event reporting

<ind> - indicator event reporting

- 0 no indicator event reporting(default)
- 2 indicator event reporting

<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
- TA buffer clearing

- 0 TA buffer of unsolicited result codes is cleared when <mode> 1..3 is entered(default)
- 1 TA buffer of unsolicited result codes is flushed to the TE when <mode> 1...3 is entered (OK response shall be given before flushing the codes)

Note: After AT+CMER has been switched on with e.g. AT+CMER=2,0,0,2 command (i.e. <bfr> is 0), URCs for all registered indicators will be issued only first time, if previous <mode> was 0, for backward compatibility. Values shown by the indicators will be current indicators values, not buffered ones. Subsequent AT+CMER commands with <mode> different from 0 and <bfr> equal to 0 will not flush the codes, even if <mode> was set again to 0 before. To flush the codes, <bfr> must be set to 1.

Although it is possible to issue the command when SIM PIN is pending, it will answer ERROR if "message" or "smsfull" indicators are enabled in AT+CIND, because with pending PIN it is not possible to give a correct indication about SMS status. To issue the command when SIM PIN is pending you have to disable "message" and "smsfull" indicators in AT+CIND first.



+CMER - Mobile Equipment Event Reporting	
AT+CMER?	Read command returns the current setting of parameters, in the format:
	+CMER: <mode>,<keyp>,<disp>,<ind>,<bfr></bfr></ind></disp></keyp></mode>
AT+CMER=?	Test command returns the range of supported values for parameters <mode>, <keyp>, <disp>, <ind>, <bfr>, in the format:</bfr></ind></disp></keyp></mode>
	+CMER: (list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <keyp>s), (list of supported <disp>s),(list of supported <ind>s),(list of supported <bfr>s)</bfr></ind></disp></keyp></mode>
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

### 5.4.4.7. Select Phonebook Memory Storage - +CPBS

### +CPBS - Select Phonebook Memory Storage

### AT+CPBS=

### <storage>

### [,<password>]

Set command selects phonebook memory storage **<storage>**, which will be used by other phonebook commands.

#### Parameter:

### <storage>

- "SM" SIM phonebook
- "FD" SIM fixed dialling-phonebook (only phase 2/2+ SIM)
- "LD" SIM last-dialling-phonebook (<u>+CPBF</u> is not applicable for this storage)
- "MC" device missed (unanswered received) calls list (**+CPBF** is not applicable for this storage)
- "RC" ME received calls list (<u>+CPBF</u> is not applicable for this storage).
- "MB" mailbox numbers stored on SIM; it is possible to select this storage only if the **mailbox** service is provided by the SIM.
- "DC" ME last-dialing-phonebook **(+CPBF** is not applicable for this storage).
- "ME" MT phonebook
- "EN" SIM/USIM (or MT) emergency number (**+CPBW** is not be applicable for this storage)
- "ON" SIM own numbers (MSISDNs) phonebook
- "SD" SIM Service Dialling Numbers (SDN) phonebook (**+CPBW** is not applicable for this storage).
- <password>: string type value representing the PIN2-code required
   when selecting PIN2-code locked <storage> above "FD"
- Note: If "SM" is the currently selected phonebook, selecting"FD" phonebook with "AT+CPBS="FD"" command simply selects the FDN as the phonebook upon which all subsequent +CPBW, +CPBF and +CPBR commands act; the command does not deactivate "SM" phonebook, and does not activate FDN
- Note: if <password> parameter is given, PIN2 will be verified, even if it is not required, i.e. it has already been inserted and verified during current session

### AT+CPBS?

Read command returns the actual values of the parameter **<storage>**, the number of occupied records **<used>** and the maximum index number **<total>**, in the format:

+CPBS: <storage>,<used>,<total>



+CPBS - Select Phonebook Memory Storage	
	Note: For <b><storage>="MC"</storage></b> : if there are more than one missed calls from the same number the read command will return only the last call.
AT+CPBS=?	Test command returns the supported range of values for the parameters <b><storage></storage></b> .
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007
Example	AT+CPBS="SM" current phonebook storage is SIM AT+CPBR=1 +CPBR: 1,"0105872928",129,"James" OK

### 5.4.4.8. Read Phonebook Entries - +CPBR

	+CPBR - Read Phonebook Entries	
AT+CPBR= <index1> [,<index2>]</index2></index1>	Execution command returns phonebook entries in location number range <index1><index2> from the current phonebook memory storage selected with +CPBS. If <index2> is omitted, only location <index1> is returned.</index1></index2></index2></index1>	
	Parameters:	
	<index1> - integer type, value in the range of location numbers of the currently selected phonebook memory storage (see +CPBS).</index1>	
	<index2> - integer type, value in the range of location numbers of the currently selected phonebook memory storage (see +CPBS).</index2>	
	The response format is:	
	[+CPBR: <index1>,<number>,<type>,<text>[,<hidden>][,<group>][,<adnumber>][,<adtype>][,<secondtext>][,<email>]][<cr><lf></lf></cr></email></secondtext></adtype></adnumber></group></hidden></text></type></number></index1>	
	+CPBR: <index2>,<number>,<type>,<text>[,<hidden>][,<group>][,<adnumber>][,<adtype>][,<secondtext>][,<email>]][]]]</email></secondtext></adtype></adnumber></group></hidden></text></type></number></index2>	
	where:	
	<indexn> - the location number of the phonebook entry</indexn>	
	<number> - string type phone number of format <type></type></number>	
	<type> - type of phone number octet in integer format</type>	
	129 - national numbering scheme	
	145 - international numbering scheme (contains the character "+")	
	<text> - the alphanumeric text associated to the number; used character set should be the one selected with command +CSCS.</text>	

### +CPBR - Read Phonebook Entries

- <group>: string type field of maximum length <glength> indicating a group the entry may belong to; character set as specified by command Select TE Character Set +CSCS
- <adnumber>: additional number; string type phone number of format <adtype>
- <adtype>: type of address octet in integer format
- <secondtext>: string type field of maximum length <slength> indicating a second text field associated with the number; character set as specified by command Select TE Character Set +CSCS
- <email>: string type field of maximum length <elength> indicating an email address; character set as specified by command Select TE Character Set +CSCS
- <hidden>: indicates if the entry is hidden or not
  - 0: phonebook entry not hidden
  - 1: phonebook entry hidden

Note: if "MC" is the currently selected phonebook memory storage, a sequence of missed calls coming from the same number will be saved as one missed call and **+CPBR** will show just one line of information.

Note: If all queried locations are empty (but available), no information text lines will be returned, while if listing fails in an **ME** error, **+CME ERROR: <err>** is returned.

#### AT+CPBR=?

Test command returns the supported range of values for parameters **<index***n***>** and the maximum lengths of **<number>**, **<text>**, **<group>**, **<secondtext>** and **<email>** fields fields, in the format:

+CPBR: (<minIndex> - <maxIndex>),<nlength>,<tlength>,<glength>,<slength>,<elength >

#### where:

- <minIndex> the minimum <index> number, integer type
- <maxIndex>- the maximum <index> number, integer type
- <nlength> maximum <number> field length, integer type
- <tlength> maximum <name> field length, integer type
  - <glength>: integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <group>



+CPBR - Read Phonebook Entries	
	<pre><slength>: integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <secondtext></secondtext></slength></pre>
	<pre><elength>: integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <email></email></elength></pre>
	Note: the value of <b><nlength></nlength></b> could vary, depending on the availability of Extension service, in the following situations:
	<ol> <li>if "SM" memory storage has been selected (see +CPBS) and the SIM supports the Extension1 service</li> <li>if "FD" memory storage has been selected (see +CPBS) and the SIM supports the Extension2 service</li> <li>if "MB" memory storage has been selected (see +CPBS) and the SIM supports the Extension6 service</li> </ol>
Note	Remember to select the PB storage with <b>+CPBS</b> command before issuing PB commands.
Example	AT+CPBS="ME"
	ОК
	AT+CPBS?
	+CPBS: "ME",1,100
	ОК
	AT+CPBR=?
	+CPBR: (1-100),40,255
	ОК
	AT+CPBR=1
	+CPBR: 1,"01048771234",129,"James"
	ОК
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

### 5.4.4.9. Find Phonebook Entries - +CPBF

+CPBF - Find Phonebook Entries	
AT+CPBF= <findtext></findtext>	Execution command returns phonebook entries (from the current phonebook memory storage selected with <b>+CPBS</b> ) which alphanumeric field start with string <b><findtext></findtext></b> .
	Parameter: <findtext> - string type; used character set should be the one selected with command +CSCS.</findtext>

#### +CPBF - Find Phonebook Entries

The command returns a report in the form:

### [+CPBF:

<index1>,<number>,<type>,<text>[,<hidden>][,<group>][,<adnumber>][,<adtype>][,<secondtext>][,<email>][<CR><LF>

#### +CPBF:

<index2>,<number>,<type>,<text>[,<hidden>][,<group>][,<adnumber>][,<adtype>][,<secondtext>][,<email>] [...]]]

#### where:

<indexn> - the location number of the phonebook entry

<number> - string type phone number of format <type>

<type> - type of phone number octet in integer format

129 - national numbering scheme

145 - international numbering scheme (contains the character "+")

<text> - the alphanumeric text associated to the number; used character set should be the one selected with command +CSCS.

<group>: string type field of maximum length <glength> indicating a group the entry may belong to; character set as specified by command Select TE Character Set +CSCS

<adnumber>: additional number; string type phone number of format <adtype>

<adtype>: type of address octet in integer format

<secondtext>: string type field of maximum length <slength> indicating a second text field associated with the number; character set as specified by command Select TE Character Set +CSCS

<email>: string type field of maximum length <elength> indicating an email address; character set as specified by command Select TE Character Set +CSCS

<hidden>: indicates if the entry is hidden or not

0: phonebook entry not hidden

1: phonebook entry hidden

Note: **+CPBF** is not applicable if the current selected storage (see **+CPBS**) is either "MC", either "RC" or "LD".

Note: if **<findtext>=**"" the command returns all the phonebook records.



+CPBF - Find Ph	onebook Entries
	Note: if no PB records satisfy the search criteria then an <b>ERROR</b> message is reported.
AT+CPBF=?	Test command reports the maximum lengths of <number> and <text> fields, in the format:</text></number>
	+CPBF: <nlength>,<tlength>,<slength>,<elength> h&gt;</elength></slength></tlength></nlength>
	where:
	<nlength> - maximum length of field <number>, integer type</number></nlength>
	<tlength> - maximum length of field <text>, integer type</text></tlength>
	<pre><glength>: integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <group></group></glength></pre>
	<slength>: integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <secondtext></secondtext></slength>
	<pre><elength>: integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <email></email></elength></pre>
	Note: the value of <nlength> could vary, depending on the availability of Extension service, in the following situations:</nlength>
	if "SM" memory storage has been selected (see <u>+CPBS</u> ) and the <b>SIM</b> supports the <b>Extension1</b> service if "FD" memory storage has been selected (see <u>+CPBS</u> ) and the <b>SIM</b> supports the <b>Extension2</b> service if "MB" memory storage has been selected (see <u>+CPBS</u> ) and the <b>SIM</b> supports the <b>Extension6</b> service
	Note: Remember to select the PB storage with <b>+CPBS</b> command before issuing PB commands.
Example	AT+CPBS="ME" Selecting phonebook OK
	AT+CPBF="J" Searching for string "J"
	+CPBF: 1,"01048771234",129,"James"
	+CPBF: 2,"0169998888",129,"Jane"
	ОК
	Searching for everything in phone book, and finding all entries AT+CPBF=""



+CPBF - Find Phonebook Entries	
	+CPBF: 1,"01048771234",129,"James"
	+CPBF: 2,"0169998888",129,"Jane"
	+CPBF: 7,"0115556666",129,"Juliet"
	+CPBF: 5,"0181111234",129,"Kevin"
	ОК
Note	Remember to select the PB storage with <b>+CPBS</b> command before issuing PB commands.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

### 5.4.4.10. Write Phonebook Entry - +CPBW

5.4.4.10. Write Prioriepook Entry - +GPBW	
+CPBW - Write Pho	onebook Entry
AT+CPBW= [ <index>] [,<number></number></index>	Execution command writes phonebook entry in location number <index> in the current phonebook memory storage selected with +CPBS.</index>
[, <type> [,<text> [,<group> [,<adnumber></adnumber></group></text></type>	Parameters: <index> - integer type, value in the range of location numbers of the currently selected phonebook memory storage (see +CPBS).</index>
[, <adtype> [,<secondtext></secondtext></adtype>	<pre><number> - string type, phone number in the format <type></type></number></pre> <type> - the type of number</type>
[, <email> [,<hidden>]]]]]]]]</hidden></email>	129 - national numbering scheme  145 - international numbering scheme (contains the character "+")
	<b>*text&gt;</b> - the text associated to the number, string type; used character set should be the one selected with command <b>+CSCS</b> .
	<group>: string type field of maximum length <glength> indicating a group the entry may belong to; character set as specified by command Select TE Character Set +CSCS</glength></group>
	<adnumber>: additional number ; string type phone number of format <adtype></adtype></adnumber>
	<adtype>: type of address octet in integer format</adtype>
	<secondtext>: string type field of maximum length <slength> indicating a second text field associated with the number; character set as specified by command Select TE Character Set +CSCS</slength></secondtext>
	<email>: string type field of maximum length <elength> indicating an email address; character set as specified by command Select TE Character Set +CSCS</elength></email>

### **+CPBW - Write Phonebook Entry**

<hidden>: indicates if the entry is hidden or not

0: phonebook entry not hidden

1: phonebook entry hidden

Note: If record number **<index>** already exists, it will be overwritten.

Note: if either <number>, <type> and <text> are omitted, the phonebook entry in location <index> is deleted.

Note: if **<index>** is omitted or **<index>**=0, the number **<number>** is stored in the first free phonebook location. (example at+cpbw=0,"+390404192701",129,"Text" and at+cpbw=,"+390404192701",129,"Text")

Note: if either "LD", "MC" or "RC" memory storage has been selected (see <u>+CPBS</u>) it is possible just to delete the phonebook entry in location <index>, therefore parameters <number>, <type> and <text> must be omitted.

#### AT+CPBW=?

Test command returns location range supported by the current storage as a compound value, the maximum length of **<number>** field, supported number format of the storage and maximum length of **<text>** field. The format is:

+CPBW: (list of supported <index>s),<nlength>,
(list of supported
<type>s),<tlength>,<glength>,<slength>,<elength>

where:

<nlength> - integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <number>.

<tlength> - integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <text>

<glength>: integer type value indicating the maximum length of
field <group>

<slength>: integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <secondtext>

<elength>: integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <email>

Note: the value of **<nlength>** could vary, depending onthe availability of Extension service, in the following situations:

1. if "SM" memory storage has been selected (see <u>+CPBS</u>) and the **SIM** supports the **Extension1** service

+CPBW - Write Phonebook Entry	
	<ol> <li>if "FD" memory storage has been selected (see +CPBS) and the SIM supports the Extension2 service</li> <li>if "MB" memory storage has been selected (see +CPBS) and the SIM supports the Extension6 service</li> </ol>
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007
Example	AT+CPBW=?
	+CPBW: (1-100),40,(129, 145),255
	ОК
	AT+CPBW=6,"18651896699",129,"John"
	ОК
Note	Remember to select the PB storage with <b>+CPBS</b> command before issuing PB commands.

### 5.4.4.11. Clock Management - +CCLK

AT+CCLK - Clock Management	
AT+CCLK= <time></time>	Set command sets the real-time clock of the <b>ME</b> .
	Parameter:
	<time> - current time as quoted string in the format:</time>
	"yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss±zz"
	yy - year (two last digits are mandatory), range is 0099
	MM - month (two last digits are mandatory), range is 0112
	dd - day (two last digits are mandatory);
	The range for dd (day) depends both on the month and on the year it refers to. Available ranges are:
	(0128)
	(0129)
	(0130)
	(0131)
	Trying to enter an out of range value will raise an error
	hh - hour (two last digits are mandatory), range is 0023
	mm - minute (two last digits are mandatory), range is 0059
	ss - seconds (two last digits are mandatory), range is 0059
	$\pm zz$ - time zone (indicates the difference, expressed in quarter of an hour, Between the local time and GMT; two last digits are mandatory), range is -47+48



AT+CCLK – Clock Management	
AT+CCLK?	Read command returns the current setting of the real-time clock, in the format <b><time></time></b> .
	Note: the three last characters of <b><time></time></b> , i.e. the time zone information, are returned by <b>+CCLK?</b> Only if the <b>#NITZ</b> URC 'extended' format has been enabled (see <b>#NITZ</b> ).
AT+CCLK=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.
Example	AT+CCLK="15/04/07,22:30:00+00"
	OK
	AT+CCLK?
	+CCLK: "02/09/07,22:30:25"
	ОК
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

### 5.4.4.12. Setting date format - +CSDF

AT+CSDF – setting of	AT+CSDF – setting date format	
AT+CSDF=[ <mode> [,<auxmode>]]</auxmode></mode>	This command sets the date format of the date information presented to the user, which is specified by use of the <b><mode></mode></b> parameter. The <b><mode></mode></b> affects the date format on the phone display and doesn't affect the date format of the AT command serial interface, so it not used.	
	The command also sets the date format of the TE-TA interface, which is specified by use of the <b><auxmode></auxmode></b> parameter (i.e., the <b><auxmode></auxmode></b> affects the <b><time></time></b> of AT+CCLK). If the parameters are omitted then this sets the default value of <b><mode></mode></b> .	
	Parameters: <mode>: 1 DD-MMM-YYYY (default) 2 DD-MM-YY 3 MM/DD/YY 4 DD/MM/YY 5 DD.MM.YY 6 YYMMDD 7 YY-MM-DD</mode>	
	<auxmode>:</auxmode>	



AT+CSDF – setting date format	
	1 yy/MM/dd (default)
	2 yyyy/MM/dd
	Note: The <b><time></time></b> format of +CCLK is "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss+zz" when <b><auxmode></auxmode></b> =1 and it is "yyyy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss+zz" when <b><auxmode></auxmode></b> =2.
AT+CSDF?	Read command reports the currently selected <b><mode></mode></b> and <b><auxmode></auxmode></b> in the format :
	+CSDF: <mode>,<auxmode></auxmode></mode>
AT+CSDF=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <mode> and <auxmode></auxmode></mode>

### 5.4.4.13. Setting time format - +CSTF

AT+CSTF – setting time format	
AT+CSTF=[ <mode>]</mode>	This command sets the time format of the time information presented to the user, which is specified by use of the <b><mode></mode></b> parameter. The <b><mode></mode></b> affects the time format on the phone display and doesn't affect the time format of the AT command serial interface, so it not actually not used.
	Parameters:
	<mode>:</mode>
	1 HH:MM (24 hour clock; default)
	2 HH:MM a.m./p.m.
AT+CSTF?	Read command reports the currently selected <mode> in the format : +CSTF:<mode></mode></mode>
AT+CSTF=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <mode></mode>

### 5.4.4.14. Time Zone reporting - +CTZR

+CTZR – Time Zone reporting	
AT+CTZR= <repor ting=""></repor>	This command enables and disables the time zone change event reporting.



+CTZR – Time Zone reporting	
	If reporting is enabled the MT returns the unsolicited result code +CTZV: <tz>, or +CTZE: <tz>,<dst>,[<time>] whenever the time zone is changed.</time></dst></tz></tz>
	Parameters:
	<reporting>:</reporting>
	0 Disable time zone change event reporting (default)
	1 Enable time zone change event reporting by unsolicited result code +CTZV: <tz></tz>
	2 Enable extended time zone reporting by unsolicited result code +CTZE: <tz>,<dst>,[<time>]</time></dst></tz>
	<tz>: sum of the local time zone</tz>
	<dst>:</dst>
	0 <tz> includes no adjustment for Daylight Saving Time</tz>
	1 <tz> includes +1 hour (equals 4 quarters in <tz>) adjustment for daylight saving time</tz></tz>
	2 <tz> includes +2 hours (equals 8 quarters in <tz>) adjustment for daylight saving time</tz></tz>
	<time>: string type value representing the local time. The format is "YYYY/MM/DD,hh:mm:ss". This parameter can be provided by the network.</time>
AT+CTZR?	Read command reports the currently selected <b><reporting></reporting></b> in the format:
	+CTZR: <reporting></reporting>
AT+CTZR=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameter <reporting></reporting>

### 5.4.4.15. Automatic Time Zone update - +CTZU

+CTZU – Automatic Time Zone update	
AT+CTZU= <onoff></onoff>	This command enable and disables automatic time zone update via NITZ.
	Parameters: <onoff>:  0 Disable automatic time zone update via NITZ (default)</onoff>
	Enable automatic time zone update via NITZ
	Note: despite of the name, the command AT+CTZU=1 enables automatic update of the date and time set by AT+CCLK command (not only time zone). This happens when a Network Identity and Time Zone (NITZ) message is sent by the network. This command is the ETSI standard equivalent



+CTZU – Automatic Time Zone update	
	of Telit custom command AT#NITZ=1. If command AT+CTZU=1, or AT#NITZ=1 (or both) has been issued, NITZ message will cause a date and time update.
AT+CTZU?	Read command reports the currently selected <b><onoff></onoff></b> in the format: +CTZU: <b><onoff></onoff></b>
AT+CTZU=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameter <b><onoff></onoff></b>

5.4.4.16. Restricted SIM Access - +CRSM	
+CRSM - Restricted S	SIM Access
AT+CRSM= <command/> [, <fileid> [,<p1>,<p2>,<p3></p3></p2></p1></fileid>	Execution command transmits to the <b>ME</b> the SIM <b><command/></b> and its required parameters. <b>ME</b> handles internally all <b>SIM-ME</b> interface locking and file selection routines. As response to the command, <b>ME</b> sends the actual SIM information parameters and response data.
[, <data>[,<pathid>]]]]</pathid></data>	Parameters: <command/> - command passed on by the ME to the SIM  176 - READ BINARY  178 - READ RECORD  192 - GET RESPONSE  214 - UPDATE BINARY  220 - UPDATE RECORD  242 - STATUS
	<b><fileid></fileid></b> - identifier of an elementary data file on SIM. Mandatory for every command except STATUS.
	<p1>,<p2>,<p3> - parameter passed on by the ME to the SIM; they are mandatory for every command except GET RESPONSE and STATUS 0255</p3></p2></p1>
	<a "7f205f70").="" (e.g.="" by="" command="" format:<="" from="" href="https://www.new.new.new.new.new.new.new.new.new.&lt;/th&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;&lt;pathid&gt; - string type; contains the path of an elementary file on the SIM/UICC in hexadecimal format. The &lt;pathid&gt; shall only be used in the mode " in="" is="" mf"="" of="" path="" response="" select="" th="" the=""></a>
	+CRSM: <sw1>,<sw2>[,<response>]</response></sw2></sw1>
	where: <sw1>,<sw2> - information from the SIM about the execution of the actual command either on successful or on failed execution.</sw2></sw1>

SIM Access
<response> - on a successful completion of the command previously issued it gives the requested data (hexadecimal character format). It's not returned after a successful UPDATE BINARY or UPDATE RECORD command.</response>
Note: this command requires PIN authentication. However commands READ BINARY and READ RECORD can be issued before PIN authentication and if the SIM is blocked (after three failed PIN authentication attempts) to access the contents of the Elementary Files.
Note: use only decimal numbers for parameters <b><command/></b> , <b><fileid></fileid></b> , <b><p1></p1></b> , <b><p2></p2></b> and <b><p3></p3></b> .
Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code
Read binary, ICCID(2FE2)
AT+CRSM=176,12258,0,0,10
+CRSM: 144,0,982850702001107686F4
OK
Read record, ADN(6F3A)
AT+CRSM=178,28474,1,4,40
+CRSM: 144,0,42434A554EFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF681 105678
9282FFFFFFFFFFF
ОК
Update Binary, KcGPRS(6F52)
AT+CRSM=214,28498,0,0,7,C69018C7958C87
+CRSM: 144,0
ОК
Update Record, ADN(6F3A)
AT+CRSM=220,28474,9,4,30,657469FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
+CRSM: 144,0
OK



+CRSM - Restricted SIM Access	
	Status, FPLMN(6F7B)
	AT+CRSM=242,28539
	+CRSM: 144,0,623C820238218410A0000000871002FFFFFF F8904
	0300FFA5118001318103010A3282011E8304000030E08A0105 8B032F0609C6099001C0830101830181
	ОК
	Get Response, MSISDN(6F40)
	AT+CRSM=192,28480,4,0,4,,7F106F40
	+CRSM: 144,0,621E8205422100260283026F40A5039201008A 01058B036F06058002004C8800
	ОК
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007, 3GPP TS 11.11/51.011

### 5.4.4.17. Generic SIM Acess - +CSIM

+CSIM - Generic S	+CSIM – Generic SIM Access	
AT+CSIM= <lock></lock>	This command is used to lock to a direct control of the SIM by a distant application on the TE.	
	Parameters:	
	<lock></lock>	
	1 - locking of +CSIM command	
	0 - unlocking of +CSIM command	
	In case that TE application does not use the unlock command in a certain timeout value, ME releases the locking.	
AT+CSIM= <lengt h&gt;,<command/></lengt 	This command allows a direct control of the SIM by a distant application on the TE	
	Set command transmits to the MT the <command/> it then shall send as it is to the SIM The <response> is</response>	
	Returned in the same manner to the TE	
	Parameters:	



+CSIM – Generic SIM Access	
	<pre><length> integer type; length of the characters that are sent to TE in <command/></length></pre>
	<pre>command&gt; command passed on by MT to SIM in hex format code (e.g. "A0A4")</pre>
	Response syntax:
	+CSIM: <length>,<response></response></length>
	Where:
	<li>length&gt; integer type; length of the characters that are sent to TE in </li>
	<response> response to the command passed on by the SIM to the MT</response>
	Error case: +CME ERROR: <err> possible <err> values (numeric format followed by verbose format): 3 operation not allowed (operation mode is not allowed by the ME) 4 operation not supported (wrong format or parameters of the command)</err></err>
	13 SIM failure (SIM no response)
AT+CSIM=?	Test command returns the OK result code.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007, 3GPP TS 11.11/31.102/51.011
Example	2G SIM (TS 11.11):
	STATUS AT+CSIM=10,A0F2000016 +CSIM:48,"000002A87F2002000000000099300220800838A838A 9000"
	ОК
	SELECT EF 6F07 AT+CSIM=14,A0A40000026F07 +CSIM: 4,"9F0F"
	ОК
	GET RESPONSE AT+CSIM=10,A0C00000F
	+CSIM: 34,"000000096F0704001A001A010200009000"
	ОК
	SELECT EF 6F30

### +CSIM - Generic SIM Access

AT+CSIM=14,A0A40000026F30 +CSIM: 4."9F0F"

OK

READ BINARY

AT+CSIM=10,A0B00000FC

OK

### 3G UICC (3G TS 31.101):

**STATUS** 

AT+CSIM=10,A0F2000016

+CME ERROR: operation not supported

**STATUS** 

AT+CSIM=10,80F2000016

+CSIM:134,"623F8202782183027FF08410A0000000871002FFFFF FFF89060400FFA507800171830284828A01058B032F0602C6129 0017883010183010A83010B83010E8301819000"

OK

SELECT EF 6F07 No Data Returned AT+CSIM=18,00A4080C047F206F07 +CSIM: 4,"9000"

OK

SELECT EF 6F30 Return FCP Template AT+CSIM=18,00A40804047F206F30

+CSIM:68,"621E8202412183026F30A506C00140DE01008A01058 B036F060480

02006988009000"

OK

READ BINARY AT+CSIM=10,00B0000069 +CSIM:214,"02F81012F47022F83082F63082F64022F60192F3141



+CSIM – Generic SIM Access	
	2F60313006132F40102F20162F21032F23002F60182F41012F910 42F41902F46102F40242F22092F52072F22062F03062F86032F01 032F11042F01032F80217F60127F42027F43027F44027F24337F6 2037F0209000"
Note	For the following instructions ( value of the second byte): A4 : SELECT 10 : TERMINAL PROFILE C2 : ENVELOPE 14 : TERMINAL RESPONSE A2 : SEEK
	the value of the fifth byte of <b><command/></b> must be equal to the number of bytes which follow (data starting from 6th byte) and this must be equal to <b><length></length></b> /2 – 5 otherwise the command is not send to the SIM and CME_ERROR=4 is returned.

### 5.4.4.18. Accumulated Call Meter - +CACM

+CACM - Accumul	ated Call Meter
AT+CACM= [ <pwd>]</pwd>	Set command resets the Advice of Charge related Accumulated Call Meter stored in SIM (ACM): it contains the total number of home units for both the current and preceding calls.
	Parameter:
	<pwd> - to access this command PIN2; if PIN2 has been already input once after startup, it is required no more</pwd>
AT+CACM?	Read command reports the current value of the SIM ACM in the format:
	+CACM: <acm></acm>
	where:
	<acm> - accumulated call meter in home units, string type: three bytes of the ACM value in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00001E" indicates decimal value 30)</acm>
	Note: the value <b><acm></acm></b> is in home units; price per unit and currency are defined with command <b>+CPUC</b>
AT+CACM=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

5.4.4.19. Accumulated Call Meter Maximum - +CAMM

+CAMM - Accumul	lated Call Meter Maximum
AT+CAMM= [ <acmmax> [,<pwd>]]</pwd></acmmax>	Set command sets the Advice of Charge related Accumulated Call Meter Maximum Value stored in SIM (ACMmax). This value represents the maximum number of home units allowed to be consumed by the subscriber. When ACM reaches <b><acmmax></acmmax></b> value further calls are prohibited.
	Parameter:
	<acmmax> - ACMmax value, integer type: it is the maximum number of home units allowed to be consumed by the subscriber.</acmmax>
	<pwd> - PIN2; if PIN2 has been already input once after startup, it is required no more</pwd>
	Note: <b><acmmax></acmmax></b> = 0 value disables the feature.
AT+CAMM?	Read command reports the ACMmax value stored in SIM in the format:
	+CAMM : <acmm></acmm>
	where:
	<acmm> - ACMmax value in home units, string type: three bytes of the ACMmax value in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00001E" indicates decimal value 30)</acmm>
AT+CAMM=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

### 5.4.4.20. Price per Unit and Currency Table - +CPUC

+CPUC - Price Per Unit And Currency Table	
AT+CPUC= <currency>, <ppu>[,<pwd>]</pwd></ppu></currency>	Set command sets the values of Advice of Charge related Price per Unit and Currency Table stored in SIM (PUCT). The PUCT information can be used to convert the home units (as used in commands +CACM and +CAMM) into currency units.
	Parameters: <currency> - string type; three-character currency code (e.g. "LIT",</currency>



+CPUC - Price Per Unit And Currency Table	
	<pwd> - SIM PIN2; if PIN2 has been already input once after startup, it is required no more</pwd>
AT+CPUC?	Read command reports the current values of <b><currency></currency></b> and <b><ppu></ppu></b> parameters in the format:
	+CPUC : <currency>,<ppu></ppu></currency>
AT+CPUC=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

### 5.4.4.21. Open Logical Channel - +CCHO

### +CCHO - Open Logical Channel

## AT+CCHO=<dfna me>

Execution of the command causes the MT to return **<sessionid>** to allow the TE to identify a channel that is being allocated by currently selected UICC, which is attached to ME. The currently selected UICC will open a new logical channel; select the application identified by the **<dfname>** received with this command and return a session Id as the response. The ME shall restrict the communication between the TE and the UICC to this logical channel.

This **<sessionid>** is to be used when sending commands with Restricted UICC Logical Channel access +CRLA or Generic UICC Logical Channel access +CGLA commands.

#### Parameter:

<dfname> - all selectable applications in the UICC are referenced by a DF name coded on 1 to 16 bytes.

The response of the command is in the format:

### +CCHO: <sessionid>

#### where:

<sessionid > - integer type; a session ID to be used in order to target a specific application on the smart card (e.g. (U)SIM, WIM, ISIM) using logical channels mechanism. It is to be used when sending commands with +CGLA commands.

See 3GPP TS 31.101 for more information about defined values.

#### Error case:

#### +CME ERROR:

possible <err> values (numeric format followed by verbose format):
3 operation not allowed (operation mode is not allowed by the ME)



+CCHO – Open Logical Channel	
	4 operation not supported (wrong format or parameters of the command)
	13 SIM failure (SIM response SW1 SW2 status byte Error)
	15 SIM wrong (SIM response SW1 SW2 status byte Error)
	21 invalid index ( not correspond to an opened channel)
	100 unknown (generic error)
	Note: The logical channel number is contained in the CLASS byte of an APDU command, thus implicitly contained in all APDU commands sent to a UICC. In this case it will be up to the MT to manage the logical channel part of the APDU CLASS byte and to ensure that the chosen logical channel is relevant to the <sessionid> indicated in the AT command. See 3GPP TS 31.101 for further information on logical channels in APDU commands protocol.</sessionid>
AT+CCHO=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

### 5.4.4.22. Close Logical Channel - +CCHC

5.4.4.22. Close Logic	5.4.4.22. Close Logical Channel - +CCHC	
+CCHC - Close Lo	gical Channel	
AT+CCHC= <sessi onid=""></sessi>	This command asks the ME to close a communication session with the UICC. The ME shall close the previously opened logical channel. The TE will no longer be able to send commands on this logical channel. The UICC will close the logical channel when receiving this command.  Parameter:  < sessionid > - A session ID to be used in order to target a specific application on the smart card (e.g. (U)SIM, WIM, ISIM) using logical channels mechanism.  Error case: +CME ERROR: possible <err>     values (numeric format followed by verbose format):     3 operation not allowed (operation mode is not allowed by the ME)     4 operation not supported (wrong format or parameters of the command)</err>	
	13 SIM failure (SIM response SW1 SW2 status byte Error) 15 SIM wrong (SIM response SW1 SW2 status byte Error) 21 invalid index ( not correspond to an opened channel) 100 unknown (generic error)	
AT 1 COLIC-2	,	
AT+CCHC=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.	
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007	

### 5.4.4.23. Generic UICC Logical Channel Access - +CGLA

### +CGLA - Generic UICC Logical Channel Access

# AT+CGLA=<sessi onid>,<length>,< command>

Set command transmits to the MT the it then shall send as it is to the selected UICC. In the same manner the UICC shall be sent back by the MT to the TA as it is.

This command allows a direct control of the currently selected UICC by a distant application on the TE. The TE shall then take care of processing UICC information within the frame specified by GSM/UMTS.

### Parameter::

<sessionid> - integer type; this is the identifier of the session to be used in order to send the APDU commands to the UICC. It is mandatory in order to send commands to the UICC when targeting applications on the smart card using a logical channel other than the default channel (channel "0")

<length> - integer type; length of the characters that are sent to TE in or (two times the actual length of the command or response): command passed on by the MT to the UICC in the format as described in 3GPP TS 31.101 (hexadecimal character format; refer +CSCS)

The response of the command is in the format:

+CGLA: <length>,<response>

### where:

<response> - response to the command passed on by the SIM to the ME in the format as described in GSM TS 11.11 or 3G TS 31.101 (hexadecimal character format).

See 3GPP TS 31.101 for more information about defined values.

#### Error case:

#### +CME ERROR:

possible <err> values (numeric format followed by verbose format):

- 3 operation not allowed (operation mode is not allowed by the ME)
- 4 operation not supported (wrong format or parameters of the command)
  - 13 SIM failure (SIM response SW1 SW2 status byte Error)
  - 15 SIM wrong (SIM response SW1 SW2 status byte Error)
  - 21 invalid index ( not correspond to an opened channel)
  - 100 unknown (generic error)



+CGLA – Generic UICC Logical Channel Access	
	Note: When the SW1 SW2 bytes received from UICC in response to <b><command/></b> are "61 XX", MT automatically send to UICC a GET RESPONSE command with length "XX" and the +CGLA <b><response></response></b> is that retuned by GET RESPONSE command.
AT+CGLA=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

### 5.4.4.24. UICC Application Discovery - +CUAD

+CUAD – UICC Application Discovery	
AT+CUAD	This command asks the MT to discover what applications are available for selection on the UICC. The ME shall access and read the EFDIR file in the UICC and return the values that are stored in ist records.
	Response syntax:
	+CUAD: <response></response>
	Where: <response> string type in hexadecimal character format. The response is the content of the EFDIR.</response>
AT+CUAD=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007, ETSI TS 102.221

### 5.4.4.25. Remaining PIN retries - +CPINR

+CPINR – Remaining PIN retries	
AT+CPINR [= <sel_code>]</sel_code>	Execution command cause the ME to return the number of remaining PIN retries for the ME passwords.
	Parameter:
	<b><sel_code></sel_code></b> - String type. These values are strings and shall be indicated within double quotes. It is optional to support wildcard match by '*', meaning match any (sub-)string.(parameter is listed under the description of command +CPIN, <code> parameter, except 'READY', 'PH-SIM PIN')</code>
	The response format is:
	+CPINR: <code>,<retries>[,<default_retries>][<cr><lf></lf></cr></default_retries></retries></code>
	+CPINR: <code>,<retries>[,<default_retries>][]]</default_retries></retries></code>



+CPINR – Remaining PIN retries	
	where: <code> - string type. Type of PIN.  <retries> - integer type. Number of remaining retries per PIN.  <default_retries> - integer type. Number of default/initial retries per PIN.  per PIN.</default_retries></retries></code>
	Note : PH-PUK states is not allowed unblock procedure, forward.
AT+CPINR=?	Test command returns the OK result code.
Example	AT+CPINR="SIM*" +CPINR: SIM PIN,3,3 +CPINR: SIM PUK,10,10 +CPINR: SIM PIN2,3,3 +CPINR: SIM PUK2,10,10
	OK AT+CPINR="*SIM*" // will additionally return the lines: +CPINR: PH-FSIM PIN,10,10 +CPINR: PH-FSIM PUK,0,0  OK
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

### 5.4.4.26. Set voice mail number - +CSVM

+CSVM - Set Voic	+CSVM – Set Voice Mail Number	
AT+CSVM= <mod e&gt;[,<number>[,<t ype&gt;]]</t </number></mod 	The number to the voice mail server is set with this command. The parameters <number> and <type> can be left out if the parameter <mode> is set to 0. Parameters: <mode> 0 - disable the voice mail number 1 - enable the voice mail number (factory default) <number> - string type phone number of format specified by <type> <type> - type of address octet in integer format</type></type></number></mode></mode></type></number>	
	129 - unknown type of number and ISDN/Telephony numbering plan  145 - international type of number and ISDN/Telephony numbering plan (contains the character "+")	
AT+CSVM?	Read command returns the currently selected voice mail number	



+CSVM - Set Voice Mail Number	
	and the status (i.e. enabled/disabled) in the format
	+CSVM: <mode>,<number>,<type></type></number></mode>
AT+CSVM=?	Test command reports the range for the parameters <mode> and</mode>
	<type>.</type>
Note	If the SIM supports the Voice mail number, <number> is stored in</number>
	SIM.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

### 5.4.4.27. Available AT Commands - +CLAC

+CLAC - Available AT Commands	
AT+CLAC	Execution command causes the ME to return the AT commands that are available for the user, in the following format:
	<at cmd1="">[<cr><lf><at cmd2="">[]]</at></lf></cr></at>
	where:
	<at cmdn=""> - defines the AT command including the prefix AT</at>
AT+CLAC=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

### 5.4.4.28. Primary Notification Event Reporting- +CPNER

+CPNER – Primary Notification Event Reporting	
AT+CPNER= [ <reporting>]</reporting>	Set command enables and disables reporting of primary notification events when received from the network with unsolicited result code +CPNERU: (see format below). Primary notification events used for public warning systems like ETWS (Earthquake and Tsunami Warning Systems).
	Parameter:
	<pre><reporting> - integer type, controlling reporting of primary notification events.</reporting></pre>
	0 - Disable primary notification events.
	1 - Enable reporting of primary notification events without security information, unsolicited result code(default)
	+CPNERU: <message_identifier>,<serial_number>,<warning_type></warning_type></serial_number></message_identifier>
	<pre><message_identifier> string type in hexadecimal character format. The parameter contains the message identifier (2 bytes) of the primary notification.</message_identifier></pre>



+CPNER – Primary Notification Event Reporting	
	<pre><serial_number> string type in hexadecimal character format. The parameter contains the serial number (2 bytes) of the primary notification.</serial_number></pre>
	<pre><warning_type> string type in hexadecimal character format. The parameter contains the warning type (2 bytes) of the primary notification.</warning_type></pre>
AT+CPNER?	Read command reports the current value of the parameter
AT+CPNER=?	Test command returns supported of <reporting> parameter.</reporting>
Example	AT+CPNER? +CPNER: 1 OK
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

### 5.4.4.29. Extended Signal Quality - +CESQ

+CESQ – Extended Signal Quality	
AT+CESQ	Execution command reports received signal quality parameters in the form:
	+CESQ: <rxlev>,<ber>,<rscp>,<ecno>,<rsrq>,<rsrp></rsrp></rsrq></ecno></rscp></ber></rxlev>
	Where
	< rxlev > - received received signal strength level (see 3GPP TS 45.008 subclause 8.1.4).
	0 - rssi < -110 dBm
	1110 dBm □ rssi < -109 dBm
	2109 dBm □ rssi < -108 dBm
	6150 dBm □ rssi < -49 dBm
	6249 dBm □ rssi < -48 dBm
	6348 dBm □ rssi
	99 - not known or not detectable or if the current serving cell is not a GERAN cell
	 <ber> - bit error rate (in percent)</ber>



# +CESQ - Extended Signal Quality 0...7 - as RXQUAL values in the table in 3GPP TS 45.008 subclause 8.2.4 99 - not known or not detectable or if the current serving cell is not a GERAN cell <rscp> - received signal code power (see 3GPP TS 25.133 subclause 9.1.1.3 and 3GPP TS 25.123 subclause 9.1.1.1.3). 0 - rscp < -120 dBm 1 - -120 dBm □ rscp < -119 dBm 2 - -119 dBm □ rscp < -118 dBm 94 - -27 dBm □ rscp < -26 dBm 95 - -26 dBm □ rscp < -25 dBm 96 - -25 dBm □ rscp 255 - not known or not detectable or if the current serving cell is not a UTRA cell <ecno> - ratio of the received energy per PN chip to the total received power spectral density (see 3GPP TS 25.133 subclause). 0 - Ec/lo < -24 dB 1 - -24 dB □ Ec/lo < -23.5 dB 2 - -23.5 dB □ Ec/lo < -23 dB 47 - -1 dB □ Ec/lo < -0.5 dB $48 - 0.5 \, dB \, \Box \, Ec/lo < 0 \, dB$ 49 - 0 dB □ Ec/lo 255 - not known or not detectable detectable or if the current serving cell is not a UTRA cell <rsrq> - reference signal received quality (see 3GPP TS 36.133 subclause 9.1.7). 0 - rsrq < -19.5 dB1 - -19.5 dB □ rsrq < -19 dB 2 - -19 dB □ rsrq < -18.5 dB 32 - -4 dB □ rsrq < -3.5 dB 33 - -3.5 dB □ rsrq < -3 dB 34 - -3 dB □ rsrq 255 - not known or not detectable detectable or if the current serving cell is not a EUTRA cell



+CESQ – Extended Signal Quality	
	<pre><rsrp> - type, reference signal received power (see 3GPP TS 36.133 subclause 9.1.4). 0 - rsrp &lt; -140 dBm</rsrp></pre>
	1140 dBm □ rsrp < -139 dBm
	2139 dBm □ rsrp < -138 dBm
	9546 dBm □ rsrp < -45 dBm
	9645 dBm □ rsrp < -44 dBm
	9744 dBm □ rsrp
	255 - not known or not detectable detectable or if the current serving cell is not a EUTRA cell
	Note: LM960 family does not support GSM access technology.
AT+CESQ=?	Test command returns the supported range of values of the parameters <rxlev>, <ber>, <rscp>, <ecno>, <rsrq>, <rsrp>.</rsrp></rsrq></ecno></rscp></ber></rxlev>
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

# 5.4.5. Mobile Equipment Errors

5.4.5.1. Report Mobi	le Equipment Error - +CMEE
+CMEE - Report Mobile Equipment Error	
AT+CMEE=[ <n>]</n>	Set command enables/disables the report of result code:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
	as an indication of an error relating to the <b>+Cxxx</b> commands issued.
	When enabled, device related errors cause the <b>+CME ERROR</b> : <b><err></err></b> final result code instead of the default <b>ERROR</b> final result code. <b>ERROR</b> is anyway returned normally when the error message is related to syntax, invalid parameters, or <b>DTE</b> functionality.
	Parameter:
	<n> - enable flag</n>
	0 - disable +CME ERROR: <err> reports, use only ERROR report.</err>
	1 - enable <b>+CME ERROR:<err></err></b> reports, with <b><err></err></b> in numeric format



+CMEE - Report Mobile Equipment Error	
	2 - enable +CME ERROR: <err> reports, with <err> in verbose format</err></err>
AT+CMEE?	Read command returns the current value of subparameter <n>:</n>
	+CMEE: <n></n>
AT+CMEE=?	Test command returns the range of values for subparameter <n></n>
Note	+CMEE has no effect on the final result code +CMS
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

## 5.4.6. Commands For Packet Domain

## 5.4.6.1. GPRS Mobile Station Class - +CGCLASS

+CGCLASS - GPR	+CGCLASS – GPRS Mobile Station Class	
AT+CGCLASS=[< class>]	Set command is used to set the MT to operate according to the specified mode of operation.	
	Parameter:	
	<b><class></class></b> "A" – Class-A mode of operation (A/Gb mode), or CS/PS mode of operation (lu mode) (factory default)     "B" – Class-B mode of operation (A/Gb mode), or CS/PS mode of operation (lu mode)     "CG" – Class-C mode of operation in PS only mode (A/Gb mode), or PS mode of operation (lu mode)     "CC" – Class-C mode of operation in CS only mode (A/Gb mode), or CS (lu mode) Note: the setting is saved in NVM(and available on following reboot).	
AT+CGCLASS?	Read command returns the mode of operation set by the TE.	
	format:	
	+CGCLASS: <class></class>	
AT+CGCLASS=?	Test command reports the range for the parameter <b><class></class></b> .	
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007	

## 5.4.6.2. PS Attach Or Detach - +CGATT

+CGATT - PS attach or detach	
AT+CGATT= [ <state>]</state>	Execution command is used to attach the terminal to, or detach the terminal from, the PS service depending on the parameter <b><state></state></b> .
	Parameter:
	<state> - state of PS attachment</state>
	0 - detached
	1 – attached
AT+CGATT?	Read command returns the current service state.
AT+CGATT=?	Test command requests information on the supported service states.
Example	AT+CGATT? +CGATT: 0  OK AT+CGATT=? +CGATT: (0,1)  OK AT+CGATT=1 OK
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

## 5.4.6.3. Packet domain Event Reporting - +CGEREP

+CGEREP - Packet domain Event Reporting	
AT+CGEREP= [ <mode> [,<bfr>]]</bfr></mode>	Set command enables or disables sending of unsolicited result codes <b>+CGEV</b> : <b>XXX</b> (see below) from <b>TA</b> to <b>TE</b> in the case of certain events occurring in the <b>TA</b> or the network.
	Parameters:
	<mode> - controls the processing of URCs specified with this command.</mode>
	<ul> <li>0 - Buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA. If TA result code buffer is full, the oldest one can be discarded. No codes are forwarded to the TE.</li> <li>1 - Discard unsolicited result codes when TA-TE link is reserved</li> </ul>
	(e.g. in on-line data mode); otherwise forward them directly to the TE.
	2 - Buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA when TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode) and flush them to the TE when TA-TE link becomes available, otherwise forward them directly to the TE.
	 <bfr> - controls the effect on buffered codes when <mode> 1 or 2 is entered:</mode></bfr>



## +CGEREP - Packet domain Event Reporting

- 0 TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleared when <mode>=1 or 2 is entered.
- 1 TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is flushed to the TE when <mode>=1 or 2 is entered (OK response shall be given before flushing the codes).

#### **Unsolicited Result Codes**

The following unsolicited result codes and the corresponding events are defined:

## +CGEV: REJECT <PDP\_type>, <PDP\_addr>

A network request for PDP context activation occurred when the **TA** was unable to report it to the **TE** with a **+CRING** unsolicited result code and was automatically rejected.

## +CGEV: NW REACT <PDP\_type>, <PDP\_addr>, [<cid>]

The network has requested a context reactivation. The <cid>that was used to reactivate the context is provided if known to **TA**.

## +CGEV: NW DEACT <PDP\_type>, <PDP\_addr>, [<cid>]

The network has forced a context deactivation. The <cid> that was used to activate the context is provided if known to **TA**.

## +CGEV: ME DEACT <PDP\_type>, <PDP\_addr>, [<cid>]

The mobile equipment has forced a context deactivation. The <cid> that was used to activate the context is provided if known to **TA**.

## **+CGEV: NW DETACH**

The network has forced a PS detach. This implies that all active contexts have been deactivated. These are not reported separately.

## **+CGEV: ME DETACH**

The mobile equipment has forced a PS detach. This implies that all active contexts have been deactivated. These are not reported separately.

## +CGEV: ME CLASS <class>

The mobile equipment has forced a change of MS class. The highest available class is reported (see **+CGCLASS**)



+CGEREP – Packet domain Event Reporting	
AT+ CGEREP?	Read command returns the current <mode> and <bfr> settings, in the format:</bfr></mode>
	+CGEREP: <mode>,<bfr></bfr></mode>
AT+ CGEREP=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for the <b>+CGEREP</b> command parameters.
Example	AT+CGEREP=?
	+CGEREP: (0-2),(0,1)
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

.4.6.4. GPRS Network Registration Status - +CGREG		
+CGREG - GPRS N	+CGREG - GPRS Network Registration Status	
AT+CGREG=[ <n>]</n>	Set command controls the presentation of an unsolicited result code +CGREG: (see format below).	
	Parameter:	
	<n> - result code presentation mode</n>	
	0 - disable network registration unsolicited result code	
	1 - enable network registration unsolicited result code; if there is a change in the terminal network registration status for Packet Service, it is issued the unsolicited result code:	
	+CGREG: <stat></stat>	
	where:	
	<stat> - registration status</stat>	
	0 - not registered, terminal is not currently searching a new operator to register to	
	1 - registered, home network	
	2 - not registered, but terminal is currently searching a new operator to register to	
	3 - registration denied	
	4 - unknown	
	5 - registered, roaming	
	2 - enable network registration and location information unsolicited result code; if there is a change of the network cell, it is issued the unsolicited result code:	



+CGREG - GPRS N	Network Registration Status
	+CGREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>[,<act>,<rac>]]</rac></act></ci></lac></stat>
	where:
	<stat> - registration status (see above for values)</stat>
	<li><lac> - location area code in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00C3" equals 195 in decimal)</lac></li>
	<ci>- cell ID in hexadecimal format.</ci>
	<act><act>&lt; access technology of the registered network:</act></act>
	0 GSM
	2 UTRAN
	7 E-UTRAN
	<pre><rac>: string type; one byte routing area code(2G, 3G) or Mobile Management Entity code(4G) in hexadecimal format</rac></pre>
	Note: <lac>, <ci>, <act> and <rac> are reported only if <mode>=2 and the mobile is registered on some network cell.</mode></rac></act></ci></lac>
AT+CGREG?	Read command returns the status of result code presentation mode <n> and the integer <stat> which shows whether the network has currently indicated the registration of the terminal in the format:</stat></n>
	+CGREG: <n>,<stat>[,<lac>,<ci>[,<act>,<rac>]]</rac></act></ci></lac></stat></n>
	Note: <lac>, <ci>, <act> and <rac> are reported only if <mode>=2 and the mobile is registered on some network cell.</mode></rac></act></ci></lac>
	Note: LM960 family does not support GSM access technology.
	Note: <lac> and <rac> values will change <tac> and <mme_code> values in LTE.</mme_code></tac></rac></lac>
AT+CGREG=?	Test command returns supported values for parameter <n></n>
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

# 5.4.6.5. Printing IP Address - +CGPIAF

# +CGPIAF Printing IP Address Format



AT+CGPIAF =	
	Description:
[ <ipv6_addressformat></ipv6_addressformat>	Set command decides what the format to print IPv6 address
[, <ipv6_subnetnotation> [,<ipv6_leadingzeros></ipv6_leadingzeros></ipv6_subnetnotation>	parameter. Parameters:
[, <ipv6_compresszeros>]]]]</ipv6_compresszeros>	<ipv6_addressformat> - decides the IPv6 address format. Relevant for all AT command parameters, that can hold an IPv6 address. 0 – Use IPv4-like dot-notation. IP addresses, and subnetwork mask if applicable, are dot-separated. 1 – Use IPv6-like colon-notation. IP address, and subnetwork mask if applicable and when given explicitly, are separated by a space. <ipv6_subnetnotation> - decides the subnet-notation for  <remote address="" and="" mask="" subnet=""> Setting does not apply if IPv6 address format &lt; IPv6_AddressFormat&gt; = 0. 0 – Both IP address, and subnet mask are started explicitly, separated by a space. 1 – The printout format is applying /(forward slash) subnet-prefix Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) notation. <ipv6_leadingzeros> - decides whether leading zeros are omitted or not. Setting does not apply if IPv6 address format <ipv6_addressformat> = 0. 0 – Leading zeros are omitted. 1 – Leading zeros are included. <ipv6_compresszeros> - decides whether 1-n instances of 16-bit- zero-values are replaced by only "::". This applies only once. Setting does not apply if IPv6 address format <ipv6_addressformat> = 0. 0 – No zero compression. 1 – Use zero compression.</ipv6_addressformat></ipv6_compresszeros></ipv6_addressformat></ipv6_leadingzeros></remote></ipv6_subnetnotation></ipv6_addressformat>
AT+CGPIAF?	Read command returns the current parameter setting.
AT+CGPIAF=?	Test command returns values supported as compound parameter setting.
Example	AT+CGPIAF=0,0,0,0 OK AT+CGACT=1,1 OK AT+CGPADDR = +CGPADDR: 1,"252.1.171.171.205.205.239.224.0.0.0.0.0.0.1" OK AT+CGPIAF=1,0,0,0 OK AT+CGACT=1,1 OK



+CGPADDR: 1," FC01:ABAB:CDCD:EFE0:0:0:0:1"  OK  3GPP TS 27.007; 3GPP TS 03.60/23.060
+CGPADDR: 1," FC01:ABAB:CDCD:EFE0:0:0:0:1"
AT+CGPADDR =

### 5.4.6.6. Define PDP Context - +CGDCONT

## +CGDCONT - Define PDP Context

+CGDCONT=[<cid >[,<PDP\_type>[,<A PN>[,<PDP\_addr>[,<d\_comp>[,<h\_comp>[,<IPv4AddrAl loc>[,<emergency indication>[,<PCS CF\_discovery>[,<I M\_CN\_Signalling\_ Flag \_Ind>]]]]]]]]]]

Set command specifies PDP context parameter values for a PDP context identified by the (local) context identification parameter, <cid>

### Parameters:

<cid> - (PDP Context Identifier) numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition.

1..max - where the value of max is returned by the Test command

**PDP\_type>** - (Packet Data Protocol type) a string parameter which specifies the type of packet data protocol

"IP" - Internet Protocol

"PPP" - Point to Point Protocol

"IPV6" - Internet Protocol version 6

"IPV4V6" - Virtual <PDP\_type> introduced to handle dual IP stack UE capability

NOTE: Only IP, IPV6 and IPV4V6 values are supported for EPS(LTE) services.

<APN> - (Access Point Name) a string parameter which is a logical name that is used to select the GGSN or the external packet data network. If the value is empty ("") or omitted, then the subscription value will be requested.

<PDP\_addr> - a string parameter that identifies the terminal in the address space applicable to the PDP. The allocated address may be read using the +CGPADDR command.When +CGPIAF is supported, it's settings can influence the format of this parameterreturned with the read form of +CGDCONT.

NOTE: For EPS(LTE), this field is omitted.

<d\_comp> - a numeric parameter that controls PDP data compression (applicable for SNDCP only) (refer 3GPP TS 44.065 [61])

0 - off (default)

1 - on

2 - V.42bis

## +CGDCONT - Define PDP Context

- <h\_comp> numeric parameter that controls PDP header compression.
  - 0 off (default)
  - 1 on (manufacturer preferred compression)
  - 2 RFC1144 (applicable for SNDCP only)
  - 3 RFC2507
  - 4 RFC3095 (applicable for PDCP only)
- <IPv4AddrAlloc> integer type; controls how the MT/TA requests to get the IPv4 address information
  - 0 (default) IPv4 address allocation through NAS signalling
  - 1 IPv4 address allocated through DHCP
- <emergency indication> a numeric parameter used to indicate whether the PDP context is for emergencybearer services or not.
  - 0 (default) PDP context is not for emergency bearer services
  - 1 PDP context is for emergency bearer services
- <P-CSCF\_discovery> a numeric parameter influences how the MT/TA requests to get the P-CSCF address, see 3GPP TS 24.229 [89] annex B and annex L.
  - 0 (default) Preference of P-CSCF address discovery not influenced by +CGDCONT
- 1 Preference of P-CSCF address discovery through NAS Signalling
  - 2 Preference of P-CSCF address discovery through DHCP
- <IM\_CN\_Signalling\_Flag\_Ind>: a numeric parameter used to
  indicate to

the network whether the PDPcontext is for IM CN subsystem-related

signalling only or not.

- 0 (default) UE indicates that the PDP context is not for IM CN subsystem-related signalling only
- 1 UE indicates that the PDP context is for IM CN subsystemrelated signalling only

Note: a special form of the Set command, **+CGDCONT=<cid>**, causes the values for context number **<cid>** to become undefined.

Note: if emergence indication is enabled, this profile can not be used attached profile.



+CGDCONT - Defir	+CGDCONT - Define PDP Context	
AT+CGDCONT?	Read command returns the current settings for each defined context in the format:	
	+CGDCONT: <cid>,<pdp_type>,<apn>,<pdp_addr>,<d_comp>,<h_comp>[, <ipv4addralloc>[,<emergency indication="">[,<pcscf_discovery>[,<im_cn_signalling_flag_ind>]]]][<cr><lf>+CGDCONT: <cid>,<pdp_type>,<apn>,<pdp_addr>,<d_comp>,<h_comp>[, <ipv4add< th=""></ipv4add<></h_comp></d_comp></pdp_addr></apn></pdp_type></cid></lf></cr></im_cn_signalling_flag_ind></pcscf_discovery></emergency></ipv4addralloc></h_comp></d_comp></pdp_addr></apn></pdp_type></cid>	
	rAlloc>[, <emergency indication="">[,<pcscf_discovery>[,<im_cn_signalling_flag_ind>]]]][]]</im_cn_signalling_flag_ind></pcscf_discovery></emergency>	
AT+CGDCONT=?	Test command returns values supported as a compound value.	
Example	AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","APN","10.10.10.10",0,0,0,0,0.0  OK  AT+CGDCONT?  +CGDCONT: 1,"IP","APN","10.10.10.10",0,0,0,0,0,0	
	OK AT+CGDCONT=? +CGDCONT: (1-16),"IP",,,(0-2),(0-4),(0,1),(0,1),(0-2),(0,1) +CGDCONT: (1-16),"PPP",,,(0-2),(0-4),(0,1),(0,1),(0-2),(0,1) +CGDCONT: (1-16),"IPV6",,,(0-2),(0-4),(0,1),(0,1),(0-2),(0,1) +CGDCONT: (1-16),"IPV4V6",,,(0-2),(0-4),(0,1),(0,1),(0-2),(0,1)	
Reference	OK 3GPP TS 27.007	
Ĺ		

5.4.6.7. Quality Of Service Profile (Minimum Acceptable) - +CGQMIN

+CGQMIN – Quality Of Service Profile (Minimum Acceptable)	
AT+CGQMIN= [ <cid></cid>	Set command allows specify a minimum acceptable profile, checked by the terminal against the negotiated profile
[, <pre>cedence&gt;</pre>	returned in the Activate PDP Context Accept message.  Parameters:
[, <delay> [,<reliability></reliability></delay>	<cid> - PDP context identification (see +CGDCONT command).</cid>
[, <peak></peak>	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>
[, <mean>]]]]]</mean>	0 - 3 (default 0)
	<delay> - delay class</delay>



	0 - 4 (default 0)
	<reliability> - reliability class</reliability>
	0 - 5 (default 0)
	<peak> - peak throughput class</peak>
	0 - 9 (default 0)
	<mean> - mean throughput class</mean>
	0 ~ 18, 31 (default 0)
	If a value omitted for a particular class then this class is not checked.
	Note: a special form of the Set command, <b>+CGQMIN=<cid></cid></b> causes the requested profile for context number <b><cid></cid></b> to become undefined.
	If no PDP context defined, it has no effect and <b>OK</b> result code returned.
AT+CGQMIN?	Read command returns the current settings for each defined context in the format:
	+CGQMIN: <cid>,<pre>,<delay>,<reliability>,<pe ak="">,<mean>[<cr><lf></lf></cr></mean></pe></reliability></delay></pre></cid>
	+CGQMIN: <cid>,<precedence>,<delay>,<reliability>,<peak>,<mean &gt;[]]</mean </peak></reliability></delay></precedence></cid>
	If no PDP context has been defined, it has no effect and <b>OK</b> result code is returned
AT+CGQMIN=?	Test command returns as a compound value the type of the current PDP context and the supported values for the subparameters in the format:
	+CGQMIN: <pdp_type>,(list of supported <pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pdp_type>
	(list of supported <delay>s),(list of supported <reliability>s),(list of supported <peak>s),(list of supported <mean>s)</mean></peak></reliability></delay>
Example	AT+CGQMIN?
-Admpio	+CGQMIN: 1,0,0,0,0,0
	AT+CGQMIN=1,0,0,3,0,0 OK



	OK
	AT+CGQMIN=?
	+CGQMIN: "IP",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)
	+CGQMIN: "PPP",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)
	+CGQMIN: "IPV6",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)
	+CGQMIN: "IPV4V6",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)
	ОК
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007; 3GPP TS 03.60/23.060

# 5.4.6.8. Quality Of Service Profile (Requested) - +CGQREQ

+CGQREQ – Quality Of S	+CGQREQ – Quality Of Service Profile (Requested)	
AT+CGQREQ= [ <cid> [,<precedence> [,<delay> [,<reliability></reliability></delay></precedence></cid>	Set command allows specify Quality of Service Profile that used when the terminal sends an Activate PDP Context Request message to the network. It specifies a profile for the context identified by the (local) context identification parameter, <cid>.</cid>	
[, <peak></peak>	Parameters:	
[, <mean>]]]]]]</mean>	<cid> - PDP context identification (see +CGDCONT command).</cid>	
	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	
	0 - 3 (default 0)	
	<delay> - delay class</delay>	
	0 - 4 (default 0)	
	<reliability> - reliability class</reliability>	
	0 - 5 (default 0)	
	<peak> - peak throughput class</peak>	
	0 - 9 (default 0)	
	<mean> - mean throughput class</mean>	
	0 - 18, 31 (default 0)	
	If a value omitted for a particular class then this class is not checked.	
	Note: a special form of the Set command, +CGQREQ= <cid> causes the requested profile for context number <cid> to become undefined.</cid></cid>	
AT+CGQREQ?	Read command returns the current settings for each defined context in the format:	



	+CGQREQ:
	<cid>,<pre><cid>,<pre>&lt;,<delay>,<reliability>,<peak>,</peak></reliability></delay></pre></cid></pre></cid>
	<mean>[<cr><lf>+CGQREQ: <cid>,<precedence>,</precedence></cid></lf></cr></mean>
	<delay>,<reliability>,<peak>,<mean>[]]</mean></peak></reliability></delay>
	If no PDP context defined, it has no effect and <b>OK</b> result code returned.
AT+CGQREQ=?	Test command returns as a compound value the type of the current PDP context and the supported values for the subparameters in the format:
	+CGQREQ: <pdp_type>,(list of supported <pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pdp_type>
	(list of supported <delay>s),(list of supported <reliability>s),(list of supported <peak>s),(list of supported <mean>s)</mean></peak></reliability></delay>
Example	AT+CGQREQ?
	+CGQREQ: 1,0,0,0,0,0
	OK
	AT+CGQREQ=1,0,0,3,0,0
	OK
	AT+CGQREQ=?
	+CGQREQ: "IP",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)
	+CGQREQ: "PPP",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)
	+CGQREQ: "IPV6",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)
	+CGQREQ: "IPV4V6",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)
	OK
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007; 3GPP TS 03.60/23.060

5.4.6.9. 3G Quality Of Service Profile (Requested) - +CGEQREQ

+CGEQREQ – 3G Quality Of Service Profile (Requested)		
AT+CGEQREQ= [ <cid> [,<traffic class=""> [,<maximum bitrate="" ul=""> [,<maximum bitrate="" dl=""> [,<guaranteed bitrate="" ul=""> [,<guaranteed bitrate="" dl=""> [,<delivery order=""> [,<maximum sdu="" size=""></maximum></delivery></guaranteed></guaranteed></maximum></maximum></traffic></cid>	Set command allows to specify a 3G quality of service profile for the context identified by the(local) context identification parameter <cid> which is used when the MT sends an Activate PDP Context Request message to the network.  Parameters:</cid>	

[,<SDU error ratio> [,<Residual bit error ratio>

[,<Delivery of erroneous SDUs>

[,<Transfer delay>

[,<Traffic handling priority> [,<Source statistics descriptor> [,<Signalling indication>]]]]]]]]]]]]]]] <cid> - PDP context identification (see +CGDCONT command).

<Traffic class> - Traffic class

- 0 conversational
- 1 streaming
- 2 interactive
- 3 background
- 4 subscribed value (default value)

<Maximum bitrate UL> - Maximum bitrate Up Link (kbits/s).
This parameter should be provided if the <Traffic class> is specified as conversational or streaming.

0 - subscribed value (default value)

1 - 568

576 - 11520

<Maximum bitrate DL> - Maximum bitrate down link (kbits/s). This parameter should be provided if the <Traffic class> is specified as conversational or streaming.

0 - subscribed value (default value)

1 - 568

576 - 8640

8700 - 42200

**Guaranteed bitrate UL>** - the guaranteed bitrate up link(kbits/s). This parameter should be provided if the **Traffic class>** is specified as conversational or streaming.

0 - subscribed value (default value)

1 - 568

576 - 11520

**Guaranteed bitrate DL>** - the guaranteed bitrate down link(kbits/s). This parameter should be provided if the **Traffic class>** is specified as conversational or streaming.

0 - subscribed value (default value)

1 - 568

576 - 8640

8700 - 42200



```
<Delivery order> - SDU Delivery order
  0 - no
  1 - yes
  2 – subscribed value (default value)
<Maximum SDU size> - Maximum SDU size in octets
  0 - subscribed value (default value)
  10 - 1500
  1502
  1510
  1520
<SDU error ratio> - SDU error ratio - mEe mean m*10-e,
             for example 1E2 mean 1*10-2
  "0E0" (default value)
  "1E1"
  "1E2"
  "7E3"
  "1E3"
  "1E4"
  "1E5"
  "1E6"
<Residual bit error ratio> - Residual bitt error ratio
            - mEe mean m*10-e , for example 1E2 mean
1*10-2
  "0E0" (default value)
  "5E2"
  "1E2"
  "5E3"
  "4E3"
  "1E3"
  "1E4"
  "1E5"
  "1E6"
  "6E8"
```

# **Delivery of erroneous SDUs>** - Delivery of erroneous SDUs

- 0 no
- 1 yes
- 2 no detect
- 3 subscribed value (default value)

## <Transfer delay > - Transfer delay (milliseconds)

0 - subscribed value (default value)

10 - 150

200 - 950

1000 - 4000

## <Traffic handling priority > - Traffic handling priority

- 0 subscribed value (default value)
- 1 3
- **Source Statistics Descriptor>** Characteristics of the source of the submitted SDUs for a PDP context. This parameter should be provided if the **Traffic class>** is specified as conversational or streaming.
  - 0 Characteristics of SDUs is unknown (default value)
  - 1 Characteristics of SDUs corresponds to a speech source
- **Signalling Indication>** Signalling content of submitted SDUs for a PDP context. This parameter should be provided if the **Traffic class>** is specified as interactive.
  - 0 PDP context is not optimized for signalling (default value)
  - 1 PDP context is optimized for signalling <PDP\_type> (see +CGDCONT command).

Note: a special form of the Set command,

**+CGEQREQ=<cid>** causes the requested profile for context number **<cid>** to become undefined.

Note: the current settings are stored in NVM.

Note: set command can modify the 2G QoS according to 3GPP 23.107 (see **+CGQREQ**).

### AT+CGEQREQ?

Read command returns the current settings for each defined context in the format:



	[+CGEQREQ: <cid>,<traffic class="">,<maximum bitrate="" ul="">,<maximum bitrate="" dl="">,<guaranteed bitrate="" ul="">,<guaranteed bitrate="" dl="">,<delivery order="">,<maximum sdu="" size="">,<sdu error="" ratio="">,<residual bit="" error="" ratio="">,<delivery erroneous="" of="" sdus="">,<transfer delay="">,<traffic handling="">,<source descriptor="" statistics=""/>,<signalling indication=""><cr><lf>] [+CGEQREQ:]  If no PDP context has been defined, it has no effect and OK result code is returned.</lf></cr></signalling></traffic></transfer></delivery></residual></sdu></maximum></delivery></guaranteed></guaranteed></maximum></maximum></traffic></cid>
AT+CGEQREQ=?	Test command returns as a compound value the type of the current PDP context and the supported values for the subparameters in the format:  +CGQEQREQ: <pdp_type>,(list of supported <traffic class="">s),  (list of supported <maximum bitrate="" ul="">s),(list of supported <guaranteed bitrate="" ul="">s),(list of supported <guaranteed bitrate="" dl="">s),(list of supported <delivery order="">s),(list of supported <maximum sdu="" size="">s),(list of supported <sdu error="" ratio="">s),(list of supported <delivery erroneous="" of="" sdus="">s),(list of supported <traffic handling="" priority="">s), (list of supported <source descriptor="" statistics=""/>s), (list of supported <signalling indication="">s)</signalling></traffic></delivery></sdu></maximum></delivery></guaranteed></guaranteed></maximum></traffic></pdp_type>
Example	AT+CGEQREQ=1,0,384,384,128,128,0,0,"0E0","0E0",0,0,0 OK AT+CGEQREQ? +CGEQREQ: 1,0,384,384,128,128,0,0,"0E0","0E0",0,0,0,0,0  OK AT+CGEQREQ=? +CGEQREQ: "IP",(0-4),(0-568,576-11520),(0-568,576-8640,8700-42200), (0-568,576-11520), (0-568,576-8640,8700-42200),(0-2),(0.10-1500,1502,1510,1520),("0E0","1E1","1E2","7E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6","6E8"),(0-3),(0,10-150,200-950,1000-4000),(0-3),(0,1),(0,1)



	+CGEQREQ: "PPP",(0-4),(0-568,576-11520),(0-568,576-8640,8700-42200),(0-568,576-11520),(0-568,576-8640,8700-42200),(0-2),(0,10-1500,1502,1510,1520),("0E0","1E1","1E2","7E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6"),("0E0","5E2","1E2","5E3","4E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6","6E8"),(0-3),(0,10-150,200-950,1000-4000),(0-3),(0,1),(0,1)
	+CGEQREQ: "IPV6",(0-4),(0-568,576-11520),(0-568,576-8640,8700-42200), (0-568,576-11520), (0-568,576-8640,8700-42200),(0-2),(0.10-1500,1502,1510,1520),("0E0","1E1","1E2","7E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6"),("0E0","5E2","1E2","5E3","4E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6","6E8"),(0-3),(0,10-150,200-950,1000-4000),(0-3),(0,1),(0,1)
	+CGEQREQ: "IPV4V6",(0-4),(0-568,576-11520),(0-568,576-8640,8700-42200), (0-568,576-11520), (0-568,576-8640,8700-42200),(0-2),(0.10-1500,1502,1510,1520),("0E0","1E1","1E2","7E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6","6E8"),("0E0","5E2","1E2","5E3","4E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6","6E8"),(0-3),(0,10-150,200-950,1000-4000),(0-3),(0,1),(0,1)
	OK
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007; 3GPP TS 03.60/23.060; 3GPP TS 24.008

# 5.4.6.10. 3G Quality Of Service Profile (Minimum Acceptable) - +CGEQMIN

+CGEQMIN – 3G Quality Of Service Profile (Minimum Acceptable)		
AT+CGEQMIN=	Set command allows to specify a 3G quality of service profile for the	
[ <cid></cid>	context identified by the(local) context identification parameter <cid>which is checked by the MT against the negotiated profile returned in</cid>	
[, <traffic class=""></traffic>	the Activate/Modify PDP Context Accept Message.	
[, <maximum bitrate="" ul=""></maximum>	Parameters:	
[, <maximum< th=""><th><cid> - PDP context identification (see +CGDCONT command).</cid></th></maximum<>	<cid> - PDP context identification (see +CGDCONT command).</cid>	
bitrate DL>	<traffic class=""> - Traffic class</traffic>	
[, <guaranteed< th=""><th>0 - conversational</th></guaranteed<>	0 - conversational	
bitrate UL>	1 - streaming	
[, <guaranteed< th=""><th>2 - interactive</th></guaranteed<>	2 - interactive	
bitrate DL>	3 - background	
[, <delivery order=""></delivery>	4 - subscribed value (default value)	
[, <maximum< th=""><th></th></maximum<>		
SDU size>	<maximum bitrate="" ul=""> - Maximum bitrate Up Link (kbits/s)</maximum>	
	0 - subscribed value (default value)	



# +CGEQMIN – 3G Quality Of Service Profile (Minimum Acceptable) [,<SDU error 1 - 568, ratio> 576 - 11520 [.<Residual bit error ratio> <Maximum bitrate DL> - Maximum bitrate down link (kbits/s) [,<Delivery of 0 - subscribed value (default value) erroneous SDUs> 1 - 568[,<Transfer 576 - 8640. delay> 8700 - 42200 [,<Traffic handling priority>[,<Sou <Guaranteed bitrate UL> - the guaranteed bitrate up link(kbits/s) rce statistics 0 - subscribed value (default value) descriptor> 1 - 568 [,<Signalling 576 - 11520 indication>]]]]]] ]]]]]]]]] <Guaranteed bitrate DL> - the guaranteed bitrate down link(kbits/s) 0 - subscribed value (default value) 1 - 568 576 - 8640 8700 - 42200 <Delivery order> SDU Delivery oreder 0 - no 1 - yes 2 - subscribed value (default value) <Maximum SDU size> Maximum SDU size in octets 0 - subscribed value (default value) 10 - 1500 1502 1510 1520 <SDU error ratio> SDU error ratio - mEe mean m\*10<sup>-e</sup>, for example 1E2 mean 1\*10<sup>-2</sup> "0E0" (default value) "1E1" "1E2"



# +CGEQMIN - 3G Quality Of Service Profile (Minimum Acceptable) "7E3" "1E3" "1E4" "1E5" "1E6" < Residual bit error ratio > Residual bitt error ratio - mEe mean m\*10<sup>-e</sup>, for example 1E2 mean 1\*10<sup>-2</sup> "0E0" (default value) "5E2" "1E2" "5E3" "4E3" "1E3" "1E4" "1E5" "1E6" "6E8" <Delivery of erroneous SDUs> Delivery of erroneous SDUs 0 - no 1 - yes 2 - no detect 3 - subscribed value (default value) <Transfer delay > Transfer delay (milliseconds) 0 - subscribed value (default value) 10 - 150 200 - 950 1000 - 4000 <Traffic handling priority > Traffic handling priority 0 - subscribed value (default value) 1 - 3 <Source Statistics Descriptor> Characteristics of the source of the submitted SDUs for a PDP context. This parameter should be

# +CGEQMIN – 3G Quality Of Service Profile (Minimum Acceptable) provided if the <Traffic class> is specified as conversational or streaming. 0 - Characteristics of SDUs is unknown (default value) 1 - Characteristics of SDUs corresponds to a speech source <Signalling Indication> Signalling content of submitted SDUs for a PDP context. This parameter should be provided if the <Traffic class> is specified as interactive. 0 - PDP context is not optimized for signalling (default value) 1 - PDP context is optimized for signalling <PDP type> (see +CGDCONT command). Note: a special form of the Set command, +CGEQMIN=<cid> causes the requested profile for context number <cid> to become undefined. AT+CGEQMIN? Read command returns the current settings for each defined context in the format: [+CGEQMIN: <cid>,<Traffic class>,<Maximum bitrate UL>,<Maximum bitrate DL>,<Guaranteed bitrate UL>,<Guaranteed bitrate DL>,<Delivery order>,<Maximum SDU size>,<SDU error ratio>,<Residual bit error ratio>,<Delivery of erroneous SDUs>,<Transfer delay>,<Traffic handling>< Source Statistics Descriptor >< Signalling Indication >< CR >< LF > 1 [+CGEQMIN:...] If no PDP context has been defined, it has no effect and **OK** result code is returned. AT+CGEQMIN= Test command returns as a compound value the type of the current ? PDP context and the supported values for the subparameters in the format: +CGEQMIN: <PDP Type>,(list of supported <Traffic class>s), (list of supported <Maximum bitrate UL>s),(list of supported <Maximum bitrate DL>s),(list of supported <Guaranteed bitrate</p> UL>s).(list of supported <Guaranteed bitrate DL>s).(list of supported <Delivery order>s),(list of supported<Maximum SDU size>s),(list of supported<SDU error ratio>s),(list of supported<Residual bit error ratio>s),(list of supported <Delivery of erroneous SDUs>s),(list of supported <Transfer delay>s),(list of supported <Traffic handling priority>s),(list of supported <Source statistics descriptor>s), (list of supported < Signalling</p> indication>s) AT+CGEOMIN=1,0,384,384,128,128,0,0,"0E0","0E0",0,0,0 Example



# +CGEQMIN – 3G Quality Of Service Profile (Minimum Acceptable) AT+CGEQMIN? +CGEQMIN: 1,0,384,384,128,128,0,0,"0E0","0E0",0,0,0 OK AT+CGEQMIN=? **+CGEQMIN:** "IP",(0-4),(0-568,576-11520),(0-568,576-8640,8700-42200),(0-568,576-11520),(0-568,576-8640,8700-42200),(0-2),(0,10-1500,1502,1510,1520),("0Ê0","1E1","1E2","7E3","1E3","1Ê4","1E5","1 E6"),("0E0", "5E2", "1E2", "5E3", "4E3", "1E3", "1E4", "1E5", "1E6", "6E8"),( 0-3).(0.10-150.200-950.1000-4000).(0-3).(0.1).(0.1) **+CGEQMIN**: "PPP",(0-4),(0-568,576-11520),(0-568,576-8640,8700-42200).(0-568.576-11520).(0-568,576-8640,8700-42200),(0-2),(0,10-1500,1502,1510,1520),("0E0","1E1","1E2","7E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1 E6"),("0E0","5E2","1E2","5E3","4E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6","6E8"),( 0-3),(0,10-150,200-950,1000-4000),(0-3),(0,1),(0,1)**+CGEQMIN**: "IPV6(0-4),(0-568,576-11520),(0-568,576-8640,8700-42200),(0-568,576-11520),(0-568,576-8640,8700-42200),(0-2),(0,10-1500,1502,1510,1520),("0E0","1E1","1E2","7E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1 E6"),("0E0","5E2","1E2","5E3","4E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6","6E8"),( 0-3),(0,10-150,200-950,1000-4000),(0-3),(0,1),(0,1)**+CGEQMIN**: "IPV4V6(0-4),(0-568,576-11520),(0-568,576-8640,8700-42200),(0-568,576-11520),(0-568,576-8640,8700-42200),(0-2),(0,10-1500,1502,1510,1520),("0E0","1E1","1E2","7E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1 E6"),("0E0","5E2","1E2","5E3","4E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6","6E8"),( 0-3),(0,10-150,200-950,1000-4000),(0-3),(0,1),(0,1)3GPP TS 27.007; 3GPP TS 03.60/23.060; 3GPP TS 24.008 Reference

#### 5.4.6.11. 3G Quality of Service Profile (Negotiated) - +CGEQNEG

## +CGEQNEG – 3G Quality Of Service Profile (Negotiated)

# AT+CGEQNEG= [<cid>[,<cid>[,...]]]

This command allow the TE to retrieve the negotiated 3G quality of service profiles returned in the Activate PDP Context Accept message.

Set command returns the negotiated 3G QoS profile for the specified context identifiers, <**cid**>s. The Qos profile consists of a number of parameters, each of which may have a separate value.

## Parameters:

<cid> - PDP context identification (see +CGDCONT command).



+CGEQNEG – 3G Quality Of Service Profile (Negotiated)	
AT+CGEQNEG=?	Test command returns a list of <b><cid></cid></b> s associated with active contexts.
Example	AT+CGEQREQ? +CGEQREQ: 1,4,0,0,0,0,2,0,"0E0","0E0",3,0,0  OK AT+CGACT=1,1 OK  AT+CGEQNEG=? +CGEQREQ: (1)  OK
	AT+CGEQNEG=1 +CGEQNEG: 1,3,128,384,0,0,2,1500,"1E4","1E5",3,0,1 OK
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007; 3GPP TS 03.60/23.060; 3GPP TS 24.008

# 5.4.6.12. Set Mode of Operator for EPS - +CEMODE

+CEMODE – Set mode of operation for EPS.	
AT+CEMODE=[ <mod e="">]</mod>	Set command configures the mode of operation for EPS
	Parameter:
	<mode>: a numeric parameter which indicates the mode of operation</mode>
	0 - PS mode 2 of operation (Default value of Sprint)
	1 - CS/PS mode 1 of operation
	2 - CS/PS mode 2 of operation (Default value of Generic, AT&T, Verizon, TMUS, LGU)
	3 - PS mode 1 of operation
	Note: The definition for UE modes of operation can be found in 3GPP TS 24.301 [83]
	Other values are reserved and will result in an ERROR response to the set command.
AT+CEMODE?	Read command returns the currently configured values, in the format:

+CEMODE – Set mode of operation for EPS.	
	+CEMODE: < mode >
	<b>Note:</b> The read command will return right values after set command. But effectively the mode of operation changes after power cycle.
AT+CEMODE =?	Test command returns the supported range of values of parameters < mode>
	<b>+CEMODE</b> : (0-3)
Example	AT+CEMODE=1
	ОК
	AT+CEMODE?
	+CEMODE: 1
	ОК

## 5.4.6.13. PDP Context Activate Or Deactivate - +CGACT

+CGACT - PDP Co	ntext Activate Or Deactivate
AT+CGACT= [ <state>[,<cid></cid></state>	Execution command is used to activate or deactivate the specified PDP context(s).
[, <cid>[,]]]]</cid>	It is only for the testing purpose.
	Parameters:
	<state> - indicates the state of PDP context activation</state>
	0 - deactivated
	1 - activated
	<cid> - a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see +CGDCONT command)</cid>
	Note: if no <b><cid></cid></b> s are specified the activation/deactivation form of the command activates/deactivates all defined contexts. If any defined profile is failed during activating/deactiving, stop activating/deactivating and reponse ERROR.
	Note: Execute command responses Error as executing +CGACT=0 without +CGACT=1 or +CGACT=1,1.
AT+CGACT?	Read command returns the current activation state for all the defined PDP contexts in the format:
	+CGACT: <cid>,<state>[<cr><lf>+CGACT: <cid>,<state>[]]</state></cid></lf></cr></state></cid>



+CGACT - PDP Context Activate Or Deactivate	
AT+CGACT=?	Test command reports information on the supported PDP context activation states parameters in the format:
	+CGACT: (0,1)
Example	AT+CGACT=1,1
	ОК
	AT+CGACT?
	+CGACT: 1,1
	ОК
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

# 5.4.6.14. Show PDP Address - +CGPADDR

+CGPADDR - Show	+CGPADDR - Show PDP Address	
AT+CGPADDR= [ <cid>[,<cid></cid></cid>	Execution command returns a list of PDP addresses for the specified context identifiers in the format:	
[,]]]	+CGPADDR: <cid>,<pdp_addr>[<cr><lf>+CGPADDR: <cid>,<pdp_addr>[]]</pdp_addr></cid></lf></cr></pdp_addr></cid>	
	Parameters: <cid> - a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP</cid>	
	context definition (see <b>+CGDCONT</b> command). If no <b><cid></cid></b> is specified, the addresses for all defined contexts are returned. <b>1</b> – 16	
	1 – 16	
	<pdp_addr> - a string that identifies the terminal in the address space applicable to the PDP. The address may be static or dynamic. For a static address, it will be the one set by the +CGDCONT command when the context was defined. For a dynamic address it will be the one assigned during the last PDP context activation that used the context definition referred to by <cid>; <pdp_addr> is omitted if none is available</pdp_addr></cid></pdp_addr>	
AT+CGPADDR=?	Test command returns a list of defined <b><cid></cid></b> s.	
Example	AT+CGACT=1,1 OK AT+CGACT? +CGACT: 1,1	
005C0CT400C0A Day 7	Davis 424 of 200	



+CGPADDR - Show PDP Address	
	OK
	AT+CGPADDR=1 +CGPADDR: 1,"xxx.yyy.zzz.www"
	OK
	AT+CGPADDR=?
	+CGPADDR: (1)
	ОК
	AT+CGPADDR =
	+CGPADDR: 1,"10.76.2.254"
	+CGPADDR: 2,""
	+CGPADDR: 3,""
	ОК
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

# 5.4.6.15. Modify PDP Context - +CGCMOD

+CGCMOD - Modi	+CGCMOD – Modify PDP context	
AT+CGCMOD= [ <cid>[,<cid></cid></cid>	The execution command is used to modify the specified PDP context (s) with repect to QoS profiles and TFTs.	
[,]]]	Possible Response(s): OK ERROR	
	If no <cidi> is specified the command modifies all active contexts. Parameters: <cidi>: a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context.</cidi></cidi>	
AT+CGCMOD?	Read command returns ERROR.	
AT+CGCMOD=?	Test command returns a list of defined <b><cid></cid></b> s.	
Example	+CGCMOD: (list of <cid>s associated with active contexts)  AT+CGCMOD?  ERROR  AT+CGCMOD =  OK</cid>	



+CGCMOD – Modify PDP context	
	AT+CGCMOD =?
	+CGCMOD:
	OK
	AT+CGACT=1,1
	OK
	AT+CGCMOD=?
	+CGCMOD: (1)
	OK
	AT+CGCMOD =
	OK
	AT+CGCMOD?
	ERROR
Note	It is only used secondary PDP is activated.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

## 5.4.6.16. Define EPS Quality Of Service - +CGEQOS

## +CGEQOS - Define EPS Quality Of Service

# AT+CGEQOS= [<cid> [,<QCI> [,<DL\_GBR>, <UL\_GBR> [,<DL\_MBR>,<UL\_MBR]] ]]

This command allows the TE to specify the EPS Quality of Service parameters <cid>, <QCI>, [<DL\_GBR> and <UL\_GBR>] and [<DL\_MBR> and <UL\_MBR>] for a PDP context or Traffic Flows. When in UMTS, the MT applies a mapping function to UTMS Quality of Service.

## Possible Response(s):

+CME ERROR: <err>

The set command allows the TE to specify the EPS Quality of Service parameters <cid>, <QCI>, [<DL\_GBR> and

<uL\_GBR>] and [<DL\_MBR> and <UL\_MBR>] for a PDP context or Traffic Flows. When in UMTS, the MT applies a mapping function to UTMS Quality of Service. Refer subclause 9.2 for <err> values.

A special form of the set command, **+CGEQOS= <cid>** causes the values for context number **<cid>** to become undefined.

<cid> a numeric parameter which specifies a particular EPS Traffic Flows definition in EPS and a PDP Context. definition in UMTS.

<QCI> a numeric parameter specifies a class of EPS QoS. (see 3GPP TS 23.203 [85])

0 - QCI is selected by network (default value)

1 - 4 value range for guranteed bit rate Traffic Flows



	5 - 9 value range for non-guarenteed bit rate Traffic Flows
	<b><dl_gbr></dl_gbr></b> a numeric parameter who indicates DL GBR in case of GBR QCI. The value is in kbit/s. This parameter is omitted for a non-GBR QCI. (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [83])
	0 - 150000 (default value : 0)
	<b><ul_gbr></ul_gbr></b> a numeric parameter who indicates UL GBR in case of GBR QCI. The value is in kbit/s. This parameter is omitted for a non-GBR QCI. (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [83])
	0 - 50000 (default value : 0)
	<b><dl_mbr></dl_mbr></b> a numeric parameter, indicates DL MBR in case of GBR QCI. The value is in kbit/s. This parameter omitted for a non-GBR QCI. (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [83])
	0 - 150000 (default value : 0)
	<b><ul_mbr></ul_mbr></b> a numeric parameter, indicates UL MBR in case of GBR QCI. The value is in kbit/s. This parameter omitted for a non-GBR QCI. (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [83])
	0 - 50000 (default value : 0)
AT+CGEQOS?	The read command returns the current settings for each defined QoS.
	+CGEQOS: <cid>,<qci>,[<dl_gbr>,<ul_gbr>],[<dl_m BR&gt;,<ul_mbr>][<cr>&gt;LF&gt;+CGEQOS:<cid>, <qci>,[<dl_gbr>,<ul_gbr>],</ul_gbr></dl_gbr></qci></cid></cr></ul_mbr></dl_m </ul_gbr></dl_gbr></qci></cid>
	[ <dl_mbr>,<ul_mbr>][]]</ul_mbr></dl_mbr>
AT+CGEQOS=?	The test command returns the ranges of the supported parameters.
	+CGEQOS: (range of supported <cid>s) ,(list of</cid>
	supported <qci>s), (list of supported <dl_gbr>s),</dl_gbr></qci>
	(list of supported <ul_gbr>s), (list of supported <dl_mbr>s), (list of supported <ul_mbr>s)</ul_mbr></dl_mbr></ul_gbr>
Example	AT+CGEQOS =?
	+CGEQOS: (1-16),(0-9),(0-150000),(0-50000),(0-150000),(0-50000)
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007; 3GPP TS 03.60/23.060
L.	I .

# 5.4.6.17. PDP Context Read Dynamic Parameters - +CGCONTRDP

+CGCONTRDP PDP Context Read Dynamic Parameters	
AT+CGCONTRDP=[ <cid>]</cid>	The execution command returns the relevant information:



<bearer\_id>, <apn>, <ip\_addr>,
<subnet\_mask>,<gw\_addr>, <DNS\_prim\_addr>,
<DNS\_sec\_addr>, <P-CSCF\_prim\_addr> and <PCSCF\_sec\_addr> for a non- secondary PDP Context
established by the network with the primary context identifier
<cid>. If the context can't be found an ERROR response is
returned.

If the parameter **<cid>** omitted, the relevant information for all established PDP contexts returned.

## Possible response(s):

+CGCONTRDP: <cid>,<bearer\_id>,<apn>[,<ip\_addr>, <subnet\_mask>[,<gw\_addr>[,<DNS\_prim\_addr>[,<DNS\_sec\_addr>

[,<P-CSCF\_prim\_addr>[,<P-CSCF\_sec\_addr>]]]]]][<CR><LF>

+CGCONTRDP: <cid>,<bearer\_id>,<apn>[,<ip\_addr>,

<subnet\_mask>[,<gw\_addr>[,<DNS\_prim\_addr>[,<DNS\_ sec\_addr>

[,<PCSCF\_prim\_addr>[,<PCSCF\_sec\_addr>]]]]][...]]

NOTE: The dynamic part of the PDP context will only exist if established by the network.

The test command returns a list of <cid>s associated with active contexts.

## **Defined values:**

- <cid> a numeric parameter specifies a particular non secondary PDP context definition. The parameter is local to the TE-MT interface and used in other PDP context-related commands.
- <APN> a string parameter which is a logical name that was used to select the GGSN or the external packet data network.
- **ip\_addr> -** a string parameter shows the IP Address of the MT. The string is given as dot-separated numeric (0-255) parameters on the form:

"a1.a2.a3.a4" for IPv4 or "a1.a2.a3.a4.a5.a6.a7.a8" for IPv6. If the MT has dual stack capabilities the string shows first the dot separated IPv4 Address followed by the dot Separated IPv6 Global Prefix Address. The IPv4 address and the IPv6 address parameters are separated by space: "a1.a2.a3.a4 a1:a2:a3:a4:a5:a6:a7:a8"



	OK AT+CGCONTRDP=?
Example	AT+CGACT=1,1
AT+CGCONTRDP=?	+CGCONTRDP: (list of <cid>s associated with active contexts)</cid>
AT+CGCONTRDP?	Read command returns ERROR.
	<p_cscf_sec_addr> - a string parameter which shows the IP Address of the secondary P-CSCF Server. If the MT has dual stack capabilities the parameter shows first the dot separated IPV4 Address, followed by the dot separated IPV6 Address of P-CSCF Server.</p_cscf_sec_addr>
	<p_cscf_prim_addr> - a string parameter which shows the IP Address of the primary P-CSCF Server. If the MT has dual stack capabilities the parameter shows first the dot separated IPV4 Address, followed by the dot separated IPV6 primary Address of P-CSCF Server.</p_cscf_prim_addr>
	<dns_sec_addr> - a string parameter which shows the IP address of the secondary DNS Server. If the MT has dual stack capabilities the parameter shows first the dot separated IPV4 Address, followed by the dot separated IPV6 Address of DNS Server.</dns_sec_addr>
	<dns_prim_addr> - a string parameter which shows the IP Address of the primary DNS Server. If the MT has dual stack capabilities the parameter shows first the dot separated IPV4 Address, followed by the dot separated IPV6 Address of DNS Server.</dns_prim_addr>
	numeric (0-255) parameters.  If the MT has dual stack capabilities the parameter shows first the dot separated IPV4 Gateway address followed by the dot separated IPV6 Gateway Address. The gateway addresses are separated by space.
	<pre><gw_addr> - a string parameter shows the Gateway   Address of the MT. The string is given as dot-separated</gw_addr></pre>
	If the MT has dual stack capabilities the string shows the dot separated IPV4 subnet mask followed by the dot Separates IPV6 subnet mask. The subnet masks are separates by space.
	<b><subnet_mask> -</subnet_mask></b> a string parameter shows the subnet mask for the IP Address of the MT. The string given as dot-separated numeric (0-255) parameters.



Reference	1,5,lte.ktfwing.com,"10.52.202.76",,"211.219.86.1","168.126. 63.1" 3GPP TS 27.007; 3GPP TS 03.60/23.060
	+CGCONTRDP:
	AT+CGCONTRDP =1
	+CGCONTRDP: (1)

## 5.4.6.18. Traffic Flow Template Read Dynamic Parameters - +CGTFTRDP

# +CGTFTRDP Traffic Flow Template Read Dynamic Parameters

# AT+CGTFTRDP= [<cid>]

The execution command returns the relevant information about Traffic Flow Template of <cid> together with the additional network assigned values when established by the network. If the context can't be found, an ERROR response is returned. If the parameter <cid> omitted, the Traffic Flow Templates for all established PDP contexts returned.

NOTE: The dynamic part of the PDP context will only exist if established by the network.

The test command returns a list of <cid>s associated with active contexts.

## Possible Response(s):

+CGTFTRDP: <cid>, <packet filter identifier>, <evaluation precedence index>, <source address and subnet mask>, <protocol number (ipv4) / next header(ipv6)>, <destination port range>, <source port range>, <ipsec security parameter index (spi)>, <type of service (tos) (ipv4) and mask / traffic class (ipv6) and mask>, <flow label ipv6)>, <direction>, <NW packet filter Identifier>[<CR><LF>

+CGTFTRDP: <cid>, <packet filter identifier>, <evaluation precedence index>, <source address and subnet mask>, protocol number (ipv4) / next header (ipv6)>, <destination port range>, <source port range>, <ipsec security parameter index (spi)>, <type of service (tos) (ipv4) and mask / traffic class (ipv6) and mask>, <flow label (ipv6)>, <direction>,<NW packet filter Identifier> [...]

<cid>: a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition or Traffic Flows definition.

The following parameters are defined in 3GPP TS 23.060 [47] -

**certain states certain states certain states description states description states description states description states description states <b>description states description states description states <b>description states description stat** 



- **<evaluation precedence index>:** a numeric parameter.
  The value range is from 0 to 255.
- **<source address and subnet mask>:** string type. The string is given as dot-separated numeric (0-255) parameters on the form:

"a1.a2.a3.a4.m1.m2.m3.m4" for IPv4 **or**"a1.a2.a3.a4.a5.a6.a7.a8.a9.a10.a11.a12.a13.a14.a15.a
16.m1.m2.m3.m4.m5.m6.m7.m8.m9.m10.m11.m12.m13.
m14 m15 m16" for IPv6

cprotocol number (ipv4) / next header (ipv6)>: a numeric parameter, value range from 0 to 255.

- <destination port range>: string type. The string is given as dot-separated numeric (0-65535) parameters on the form "f.t".
- **<source port range>:**string type. The string is given as dotseparated numeric (0-65535) parameters on the form "f.t".
- **ipsec security parameter index (spi)>:** numeric value in hexadecimal format. The value range is from 00000000 to FFFFFFF.
- <type of service (tos) (ipv4) and mask / traffic class
  (ipv6) and mask>:

string type. The string given as dot-separated numeric (0-255) parameters on the form "t.m".

- **<flow label (ipv6)>:** numeric value in hexadecimal format.
  The value range is from 00000 to FFFFF. Valid for IPv6 only.
- **<direction>** a numeric parameter which specifies the transmission direction in which the Packet Filter shall be applied.
- 0 Pre Release 7 TFT Filter (see 3GPP TS 24.008 [8], table 10.5.162)
  - 1 Uplink
  - 2 Downlink
  - 3 Bidirectional (Used for Uplink and Downlink)
- <nw packet filter Identifier> a numeric parameter. In EPS the value is assigned by the network when established

1 - 16



	NOTE: Some of the above listed attributes can coexist in a Packet Filter while others mutually exclude each other. The possible combinations listed on 3GPP TS 23.060 [47].
AT+CGTFTRDP=?	+CGTFTRDP: (list of <cid>s associated with activecontexts) The test command returns a list of <cid>s associated with active contexts.</cid></cid>
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007; 3GPP TS 03.60/23.060

# 5.4.6.19. EPS Quality of Service Read Dynamic Parameters - +CGEQOSRDP

+CGEQOSRDP EPS Qua	ality Of Service Read Dynamic Parameters
AT+CGEQOSRDP= [ <cid>]</cid>	The execution command returns the Quality of Service parameters <qci>, [<dl_gbr> and <ul_gbr>] and [<dl_mbr> and <ul_mbr>]of the established PDP Context associated to the provided context identifier <cid>. If the context cannot be found an ERROR response is returned.</cid></ul_mbr></dl_mbr></ul_gbr></dl_gbr></qci>
	If the parameter <cid> is omitted, the Quality of Service parameters for all established PDP contexts are returned.</cid>
	Possible Response(s):
	+CGEQOSRDP: <cid>, <qci>,[<dl_gbr>,<ul_gbr>],[<dl_mbr>,<ul_mbr>] [<cr>&gt;LF&gt;+CGEQOSRDP: <cid>, <qci>,[<dl_gbr>,<ul_gbr>],[<dl_mbr>,<ul_mbr>] []]</ul_mbr></dl_mbr></ul_gbr></dl_gbr></qci></cid></cr></ul_mbr></dl_mbr></ul_gbr></dl_gbr></qci></cid>
	Defined values:
	<cid>: a numeric parameter which specifies a particular Traffic Flows definition in EPS and a PDP Context definition in UMTS.</cid>
	<qci>: a numeric parameter that specifies a class of EPS QoS. (see 3GPP TS 23.203 [85])</qci>
	0 - QCI is selected by network
	1 – 4 guranteed bit rate Traffic Flows
	5 – 9 non-guarenteed bit rate Traffic Flows.
	<b><dl_gbr>:</dl_gbr></b> a numeric parameter, which indicates DL GBR in case of GBR QCI. The value is in kbit/s. This parameter is omitted for a non-GBR QCI. (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [83])
	<b><ul_gbr>:</ul_gbr></b> a numeric parameter which indicates UL GBR in case of GBR QCI. The value is in kbit/s. This parameter is omitted for a non-GBR QCI. (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [83])



	,
	<b><dl_mbr>:</dl_mbr></b> a numeric parameter which indicates DL MBR in case of GBR QCI. The value is in kbit/s. This parameter is omitted for a non-GBR QCI. (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [83])
	<b><ul_mbr>:</ul_mbr></b> a numeric parameter which indicates UL MBR in case of GBR QCI. The value is in kbit/s. This parameter is omitted for a non-GBR QCI. (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [83])
	NOTE: Some of the above listed attributes can coexist in a Packet Filter while others mutually exclude each other. The possible combinations listed on 3GPP TS 23.060 [47].
AT+CGEQOSRDP=?	+CGEQOSRDP: (list of <cid>s associated with activecontexts)</cid>
	The test command returns a list of <b><cid></cid></b> s associated with active contexts.
	Parameters of both network and MT/TA initiated PDP contexts will be returned.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007; 3GPP TS 03.60/23.060

# 5.4.7. Commands For Battery Charger

# 5.4.7.1. Battery Charge - +CBC

+CBC - Battery Charge	
AT+CBC	Execution command returns the current Battery Charge status in the format:
	+CBC: <bcs>,<bcl></bcl></bcs>
	where:
	 <b>    -</b> battery status
	0 - <b>ME</b> is powered by the battery
	<ul><li>1 - ME has a battery connected, and charger pin is being powered</li><li>2 - ME does not have a battery connected</li></ul>
	3 - Recognized power fault, calls inhibited
	 <b><bci></bci></b> - battery charge level
	0 - battery is exhausted, or <b>ME</b> does not have a battery connected 25 - battery charge remained is estimated to be 25%
	50 - battery charge remained is estimated to be 50%
	75 - battery charge remained is estimated to be 75%
	100 - battery is fully charged.
	Note: There is not charger pin. So, <b><bcs>=1</bcs></b> will never appear.
	Note: without battery/power connected on <b>VBATT</b> pins or during a power fault the unit is not working, therefore values <b><bcs>=2</bcs></b> and <b><bcs>=3</bcs></b> will never appear.
AT+CBC=?	Test command returns parameter values supported as a compound value.
	+CBC: (0-3),(0-100)
	Note: although <b>+CBC</b> is an execution command, 3gpp TS 27.007 requires the Test command to be defined.
Example	AT+CBC
	+CBC: 0,75
	ОК
Note	The <b>ME</b> does not make differences between being powered by a battery or by a power supply on the <b>VBATT</b> pins, so it is not possible to distinguish between these two cases.



+CBC - Battery Charge	
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

#### 5.5. 3GPP TS 27.005 AT Commands for SMS and CBS

# 5.5.1. General Configuration

# 5.5.1.1. Select Message Service - +CSMS

+CSMS - Select Message Service	
AT+CSMS=	Set command selects messaging service <b><service></service></b> . It returns the types of messages supported by the <b>ME</b> :
<service></service>	types of messages supported by the ME.
	Parameter:
	<pre><service></service></pre>
	0 - The syntax of SMS AT commands is compatible with 3GPP TS 27.005 Phase 2 version 4.7.0 (factory default)
	1 - The syntax of SMS AT commands is compatible with 3GPP TS 27.005 Phase 2+ version.
	Set command returns the types of messages supported by the <b>ME</b> :
	+CSMS: <mt>,<mo>,<bm></bm></mo></mt>
	where:
	<mt> - mobile terminated messages support</mt>
	0 - type not supported
	1 - type supported
	<mo> - mobile originated messages support</mo>
	0 - type not supported
	1 - type supported
	  - broadcast type messages support
	0 - type not supported
	1 - type supported
AT+CSMS?	Read command reports current service setting along with supported message types in the format:
	+CSMS: <service>,<mt>,<mo>,<bm></bm></mo></mt></service>
	where:



+CSMS - Select Message Service	
	<service> - messaging service (see above)</service>
	<mt> - mobile terminated messages support (see above)</mt>
	<mo> - mobile originated messages support (see above)</mo>
	  - broadcast type messages support (see above)
AT+CSMS=?	Test command reports the supported value of the parameter <service>.</service>
Example	AT+CSMS=1 +CSMS: 1,1,1
	OK AT+CSMS? +CSMS: 1,1,1,1
	OK
Reference	3GPP TS 27.005; 3GPP TS 23.040; 3GPP TS 23.041

# 5.5.1.2. Preferred Message Storage - +CPMS

5 5 -	
+CPMS - Preferred Message Storage	
AT+CPMS= <memr>[,<memw &gt;</memw </memr>	Set command selects memory storages <memr>, <memw> and <mems> to be used for reading, writing, sending and storing SMs.</mems></memw></memr>
[, <mems>]]</mems>	Parameters:
	<memr> - memory from which messages are read and deleted</memr>
	"ME" – SMS memory storage in Flash (default if SIM storage is not supported or for TMUS)
	"SM" – SIM SMS memory storage (default)
	"SR" – Status Report message storage (in SIM EF-SMSR file exists, otherwise in the RAM non-volatile memory)
	Note: "SR" non-volatile memory is cleared when another SIM card is inserted. It is kept, even after a reset, while the same SIM card is inserted.
	<memw> - memory to which writing and sending operations are made</memw>
	"SM" – SIM SMS memory storage (default)
	"ME" – SMS memory storage in Flash (default if SIM storage is not supported or for TMUS)
	<mems> - memory to which received SMs are preferred to be stored</mems>
	"SM" – SIM SMS memory storage (default)



LODMO Busts	d Magazina Ctaurana
+CPMS - Preferre	d Message Storage
	"ME" – SMS memory storage in Flash (default if SIM storage is not supported or for TMUS)
	The command returns the memory storage status in the format:
	+CPMS: <usedr>,<totalr>,<usedw>,<totalw>,<useds>,<totals></totals></useds></totalw></usedw></totalr></usedr>
	where:
	<usedr> - number of SMs stored into <memr></memr></usedr>
	<totalr> - max number of SMs that <memr> can contain</memr></totalr>
	<usedw> - number of SMs stored into <memw></memw></usedw>
	<totalw> max number of SMs that <memw> can contain</memw></totalw>
	<useds> - number of SMs stored into <mems></mems></useds>
	<totals> - max number of SMS that <mems> can contain</mems></totals>
AT+CPMS?	Read command reports the message storage status in the format:
	+CPMS: <memr>,<usedr>,<totalr>,<memw>,<usedw>,<totalw>,<mems>,<useds>,<totals></totals></useds></mems></totalw></usedw></memw></totalr></usedr></memr>
	Where <b><memr></memr></b> , <b><memw></memw></b> and <b><mems></mems></b> are the selected storage memories for reading, writing and storing respectively.
AT+CPMS=?	Test command reports the supported values for parameters <memr>, <memw> and <mems></mems></memw></memr>
Example	AT+CPMS? +CPMS: "ME",27, 50, "ME",27, 50, "SM",1,20
	OK AT+CPMS="SM","ME","SM" +CPMS: 1,20,27, 50,1,20
	OK AT+CPMS? +CPMS: "SM",1,20, "ME",27, 50, "SM", 1,20
	OK
	(You have 1 out of 255 SMS SIM positions occupied)
Reference	3GPP TS 27.005

# 5.5.1.3. Message Format - +CMGF

+CMGF - Message Format	
AT+CMGF= [ <mode>]</mode>	Set command selects the format of messages used with send, list, read and write commands.
	Parameter:
	<mode></mode>
	0 - PDU mode, as defined in 3GPP TS 23.040 and 3GPP TS 23.041 (factory default)
	1 - text mode
AT+CMGF?	Read command reports the current value of the parameter <mode>.</mode>
AT+CMGF=?	Test command reports the supported value of <b><mode></mode></b> parameter.
Example	AT+CMGF=1
	ОК
Reference	3GPP TS 27.005

# 5.5.2. Message Configuration

#### 5.5.2.1. Service Center Address - +CSCA

+CSCA -Service	+CSCA -Service Center Address	
AT+CSCA= <number></number>	Set command sets the Service Center Address to be used for mobile originated SMS transmissions.	
[, <type>]</type>		
	Parameter:	
	<pre><number> - SC phone number in the format defined by <type>, string type represented in the currently selected character set (see +CSCS)</type></number></pre>	
	<type> - the type of number</type>	
	129 - national numbering scheme	
	145 - international numbering scheme (contains the character "+")	
	Note: for Verizon FW, the range of <b><type></type></b> is 0 - 255.	
	Note: to use the SM service, is mandatory to set a Service Center Address at which service requests will be directed.	
	Note: in Text mode, this setting is used by send and write commands; in PDU mode, setting is used by the same commands, but only when the length of the SMSC address coded into the <pdu> parameter equals zero.</pdu>	

+CSCA -Service Center Address	
	Note: the current settings are stored through <b>+CSAS</b>
AT+CSCA?	Read command reports the current value with used character set (see <b>+CSCS</b> ) of the SCA in the format:
	+CSCA: <number>,<type></type></number>
	Note: if SCA is not present the device reports an error message.
AT+CSCA=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.
Example	AT+CSCA="821029190903",145 OK AT+CSCA? +CSCA: "+821029190903",145 OK
Reference	3GPP TS 27.005

# 5.5.2.2. Set Text Mode Parameters - +CSMP

+CSMP - Set Text Mode Parameters	
AT+CSMP= [ <fo> [,<vp></vp></fo>	Set command is used to select values for additional parameters for storing and sending SMs when the text mode is used (AT+CMGF=1)
[, <pid></pid>	Parameters:
[, <dcs>]]]]</dcs>	<fo> - first octet of 3GPP TS 23.040 SMS-SUBMIT or SMS-DELIVER, in integer format (default 17, i.e. SMS-SUBMIT with validity period in relative format). As first octet of a PDU has the following bit field description (bit[7]bit[6]bit[5]bit[4]bit[3]bit[2]bit[1]bit[0]):</fo>
	<pre>bit[1]bit[0]: Message Type Indicator, 2-bit field describing the message type;</pre>
	[00] - SMS-DELIVER;
	[01] - SMS-SUBMIT (default) ;
	bit[2]: Reject Duplicates, 1-bit field: user is not responsible for setting this bit and, if any set, it will have no meaning (default is [0]);
	bit[4]bit[3]: Validity Period Format, 2-bit field indicating whether or not the Validity Period field is present (default is [10]):
	[00] - Validity Period field <i>not present</i>

#### +CSMP - Set Text Mode Parameters

- [01] Validity Period field present in *enhanced format* (i.e. quoted time-string type, see below)
- [10] Validity Period field present in *relative format* (i.e. integer type, see below)
- [11] Validity Period field present in *absolute format* (i.e. quoted time-string type, see below)
- **bit[5]**: Status Report Request, 1-bit field indicating the MS is requesting a status report (default is [0]);
  - [0] MS is not requesting a status report
  - [1] MS is requesting a status report
- bit[6]: User Data Header Indicator, 1-bit field: user is not responsible for setting this bit and, if any set, it will have no meaning (default is [0]);
- **bit[7]**: Reply Path, 1-bit field indicating the request for Reply Path (default is [0]);
  - [0] Reply Path not requested
  - [1] Reply Path requested
- <vp> depending on <fo> setting:
  - a) if **<fo>** asks for a *Not Present* Validity Period, **<vp>** can be any type and it will be not considered;
  - b) if <fo> asks for a Validity Period in relative format, <vp> shall be integer type (default 167, i.e. 24 hours);

$$0..143 - (\langle vp \rangle + 1) \times 5 \text{ minutes}$$

- c) if <fo> asks for a Validity Period in absolute format, <vp> shall be quoted time-string type (see +CCLK)
- d) if <fo> asks for a Validity Period in enhanced format, <vp> shall be the quoted hexadecimal representation (string type) of 7 octets, as follows:
  - the first octet is the Validity Period Functionality Indicator, indicating the way in which the other 6 octets are used; let's consider its bit field description:

bit[7]: extension bit

[0] - there are no more VP Functionality Indicator extension octets to follow

bit[6]: Single Shot SM;

- [0] the SC is not required to make up to one delivery attempt
- [1] the SC is required to make up to one delivery attempt

bit[5]bit[4]bit[3]: reserved



+CSMP - Set Text	Mode Parameters
	[000]
	bit[2]bit[1]bit[0]: Validity Period Format
	[000] - No Validity Period specified
	[001] - Validity Period specified as for the relative format. The following octet contains the VP value as described before; all the other octets are 0's.
	[010] - Validity Period is relative in integer representation. The following octet contains the VP value in the range 0 to 255, representing 0 to 255 seconds; all the other octets are 0's.
	[011] - Validity Period is relative in semi-octet representation. The following 3 octets contain the relative time in Hours, Minutes and Seconds, giving the length of the validity period counted from when the SMS-SUBMIT is received by the SC; all the other octets are 0's.
	<pid><pid> - 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Protocol-Identifier in integer format (default 0).</pid></pid>
	<dcs> - depending on the command or result code: 3GPP TS 23.038 SMS Data Coding Scheme (default 0), or Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme</dcs>
	Note: the current settings are stored through <b>+CSAS</b>
	Note: <b><vp></vp></b> , <b><pid></pid></b> and <b><dcs></dcs></b> default values are loaded from first SIM <i>SMS Parameters</i> profile, if present. If it is not present, then the default values are those above indicated.
AT+CSMP?	Read command reports the current setting in the format:
	+CSMP: < fo>, <vp>,<pid>,<dcs></dcs></pid></vp>
	Note: if the Validity Period Format ( <b><fo></fo></b> 's <b>bit[4]bit[3]</b> ) is [00] (i.e. <i>Not Present</i> ), <b><vp></vp></b> is represented just as a quoted empty string ("").
AT+CSMP=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.
Example	Set the parameters for an outgoing message with 24 hours of validity period and default properties:
	AT+CSMP=17,167,0,0 OK



+CSMP - Set Text Mode Parameters	
	Set the parameters for an outgoing message with validity period in enhanced format: the <b><vp></vp></b> string actually codes 24 hours of validity period.
	AT+CSMP=9,"01A8000000000" OK
	Set the parameters for an outgoing message with validity period in enhanced format: the <b><vp></vp></b> string actually codes 60 seconds of validity period.
	AT+CSMP=9,"023C000000000" OK
	Set the parameters for an outgoing message with validity period in enhanced format: the <b><vp></vp></b> string actually codes 29 hours 85 minutes 30 seconds of validity period.
	AT+CSMP=9,"03925803000000" OK
Reference	3GPP TS 27.005; 3GPP TS 23.040; 3GPP TS 23.038

# 5.5.2.3. Show Text Mode Parameters - +CSDH

+CSDH - Show Tex	+CSDH - Show Text Mode Parameters	
AT+CSDH= [ <show>]</show>	Set command controls whether detailed header information is shown in text mode (AT+CMGF=1) result codes.	
	Parameter:	
	<pre><show> 0 - do not show header values defined in commands +CSCA and +CSMP (<sca>, <tosca>, <fo>, <vp>, <pid> and <dcs>) nor <length>, <toda> or <tooa> in +CMT, +CMGL, +CMGR result codes for SMS-DELIVERs and SMS-SUBMITs in text mode. For SMS-COMMANDs in +CMGR result code do not show <pid>,</pid></tooa></toda></length></dcs></pid></vp></fo></tosca></sca></show></pre>	
AT+CSDH?	Read command reports the current setting in the format:	
	+CSDH: <show></show>	
AT+CSDH=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameter <show></show>	
Reference	3GPP TS 27.005	

5.5.2.4. Select Cell Broadcast Message Types - +CSCB

+CSCB -Select Cell Broadcast Message Types	
AT+CSCB= [ <mode>[,<mids> [,<dcss>]]]</dcss></mids></mode>	Set command selects which types of Cell Broadcast Messages are to be received by the device.
	Parameters:
	<mode></mode>
	<ul><li>0 - the message types defined by <mids> and <dcss> are accepted (factory default)</dcss></mids></li></ul>
	1 - the message types defined by <b><mids></mids></b> and <b><dcss></dcss></b> are rejected
	<mids> - Message Identifiers, string type: all different possible combinations of the CBM message identifiers; default is empty string ("").</mids>
	<dcss> - Data Coding Schemes, string type: all different possible combinations of CBM data coding schemes; default is empty string ("").</dcss>
	Note: the current settings are stored through <b>+CSAS</b>
AT+CSCB?	Read command reports the current value of parameters <mode>, <mids> and <dcss>.</dcss></mids></mode>
AT+CSCB=?	Test command returns the range of values for parameter <b><mode></mode></b> .
Example	AT+CSCB?
	+CSCB: 1, "", ""
	OK (all CBMs are accepted, none is rejected, only in UMTS NW)
	AT+CSCB=0,"0,1,300-315,450","0-3"
	ОК
Reference	3GPP TS 27.005, 3GPP TS 23.041, 3GPP TS 23.038.

# 5.5.2.5. Save Settings - +CSAS

+CSAS - Save Settings	
AT+CSAS [= <profile>]</profile>	Execution command saves settings which have been made by the +CSCA, +CSMP and +CSCB commands in local non-volatile memory.
	Parameter: <pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre> <pre>0 - it saves the settings to NVM (factory default).</pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>



+CSAS - Save Settings	
	1n - SIM profile number; the value of n depends on the SIM and its max is 3.
	Note: certain settings may not be supported by the SIM and therefore they are always saved to NVM, regardless the value of <pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre>profile&gt;</pre>.</pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>
	Note: If parameter is omitted the settings are saved in the non-volatile memory.
AT+CSAS=?	Test command returns the possible range of values for the parameter <b><pre>profile&gt;</pre></b> .
Reference	3GPP TS 27.005

# 5.5.2.6. Restore Settings - +CRES

+CRES - Restore Settings	
AT+CRES [= <profile>]</profile>	Execution command restores message service settings saved by +CSAS command from either NVM or SIM.
	Parameter:
	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>
	0 - it restores message service settings from NVM.
	1n - it restores message service settings from SIM. The value of n depends on the SIM and its max is 3.
	Note: certain settings may not be supported by the SIM and therefore they are always restored from NVM, regardless the value of <b><pre>cprofile&gt;</pre></b> .
	Note: If parameter is omitted the command restores message service settings from NVM.
AT+CRES=?	Test command returns the possible range of values for the parameter <b><pre>profile&gt;</pre></b> .
Reference	3GPP TS 27.005

# 5.5.2.7. More Message to Send - +CMMS

+CMMS – More Message to Send	
AT+CMMS=[ <n>]</n>	Set command controls the continuity of SMS relay protocol link.  Multiple messages can be sent much faster as link is kept open.  Parameter:

+CMMS – More Message to Send	
	<n></n>
	0 – Disable (factory default)
	1 - Keep link opened while messages are sent. If the delay between two messages exceeds 3 seconds, the link is closed and the parameter <n> is automatically reset to 0: the feature is disabled.</n>
	2 - Keep link opened while messages are sent. If the delay between two messages exceeds 3 seconds, the link is closed but the parameter <n> remains set to 2: the feature is still enabled.</n>
AT+CMMS?	Read command reports the current value of the parameter <n>.</n>
AT+CMMS=?	Test command reports the supported value of <n> parameter.</n>
Reference	3GPP TS 27.005

# 5.5.2.8. Select service for MO SMS services – +CGSMS

+CGSMS - Select	service for MO SMS messages
AT+CGSMS= [ <service>]</service>	The set command is used to specify the service or service preference that the MT will use to send MO SMS messages.
	Parameters:
	<service> -a numeric parameter which indicates the service or service preference to be used.</service>
	0 - Packet Domain
	1 - Circuit switched (factory default)
	2 - Packet Domain preferred (use circuit switched if Packet Domain is not available)
	3 - Circuit switched preferred(use Packet Domain if circuit switched not available)
	Note: If SMS transfer via Packet Domain fails, <service> parameter are automatically reset to Circuit switched.</service>
AT+CGSMS?	Read command reports the currently selected service or service pr eference :
	+CGSMS: <service></service>
AT+CGSMS=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameter <service></service>
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

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#### 5.5.3. Message Receiving And Reading

#### 5.5.3.1. New Message Indications To Terminal Equipment - +CNMI

#### +CNMI - New Message Indications To Terminal Equipment

# AT+CNMI=[ <mode>[,<mt> [,<bm>[,<ds> [,<bfr>]]]]]

Set command selects the behaviour of the device on how the receiving of new messages from the network is indicated to the **DTE**.

#### Parameter:

<mode> - unsolicited result codes buffering option

- 0 Buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA. If TA result code buffer is full, indications can be buffered in some other place or the oldest indications may be discarded and replaced with the new received indications.
- 1 Discard indication and reject new received message unsolicited result codes when TA-TE link is reserved, otherwise forward them directly to the TE.
- 2 Buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA in case the **DTE** is busy and flush them to the TE after reservation. Otherwise, forward them directly to the TE.
- 3 if **<mt>** is set to 1, the hardware ring line enabled for 1 second when a SMS is received while the module is in online data mode.

<mt> - result code indication reporting for SMS-DELIVER

- 0 No SMS-DELIVER indications are routed to the TE and message is stored.
- 1 If SMS-DELIVER is stored into ME/TA, indication of the memory location is routed to the TE using the following unsolicited result code:

+CMTI: <memr>,<index>

where:

<memr> - memory storage where the new message is stored

"SM"

"ME"

- <index> location on the memory where SMS is stored.
- 2 SMS-DELIVERs (except class 2 messages and messages in the message waiting indication group) are routed directly to the TE using the following unsolicited result code:

(PDU Mode)

+CMT: <alpha>,<length><CR><LF><pdu>

where:

#### +CNMI - New Message Indications To Terminal Equipment

<alpha> - alphanumeric representation of originator/destination number corresponding to the entry found in MT phonebook; used character set should be the one selected with command +CSCS.

<le>dength> - PDU length

<pd><pdu> - PDU message

#### (TEXT Mode)

+CMT:<oa>,<alpha>,<scts>[,<tooa>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,<sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<CR><LF><data> (the information written in italics will be present depending on +CSDH last setting)

where:

<oa> - originating address, string type converted in the currently selected character set (see +CSCS)

<alpha> - alphanumeric representation of <oa>; used character set should be the one selected with command +CSCS.

<scts> - arrival time of the message to the SC

<tooa>, <tosca> - type of number <oa> or <sca>:

129 - number in national format

145 - number in international format (contains the "+")

Note: for Verizon FW, the range of *<tooa>*, *<tosca>* is 0 - 255.

<fo> - first octet of 3GPP TS 23.040

<pid>- Protocol Identifier

<dcs> - Data Coding Scheme

<sca> - Service Centre address, string type, converted in the currently selected character set (see +CSCS)

<le><length> - text length

<data> - TP-User-Data

- If <dcs> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.038 default alphabet is used and <fo> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set (bit 6 of <fo> is 0), each character of GSM/WCDMA alphabet will be converted into current TE character set (see +CSCS)
- If <dcs> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used or <fo> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set (bit 6 of <fo> is 1), each 8-bit octet will be converted into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet 0x2A will be converted as two characters 0x32 0x41)

#### +CNMI - New Message Indications To Terminal Equipment

Class 2 messages and messages in the message waiting indication group (stored message) result in indication as defined in <mt>=1.

3 - Class 3 SMS-DELIVERs are routed directly to TE using unsolicited result codes defined in <mt>=2. Messages of other data coding schemes result in indication as defined in <mt>=1.

<br/>
<br/>
- broadcast reporting option

- 0 Cell Broadcast Messages are not sent to the DTE
- 2 New Cell Broadcast Messages are sent to the **DTE** with the unsolicited result code:

#### (PDU Mode)

+CBM: <length><CR><LF><PDU>

where:

<le>dength> - PDU length

<PDU> - message PDU

#### (TEXT Mode)

+CBM:<sn>,<mid>,<dcs>,<pag>,<pags><CR><LF><data>

where:

<sn> - message serial number

<mid> - message ID

<dcs> - Data Coding Scheme

<pag> - page number

<pags> - total number of pages of the message

<data> - CBM Content of Message

- If <dcs> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.038 default alphabet is used, each character of GSM/WCDMA alphabet will be converted into current TE character set (see +CSCS)
- If <dcs> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used, each 8-bit octet will be converted into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet 0x2A will be converted as two characters 0x32 0x41)

#### <ds> - SMS-STATUS-REPORTs reporting option

- 0 status report receiving is not reported to the **DTE** and messages are stored
- 1 the status report is sent to the **DTE** with the following unsolicited result code:

(PDU Mode)



+CNMI - New Me	essage Indications To Terminal Equipment
	+CDS: <length><cr><lf><pdu></pdu></lf></cr></length>
	where:
	<length> - PDU length</length>
	<pdu> - message PDU</pdu>
	(TEXT Mode)
	+CDS: <fo>,<mr>,<ra>,<tora>,<scts>,<dt>,<st></st></dt></scts></tora></ra></mr></fo>
	where:
	<fo> - first octet of the message PDU</fo>
	<mr> - message reference number</mr>
	<ra> - recipient address, string type, represented in the currently selected character set (see +CSCS)</ra>
	<tora> - type of number <ra></ra></tora>
	<scts> - arrival time of the message to the SC</scts>
	<dt> - sending time of the message</dt>
	<st> - message status as coded in the PDU</st>
	2 - if a status report is stored, then the following unsolicited result code is sent:
	+CDSI: <memr>,<index></index></memr>
	where:
	<memr> - memory storage where the new message is stored "SR"</memr>
	<index> - location on the memory where SMS is stored</index>
	 <b>bfr&gt;</b> - buffered result codes handling method:
	0 - <b>TA</b> buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is flushed to the <b>TE</b> when <b><mode>=13</mode></b> is entered ( <b>OK</b> response shall be given before flushing the codes)
	1 - TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleared when <mode>=13 is entered.</mode>
AT+CNMI?	Read command returns the current parameter settings for <b>+CNMI</b> command in the form:
	+CNMI: <mode>,<mt>,<bm>,<ds>,<bfr></bfr></ds></bm></mt></mode>
AT+CNMI=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for the <b>+CNMI</b> command parameters.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.005
	1



# Example AT+CMGF=1 OK AT+CNMI=1,2,0,1,0 OK Received message from network

+CMT: "+821020955219",,"07/07/26,20:09:07+36"

# 5.5.3.2. List Messages - +CMGL

#### +CMGL - List Messages

# AT+CMGL [=<stat>]

Execution command reports the list of all the messages with status value **<stat>** stored into **<memr>** message storage (**<memr>** is the message storage for read and delete SMs as last settings of command +CPMS).

The parameter type and the command output depend on the last settings of command **+CMGF** (message format to be used)

#### (PDU Mode)

Parameter:

#### <stat>

0 - new message

TEST MESSAGE

- 1 read message
- 2 stored message not yet sent
- 3 stored message already sent
- 4 all messages.

Each message to be listed is represented in the format:

+CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<alpha>,<length><CR><LF><pdu>

where:

<index> - message position in the memory storage list.

<stat> - status of the message

<alpha> - string type alphanumeric representation of <da> or <oa>, corresponding to an entry found in the phonebook; used character set is the one selected with command +CSCS.

<length> - length of the PDU in bytes

#### +CMGL - List Messages

<pdu> - message in PDU format according to 3GPP TS 23.040

#### (Text Mode)

Parameter:

#### <stat>

"REC UNREAD" - new message

"REC READ" - read message

"STO UNSENT" - stored message not yet sent

"STO SENT" - stored message already sent

"ALL" - all messages.

Each message to be listed is represented in the format (the information written in italics will be present depending on +CSDH last setting):

+CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<oa/da>,<alpha>,<scts>[,<tooa/toda>,</alpha|</a>/CR><LF> <data>

where

<index> - message position in the storage

<stat> - message status

<oa/da> - originator/destination address, string type , represented in the currently selected character set (see +CSCS)

<alpha> - string type alphanumeric representation of <da> or <oa>, corresponding to an entry found in the phonebook; used character set is the one selected with command +CSCS.

<scts> - TP-Service Centre Time Stamp in Time String Format

<tooa/toda> - type of number <oa/da>

129 - number in national format

145 - number in international format (contains the "+")

Note: for Verizon FW, the range of <tooa/toda> is 0 - 255.

length> - text length

<data> - TP-User-Data

- If <dcs> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.038 default alphabet is used, each character of GSM/WCDMA alphabet will be converted into current TE character set (see +CSCS)
- If <dcs> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used, each 8-bit octet will be converted into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet 0x2A will be converted as two characters 0x32 0x41)



#CMGL - List Messages  Each message delivery confirm is represented in the format:  +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<mr>,<ra>,<tora>,<scts>,<o <index="" where=""> - message position in the storage <stat> - message status <fo> - first octet of the message PDU <mr> - message reference number <ra> - recipient address, string type, represented in the curreselected character set (see +CSCS) <tora> - type of number <ra> <scts> - arrival time of the message <st> - sending time of the message <st> - message status as coded in the PDU  Note: If parameter is omitted the command returns the list of SMS "REC UNREAD" status.  AT+CMGL=?  Test command returns a list of supported <stat>s</stat></st></st></scts></ra></tora></ra></mr></fo></stat></o></scts></tora></ra></mr></fo></stat></index>	
+CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<mr>,<ra>,<tora>,<scts>,<o <index="" where=""> - message position in the storage <stat> - message status <fo> - first octet of the message PDU <mr> - message reference number <ra> - recipient address, string type, represented in the curre selected character set (see +CSCS) <tora> - type of number <ra> <scts> - arrival time of the message to the SC <dt> - sending time of the message <st> - message status as coded in the PDU  Note: If parameter is omitted the command returns the list of SMS "REC UNREAD" status.</st></dt></scts></ra></tora></ra></mr></fo></stat></o></scts></tora></ra></mr></fo></stat></index>	
where <index> - message position in the storage  <stat> - message status  <fo> - first octet of the message PDU  <mr> - message reference number  <ra> - recipient address, string type, represented in the curre selected character set (see +CSCS)  <tora> - type of number <ra> <scts> - arrival time of the message to the SC  <dt> - sending time of the message  <st> - message status as coded in the PDU  Note: If parameter is omitted the command returns the list of SMS "REC UNREAD" status.</st></dt></scts></ra></tora></ra></mr></fo></stat></index>	:
<index> - message position in the storage  <stat> - message status  <fo> - first octet of the message PDU  <mr> - message reference number  <ra> - recipient address, string type, represented in the curre selected character set (see +CSCS)  <tora> - type of number <ra> <scts> - arrival time of the message to the SC  <dt> - sending time of the message  <st> - message status as coded in the PDU  Note: If parameter is omitted the command returns the list of SMS  "REC UNREAD" status.</st></dt></scts></ra></tora></ra></mr></fo></stat></index>	dt>, <st></st>
<pre><stat> - message status <fo> - first octet of the message PDU <mr> - message reference number <ra> - recipient address, string type, represented in the currence selected character set (see +CSCS) <tora> - type of number <ra> <scts> - arrival time of the message to the SC <dt> - sending time of the message <st> - message status as coded in the PDU </st></dt></scts></ra></tora></ra></mr></fo></stat></pre> Note: If parameter is omitted the command returns the list of SMS "REC UNREAD" status.	
<fo> - first octet of the message PDU <mr> - message reference number <ra> - recipient address, string type, represented in the curres selected character set (see +CSCS) <tora> - type of number <ra> <scts> - arrival time of the message to the SC <dt> - sending time of the message <st> - message status as coded in the PDU Note: If parameter is omitted the command returns the list of SMS "REC UNREAD" status.</st></dt></scts></ra></tora></ra></mr></fo>	
<pre><mr> - message reference number </mr></pre> <pre><ra> - recipient address, string type, represented in the currence selected character set (see +CSCS) </ra></pre> <pre><tora> - type of number <ra> <scts> - arrival time of the message to the SC <dt> - sending time of the message <st> - message status as coded in the PDU </st></dt></scts></ra></tora></pre> Note: If parameter is omitted the command returns the list of SMS "REC UNREAD" status.	
<pre><ra> - recipient address, string type , represented in the currence selected character set (see +CSCS)  <tora> - type of number <ra></ra></tora></ra></pre>	
selected character set (see +CSCS) <tora> - type of number <ra> <scts> - arrival time of the message to the SC  <dt> - sending time of the message  <st> - message status as coded in the PDU  Note: If parameter is omitted the command returns the list of SMS  "REC UNREAD" status.</st></dt></scts></ra></tora>	
<scts> - arrival time of the message to the SC <dt> - sending time of the message <st> - message status as coded in the PDU Note: If parameter is omitted the command returns the list of SMS "REC UNREAD" status.</st></dt></scts>	rently
<dt> - sending time of the message <st> - message status as coded in the PDU  Note: If parameter is omitted the command returns the list of SMS  "REC UNREAD" status.</st></dt>	
<b><st>-</st></b> message status as coded in the PDU Note: If parameter is omitted the command returns the list of SMS "REC UNREAD" status.	
Note: If parameter is omitted the command returns the list of SMS "REC UNREAD" status.	
"REC UNREAD" status.	
AT+CMGL=? Test command returns a list of supported <stat>s</stat>	with
Example AT+CMGF=1 Set Text mode	
OK	
AT+CMGL	
+CMGL: 1,"REC UNREAD","+821020955219",,"07/07/26,20:05:11+36"	
SMS Test message	
+CMGL: 2,"REC UNREAD","+821020955219",,"07/07/26,20:05:58+36"	
SMS Test message	
+CMGL: 3,"REC UNREAD","+821020955219",,"07/07/26,20:06:37+36"	
SMS Test Message	
+CMGL: 4,"REC UNREAD","+821020955219",,"07/07/26,20:07:43+36"	
TEST MESSAGE	
+CMGL: 5,"REC UNREAD","+821020955219",,"07/07/26,20:09:07+36"	
TEST MESSAGE	



+CMGL - List Messages	
	OK
	AT+CMGF=0 Set PDU mode
	OK
	AT+CMGL=2
	+CMGL: 0,2,,24
	079128019291903011640A8110567892820000A70CF4F29C0E6A 97E7F3F0B90C
	+CMGL: 1,2,,21
	079128019291903011640A8110516529700000A709027A794E77B 95C2E
	+CMGL: 26,2,,17
	08812801009901025911640A8110567892820014A704C7D1B1DB
	ОК
Reference	3GPP TS 27.005

#### 5.5.3.3. Read Message - +CMGR

5.5.3.3. Read Me	essage - +CMGR
+CMGR - Read Message	
AT+CMGR= <index></index>	Execution command reports the message with location value <index> from <memr> message storage (<memr> is the message storage for read and delete SMs as last settings of command +CPMS).</memr></memr></index>
	Parameter:
	<index> - message index.</index>
	The output depends on the last settings of command <b>+CMGF</b> (message format to be used)
	(PDU Mode)
	The output has the following format:
	+CMGR: <stat>,<alpha>,<length><cr><lf><pdu></pdu></lf></cr></length></alpha></stat>
	where
	<stat> - status of the message</stat>
	0 - new message
	1 - read message
	2 - stored message not yet sent

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#### +CMGR - Read Message

3 - stored message already sent

<alpha> - string type alphanumeric representation of <da> or <oa>, corresponding to an entry found in the phonebook; used character set is the one selected with command +CSCS.

<length> - length of the PDU in bytes.

**<pdu>** - message in PDU format according to 3GPP TS 23.040.

The status of the message and entire message data unit **<pdu>** is returned.

#### (Text Mode)

Output format for received messages (the information written in *italics* will be present depending on **+CSDH** last setting):

+CMGR: <stat>,<oa>,<alpha>,<scts>[,<tooa>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,<sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<CR><LF><data>

Output format for sent messages:

+CMGR: <stat>,<da>,<alpha>[,<toda>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,[<vp>],</sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<CR><LF><data>

Output format for message delivery confirm:

+CMGR: <stat>,<fo>,<mr>,<ra>,<tora>,<scts>,<dt>,<st>

#### where:

<stat> - status of the message

"REC UNREAD" - new received message unread

"REC READ" - received message read

"STO UNSENT" - message stored not yet sent

"STO SENT" - message stored already sent

<fo> - first octet of the message PDU

<mr> - message reference number</ri>

<ra> - recipient address, string type, represented in the currently selected character set (see +CSCS)

<tora> - type of number <ra>

<scts> - arrival time of the message to the SC

<dt> - sending time of the message

<st> - message status as coded in the PDU

<pid> - Protocol Identifier

+CMGR - Read Me	ssage
	<dcs> - Data Coding Scheme</dcs>
	<vp>- depending on SMS-SUBMIT <fo> setting:</fo></vp>
	Refer to 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Validity-Period
	<ul> <li>a) Not Present if <fo> tells that the Validity Period Format is Not Present</fo></li> </ul>
	<ul><li>b) Integer type if <fo> tells that the Validity Period Format is Relative (default 167)</fo></li></ul>
	<ul> <li>c) Quoted time-string type if <fo> tells that the Validity Period Format is Absolute</fo></li> <li>d) Quoted hexadecimal representation of 7 octets if <fo> tells that the Validity Period Format is Enhanced.</fo></li> </ul>
	<oa> - Originator address, string type represented in the currently selected character set (see +CSCS)</oa>
	<da> - Destination address, string type represented in the currently selected character set (see +CSCS)</da>
	<alpha> - string type alphanumeric representation of <da> or <oa>, corresponding to an entry found in the phonebook; used character set is the one selected with command +CSCS.</oa></da></alpha>
	<sca> - Service Centre number</sca>
	<tooa>,<toda>,<tosca> - type of number <oa>,<da>,<sca></sca></da></oa></tosca></toda></tooa>
	129 - number in national format
	145 - number in international format (contains the "+")
	Note: for Verizon FW, the range of <i><tooa>,<toda>,<tosca></tosca></toda></tooa></i> is 0 - 255.
	<li>length&gt; - text length</li>
	<data> - TP-User_data</data>
	<ul> <li>If <dcs> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.038 default alphabet is used, each character of GSM/WCDMA alphabet will be converted into current TE character set (see +CSCS)</dcs></li> <li>If <dcs> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used, each 8-bit octet will be converted into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet 0x2A will be converted as two characters 0x32 0x41)</dcs></li> </ul>
	Note: in both cases if status of the message is 'received unread', status in the storage changes to 'received read'.
AT+CMGR=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code
Example	AT+CMGF=0 OK AT+CMGR=1
	+CMGR: 2,,21



+CMGR - Read Message	
	079128019291903011640A8110516529700000A709027A794E77B 95C2E
	ОК
	AT+CMGF=1
	ОК
	AT+CMGR=3
	+CMGR: "REC READ","+821020955219",,"07/07/19,10:06:34+36"
	test message/
	OK
Reference	3GPP TS 27.005

#### 5.5.3.4. New Message Acknowledgement to ME/TA - +CNMA

#### +CNMA - New Message Acknowledgement

#### (PDU Mode)

AT+CNMA[=<n> [,<length>[<CR> PUD is given<ctrl-Z/ESC]]] Execution command confirms correct reception of a new message (SMS-DELIVER or SMS-STATUS-REPORT) which is routed directly to the TE.

Acknowledge with +CNMA is possible only if the +CSMS parameter is set to 1(+CSMS=1) when a +CMT or +CDS indication is show.

If no acknowledgement is given within the network timeout, an RP-ERROR is sent to the network, the <mt> and <ds> parameters of the +CNMI command are then reset to zero (do not show new message indication).

Either positive (RP-ACK) or negative (RP-ERROR) acknowledgement to the network is possible.

#### Parameter:

<n> - Type of acknowledgement in PDU mode

0 : send RP-ACK without PDU (same as TEXT mode)

1 : send RP-ACK with optional PDU message.

2 : send RP-ERROR with optional PDU message.

<length> : Length of the PDU message.

Note: Refer to 3GPP TS 23.040 Recommendation for other PDU negative acknowledgement codes.



+CNMA – New N	lessage Acknowledgement
(Text Mode) AT+CNMA	Only positive acknowledgement to network (RP-ACK) is possible.
(PDU Mode) AT+CNMA=?	Test command returns the possible range of values for the parameter <n></n>
Example	(PDU Mode)
	SMS AT commands compatible with 3GPP TS 27.005 Phase 2+ version.  AT+CSMS=1 +CSMS: 1,1,1 OK
	Set PDU mode.
	AT+CMGF=0 OK
	OK .
	AT+CNMI=2,2,0,0,0 OK
	Message is received from network. +CMT: "",70
	06816000585426000480980600F170110370537284
	Send positive acknowledgement to the network.  AT+CNMA=0  OK
	Message is received from network. +CMT: "",70
	06816000585426000480980600F170110370537284
	Send negative acknowledgement (Unspecified error) to the network.  AT+CNMA=2,3 <cr> &gt; 00FF00 <ctrl-z> OK</ctrl-z></cr>



+CNMA – New Message Acknowledgement	
	(Text Mode)
	SMS AT commands compatible with 3GPP TS 27.005 Phase 2+ version.
	AT+CSMS=1
	+CSMS: 1,1,1
	ОК
	Set Text mode.
	AT+CMGF=1
	OK
	AT+CNMI=2,2,0,0,0 OK
	Message is received from network.
	+CMT: "+821020955219",,"07/07/26,20:09:07+36"
	TEST MESSAGE
	Send positive acknowledgement to the network. AT+CNMA OK
Reference	3GPP TS 27.005

# 5.5.4. Message Sending And Writing

# 5.5.4.1. Send Message - +CMGS

+CMGS - Send Message	
(PDU Mode)	(PDU Mode)
AT+CMGS=	Execution command sends to the network a message.
<length></length>	
	Parameter:
	<b>length&gt;</b> - length of the PDU to be sent in bytes (excluding the SMSC address octets).
	7164
	After command line is terminated with <b><cr></cr></b> , the device responds sending a four character sequence prompt:

#### +CMGS - Send Message

<CR><LF><greater\_than><space> (IRA 13, 10, 62, 32)

and waits for the specified number of bytes.

Note: the **DCD** signal shall be in **ON** state while PDU is given.

Note: the echoing of given characters back from the TA is controlled by echo command **E** 

Note: the **PDU** shall be hexadecimal format (each octet of the **PDU** is given as two IRA character long hexadecimal number) and given in one line.

Note: When the length octet of the SMSC address (given in the **PDU**) equals zero, the SMSC address set with command **+CSCA** is used, in this case, the SMSC Type-of-Address octet shall not be present in the **PDU**.

To send the message issue Ctrl-Z char (0x1A hex).

To exit without sending the message issue **ESC** char (**0x1B** hex).

If message is successfully sent to the network, then the result is sent in the format:

Note: Optionally (when +CSMS <service> value is 1 and network supports) <scts> is returned:

+CMGS: <mr>[, <scts>]

where

<mr> - message reference number.</ri>

<scts> - TP-Service Centre Time Stamp in Time String Format.

Note: if message sending fails for some reason, an error code is reported.

Note: care must be taken to ensure that during the command execution, which may take several seconds, no other SIM interacting commands are issued.

(Text Mode) (Text Mode)



#### +CMGS - Send Message

# AT+CMGS=<da> [,<toda>]

Execution command sends to the network a message.

#### Parameters:

<da> - destination address, string type represented in the currently selected character set (see +CSCS).

<toda> - type of destination address

129 - number in national format

145 - number in international format (contains the "+")

Note: for Verizon FW, the range of **<toda>** is 0 - 255.

After command line is terminated with **<CR>**, the device responds sending a four character sequence prompt:

<CR><LF><greater than><space> (IRA 13, 10, 62, 32)

After this prompt text can be entered; the entered text should be formatted as follows:

- if current <dcs> (see +CSMP) indicates that 3GPP TS 23.038 default alphabet is used and current <fo> (see +CSMP) indicates that 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set, then ME/TA converts the entered text into GSM/WCDMA alphabet, according to 3GPP TS 27.005, Annex A; backspace can be used to delete last character and carriage returns can be used.
- if current <dcs> (see +CSMP) indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used or current <fo> (see +CSMP) indicates that 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set, the entered text should consist of two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers which ME/TA converts into 8-bit octet (e.g. the 'asterisk' will be entered as 2A (IRA50 and IRA65) and this will be converted to an octet with integer value 0x2A)

Note: the **DCD** signal shall be in **ON** state while text is entered.

Note: the echoing of entered characters back from the TA is controlled by echo command  ${\bf E}$ 

To send the message issue **Ctrl-Z** char (**0x1A** hex).

To exit without sending the message issue **ESC** char (**0x1B** hex).



+CMGS - Send Message	
	If message is successfully sent to the network, then the result is
	sent in the format:
	Note: Optionally (when +CSMS <service> value is 1 and network supports) <scts> is returned:</scts></service>
	+CMGS: <mr>[, <scts>]</scts></mr>
	where
	<mr> - message reference number.</mr>
	<scts> - TP-Service Centre Time Stamp in Time String Format.</scts>
	Note: if message sending fails for some reason, an error code is reported.
	Note: care must be taken to ensure that during the command execution, which may take several seconds, no other SIM interacting commands are issued.
	Note: it is possible to send a concatenation of at most 10 SMs; the maximum number of chars depends on the <b><dcs></dcs></b> : 1520 chars if 3GPP TS 23.038 default alphabet is used, 1330 chars if 8-bit is used, 660 chars if UCS2 is used
AT+CMGS=?	Test command resturns the <b>OK</b> result code.
Note	To avoid malfunctions is suggested to wait for the <b>+CMGS</b> : <b><mr></mr></b> or <b>+CMS ERROR</b> : <b><err></err></b> response before issuing further commands.
Example	Set PDU mode AT+CMGF=0 OK AT+CMGS=18 > 08812801009901025911550B811020905512F90000A704F4F29C0 E +CMGS: 124 OK Set text mode AT+CMGF=1 OK AT+CSMP=17,167,0,0 OK AT+CMGS="01090255219",129 >TEST MESSAGE +CMGS:125 OK



+CMGS - Send Message	
Reference	3GPP TS 27.005

#### 5.5.4.2. Send Message From Storage - +CMSS

#### +CMSS - Send Message From Storage

# AT+CMSS= <index>[,<da> [,<toda>]]

Execution command sends to the network a message that is already stored in the <memw> storage (see +CPMS) at the location <index>.

Parameters:

<index> - location value in the message storage <memw> of the message to send

<da> - destination address, string type represented in the currently selected character set (see +CSCS); if it is given it shall be used instead of the one stored with the message.

<toda> - type of destination address

129 - number in national format

145 - number in international format (contains the "+")

Note: for Verizon FW, the range of <toda> is 0 - 255.

If message is successfully sent to the network then the result is sent in the format:

(Note: Optionally (when +CSMS <service> value is 1 and network supports) <scts> is returned)

+CMSS: <mr>[, <scts>]

where:

<mr> - message reference number.</ri>

<scts> - TP-Service Centre Time Stamp in Time String Format.

If message sending fails for some reason, an error code is reported:

+CMS ERROR:<err>

Note: to store a message in the **<memw>** storage see command **+CMGW**.

Note: care must be taken to ensure that during the command execution, which may take several seconds, no other **SIM** interacting commands are issued.

AT+CMSS=?

Test command returns the **OK** result code.



+CMSS - Send Message From Storage	
Note	To avoid malfunctions is suggested to wait for the <b>+CMSS</b> : <b><mr></mr></b> or <b>+CMS ERROR</b> : <b><err></err></b> response before issuing further commands.
Example	AT+CMGF=1 OK AT+CMGW="0165872928" > test message +CMGW: 28  OK AT+CMSS=28 +CMSS: 136  OK
Reference	3GPP TS 27.005

# 5.5.4.3. Write Message To Memory - +CMGW

+CMGW - Write Message To Memory	
(PDU Mode)	(PDU Mode)
AT+CMGW= <length></length>	Execution command writes in the <b><memw></memw></b> memory storage a new message.
[, <stat>]</stat>	Parameter: <length> - length in bytes of the PDU to be written. 7164</length>
	<stat> - message status.  0 - new message  1 - read message  2 - stored message not yet sent (default)  3 - stored message already sent</stat>
	The device responds to the command with the prompt '>' and waits for the specified number of bytes.
	To write the message issue <b>Ctrl-Z</b> char ( <b>0x1A</b> hex).  To exit without writing the message issue <b>ESC</b> char ( <b>0x1B</b> hex).
	If message is successfully written in the memory, then the result is sent in the format:  +CMGW: <index></index>
	where:

+CMGW - Write Me	
	<index> - message location index in the memory <memw>.</memw></index>
	If message storing fails for some reason, an error code is reported.
	Note: care must be taken to ensure that during the command execution, no other SIM interacting commands are issued.
(Text Mode)	(Text Mode)
AT+CMGW[= <da></da>	Execution command writes in the <b><memw></memw></b> memory storage a new
- [, <toda></toda>	message.
[, <stat>]]]</stat>	
111	Parameters:
	<da> - destination address, string type represented in the currently selected character set (see +CSCS).</da>
	<toda> - type of destination address.</toda>
	129 - number in national format
	145 - number in international format (contains the "+")
	Note: for Verizon FW, the range of <b><toda></toda></b> is 0 - 255.
	<stat> - message status.</stat>
	"REC UNREAD" - new received message unread
	"REC READ" - received message read
	"STO UNSENT" - message stored not yet sent (default)
	"STO SENT" - message stored already sent
	After command line is terminated with <b><cr></cr></b> , the device responds sending a four character sequence prompt:
	<cr><lf><greater_than><space> (IRA 13, 10, 62, 32)</space></greater_than></lf></cr>
	After this prompt text can be entered; the entered text should be formatted as follows:
	- if current <dcs> (see +CSMP) indicates that 3GPP TS 23.038 default alphabet is used and current <fo> (see +CSMP) indicates that 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set, then ME/TA converts the entered text into GSM/WCDMA alphabet, according to 3GPP TS 27.005, Annex A; backspace can be used to delete last character and carriage returns can be used.</fo></dcs>
	- if current <b><dcs></dcs></b> (see +CSMP) indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used or current <b><fo></fo></b> (see +CSMP) indicates



+CMGW - Write Message To Memory	
	that 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set, the entered text should consist of two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers which ME/TA converts into 8-bit octet (e.g. the 'asterisk' will be entered as 2A (IRA50 and IRA65) and this will be converted to an octet with integer value 0x2A)
	Note: the <b>DCD</b> signal shall be in ON state while text is entered.
	Note: the echoing of entered characters back from the TA is controlled by echo command <b>E</b>
	To write the message issue <b>Ctrl-Z</b> char ( <b>0x1A</b> hex).
	To exit without writing the message issue <b>ESC</b> char ( <b>0x1B</b> hex).
	If message is successfully written in the memory, then the result is sent in the format:
	+CMGW: <index></index>
	where:
	<index> - message location index in the memory <memw>.</memw></index>
	If message storing fails for some reason, an error code is reported.
	Note: care must be taken to ensure that during the command execution, no other SIM interacting commands are issued.
	Note: it is possible to save a concatenation of at most 10 SMs; the maximum number of chars depends on the <b><dcs></dcs></b> : 1520 chars if 3GPP TS 23.038 default alphabet is used, 1330 chars if 8-bit is used, 660 chars if UCS2 is used
AT+CMGW=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.005
Example	AT+CMGF=0 Set PDU mode OK AT+CMGW=18
	08812801009901025911550B811020905512F90000A704F4F29C0 E +CMGW: 29
	ОК



+CMGW - Write Message To Memory	
	AT+CMGF=1 Set text mode OK AT+CSMP=17,167,0,0 OK
	AT+CSCA="821029190903",145
	OK
	AT+CMGW="0165872928"
	> test message +CMGW: 28
	ОК
Note	To avoid malfunctions is suggested to wait for the <b>+CMGW</b> : <index> or <b>+CMS ERROR</b>: <err> response before issuing further commands.</err></index>

# 5.5.4.4. Delete Message - +CMGD

+CMGD - Delete M	essage
AT+CMGD= <index></index>	Execution command deletes from memory <memr> the message(s).</memr>
[, <delflag>]</delflag>	Parameter:
	<index> - message index in the selected storage <memr></memr></index>
	<delflag> - an integer indicating multiple message deletion request.</delflag>
	0 (or omitted) - delete message specified in <b><index></index></b>
	delete all read messages from <b><memr></memr></b> storage, leaving unread messages and stored mobile originated messages (whether sent or not) untouched
	delete all read messages from <memr> storage and sent mobile originated messages, leaving unread messages and unsent mobile originated messages untouched</memr>
	3 - delete all read messages from <memr> storage, sent and unsent mobile originated messages, leaving unread messages untouched</memr>
	4 - delete all messages from <b><memr></memr></b> storage.
	Note: if <b><delflag></delflag></b> is present and not set to 0 then <b><index></index></b> is ignored and ME shall follow the rules for <b><delflag></delflag></b> shown above.
	Note: in case of Verizon, delete a empty slot with specified <index> will return +CMS ERROR: 321.</index>
AT+CMGD=?	Test command shows the valid memory locations and optionally the supported values of <b><delflag></delflag></b> .

+CMGD - Delete Message			
	+CMGD: (supported <	<pre><index>s list)[,(supported <delflag>s list)]</delflag></index></pre>	
Example	AT+CMGD=?		
	+CMGD: (1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,41,42,43,44,45,46,47,48,49,50),(0-4)		
	OK		
	AT+CMGD=10	Delete message in 10th record	
	OK		
	AT+CMGD=1,4	Delete all messages	
	OK		
Reference	3GPP TS 27.005		

#### 5.5.5. 3GPP2 AT Commands for SMS

The commands in this section are valid only if #SMSFORMAT is set to 1.

5.5.5.1. Preferred Message Storage - +CPMS

5.5.5. 1. Preferred Message Storage - +CPMS		
+CPMS - Preferred Message Storage		
AT+CPMS= <memr>[,<memw &gt;</memw </memr>	Set command selects memory storages <memr>, <memw> to be used for reading, writing, sending and storing SMs.</memw></memr>	
1	Parameters:	
	<memr> - memory from which messages are read and deleted</memr>	
	"ME" – SMS memory storage into module (default if SIM storage is not supported)	
	"SM" – SIM SMS memory storage (default)	
	<memw> - memory to which writing and sending operations are made</memw>	
	"ME" – SMS memory storage into module (default if SIM storage is not supported)	
	"SM" – SIM SMS memory storage (default)	
	The command returns the memory storage status in the format:	
	+CPMS: <usedr>,<totalr>,<usedw>,<totalw></totalw></usedw></totalr></usedr>	



+CPMS - Preferre	ed Message Storage
	where:
	<usedr> - number of SMs stored into <memr></memr></usedr>
	<totalr> - max number of SMs that <memr> can contain</memr></totalr>
	<usedw> - number of SMs stored into <memw></memw></usedw>
	<totalw> max number of SMs that <memw> can contain</memw></totalw>
AT+CPMS?	Read command reports the message storage status in the format:
	+CPMS: <memr>,<usedr>,<totalr>,<memw>,<usedw>,<totalw></totalw></usedw></memw></totalr></usedr></memr>
	where <b><memr></memr></b> , <b><memw></memw></b> are the selected storage memories for reading, writing and storing respectively.
AT+CPMS=?	Test command reports the supported values for parameters <memr>, <memw></memw></memr>
Example	AT+CPMS=?
	+CPMS: ("ME", "SM"), ("ME", "SM")
	OK
	AT+CPMS?
	+CPMS: "ME",5,99, "ME",5,99
	OK
	AT+CPMS="ME", "ME"
	+CPMS: 5,99,5,99
	OK
	AT+CPMS?
	+CPMS: "ME",5,99, "ME",5,99
	OK
	AT+CPMS="SM", "SM"
	+CPMS: 2,20,2,20
	ОК
	AT+CPMS?
	+CPMS: "SM",2,20,"SM",2,20



# +CPMS - Preferred Message Storage OK

#### 5.5.5.2. Set Text Mode Parameters - +CSMP

#### +CSMP - Set Text Mode Parameters

#### AT+CSMP=

[<callback\_addr>

[,<tele id >

[,<priority>

[,<enc\_type >]]]]

Set command is used to select values for additional parameters for storing and sending SMs when the text mode is used (AT+CMGF=1)

#### Parameters:

<callback\_addr> - Callback address.

Note: The maximum length is different with every carrier.

In case of Verizon: Maximum length is 20 characters.

In other cases: Maximum length is 32 characters

Note: Initially, this parameter is null. Some carrier networks discard SMS's without a callback number. Therefore, we recommend that customer setup callback number using AT+CSMP command.

#### <tele\_id> - Teleservice ID

4097 - page

4098 - SMS message (factory default)

4101 - EMS message(concatenated)

#### <priority> - Priority

Note: The priority is different with every carrier.

- 0 Normal (factory default)
- 1 Interactive
- 2 Urgent
- 3 Emergency

In case of Verizon:

- 0 Normal (factory default)
- 1 High

<enc\_type> - data coding scheme:

- 0 8-bit Octet
- 2 7-bit ASCII (factory default)



+CSMP - Set Text Mode Parameters		
	4 - 16-bit Unicode	
	9 - GSM 7bit	
	Note: the current settings are stored through <b>+CSAS</b>	
AT+CSMP?	Read command reports the current setting in the format:	
	+CSMP: < callback_addr >, <tele_id>,&lt; priority &gt;,&lt; enc_type &gt;</tele_id>	
AT+CSMP=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.	
Example	AT+CSMP=?	
	ОК	
	AT+CSMP?	
	+CSMP: "",4098,0,2	
	ОК	
	AT+CSMP="1234567890",4097,1,2	
	ОК	
	AT+CSMP?	
	+CSMP: "1234567890",4097,1,2	
	OK	

# 5.5.5.3. Save Settings - +CSAS

+CSAS - Save Settings		
AT+CSAS [= <profile>]</profile>	Execution command saves settings made by, <b>+CSMP</b> command in local non-volatile memory	
	Parameter: <pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	
	Note: If parameter is omitted the settings are saved to profile 0 in the non-volatile memory.	
AT+CSAS=?	Test command returns the possible range of values for the parameter <b><pre>profile&gt;</pre></b> .	
Example	AT+CSAS=? +CSAS: (0,1)	

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+CSAS - Save Settings	
	OK
	AT+CSAS
	OK
	AT+CSAS=1
	OK
	AT+CSAS=0
	OK

### 5.5.5.4. Restore Settings - +CRES

+CRES - Restore S	Settings
AT+CRES [= <profile>]</profile>	Execution command restores message service settings saved by +CSAS command from NVM.
	Parameter:
	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>
	0,1 - it restores message service settings from NVM.
AT. 0050-0	Note: If parameter is omitted the command restores message service settings from Profile 0 in the non-volatile memory.  Test command returns the possible range of values for the
AT+CRES=?	parameter <b><profile></profile></b> .
Example	AT+CRES=?
	+CRES: (0,1)
	OK
	AT+CRES=0
	OK
	AT+CRES=1
	OK

# 5.5.5.5. New Message Indications To Terminal Equipment - +CNMI

+CNMI - New Message Indications To Terminal Equipment	
AT+CNMI=[ <mt>]</mt>	Set command selects the behaviour of the device on how the receiving of new messages from the network is indicated to the <b>DTE</b> .

### +CNMI - New Message Indications To Terminal Equipment

Parameter:

<mt> - The information written in italics will be present depending on +CSDH last setting.

Unsolicited result codes buffering option

- 0 No Indication (factory default)
- 1 Indicate like below
  - +CMTI: <memr>.<index>
    - <memr> memory storage where the new message is stored "ME"
    - <index> location on the memory where SMS is stored.
- 2 Indicate like below

(PDU Mode)

+CMT: ,<length><CR><LF><pdu>

<length> - PDU length

<pd><pdu> - PDU Message

<pdu>:

<orig\_num><date><tele\_id><priority><enc\_type><udh><leng
th><data>

where:

<orig num> : <addr len><tooa><address>

<addr\_len> : Octets length of address field(1 Octet :

<tooa> and <address>).

<tooa> : Type of address(1 Octet).

<addres> : Address digits with representation of semi-

octets.

<date> : Serivce center time stamp (6 Octets :

YYMMDDHHMMSS).

<tele\_id> : Teleservice ID (2 Octets).

<priority> : Priority(1 Octet).

<enc\_type> : Encoding type(1 Octet).

<udh>: User data header (1 Octet).

<length> : Refer to below Note (1 Octet).

<data> : User data of message.

Note:

### +CNMI - New Message Indications To Terminal Equipment

In <pdu>:

<orig\_num><date><tele\_id><priority><enc\_type><udh><length
><data>,

If user data header < udh > is present,

If encoding type is 7bit ASCII,

<length> value is the sum of the number of septets in user data and the number of septets in user data header (including any padding).

Otherwise,

<length> value is the sum of the number of octets in user data and the number of octets in user data header.

If user data header<udh> is not present,

If encoding type is 7bit ASCII,

value is the number of septets in user data.

Otherwise,

<length> value is the number of octets in user data.

### (TEXT Mode)

+CMT:

<orig\_num>,<callback>,<date>[,<tooa>,<tele\_id>,<priority>,
<enc type>,<udh>,<length>]<CR><LF><data>

<orig\_num> - Origination number.

<callback> - Callback number.

<date> - Received date in form as "YYYYMMDDHHMMSS".

<tooa> - Type of <orig\_num>.

<tele id> - Teleservice ID.

4097 - page

4098 - SMS message

4099 - voice mail notification

4101 - EMS message(concatenated)

262144 - voice mail notification

<priority> - Priority.

Note: The priority is different with every carrier.

0 - Normal (factory default)

1 - Interactive

2 - Urgent

3 - Emergency

In case of Verizon:

+CNMI - New Mess	sage Indications To Terminal Equipment
- Ottim - Itew Mest	0 - Normal (factory default)
	1 – High
	<pre><enc_type> - Encoding type of message.</enc_type></pre>
	0 - 8-bit Octet
	2 - 7-bit ASCII
	4 - 16-bit Unicode
	9 – GSM 7bit
	<udh> - User data header</udh>
	0 - Not present the user data header
	1 - Present the user data header
	<length> - Length of message.</length>
	<pre><data> - Message data. (Indicates the new voice mail count, if <tele_id> is voice mail notification)</tele_id></data></pre>
	Note: Regardless of <mt>, a message is saved in SMS memory storage.</mt>
AT+CNMI?	Read command returns the current parameter settings for <b>+CNMI</b> command in the form:
	+CNMI: <mt></mt>
AT+CNMI=?	+CNMI: <mt> Test command reports the supported range of values for the +CNMI command parameters.</mt>
AT+CNMI=?  Example	Test command reports the supported range of values for the <b>+CNMI</b>
	Test command reports the supported range of values for the <b>+CNMI</b> command parameters.
	Test command reports the supported range of values for the <b>+CNMI</b> command parameters.  AT+CNMI=?
	Test command reports the supported range of values for the <b>+CNMI</b> command parameters.  AT+CNMI=? +CNMI: (0-2)
	Test command reports the supported range of values for the <b>+CNMI</b> command parameters.  AT+CNMI=? +CNMI: (0-2)  OK
	Test command reports the supported range of values for the <b>+CNMI</b> command parameters.  AT+CNMI=? +CNMI: (0-2)  OK AT+CNMI=1
	Test command reports the supported range of values for the <b>+CNMI</b> command parameters.  AT+CNMI=? +CNMI: (0-2)  OK AT+CNMI=1 OK
	Test command reports the supported range of values for the <b>+CNMI</b> command parameters.  AT+CNMI=? +CNMI: (0-2)  OK AT+CNMI=1 OK AT+CNMI?
	Test command reports the supported range of values for the <b>+CNMI</b> command parameters.  AT+CNMI=? +CNMI: (0-2)  OK AT+CNMI=1 OK AT+CNMI? +CNMI: 1
	Test command reports the supported range of values for the +CNMI command parameters.  AT+CNMI=? +CNMI: (0-2)  OK AT+CNMI=1 OK AT+CNMI? +CNMI: 1
	Test command reports the supported range of values for the +CNMI command parameters.  AT+CNMI=? +CNMI: (0-2)  OK AT+CNMI=1 OK AT+CNMI? +CNMI: 1  OK +CMTI:"ME",98
	Test command reports the supported range of values for the +CNMI command parameters.  AT+CNMI=? +CNMI: (0-2)  OK AT+CNMI=1  OK AT+CNMI? +CNMI: 1  OK +CMTI:"ME",98 AT+CNMI=2



### +CNMI - New Message Indications To Terminal Equipment

OK

+CMT: "My Number", "My

Number",20141023165007,129,4098,0,2,0,8

**TEST SMS** 

### 5.5.5.6. List Messages - +CMGL

### +CMGL - List Messages

# AT+CMGL [=<stat>]

Execution command reports the list of all the messages with status value **<stat>** stored into **<memr>** message storage (**<memr>** is the message storage for read and delete SMs as last settings of command +CPMS).

The parameter type and the command output depend on the last settings of command **+CMGF** (message format to be used)

(PDU Mode)

Parameter:

### <stat>

- 0 new message
- 1 read message
- 2 stored message not yet sent
- 3 stored message already sent
- 4 all messages.

Each message to be listed is represented in the format:

+CMGL: <index>,<stat>,"",<length><CR><LF><pdu>

Case of received message from base station:

<PDU>:

<orig\_num><date><tele\_id><priority><enc\_type><udh><leng
th><data>

Case of sending message to base station:

<PDU>:

<da><callback><tele\_id><priority><enc\_type><udh><length><data>

where:

<orig\_num> : <addr\_len><tooa><address>

### +CMGL - List Messages

<addr\_len> : Octets length of address field(1 Octet :

<tooa> and <address>).

<tooa> : Type of address(1 Octet).

<addres> : Address digits with representation of semi-

octets.

<da>: <addr\_len><toda><address>

<addr\_len> : Octets length of address field(1 Octet :

<toda> and <address>).

<toda>: Type of address(1 Octet).

<addres> : Address digits with representation of semi-

octets.

<callback> : <addr\_len><toca><address>

<addr\_len> : Octets length of address field(1 Octet :

<toca> and <address>).

<toca> : Type of address(1 Octet).

<addres> : Address digits with representation of semi-

octets.

<date> : Serivce center time stamp (6 Octets :

YYMMDDHHMMSS).

<tele\_id>: Teleservice ID (2 Octets).

<priority> : Priority (1 Octet).

<enc\_type> : Encoding type (1 Octet).

<udh>: User data header (1 Octet).

Refer to below Note (1 Octet).

<data> : User data of message.

Note:

If user data header<udh> is present,

If encoding type is 7bit ASCII,

<length> value is the sum of the number of septets in user data and the number of septets in user data header (including any padding).

Otherwise,

**<length>** value is the sum of the number of octets in user data and the number of octets in user data header.

If user data header<udh> is not present,

If encoding type is 7bit ASCII,

value is the number of septets in user data.

Otherwise,

length> value is the number of octets in user data.

where:

### +CMGL - List Messages

<index> - message position in the memory storage list.

<stat> - status of the message

<length> - length of the PDU in bytes

<pdu> - message in PDU format

### (Text Mode)

### Parameter:

### <stat>

"REC UNREAD" - new message

"REC READ" - read message

"STO UNSENT" - stored message not yet sent

"STO SENT" - stored message already sent

"ALL" - all messages.

Each message to be listed is represented in the format (the information written in italics will be present depending on +CSDH last setting):

If there is at least a **Received** message to be listed the representation format is:

### +CMGL:

<index>,<stat>,<orig\_num>,<callback>,<date>[,<tooa>,<tele\_id >,<priority>,<enc type>,<udh>,<length>]<CR><LF> <data>

If there is at least a **Sent** or an **Unsent** message to be listed the representation format is:

### +CMGL:

<index>,<stat>,<da>,<callback>,[,<toda>,<tele\_id>,<priority>,<enc\_type>,<udh>,<length>]<CR><LF><data>

### Where

<orig\_num> - Origination number.

<callback> - Callback number.

<date> - Received date in form as "YYYYMMDDHHMMSS".

<tooa> - Type of <orig\_num>.

<toda> - Type of <da>.

<tele\_id> - Teleservice ID.

4097 - page



+CMGL - List Mess	sages
	4098 - SMS message
	4099 - voice mail notification
	4101 - EMS message(concatenated)
	262144 - voice mail notification
	<pre><priority> - Priority.</priority></pre>
	0 - Normal (factory default)
	1 - Interactive
	2 - Urgent
	3 - Emergency
	<enc_type> - Encoding type of message.</enc_type>
	0 - 8-bit Octet
	2 - 7-bit ASCII
	4 - 16-bit Unicode
	9 - GSM 7bit
	<udh> - User data header</udh>
	0 - Not present the user data header
	1 - Present the user data header
	<li><length> - Length of message.</length></li>
	<pre><data> - Message data. (Indicates the new voice mail count, if <tele_id> is voice mail notification)</tele_id></data></pre>
	Note: If a message is present when +CMGL="ALL" is used it will be changed status from <b>REC UNREAD</b> to <b>REC READ</b> .
AT+CMGL=?	Test command returns a list of supported <b><stat></stat></b> s
Example	(PDU Mode)
	Case of received message from base station:
	AT+CMGL=1
	+CMGL: 13,1,"",51
	06811041394306141023155820100202020024C3870E1C3870E1C 3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C
	ОК
	06 <addr_len: 6byte=""></addr_len:>
	81 <type_addr: 129=""></type_addr:>
	1041394306 <origination 0114933460="" number:=""></origination>



# +CMGL - List Messages 141023155820 <Date: 14/10/23.15:58:20> 1002 <Teleservice id: 4098(decimal)> 02 <pri><pri>urgent > 02 <encoding type: 7-bit ASCII > 00 <udh: Not present user data header > 24 <data len: 36> C3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C 3870E1C3870E10 Else: AT+CMGL=2 +CMGL: 31,2,"",23 07801091346554F307801091346554F310020000000A6161616161 6161616161 OK 07 <addr len: 7byte> 81 <type\_addr:129> <Destination addr: 01194356453> 1091346554F3 07 <addr len: 7byte> 81 <type addr:129> 1096224658F1 <Callback Number: 01692264851> 1002 <Teleservice id: 4098(decimal)> 00 <priority: normal > 00 <encoding type: 8-bit Octet > 00 <udh: Not present user data header > 0A <data len: 10> 616161616161616161 < data: aaaaaaaaaa> AT+CMGF=0 OK AT+CMGF?

+CMGF: 0

OK



# +CMGL - List Messages AT+CMGL=? (0-4)OK AT+CMGL=4 +CMGL: 0,2,"",19 0681104139430606811041394306100200000006313233343536+CMGL: 1,2,"",22 068110413943060681104139430610020000000931323334353636 3737 +CMGL: 2,2,"",25 068110413943060681104139430610020000000C31313232333434 3434343434 +CMGL: 3,2,"",28 068110413943060681104139430610020000000F61666661736465 6565656565656565 OK (Text Mode) AT+CMGF=1 OK AT+CMGF? +CMGF: 1 OK AT+CMGL=? ("REC UNREAD", "REC READ", "STO UNSENT", "STO SENT", "ALL")

OK

AT+CMGL="ALL"

+CMGL: 0, "STO UNSENT", "My Number", "My Number",

123456

+CMGL: 1, "STO UNSENT", "My Number", "My Number",

123456677

+CMGL: 2, "STO UNSENT", "My Number", "My Number",

11223444444

+CMGL: 3, "STO UNSENT", "My Number", "My Number",

2021-04-13



# +CMGL - List Messages affasdeeeeeeeee OK

### 5.5.5.7. Read Message - +CMGR

### +CMGR - Read Message

# AT+CMGR= <index>

Execution command reports the message with location value <index> from <memr> message storage (<memr> is the message storage for read and delete SMs as last settings of command +CPMS).

Parameter:

<index> - message index.

The output depends on the last settings of command **+CMGF** (message format to be used)

### (PDU Mode)

If there is at least one message to be listed the representation format is:

+CMGR:<stat>,"",<length><CR><LF><PDU>

Case of received message from base station:

<PDU>:

<orig\_num><date><tele\_id><priority><enc\_type><udh><len
gth><data>

Case of sending message to base station:

<PDU>:

<da><callback><tele\_id><priority><enc\_type><udh><length ><data>

where:

<orig\_num> : <addr\_len><tooa><address>

<addr\_len> : Octets length of address field(1 Octet :

<tooa> and <address>).

<tooa> : Type of address(1 Octet).

<addres> : Address digits with representation of semioctets.

### +CMGR - Read Message

<da>: <addr len><toda><address>

<addr\_len> : Octets length of address field(1 Octet :

<toda> and <address>).

<toda>: Type of address(1 Octet).

<addres> : Address digits with representation of semioctets

<callback> : <addr\_len><toca><address>

<addr\_len> : Octets length of address field(1 Octet :

<toca> and <address>).

<toca> : Type of address(1 Octet).

<addres> : Address digits with representation of semioctets.

<date> : Serivce center time stamp (6 Octets:

YYMMDDHHMMSS).

<tele\_id>: Teleservice ID (2 Octets).

<priority> : Priority(1 Octet).

<enc\_type> : Encoding type(1 Octet).

<udh>: User data header (1 Octet).

Refer to below Note(1 Octet).

<data> : User data of message.

Note:

If user data header **udh** is present,

If encoding type is 7bit ASCII,

<length> value is the sum of the number of septets in user data and the number of septets in user data header (including any padding).

Otherwise,

<length> value is the sum of the number of octets in user data and the number of octets in user data header.

If user data header<udh> is not present,

If encoding type is 7bit ASCII,

value is the number of septets in user data.

Otherwise,

<length> value is the number of octets in user data.

where

<stat> - status of the message

0 - new message

1 - read message

2 - stored message not yet sent

### +CMGR - Read Message

3 - stored message already sent

<length> - length of the PDU in bytes.

<pdu> - message in PDU format

### (Text Mode)

Output format for received messages (the information written in *italics* will be present depending on **+CSDH** last setting):

Output format for message delivery confirm:

### +CMGR:

<stat>,<orig\_num>,<callback>,<date>[,<tooa>,<tele\_id>,<prior ity>,<enc\_type>,<udh>,<length>]<CR><LF><data>

If there is either a **Sent** or an **Unsent** message in location <index> the output format is:

### +CMGR:

<stat>,<da>,<callback>,[,<toda>,<tele\_id>,<priority>,<enc\_type>,<udh>,<length>]<CR><LF><data>

### where:

<stat> - status of the message

"REC UNREAD" - new received message unread

"REC READ" - received message read

"STO UNSENT" - message stored not yet sent

"STO SENT" - message stored already sent

<orig\_num> - Origination number.

<callback> - Callback number.

<date> - Received date in form as "YYYYMMDDHHMMSS".

<tooa> - Type of <orig\_num>.

<toda> - Type of <da>.

<tele id> - Teleservice ID.

4097 - page

4098 - SMS message

4099 - voice mail notification

4101 - EMS message(concatenated)

262144 - voice mail notification

riority> - Priority.

Note: The priority is different with every carrier.



+CMGR - Read Me	ssage
	0 - Normal (factory_default)
	1 - Interactive
	2 - Urgent
	3 - Emergency
	In case of Verizon:
	0 - Normal (factory default)
	1 – High
	<enc_type> - Encoding type of message.</enc_type>
	0 - 8-bit Octet
	2 - 7-bit ASCII
	4 - 16-bit Unicode
	9 - GSM 7bit
	<udh> - User data header</udh>
	0 - Not present the user data header
	1 - Present the user data header
	<pre><length> - Length of message.</length></pre>
	<data> - Message data. (Indicates the new voice mail count, if <tele_id> is voice mail notification)</tele_id></data>
AT+CMGR=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code
Example	(PDU Mode)
	Case of received message from base station:
	AT+CMGR=29
	+CMGR: 1,"",51
	06811041394306141023155820100202020024C3870E1C3870E1C 3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C
	ОК
	06 <addr_len: 6byte=""></addr_len:>
	81 <type_addr: 129=""></type_addr:>
	1041394306 <origination 0114933460="" number:=""></origination>
	141023155820 <date: 10="" 14="" 23,15:58:20=""></date:>
	1002 <teleservice_id: 4098(decimal)=""></teleservice_id:>
	02 <pri>ority: urgent &gt;</pri>
	02 <encoding_type: 7-bit="" ascii=""></encoding_type:>
	00 <udh: data="" header="" not="" present="" user=""></udh:>

### +CMGR - Read Message

24 <data len: 36 >

C3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C

Else:

AT+CMGR=31 +CMGR: 2, "", 23

07801091346554F307801091346554F310020000000A6161616161 61616161

OK

1091346554F3 < Destination\_addr: 01194356453>

1096224658F1 < Callback\_Number: 01692264851>

1002 <Teleservice\_id: 4098(decimal)>

00 <pri>ority: normal >

00 <encoding\_type: 8-bit Octet >

00 <udh: Not present user data header >

0A <data len: 10>

61616161616161616161 < data: aaaaaaaaaa>

(Text Mode)

AT+CSDH=1

OK

AT+CMGR=1

+CMGR: "REC READ", "0114933460", "01149334690", 20140109180259, 129, 4098,0,2,0,12

20140103100233, 123, 4030,0,2,0,12

TEST MESSAGE

OK

AT+CMGR=4

+CMGR: "STO

UNSENT", "0114933460", "0114933460", 129,4098,0,0,0,12



+CMGR - Read Message	
	TEST MESSAGE
	ОК

5.5.5.8. Send Message - +CMGS	
+CMGS - Send Message	
(PDU Mode)	(PDU Mode)
AT+CMGS=	Execution command sends to the network a message.
<length></length>	After command line is terminated with <b><cr></cr></b> , the device responds sending a four character sequence prompt:
	<cr><lf><greater_than><space> (IRA 13, 10, 62, 32)</space></greater_than></lf></cr>
	and waits for the specified number of bytes.
	Parameter:
	<b><length></length></b> - length of the PDU to be sent in bytes (excluding the Destination Address octets).
	5183
	Note: the echoing of given characters back from the TA is controlled by echo command <b>E</b>
	Note: the <b>PDU</b> shall be hexadecimal format (each octet of the <b>PDU</b> is given as two IRA character long hexadecimal number) and given in one line.
	To send the message issue Ctrl-Z char (0x1A hex).
	To exit without sending the message issue <b>ESC</b> char ( <b>0x1B</b> hex).
	If message is successfully sent to the network, then the result is sent in the format:
	+CMGS: <mr></mr>
	where



+CMGS - Send	d Message
	<mr> - message reference number.</mr>
	Note: If message sending fails for some reason, an error code is reported.
Example	(PDU Mode)
	AT+CMGF=0 OK AT+CMGS=36 >07811091346554F307811096224658F110020000001662626262 26262626262626262626262626262
	OK
	07
	AT+CMGS=32 >07811091346554F307811091346554F3100202020014C3870E1C 3870E1C387162C58B162C58B1620 +CMGS: 3
	OK 07
	Note:
	If user data header <udh> is present,</udh>

### +CMGS - Send Message

If encoding type is 7bit ASCII,

<data\_len> value is the sum of the number of septets in user
data and the number of septets in user data header (including any
padding).

Otherwise,

<data\_len> value is the sum of the number of octets in user
data and the number of octets in user data header.

If user data header<udh> is not present,

If encoding type is 7bit ASCII,

<data\_len> value is the number of septets in user data.

Otherwise,

<data len> value is the number of octets in user data.

### (Text Mode)

# AT+CMGS=<da> [,<toda>]

### (Text Mode)

Execution command sends to the network a message.

### Parameters:

<da> - destination address, string type represented in the currently selected character set (see +CSCS);

ASCII characters in the set (0 9), #,\*;

Note: The maximum length is different with every carrier.

In case of Verizon: Maximum length is 20 characters.

In other cases: Maximum length is 32 characters

<toda> - type of destination address

129 - number in national format

145 - number in international format (contains the "+")

To send the message issue **Ctrl-Z** char (**0x1A** hex).

To exit without sending the message issue **ESC** char (**0x1B** hex).

If message is successfully sent to the network, then the result is sent in the format:

+CMGS: <mr>

where

<mr> - message reference number.</ri>



+CMGS - Send Message	
	Note: if message sending fails for some reason, an error code is reported.
	Note: To discard SMS, press the "ESC" key, an "OK" response will be returned.
	Note: it is possible to send a concatenation of at most 10 SMs in Verizon Network. For sending a concatenation message, the teleservice ID should be set to 4101 and the data coding scheme should be set to 9.
AT+CMGS=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.
Note	To avoid malfunctions is suggested to wait for the <b>+CMGS</b> : <b><mr></mr></b> or <b>+CMS ERROR</b> : <b><err></err></b> response before issuing further commands.
Example	(Text Mode)
	AT+CMGF=1 OK AT+CMGS="9194547830" > Test SMS +CMGS: 1
	ОК

# 5.5.5.9. Write Message To Memory - +CMGW

+CMGW - Write Message To Memory	
(PDU Mode)	(PDU Mode)
AT+CMGW= <length></length>	Execution command writes in the <b><memw></memw></b> memory storage a new message.
[, <stat>]</stat>	Parameter:
	<li><length> - length in bytes of the PDU to be written. (excluding the Destination Address octets)</length></li>
	5183
	<stat> - message status.</stat>
	0 - new message
	1 - read message
	2 - stored message not yet sent (default)
	3 - stored message already sent
	The device responds to the command with the prompt '>' and waits for the specified number of bytes.



- 0110111 11111 11	
+CMGW - Write Me	essage To Memory
	To write the message issue <b>Ctrl-Z</b> char ( <b>0x1A</b> hex).
	To exit without writing the message issue <b>ESC</b> char ( <b>0x1B</b> hex).
	To one manage many
	If message is successfully written in the memory, then the result is sent in the format:
	+CMGW: <index></index>
	where:
	<index> - message location index in the memory <memw>.</memw></index>
	If message storing fails for some reason, an error code is reported.
Example	<pdu mode=""></pdu>
	AT+CMGF=0
	ОК
	AT+CMGW=36
	>07811091346554F307811096224658F1100200000016626262626262626262626262626
	+CMGW: 4
	ОК
	07 <addr_len: 7byte=""></addr_len:>
	81 <type_addr: 129=""></type_addr:>
	1091346554F3 <destination_address: 01194356453=""></destination_address:>
	07 <addr_len: 7byte=""></addr_len:>
	81 <type_addr: 129=""></type_addr:>
	1096224658F1 <callback_address: 01692264851=""></callback_address:>
	1002 <teleservice_id: 4098(decimal)=""></teleservice_id:>
	00 <priority: normal=""></priority:>
	00 <encoding_type: octet=""></encoding_type:>
	00 <udh: data="" header="" not="" present="" user=""></udh:>
	16 <data_len: 22=""></data_len:>
	62626262626262626262626262626262626262
	<user_data: bbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbb<="" td=""></user_data:>

### +CMGW - Write Message To Memory

Note:

If user data header<udh> is present,

If encoding type is 7bit ASCII,

<data\_len> value is the sum of the number of septets in user
data and the number of septets in user data header (including any
padding).

Otherwise.

<data\_len> value is the sum of the number of octets in user
data and the number of octets in user data header.

If user data header<udh> is not present,

If encoding type is 7bit ASCII,

<data len> value is the number of septets in user data.

Otherwise,

<data len> value is the number of octets in user data.

### (Text Mode)

# AT+CMGW[=<da> [,<toda>

[,<stat>]]]

### (Text Mode)

Execution command writes in the **<memw>** memory storage a new message.

### Parameters:

<da> - destination address, string type represented in the currently selected character set (see +CSCS);

ASCII characters in the set (0 9), #,\*;

Note: The maximum length is different with every carrier.

In case of Verizon: Maximum length is 20 characters.

In other cases: Maximum length is 32 characters

<toda> - type of destination address

129 - number in national format

145 - number in international format (contains the "+")

<stat> - message status.

"REC UNREAD" - new received message unread

"REC READ" - received message read

"STO UNSENT" - message stored not yet sent (default)

"STO SENT" - message stored already sent



+CMGW - Write Mes	ssage To Memory
	After command line is terminated with <b><cr></cr></b> , the device responds sending a four character sequence prompt:
	<cr><lf><greater_than><space> (IRA 13, 10, 62, 32)</space></greater_than></lf></cr>
	Note: the echoing of entered characters back from the TA is controlled by echo command <b>E</b>
	To write the message issue <b>Ctrl-Z</b> char ( <b>0x1A</b> hex).
	To exit without writing the message issue <b>ESC</b> char ( <b>0x1B</b> hex).
	If message is successfully written in the memory, then the result is sent in the format:
	+CMGW: <index></index>
,	where:
	<index> - message location index in the memory <memw>.</memw></index>
	If message storing fails for some reason, an error code is reported.
	Note: To discard SMS, press the "ESC" key, an "OK" response will be returned.
1	Note: it is possible to save a concatenation of at most 10 SMs if the operator is Verizon. For saving a concatenation message, the teleservice ID should be set to 4101 and the data coding scheme should be set to 9.
AT+CMGW=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.
Example	(Text Mode)
	AT+CMGW=?
	OK
	AT+CMGF=1
	ОК
	AT+CMGW
	> Test message
	> Ctrl+Z must be used to write message



+CMGW - Write Message To Memory	
	+CMGW: 1
	OK
	AT+CMGW="9194397977"
	> Test SMS
	+CMGW: 2
	OK
	AT+CMGW="9194397977",129
	> Test SMS
	+CMGW: 3
	ОК
Note	To avoid malfunctions is suggested to wait for the <b>+CMGW</b> : <b><index></index></b> or <b>+CMS ERROR</b> : <b><err></err></b> response before issuing further commands.

# 5.6. Telit Custom AT Commands

# 5.6.1. General Configuration AT Commands

# 5.6.1.1. USB Configuration - #USBCFG

#USBCFG- USB Configuration	
AT#USBCFG= <m ode=""></m>	Set command sets the USB composition according to <mode> number given, where:</mode>
	0 – use 0x1042 composition file
	1 – use 0x1040 composition file (Factory Default)
	2 – use 0x1041 composition file
	3 – use 0x1043 composition file
	0x1042: RNDIS + DIAG + ADB + NMEA + MODEM + MODEM + AUX
	0x1040: DIAG + ADB + RmNet + NMEA + MODEM + MODEM + AUX
	0x1041: DIAG + ADB + MBIM + NMEA + MODEM + MODEM + AUX
	0x1043: DIAG + ADB + ECM + NMEA + MODEM + MODEM + AUX



#USBCFG- USB Configuration	
	Note: The modem device is reset automatically, and new USB composition applied from the next boot up time.
	Note: The value stored in file system region whenever Set command executed.
	Note: The setting value is maintained for both cases of firmware update and firmware switch.
AT#USBCFG?	Read command returns the current composition set by number as detailed in the section above:
	0x1042 composition file return 0
	0x1040 composition file return 1
	0x1041 composition file return 2
	0x1043 composition file return 3
AT#USBCFG=?	Test command returns the list of supported values.

5.6.1.2. Request International Mobile station Equipment Identity and Software Version - +IMEISV

+IMEISV – Request International Mobile station Equipment Identity and Software Version	
AT+IMEISV	Execution command returns the International Mobile station Equipment Identity and Software Version Number, identified as the IMEISV of the mobile, without command echo.
	The IMEISV is composed of the following elements (each element shall consist of decimal digits only):
	- Type Allocation Code (TAC). Its length is 8 digits;
	<ul> <li>Serial Number (SNR) is an individual serial number uniquely identifying each equipment within each TAC. Its length is 6 digits;</li> </ul>
	- Software Version Number (SVN) identifies the software version number of the mobile equipment. Its length is 2 digits.
AT+IMEISV=?	Test command returns <b>OK</b> result code.
Reference	3GPP TS 23.003

# 5.6.1.3. Query SIM Status - #QSS

#QSS - Query SIM Status	
AT#QSS=[ <mode>]</mode>	Set command enables/disables the Query SIM Status unsolicited indication in the ME.

### **#QSS - Query SIM Status**

### Parameter:

<mode> - type of notification

- 0 disabled (factory default); it's possible only to query the current SIM status through Read command AT#QSS?
- 1 enabled; the ME informs SIM status change through the following unsolicited indication:

#QSS: <status>,<active slot>

where:

<status> - current SIM status

- 0 SIM NOT INSERTED
- 1 SIM INSERTED

<active slot> - current active SIM slot

- 0 SIM slot1
- 1 SIM slot2
- 2 enabled; the ME informs SIM status change through the following unsolicited indication:

#QSS: <status>,<active slot>

where:

<status> - current SIM status

- 0 SIM NOT INSERTED
- 1 SIM INSERTED
- 2 SIM INSERTED and PIN UNLOCKED
- 3 SIM INSERTED and READY (SMS and Phonebook access are possible).

<active\_slot> - current active SIM slot

- 0 SIM slot1
- 1 SIM slot2

Note: the command reports the SIM status change after the <mode>has been set to 2. We suggest to set <mode>=2 and save the value in the user profile, then power off the module. The proper SIM status will be available at the next power on.

### AT#QSS?

Read command reports whether the unsolicited indication **#QSS** is currently enabled or not, along with the SIM status, in the format:

#QSS: <mode>,<status>,<active\_slot>

(<mode>, <status> and <active\_slot> are described above)



#QSS - Query SIM Status	
AT#QSS=?	Test command returns the supported range of values for parameter <mode>.</mode>
Example	If AT#SIMDET=0,
	AT#QSS?
	#QSS:0,1,0
	OK
	If AT#SIMDET=1,
	AT#QSS?
	#QSS: 0,1,1
	ОК

# 5.6.1.4. SIM Detection Mode - #SIMDET

#SIMDET - SIM D	etection Mode
AT#SIMDET=	Set command specifies the SIM Detection Mode.
<mode></mode>	
	Parameter:
	<mode> - SIM Detection mode</mode>
	0 - switch to SIM slot1 (factory default)
	1 - switch to SIM slot2
	2 - automatic SIM slot2 detection through SIMIN Pin
AT#SIMDET?	Read command reports the currently selected SIM Detection Mode in the format:
	#SIMDET: <mode>,<simin></simin></mode>
	where:
	<mode> - SIM Detection mode, as before</mode>
	<simin> - SIMIN pin real status</simin>
	0 - SIM not inserted
	1 - SIM inserted
	NOTE: If no SIMIN pin supported in product, <b><simin></simin></b> will always be '0'.



#SIMDET - SIM Detection Mode	
AT#SIMDET=?	Test command returns the supported range of values for parameter <mode></mode>
Example	AT#SIMDET?
	#SIMDET: 0,0
	OK
	AT#SIMDET=1
	OK
	AT#SIMDET=0
	OK
1	

# 5.6.1.5. SIM Presence Status - #SIMPR

#SIMPR - SIM Pr	esence Status
AT#SIMPR= [ <mode>]</mode>	Set command enables/disables the SIM Presence Status unsolicited indication in the ME.
	Parameter:
	<mode> - type of notification</mode>
	0 - disabled (factory default); it's possible only to query the current SIM status through Read command AT#SIMPR?
	1 - enabled; the ME informs the active SIM status change through the following unsolicited indication:
	#SIMPR: <active_sim>,<simin status=""></simin></active_sim>
	where:
	<active_sim> - current active SIM slot</active_sim>
	0 - SIM slot1
	1 - SIM slot2
	<simin status=""> - current SIM status</simin>
	0 - SIM NOT INSERTED
	1 - SIM INSERTED
AT#SIMPR?	Read command reports whether the unsolicited indication <b>#SIMPR</b> is currently enabled or not, both SIM slot1 and slot2 status, in the format:
	#SIMPR: <mode>,0,<simin status=""><cr><lf></lf></cr></simin></mode>
	#SIMPR: <mode>,1,<simin status=""></simin></mode>



#SIMPR – SIM Presence Status	
	NOTE: If no SIMIN pin supported in product, <b><status></status></b> will always be '0'.
AT#SIMPR=?	Test command returns the supported range of values for parameter <mode>.</mode>
Example	AT#SIMPR? #SIMPR: 0,0,1 #SIMPR: 0,1,1

# 5.6.1.6. GPIO SIMIN Configuration - #SIMINCFG

#SIMINCFG - SIMI	N pin configuration
AT#SIMINCFG=	Set command sets SIMIN pin status for SIM detection.
<gpio_pin>,</gpio_pin>	
<simin_det_mod< th=""><th>Parameter:</th></simin_det_mod<>	Parameter:
e>	<gpio_pin> - GPIO pin number:</gpio_pin>
	1 - GPIO SIMIN pin of SIM slot1
	2 - GPIO SIMIN pin of SIM slot2
	<simin_det_mode> - Status of SIMIN pin for SIM detection:</simin_det_mode>
	0 - SIMIN pin to GND when SIM is inserted (factory default);
	Pin direction is INPUT, enable Pull-Up.
	1 - SIMIN pin to GND when SIM is NOT inserted;
	Pin direction is INPUT, enable Pull-Down.
	Note: The setting is stored in NVM and available at next reboot.
AT#SIMINCFG?	Read command reports the selected GPIO pin in the format:
	#SIMINCFG: 1, <simin_det_mode><cr><lf></lf></cr></simin_det_mode>
	#SIMINCFG: 2, <simin_det_mode></simin_det_mode>
	NOTE: If SIMIN pin is not connected, the hot-swap function cannot be supported.
AT#SIMINCFG=?	Test command returns the supported range of values for parameter <gpio_pin> and <simin_det_mode>.</simin_det_mode></gpio_pin>



### **#SIMINCFG - SIMIN** pin configuration

### **Example**

SIM is inserted in card slot1. The SIMIN is GND when SIM is inserted.

AT#SIMINCFG=1,0

OK

AT#SIMINCFG=2,0

OK

AT#REBOOT

OK

AT#SIMPR?

#SIMPR: 0,0,1

#SIMPR: 0,1,0

OK

Remove SIM in card slot1.

AT#SIMPR?

#SIMPR: 0,0,0

#SIMPR: 0,1,0

OK

SIM is inserted in card slot1. The SIMIN is GND when SIM is not

inserted.

AT#SIMINCFG=1,1

OK

AT#SIMINCFG=2,1

OK

AT#REBOOT

OK

AT#SIMPR?

#SIMPR: 0,0,1

#SIMPR: 0,1,0

OK

Remove SIM in card slot1.

AT#SIMPR?

#SIMPR: 0,0,0

#SIMPR: 0,1,0

OK

# 5.6.1.7. Hot-Swap Enable - #HSEN

command enables/disables the hot-swap function on SIM slot.
ameter:
ode> - Hot-swap mode
disable (factory default)
- enable
ot> - SIM slot
SIM slot 1
SIM slot 2
e: The setting is stored in NVM and available at next reboot.
e: The default <b><mode></mode></b> of LGU is 1.
ad command reports the hot-swap status on SIM slot, in the nat:
SEN: <mode>,0<cr><lf></lf></cr></mode>
SEN: <mode>,1</mode>
TE: If SIMIN pin is not connected, the hot-swap function cannot supported.
et command reports the supported range of values for parameter ode> and <slot>.</slot>
IIN pin is connected and SIM is inserted in SIM slot1.
#HSEN?
SEN: 0,0
SEN: 0,1
#SIMPR?
MPR: 1,0,1
MPR: 1,1,0



#HSEN – Hot-Swap Enable	
	Enable the hot-swap function of SIM slot1.
	AT#HSEN=1,0
	OK
	AT#REBOOT
	ОК
	AT#HSEN?
	#HSEN: 1,0
	#HSEN: 0,1
	OK
	Remove SIM card on SIM slot 1.
	#SIMPR: 0,0
	Insert SIM card on SIM slot 1.
	#SIMPR: 0,1

### 5.6.1.8. Reboot - #REBOOT

#REBOOT – Reboot	
AT#REBOOT	Execution command reboots the module.
AT#REBOOT=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.
Example	AT#REBOOT=? OK  AT#REBOOT OK

# 5.6.1.9. Software Shut Down - #SHDN

#SHDN - Software Shutdown	
AT#SHDN	Execution command causes device detachment from the network and shut down. Before definitive shut down an <b>OK</b> response is returned.
	Note: after the issuing of this command any previous activity is terminated and the device will not respond to any further command.
	Note: If VBATT is maintained, module will turn on automatically after shutdown.



#SHDN - Software Shutdown	
AT#SHDN=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.

### 5.6.1.10. Hardware Identification - #HWREV

#HWREV – Hardware revision	
AT#HWREV	Execution command returns the device Hardware revision identification code without command echo.
AT#HWREV=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.

### 5.6.1.11. Enhanced Network Selection - #ENS

#ENS – Enhanced	#ENS – Enhanced Network Selection	
AT#ENS=[ <mode>]</mode>	Set command is used to activate the ENS functionality	
	Parameter:	
	<mode></mode>	
	0 – disable ENS functionality	
	1 – enable ENS functionality; If AT#ENS=1 has been issued the following values will be automatically set: (default)	
	a SIM Application Toolkit enabled on user interface 0 if not previously enabled on a different user interface	
	b UMTS band 1900MHz(FDD II) and 850MHz(FDD V) enabled.	
AT#ENS?	Read command reports whether the ENS functionality is currently whether the ENS functionality is currently enabled or not, in the format:	
	#ENS: <mode></mode>	
	Where:	
	<mode>as above.</mode>	
AT#ENS=?	Test command reports the available range of values for parameter <mode>.</mode>	
Reference	AT&T Device Requirements	

# 5.6.1.12. Enable URC of Enhanced Operator Name String - #EONS

#EONS - Enable URC of Enhanced Operator Name String	
AT#EONS= <ena></ena>	Set command enables URC & feature of EONS.
	Parameter <ena>:</ena>

#EONS - Enable URC of Enhanced Operator Name String	
	0 - Disable URC & Feature of EONS
	1 - Enable URC & Feature of EONS
	#EONS: <net> where: <net> : Alpha tag of network name</net></net>
	Note: Name string can be any network name as well as EONS and sent by its priority. The following order of priority for which "name source" is to be used:  1. EF-SPN.
	2. EF-OPL and EF-PNN.
	3. CPHS Operator Name String.
	4. Name Information received by the NITZ service.
	<ul><li>5. Any name stored internal to the ME.</li><li>6. Displaying the broadcast MCC-MNC.</li></ul>
AT#EONS?	Read command returns the current selected parameter in the format:
	#EONS: <ena>[,<net>]</net></ena>
	Note: Name string is shown only when network service is available.
AT#EONS=?	Test command returns the supported range of values of parameters <b><ena></ena></b> .

# 5.6.1.13. General Purpose Input/Output Pin Control - #GPIO

5.0.1.13. General Fulpose input/Output Fili Contion - #GF10		
#GPIO - General P	#GPIO - General Purpose Input/Output Pin Control	
AT#GPIO=[ <pin>, <mode>[,<dir>[,&lt; save]]]</dir></mode></pin>	Execution command sets configuration of the general purpose pin or reads current state of the general purpose pin.  Not all configuration for the three parameters are valid.	
	Parameters:	
	<pin> - GPIO pin number. The supported range is hardware dependent. Use AT#GPIO=? test command to know available range.</pin>	
	<mode> - its meaning depends on <dir> setting:</dir></mode>	
	0 - no meaning if <b><dir>=0</dir></b> (INPUT)	
	- output pin cleared to 0 ( <b>Low</b> ) if <b><dir>=1</dir></b> (OUTPUT)	
	1 - no meaning if <b><dir>=0</dir></b> (INPUT)	
	- output pin set to 1 ( <b>High</b> ) if <b><dir>=1</dir></b> (OUTPUT)	
	2 - reports current direction and value of <b>GPIO<pin></pin></b>	
	3 - if <b><dir>=0</dir></b> (INPUT), enable Pull-Up	

### **#GPIO - General Purpose Input/Output Pin Control**

4 - if <dir>=0 (INPUT), enable Pull-Down

<dir> - GPIO pin direction

0 - pin direction is INPUT

1 - pin direction is OUTPUT

<save> - GPIO pin save configuration

0 - pin configuration is not saved

1 – pin configuration is saved

Note: if values of **<dir>** is set in output and save omitted then it is set automatically in input on next power cycle.

When <mode>=2, the command reports the direction and value of GPIO<pin> in the format (following parameters <dir>, <save> are ignored):

#GPIO: <dir>,<stat>[,<mode>]

where:

<dir> - current direction setting of the GPIO<pin>

Note: **<dir>** values from 4 to 11 means the GPIO is assigned as alternate function respectively from ALT3 to ATL10.

ALT3 (**<dir>**=4) - pin is for "Temp monitor" and available for all GPIOs. This value is only possible to set by #TEMPSENS

ALT4 (**<dir>**=5) - pin is for "Fast power down" and available for all GPIOs. This value is only possible to set by #FASTSHDN

ALT5 (**<dir>**=6) - pin is for "Shutdown indicator" and available for all GPIOs. This value is only possible to set by #SHDNIND

ALT6 (**<dir>**=7) - pin is for "Dying Gasp Trigger" and available for all GPIOs. This value is only possible to set by #SETCUSTFEAT with **<cust** id>="DGENABLE"

ALT7 (<dir>=8) - reserved

ALT8 (**<dir>**=9) – pin is for "DPR(Dynamic Power Reduction)" and available for GPIO\_04; This value is only possible to set by #DPRCTL.

ALT9 (<dir>=10) - reserved

ALT10 (**<dir>**=11) – pin is for "USB ID" and available for from GPIO\_04 to GPIO\_08; This value is only possible to set by #OTGCFG.



#GPIO - General Purpose Input/Output Pin Control	
	Note: Alternate function has high priority as following order.  ALT4 ( <b><dir></dir></b> =5), ALT5 ( <b><dir></dir></b> =6), ALT10 ( <b><dir></dir></b> =11) and then others <b><stat></stat></b>
	<ul> <li>logic value read from GPIO<pin> in the case the pin <dir> is set to input.</dir></pin></li> <li>the last setting value of the GPIO<pin> in the case the pin <dir> is output.</dir></pin></li> <li>no meaning value for the GPIO<pin> in the case the pin <dir> is set to alternate function.</dir></pin></li> </ul>
	<mode> 0 - INPUT (Default Pull-Down) 1 - OUTPUT 3 - INPUT, enable Pull-Up 4 - INPUT, enable Pull-Down</mode>
	Note: while using the pins in the alternate function, the GPIO read/write access to that pin is not accessible and shall be avoided.
AT#GPIO?	Read command reports the read direction and value of all <b>GPIO</b> pins, in the format:
	#GPIO: <dir>,<stat>[<cr><lf>#GPIO: <dir>,<stat>[]]</stat></dir></lf></cr></stat></dir>
	where: <dir> - as seen before <stat> - as seen before</stat></dir>
	If <mode> = 3 or 4, the output format is:</mode>
	#GPIO: <dir>,<stat>,<mode>[<cr><lf>#GPIO: <dir>,<stat>,<mode>[]]</mode></stat></dir></lf></cr></mode></stat></dir>
AT#GPIO=?	Test command reports the supported range of values of the command parameters <pre><pre>command parameters</pre><pre><pre>pin&gt;</pre><pre>, <dir></dir></pre> and <save>.</save></pre></pre>
Example	AT#GPIO=3,0,1 OK



### **#GPIO - General Purpose Input/Output Pin Control**

AT#GPIO=3,1

OK

AT#GPIO=3,2 #GPIO: 1,1

OK

AT#GPIO=4,3,0

OK

AT#GPIO=4,2 #GPIO: 0,1,3

OK

### 5.6.1.14. Temperature Monitor - #TEMPSENS

### **#TEMPSENS – Temperature monitor**

### AT#TEMPSENS=

<mod>[,<interval

>

**[,<action>** Parameters:

,<low\_temp>

,<high\_temp>

[,<gpio>]]]

<mod>

monitor.

0 – disables the periodic reporting (factory default)

1 – enables the periodic reporting

2 – instantaneous reporting of the module temperature

Set command sets the operation of the module temperature

Note: the module cannot enter sleep when **<mod>=**1.

<interval> - duration in seconds of the interval between next measurement. It has meaning only if <mod> is 1.

the unsolicited message is in the format:

**#TEMPSENS: <sensor>,<value>** 

where:

<sensor> - temperature sensor name

<value> - actual temperature expressed in Celsius degrees

<action>

1 - (01) - it enables the presentation of the temperature monitor URC periodically. Default value if **<action>** is not specified.



#TEMPSENS - Ter	nperature monitor
	2 - (10) - it enables the presentation of the temperature notification URC, whenever the module internal temperature reaches either <low_temp> or <high_temp> levels.</high_temp></low_temp>
	4 - (100) - Output pin <b><gpio></gpio></b> is tied HIGH when set temperature bounds are reached; when the temperature is back to normal the output pin <b><gpio></gpio></b> is tied LOW. It is mandatory to set the <b><gpio></gpio></b> parameter too to set this <b><action></action></b> .
	the notification message is in the format:
	#TEMPNOTI: <level>,<value></value></level>
	where:
	<level> - threshold level</level>
	-1 - module temperature is under <b><low_temp></low_temp></b>
	0 - normal temperature
	1 – module temperature is upper <high_temp></high_temp>
	Note: Possible values for the parameter <b><action></action></b> are from 1 to 7 (001, 010, 011, 100, 101, 110 and 111)
	<li><low_temp> - temperature lower bound (-40 ~ 0, Celsius Degrees)</low_temp></li>
	<high_temp> - temperature upper bound (0 ~ 100, Celsius Degrees)</high_temp>
	<pre><gpio> - GPIO number. Use AT#TEMPSENS=? test command to know available range. This parameter is required only if <action>=4, 5, 6 or 7.</action></gpio></pre>
AT#TEMPSENS?	Read command reports the current parameter settings in the format:
	#TEMPSENS: <mod>,<interval>[,<action>,<low_temp>,<high_temp>,[<gpio>]]</gpio></high_temp></low_temp></action></interval></mod>
AT#TEMPSENS= ?	Test command reports supported range of values for parameters <mod>,<interval>,<action>,<low_temp>,<high_temp> and <gpio>.</gpio></high_temp></low_temp></action></interval></mod>
Example	AT#TEMPSENS=2
	#TEMPSENS: TSENS2,29
	#TEMPSENS: PA_THERM0,30
	#TEMPSENS: PA_THERM0,30



#TEMPSENS – Temperature monitor	
	#TEMPSENS: PA_THERM1,30
	ОК

# 5.6.1.15. Battery and Charger Status - #CBC

#CBC- Battery and Charger Status		
AT#CBC	Execution command returns the current Battery and Charger state in the format:	
	#CBC: <chargerstate>,<batteryvoltage></batteryvoltage></chargerstate>	
	where:	
	<chargerstate> - battery charger state</chargerstate>	
	0 - charger not connected	
	1 - charger connected and charging	
	2 - charger connected and charge completed	
	<b><batteryvoltage></batteryvoltage></b> - battery voltage in millivolt: it is the real battery voltage only if charger is not connected; if the charger is connected this value depends on the charger voltage.	
	NOTE: '1' and '2' at <chargerstate> is not supported.</chargerstate>	
AT#CBC=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.	

5.6.1.16. Select Band - #BND		
#BND - Select Band		
AT#BND= <gsm band=""></gsm>	Set command selects the current GSM , UMTS and LTE bands.	
[, <umts band=""></umts>	Parameter	
[, <lte< th=""><th><gsm band="">:</gsm></th></lte<>	<gsm band="">:</gsm>	
band>[, <lte band ext&gt;]]]</lte 	0 - GSM 900MHz + DCS 1800MHz (default value depending on product)	
	1 - GSM 900MHz + PCS 1900MHz	
	2 - GSM 850MHz + DCS 1800MHz	
	3 - GSM 850MHz + PCS 1900MHz	
	4 - GSM 900MHz + DCS 1800MHz + PCS 1900MHz	
	5 - GSM 850MHz + GSM 900MHz + DCS 1800MHz + PCS 1900MHz	
	<umts band="">:</umts>	
	0 - 2100MHz (FDD I)	



```
1 - 1900MHz (FDD II)
 2 - 850MHz (FDD V)
 3 - 2100MHz (FDD I) + 1900MHz (FDD II) + 850MHz (FDD V)
 4 - 1900MHz (FDD II) + 850MHz (FDD V) (default value
   depending on product)
 5 - 900MHz (FDD VIII)
 6 - 2100MHz (FDD I) + 900MHz (FDD VIII)
7 - 1700MHz (FDD IV)
 8 - 2100MHz (FDD I) + 850MHz (FDD V)
 9 - 2100MHz (FDD I) + 900MHz (FDD VIII) + 850MHz (FDD V)
10 - 1900MHz (FDD II) + 1700MHz (FDD IV) + 850MHz (FDD V)
11 - 2100MHz (FDD I) + 1900MHz (FDD II) + 1700MHz (FDD IV) +
    850MHz (FDD V) + 900MHz (FDD VIII)
(default value depending on product)
12 - 2100MHz (FDD I) + 1800MHz (FDD III) + 850MHz (FDD V) +
    900MHz (FDD VIII)
13 - 1800MHz (FDD III)
14 - 2100MHz (FDD I) + 1800MHz (FDD III) + 850MHz (FDD V)
15 - 1800MHz (FDD III) + 850MHz (FDD V)
16 - 2100MHz (FDD I) + 1900MHz (FDD II) + 1800MHz (FDD III) +
    1700MHz (FDD IV) + 850MHz (FDD V) + 900MHz (FDD VIII)
17 - 2100MHz (FDD I) + 1900MHz (FDD II) + 900MHz (FDD VIII)
18 - 2100MHz (FDD I) + 1900MHz (FDD II) + 1700MHz (FDD IV) +
    850MHz (FDD V) + 900MHz (FDD VIII) + JAPAN1800(FDD
IX) +
    JAPAN800(FDD XIX) (default value depending on product)
19 - 2100MHz (FDD I) + 1900MHz (FDD II) + 1700MHz (FDD IV) +
    850MHz (FDD V) + JAPAN850MHz (FDD VI)+ 900MHz (FDD
VIII) + JAPAN1800(FDD IX) + JAPAN800(FDD XIX) (default value
depending on product)
<LTE band>:
0 disable
1 B1
2 B2
4 B3
8 B4
10 B5
40 B7
80 B8
800 B12
1000 B13
2000 B14
```



10000 B17

20000 B18

40000 B19

80000 B20

1000000 B25

2000000 B26

8000000 B28

10000000 B29

20000000 B30

80000000 B32

2000000000 B38

400000000 B39

800000000 B40

1000000000 B41

20000000000 B42

4000000000 B43

200000000000 B46

80000000000 B48

#### A7F0BB0F38DF

B1+B2+B3+B4+B5+B7+B8+B12+B13+B14+B17+B18+B19+B20+B 25+B26+B28+B29+B30+B32+B38+B39+B40+B41+B42+B43+B46 +B48 (default value depending on product)

#### <LTE band ext>:

0 disable

2 B66

40 B71

Note: This setting is maintained even after power off. <GSM band>, <UMTS band> parameters are decimal value. <LTE band> and <LTE band ext> parameters are hex format value and band set should be entered in HEX format without "0x".

Note: The **<LTE band>** and **<LTE band ext>** cannot be 0(disable) at the same time.

Note: not all products support all the values of parameter <GSM band>:

please refer to test command to find the supported range of values.

Note: not all products support all the values of parameter **<UMTS** band>:

please refer to test command to find the supported range of values.

Note: not all products support all the values of parameter **<LTE** band> and <LTE band ext>:

please refer to test command to find the supported range of values.

Note: for 4G only product use fixed unused value 0 for **<GSM** band> and <UMTS band> parameters.



Note: for 4G/3G only product use fixed unused value 0 for **<GSM band>** parameter.

Note: for 4G/2G only product use fixed unused value 0 for **<UMTS** band> parameter.

Note: Supported band for each network provider.

LM960	LTE	WCDMA	GSM
Generic	1,2,3,4,5,7,8,12,13,14,1 7,18,19,20,25,26,28,29, 30,32,38,39,40,41,42,43 ,4648,66,71	1,2,4,5,8,9, 19	Not support
AT&T	2,4,5,12,14,29,30,46,66	2,5	Not support
Verizon	2,4,5,13,48,66	1,2,4,5,8	Not support
Sprint	2,4,5,7,12,13,25,26,41	Not support	Not support

LM960A 18	LTE	WCDMA	GSM
Generic	1,2,3,4,5,7,8,12,13,14,1 7,18,19,20,25,26,28,29, 30,32,38,39,40,41,42,43 ,4648,66,71	1,2,4,5,8,9, 19	Not support
AT&T	2,4,5,7,12,13,14,25,26,2 9,30,41,46,48,66,71	1,2,4,5,8	Not support
Verizon	2,4,5,13,48,66	1,2,4,5,8	Not support
TMUS	2,4,5,7,12,13,14,25,26,2 9,30,41,46,48,66,71	1,2,4,5,8	Not support
Docomo	1,2,3,4,5,7,8,12,13,14,1 7,18,19,20,25,26,28,29, 30,32,38,39,40,41,42,43 ,4648,66,71	1,2,4,5,8,9, 19	Not support

LM960A 9-P	LTE	WCDMA	GSM
CBRS	42,43,48	Not support	Not support

Note: **<LTE band ext>** is only valid for Generic. If **<LTE band ext>** is used on another variant, an ERROR will be returned.



	#BND: <gsm band="">, &lt; UMTS band&gt;,<lte band="">,<lte band="" ext=""></lte></lte></gsm>
	Note: <lte band="" ext=""> is only valid for Generic.</lte>
AT#BND=?	Test command returns the supported range of values of parameters <gsm band="">,&lt; UMTS band&gt;,<lte band=""> and <lte band="" ext="">.</lte></lte></gsm>
	LTE bands shown as maximal bit mask for model in HEX.
	Example:
	<lm960></lm960>
	AT#BND=?
	#BND: (0),(4),(20003000281A),(42)
	ОК
	-> 20003000281A LTE bit mask means all combinations of next bands could be accepted by SET command:
	0 disable 2 B2 8 B4 10 B5 800 B12 2000 B14 10000000 B29 20000000 B30 20000000000 B46  -> 42 LTE EXT bit mask means all combinations of next bands could be accepted by SET command: 0 disable 2 B66 40 B71 <lm960a18></lm960a18>
	AT#BND=?
	#BND: (0),(0-11),(A1003300385A),(42)
	OK
	-> A1003301385A LTE bit mask means all combinations of next bands could be accepted by SET command:
	0 disable 2 B2 8 B4
	10 B5
	40 B7
	800 B12 1000 B13
	2000 B14
	10000 B17



	1000000 B25 2000000 B26 10000000 B29 20000000 B30 100000000000 B41 200000000000 B48  -> 42 LTE EXT bit mask means all combinations of next bands could be accepted by SET command: 0 disable 2 B66 40 B71 <lm960a9-p> AT#BND=? #BND: (0),(0),(86000000000),(0) OK -&gt; 860000000000 LTE bit mask means all combinations of next bands could be accepted by SET command: 20000000000 B42 40000000000 B43 8000000000000 B48</lm960a9-p>
	Note: <lte band="" ext=""> is only valid for Generic.</lte>
Example	<lm960> AT#BND? #BND: 0,18,A7E0BB0F38DF,42 (for Generic) OK</lm960>
	<lm960a18> AT#BND? #BND: 0,18,A7E0BB0F38DF,42 (for Generic) OK</lm960a18>
	<lm960a9-p> AT#BND?  #BND: 0,0,860000000000,0 (for CBRS)  OK</lm960a9-p>

## 5.6.1.17. Enable RX Diversity and set DARP - #RXDIV

## #RXDIV - enable RX Diversity and set DARP



AT#RXDIV=	This command enables/disables the RX Diversity and sets the DARP.		
<div_enable></div_enable>			
[, <darp_mode>]</darp_mode>	Parameters:		
	<pre><div_enable></div_enable></pre>		
	RX Diversity		
	0 – Disable the RX Diversity		
	1 – Enable RX Diversity(default value).		
	<darp_mode></darp_mode>		
	DARP mode		
	0 - DARP not supported (default value)		
	(It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility)		
	1 - DARP phase 1		
	Note: The values set by command are directly stored in NVM.  They are available at next power on.		
	The LM960 family module does NOT support GSM tech, so DARP mode is not support. Case of #RXTOGGLE already set "1", #RXDIV don't set "1" (Error return).		
AT#RXDIV?	Read command reports the currently selected <b><div_enable></div_enable></b> and <b><darp_mode></darp_mode></b> parameters in the format: #RXDIV: <div_enable>,<darp_mode></darp_mode></div_enable>		
AT#RXDIV=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <div_enable> and <darp_mode></darp_mode></div_enable>		

# 5.6.1.18. Swap 3G-RX from main to diversity - #RXTOGGLE

#RXTOGGLE - swap 3G-RX from main to diversity		
AT#RXTOGGLE=	Set command moves the 3G-RX receiver from the main antenna to	
<toggle_enabl< th=""><th>the diversity antenna</th></toggle_enabl<>	the diversity antenna	
e>		
	Parameters:	
	<toggle_enable></toggle_enable>	
	0 – set the RX to the main antenna (default value)	
	1 – set the RX to the diversity antenna	
	Note:	
	Please disable usage of two antennas (AT#RXDIV=0) before swap antennas.	



AT#RXTOGGLE?	2. Case of Diversity receiver path(RD) already set(#RXDIV=1), #RXTOGGLE command don't set "1"(Error return). 3. The values set by command are directly stored in NVM. 4. They are available at next power on.(Qualcomm Limitation.)  Read command reports the currently selected <toggle_enable></toggle_enable>
	in the format:
	#RXTOGGLE: <toggle_enable></toggle_enable>
AT#RXTOGGLE=	Test command reports the supported range of values.
Example:	AT#RXDIV?
	#RXDIV: 1,1
	AT#RXTOGGLE=1 (When RXDIV=1, RXTOGGLE command return ERROR.)
	ERROR
	AT#RXDIV=0 disable the RX Diversity
	OK
	AT#RXTOGGLE=1 set the RX to the diversity antenna
	OK
	AT#REBOOT reboot the module
	OK
	AT+COPS = 0 register to the 3G network
	OK
	AT+CREG =1 enable network registration unsolicited result code
	OK
	AT+CREG? read <mode> and <stat> parameters</stat></mode>
	+CREG: 1,1
	OK

## 5.6.1.19. Enable LTE RX Diversity - #LRXDIV

#LRXDIV - Enable	LTE RX Diversity
AT#LRXDIV= <ldiv_enable></ldiv_enable>	This command enables or disables LTE Rx Diversity and moves the LTE-RX receiver from the main antenna to the diversity antenna.
	Parameters:  < Ldiv_enable >  0 - enables the only RX0 antenna. (Only use Rx0)  1 - enables the ALL LTE RX.(Factory default)  2 - enables the only RX1 antenna. (only use Rx1)  3 - enables the only RX2 antenna. (only use Rx2)  4 - enables the only RX3 antenna. (only use Rx3)



	Note: Rx0 (Main Antenna is PRI0 or PRI1), Rx1 (Diversity Antenna is DIV0 or DIV1) Rx2, Rx3 (LTE band 2,4,25,41,66 support)  Note: The value set by command operate both real time and power cycle.  Note: For switch back all enable rx path, modem should reboot.  Note: This command only have to use for the purpose of test.  Note:    LRXDIV					
	Rx2	Disable	Enable	Disable	Enable	Disable
	Rx3	Disable	Enable	Disable	Disable	Enable
	TX	Enable	Enable	Enable	Enable	Enable
AT#LRXDIV?	#LRXDIV = 0: Use Rx0 for TX and only RX0 enables for RX. #LRXDIV = 1: Use Rx0 for TX and all Rx paths enable for RX. #LRXDIV = 2: Use Rx0 for only TX and only RX1 enables for RX. #LRXDIV = 3: Use Rx0 for only TX and only RX2 enables for RX. #LRXDIV = 4: Use Rx0 for only TX and only RX3 enables for RX.  Note: Antenna of PRI1 and DIV1 using the LTE B7, 30, 32, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 46, 48.  Note: 4 RX support band: LTE B2, 4, 25, 41, 66  Note: Refer to below Example sequence.					
AT#ENADIV:	Read command reports the currently selected < Ldiv_enable > parameters in the format:  #LRXDIV: < Ldiv_enable >					
AT#LRXDIV=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <ldiv_enable>.</ldiv_enable>					
Example	.For real time operation: AT#LRXDIV? #LRXDIV: 1 (RX0, RX1, RX2 and RX3 enable) AT#LRXDIV=0 (RX0 enable only)					



AT#LRXDIV=2 (RX1 enable only)

AT#LRXDIV=3 (RX2 enable only)

AT#LRXDIV=4 (RX3 enable only)

AT#LRXDIV=1 (Set to RX0, RX1, RX2 and RX3 enable)
AT#REBOOT (for RX0, RX1, RX2 and RX3 enable)

.After rebooting, operation

AT#LRXDIV?

#LRXDIV: 1 (RX0, RX1, RX2 and RX3 enable)

#### 5.6.1.20. Configure Fast Power Down - #FASTSHDN

#### **#FASTSHDN – Configure fast power down**

#### AT#FASTSHDN= <mode>[,<pin>[, <trigger>]]

Set command configure fast power down.

Module enters power off autonomously if fast power down is enabled and GPIO event triggered after modem boot done. All configuration values are stored on module and applied on next power cycle.

#### Parameter:

<mode> - enable/disable fast power down.

0 – disable (factory default)

1 - enable on GPIO event

<pin> - GPIO number used for fast power down event monitoring.
Use AT#FASTSHDN=? test command to know available range. This parameter is used when <mode> is 1.

<trigger> - GPIO trigger used for event

0 – activate fast power down when GPIO translates from high to low (factory default)

1 – activate fast power down when GPIO translates from low to high

Note: It has highest priority than other functions when fast power down enabled and GPIO is used as fast power down event monitoring. Customer should not use GPIO for other function.

Note: Recommend do not use **<pin>**=3 because this pin is not wakeup GPIO.



#FASTSHDN - Co	nfigure fast power down
AT#FASTSHDN	Execution command for perform immediately fast power down regardless to the GPIO status or enabled status.
AT#FASTSHDN?	Read command returns the saved value in the format: #FASTSHDN: <mode>,<pin>[,<trigger>]</trigger></pin></mode>
AT#FASTSHDN= ?	Test command returns the range for the parameters <mode>, <pin> and <trigger>.</trigger></pin></mode>
Example	AT#FASTSHDN=1,3 OK
	AT#FASTSHDN? #FASTSHDN: 1,3
	ОК
	AT#FASTSHDN=1,3,1 OK
	AT#FASTSHDN? #FASTSHDN=1,3,1
	ОК
	AT#FASTSHDN OK

# 5.6.1.21. Disable Voice Call - #VCDISABLE

#VCDISABLE - Dis	sable Voice Call
AT#VCDISABLE= <type></type>	Set command set the incoming voice call function disable.
	Parameter:
	<type></type>
	0 – Incoming call allowed.
	1 – Ignore paging. (default)
	2 – Reject the voice call with cause code 88.
	Note) The setting is saved in NVM, will affect after rebooting.
	Note) When set <b><type></type></b> by 1, modem may not be able to distinguish clearly whether paging is for Voice Call at the time of receiving the Paging Message.
AT#VCDISABLE?	Read command read a current value.
	#VCDISABLE: <type></type>



#### **#VCDISABLE - Disable Voice Call**

# AT#VCDISABLE=

Test command reports the supported range.

#### 5.6.1.22. Non-Volatile Memory Item Management - #NVIM

.6.1.22. Non-Volatile Memory Item Management - #NVIM					
#NVIM – Non-Volatile memory Item Management					
AT#NVIM= <item_num>[,[<d ata&gt;]]</d </item_num>	Set command allows to write/read/remove the specific NV item				
ala-jj	Parameter:				
	<item_num></item_num>				
	NV item number				
	If NV item is an array format, NV item number must be passed in the following format : <item_num>_<array_index>.</array_index></item_num>				
	<array_index> count from zero, and zero-array-index can be omitted.</array_index>				
	For example,				
	First array value of 50021 NV item is 50021 or 50021_0				
	Third array value of 50021 NV item is 50021_2				
	<data></data>				
	The hex decimal format data to be written on NVM				
	The nex decimal format data to be written on NVW				
	Note: "AT#NVIM= <item_num>,<data>" writes NV item with <data>.</data></data></item_num>				
	Note: "AT#NVIM= <item_num>" returns the current NV value in the format : #NVIM: <hex decimal="" value="">.</hex></item_num>				
	Note: "AT#NVIM= <item_num>," removes the NV item with the identification <item_num></item_num></item_num>				
	Note: Don't use this command without Telit allowance. NV setting influences the behavior of the modem. It may result in the unexpected behavior.				
AT#NVIM=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.				
Example	// Write NV 50013 AT#NVIM=50013,00000001 OK  // Read NV 50013 AT#NVIM=50013 #NVIM: 00000001				
	OK // Remove NV 50013				
	AT#NVIM=50013,				
	OK				

# #NVIM – Non-Volatile memory Item Management // Read NV 50021 , first array item AT#NVIM=50021 // or 50021\_0 accepted #NVIM: XXXXXX OK // Read NV 50021 , third array item AT#NVIM=50021\_2 #NVIM: XXXXXX OK // Remove NV 50021, third array item AT#NVIM=50021\_2,

#### 5.6.1.23. Enable Test Mode command in not signaling mode - #TESTMODE

#### **#TESTMODE - Enable Test Mode command in not signaling mode**

# AT#TESTMODE= <command>

The command allows setting module in not signaling mode. The functionality has to be first activated by sending **AT#TESTMODE="TM"**, which sets the module in Test Mode. Only

**AT#TESTMODE="TM"**, which sets the module in Test Mode. Only after this set, **AT#TESTMODE** can be used with the other allowed commands. To exit from Test Mode and go back to Operative Mode, the command **AT#TESTMODE ="OM"** has to be sent.

#### Parameter:

OK

#### <command >:

- "TM" ☐ forces the module in Test Mode;
- "OM" ☐ forces the module in Operative Mode
- "TCH" starts the non-stop module transmission.

It enables TX power.

• "ESC" □ exits the current non-stop sequence.

It must be used to stop TX transmission and RX chain disable.

#### 4G commands:

- "SETLTEBAND <LTE Band>"□Sets the LTE band
- "LTXBW"
   □ sets the TX bandwidth (default: 10Mhz).
- "CH < EARFCN UL>"□ sets the EUARFCN.



• Recommend "CH < EARFCN UL>"

LTE Band	EARFCN UL	Recommend
1	18000 ~ 18599	18300
2	18600 ~ 19199	18900
3	19200 ~ 19949	19575
4	19950 ~ 20399	20175
5	20400 ~ 20649	20525
7	20750 ~ 21449	21100
8	21450 ~ 21799	21625
12	23010 ~ 23179	23095
13	23180 ~ 23279	23230
14	23280 ~ 23379	23790
17	23730 ~ 23849	23790
18	23850 ~ 23999	5925
19	24000 ~ 24149	6075
20	24150 ~ 24449	24300
25	26040 ~ 26689	26365
26	26690 ~ 27039	26865
28	27210 ~ 27659	27435
29(Rx only)	9660 ~ 9769	9715
30	27660 ~ 27759	27710
32(Rx only)	9920 ~ 10359	10140
38	37750 ~ 38249	38000
39	38250 ~ 38649	38450
40	38650 ~ 39649	39150
41	39650 ~ 41589	40620
42	41590 ~ 43589	42590



43	43590 ~ 45589	46090
46(Rx only)	46790 ~ 54539	50665
48	55240 ~ 59089	55990
66	131972~132671	132322
71	133122~133471	133297

- "LTXWAVEFORM" \( \text{ sets the WAVEFORM transmission.} \)
- "LPASTATE"  $\square$  sets the PA STATE to high gain state.
- "LPABIASSET" □ sets the PA BIAS.
- Recommend "TXGAIN\_IDX" value -> Refer to Note 14

MODEL	BAND	TXGAIN_IDX	TX Power
	1	39	
	2	39	
	3	39	
	4	39	
	5	39	
	7	51	
	8	38	
LM960 family	12	38	23dBm
	13	39	
	14	44	
	17	37	
	18	39	
	19	39	
	20	40	
	25	39	



#TESTMODE - Ena	able Tes	st Mode co	ommano	l in not signalinຸ	g mode	
			26	38		
			28	40		
			29	NA (Rx only)		
			30	53		
			32	NA (Rx only)		
			38	49		
			39	49		
			40	53		
			41	49		
			42	49		
			43	49		
			46	NA (Rx only)		
			48	50		
			66	39		
			71	41		
	• "	PRXRL4G selected ch	6" □ read nannel> 6" □ read	>Refer to Note16	er level of primary path er level of secondary p	
	• "			O <band>"□ sets &gt;"□ sets the UAF</band>	the WCDMA band RFCN.	
		Band(	3G)	UARFCN UL	recommend	
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1	9612 ~ 9888	9750
2	9262 ~ 9538	9400
4	1312 ~ 1513	1413
5	4132 ~ 4233	4183
8	2712 ~ 2863	2788
9	8762 ~ 8912	8837
19	312 ~ 363	338

- "WTXWAVEFORM" □ sets the WAVEFORM transmission.
- "WPASET" □ sets the PA high gain.
- "WPABIASSET" □ sets the PA BIAS.
- "TXPDM < TXPDM>" □Sets the value for desired TX power strength.
- Recommend "TXPDM" value. ->Refer to Note15.

MODEL	BAND	TXPDM	TX POWER
	1	49	
	2	50	22dPm
LM960 family	4	50	23dBm
	5	46	
	8	48	
	9	50	
	19	46	

- "LNA3G <LNA GAIN STATE>" □ Sets 3G LNA GAIN STATE.
   <LNA GAIN STATE> value have to set 0.
- "RL3G" 

  □ Provide the 3G Rx power level for selected channel.
   -Refer to the Note 16.

#### Note

- Bands support varies depending on the product

Note 1: This command should be checked individually.

Note 2: 3G Support band – WCDMA 1,2,4,5,8,9,19.

Note 3: 4G Support band – LTE 1,2,3,4,5,7,8,12,13,14,17,18

,19,20,25,26,28,29,30,32,38,39,40,41,42,46,48,66,71.

Note 4: In Test Mode, the other AT commands don't use.

Note 5: The Test Mode Status is stored in NVM

Note 6: "TM" command only can set on the Online mode.

Note 7: Must issuing #TESTMODE according to recommended test sequence.

Note 8: In case of "RL3G" command, we only guarantee readable RX -60dBm, because chipset has limitation.

Note 9: In case of "PRXRL4G" and "DRXRL4G" command, we only guarantee readable RX -60dBm, because chipset has limitation.

Note 10: In case of 4G, Signal generator CW(unmodulated)signal must be set

Frequency to "Fc + 500khz".

500khz offset from center frequency should be set to avoid DC(0 Hz)

Note 11: In case of 3G, Signal generator CW(unmodulated)signal must be set

Frequency to "Fc + 200khz".

200khz offset from center frequency should be set to avoid DC(0 Hz)

Note 12: After One band check is finished, must set the "ESC" and "OM"

Command.

Note 13: After #TESTMODE command process finish, modem have to reboot

Note 14 : TXGAIN\_IDX range is around 38~53 for 23dbm and some deviation for each module.

Note 15 : TXPDM range is around 48~51 for 23dbm and some deviation for each module.

Note 16: PRXRL4G, DRXRL4G and RL3G have a difference +/-5dbm based on input RX power.

Note 17: Customer should consider the UL EARFCN settings base on the BW 10Mhz.(Refer to the 3GPP TS 36.508)

Note 18: Antenna of PRI1 and DIV1 using the LTE B7,30,32,38,40,41,42,43,46,48.



#TESTMODE - Ena	able Test Mode command in not signaling mode
	GNSS commands:
	<u>-Noc sammanas.</u>
	"GNSS" □ Start GNSS RF receive path test.
AT# TESTMODE?	Read command reports the currently selected <b><command/></b> in the format:  #TESTMODE: <b><testmodestatus></testmodestatus></b> Where: <b><testmodestatus></testmodestatus></b> can assume the following values:  - 1 if the module is in Test Mode  - 0 if the module is in Operative Mode
Example:	If it is possible, customer had better to use the call box (CMW500).
	<4G>
	1. Recommend 4G TX test sequence is below :
	1. Recommend 40 17 test sequence is below.
	Spectrum analyser setup:
	Frequency=1747.6Mhz
	RBW=1Mhz
	Span=100Mhz
	Manual Attenuation = 30dB
	Ref level Offset = depends on a cable loss
	Use the trigger video to fix the measurement
	Use the peak search marker
	LTE band 3 and set EARFCN = 19575,
	LTXGAIN = 39 and TX max power level about +23dBm.
	- AT#TESTMODE="TM"
	- AT#TESTMODE="SETLTEBAND 3"
	- AT#TESTMODE="LTXBW"
	- AT#TESTMODE="LRXBW"
	- AT#TESTMODE="CH 19575"
	- AT#TESTMODE="TCH"
	- AT#TESTMODE="LTXWAVEFORM"
	- AT#TESTMODE="LPASET"
	- AT#TESTMODE="LPABIASSET" - AT#TESTMODE="LTXGAIN 39"
	- ATHTESTINIODE - LINGAIN 39

- AT#TESTMODE="ESC"
- AT#TESTMODE="OM"
  - AT#REBOOT

#### 2. Recommend 4G RX test sequence is below:

Signal generator setup:

Frequency = 1842.5Mhz+500Khz offset

Level = -60dBm

CW is sent (RF on, MOD off)

Offset = depends on a cable loss

#### LTE band3 and set EARFCN = 19575,

- AT#TESTMODE="TM"
- AT#TESTMODE="SETLTEBAND 3"
- AT#TESTMODE="LTXBW"
- AT#TESTMODE="LRXBW"
- AT#TESTMODE="CH 19575"
- AT#TESTMODE="LNA4G"
- AT#TESTMODE="PRXRL4G" for check primary antenna path.

PRXRL4G: -60 -> Return the 4G RX Level of primary antenna path

- AT#TESTMODE="DRXRL4G" – for check secondary antenna path.

DRXRL4G: -60 -> Return the 4G RX Level of secondary antenna path

- AT#TESTMODE="ESC"
- AT#TESTMODE="OM"
  - AT#REBOOT

#### <3G>

#### 1.Recommend 3G TX test sequence is below:

Spectrum analyser setup:

Frequency=1950Mhz

RBW=1Mhz

Span=100Mhz

Manual Attenuation = 30dB

Ref level Offset = depends on a cable loss

Use the trigger video to fix the measurement
Use the peak search marker

3G band 1 and set UARFCN = 9750, 3G TXPDM = 49 and TX max power level about +23dBm.

- AT#TESTMODE="TM"
- AT#TESTMODE="SETWCDMABAND 1"
- AT#TESTMODE="CH 9750"
- AT#TESTMODE="TCH"
- AT#TESTMODE="WTXWAVEFORM"
- AT#TESTMODE="WPASET"
- AT#TESTMODE="WPABIASSET"
- AT#TESTMODE="TXPDM 49"
- AT#TESTMODE="ESC"
- AT#TESTMODE="OM"
  - AT#REBOOT

#### 2. Recommend 3G RX test sequence is below:

Signal generator setup:

Frequency = 2140Mhz+200Khz offset

Level = -60dBm

CW is sent (RF on, MOD off)

Offset = depends on a cable loss

3G band 1 and set EARFCN = 9750,

- AT#TESTMODE="TM"
- AT#TESTMODE="SETWCDMABAND 1"
- AT#TESTMODE="CH 9750"
- AT#TESTMODE="LNA3G 0"
- AT#TESTMODE="RL3G" for check primary antenna path. RL3G: -60
- AT#TESTMODE="ESC"
- AT#TESTMODE="OM"
  - AT#REBOOT

#### <GNSS>

1.Recommend GNSS test sequence is below:



Check the GNSS Antenna Port type (See AT\$GPSANTPORT)

AT\$GPSANTPORT? \$GPSANTPORT: 3

OK

For dedicated GNSS connector

- AT\$GPSANTPORT=2

For shared Diversity/GNSS connector

- AT\$GPSANTPORT=1

Note: After testing, the default value should be restored.

Use either the dedicated GNSS connector or the shared Diversity/GNSS connector.

To test the GNSS receive path:

CW Signal generator setup:

Frequency=1575.52 MHz (1575.42 MHz + 100KHz offset)

CW Level= -110dBm

Test the signal C/No level at the GNSS receiver:

- AT#TESTMODE="TM"
- AT#TESTMODE="GNSS"
- Repeat AT#TESTMODE="GNSS" five to ten times to ensure the measurements are repeatable and stable.
- AT#TESTMODE="OM"

Note: The response to AT#TESTMODE="GNSS" for a good connection should show C/No within 60dB +/- 5dB and Freq (frequency offset) within 100000 Hz +/- 3150 Hz.

#### 5.6.1.24. Cell Monitor - #MONI

#### **#MONI - Cell Monitor**

# AT#MONI[= [<number>]]

Set command sets one cell out of seven, in a neighbour of the serving cell including it, from which extract GSM/WCDMA/LTE-related information.

Parameter:

<number>

<WCDMA>

0 - it is the active set

1 - it is the candidate set

#### #MONI - Cell Monitor

- 2 it is the synchronized neighbour set
- 3 it is the asynchronized neighbour set
- 4 it is the ranked neighbour set(cells which are not suitable cells to camp on)
- 7 it is a special request to obtain information from the whole set of detected cells in the neighbour list of the serving cell.
- 5...6 it is not available

#### <LTE>

- 0 it is the serving cell
- 1 it is the intra-frequency cells
- 2 it is the inter-frequency cells
- 3 it is the WCDMA neighbour cells
- 4 it is the GSM neighbour cells
- 5...7 it is not available

Note: issuing AT#MONI<CR> indicates the following GSM/WCDMA/LTE-related information for selected cell and dedicated channel(if exists).

- 1. If the last setting done by #MONI is in the range [0..6], the output format is as follows:
- a) When extracting data for the serving cell and the network name is known the format is:

#### (WCDMA)

#MONI: <netmame> PSC:<psc> RSCP:<rscp> LAC:<lac> Id:<id> Eclo:<ecio> UARFCN:<uarfcn> PWR:<dBm>dbm DRX:<drx> SCR:<scr>

#### (LTE)

#MONI: <netmame> RSRP:<rsrp> RSRQ:<rsrq> TAC:<tac> Id:<id> EARFCN:<earfcn> PWR:<dBm>dbm DRX:<drx>

b) When the network name is unknown, the format is:

#### (WCDMA)

#MONI: Cc:<cc> Nc:<nc> PSC:<psc> RSCP:<rscp> LAC:<lac> Id:<id> Eclo:<ecio> UARFCN:<uarfcn> PWR:<dBm>dbm DRX:<drx> SCR:<scr>

(LTE)

#### **#MONI - Cell Monitor**

#MONI: Cc:<cc> Nc:<nc> RSRP:<rsrp> RSRQ:<rsrq> TAC:<tac> Id:<id> EARFCN:<earfcn> PWR:<dBm>dbm DRX:<drx>

c) When extracting data for an adjacent cell, the format is:

#### (WCDMA)

#MONI: PSC:<psc> RSCP:<rscp> Eclo:<ecio> UARFCN:<uarfcn> SCR:<scr>

#### (LTE)

(E-UTRAN intra-frequency and inter-frequency cells)

#MONI: RSRP:<rsrp> RSRQ:<rsrq> Id:<id> EARFCN:<earfcn> PWR:<dBm>dbm

#### where:

<netname> - name of network operator

<cc> - country code

<nc> - network operator code

<lac> - localization area code

<tac> - Tracking Area Code

<id> - cell identifier (hexadecimal character format)

<uarfcn> - UMTS assigned radio channel

<earfcn> - E-UTRAN Assigned Radio Channel

<dBm> - received signal strength in dBm

<psc> - primary synchronisation code

<rscp> - Received Signal Code Power in dBm

<ecio> - chip energy per total wideband power in dBm

<drx> - Discontinuous reception cycle length

<scr> - Scrambling code

<rsrp> - Reference Signal Received Power

<rsrq> - Reference Signal Received Quality

2. If the last setting done by #MONI is 7, the execution command produces a table-like formatted output, as follows:

#### (WCDMA network)

a) First row reports a set of information for the serving cell:

#MONI: <netname> PSC:<psc> RSCP:<rscp> LAC:<lac> Id:<id>Eclo:<ecio> UARFCN:<uarfcn> PWR:<dBm> DRX:<drx> SCR:<scr>

b) the other rows report a set of information for all detected neighbour cells:



#MONI – Cell Moni	tor				
	#MONI: PSC: <psc> RSCP:<rscp> Eclo:<ecio> UARFCN:<uarfcn> SCR:<scr></scr></uarfcn></ecio></rscp></psc>				
	See above for parameters description.				
	When the last setting done is AT#MONI=7, then the Read command indicates the above information for each of the cells in the neighbour of the serving cell, formatting them in a sequence of <cr><lf>-terminated strings.</lf></cr>				
AT#MONI=?	Test command indicates the maximum number of cells, in a neighbour of the serving cell excluding it, from which we can extract GSM/WCDMA/LTE-related information, along with the ordinal number of the current selected cell, in the format:  #MONI: ( <maxcellno>,<cellset>)</cellset></maxcellno>				
	where: <maxcellno> - maximum number of cells, in a neighbour of the serving cell and excluding it, from which we can extract GSM-related information. This value is always 6.  <cellset> - the last setting done with command #MONI.</cellset></maxcellno>				

# 5.6.1.25. Channel Quality Indication - #CQI

#CQI - Channel (	Quality Indication				
AT#CQI	Execution command indicates channel quality indication in the form				
	#CQI: <cqi></cqi>				
	where:				
	In WCDMA				
	0 - 30				
	In LTE				
	0 – 15				
	31 – Unknown or not detectable				
	Note: Values are valid only if the module is registered on a WCDMA network with HSPA or LTE network is established. There will be no CQI if WCDMA or LTE is not established.				
AT#CQI=?	Test command returns the supported range of values of the parameters <cqi>.</cqi>				

#### 5.6.1.26. Read Current Network Status - #RFSTS

#### #RFSTS - Read current network status

#### AT#RFSTS

Execution command reads current network status, in the format:

#### (WCDMA network)

#### #RFSTS:

<PLMN>,<UARFCN>,<PSC>,<Ec/Io>,<RSCP>,<RSSI>,<LAC>,<R AC>,[<TXPWR>],<DRX>,<MM>,<RRC>,<NOM>,<BLER>,<CID>,< IMSI>,<NetNameAsc>,<SD>,<nAST>[,<nUARFCN>,<nPSC>,<nE c/Io>]

Parameter	WCDMA Example	description	
PLMN	"450 05"	Country code and operator cod e(MCC, MNC)	
UARFCN	10737	UMTS Assigned Radio Channel	
PSC	75	Active PSC(Primary Synchroniz ation Code)	
Ec/lo	-7.0	Active Ec/Io(chip energy per tot al wideband power in dBm)	
RSCP	-74	Active RSCP (Received Signal Code Power in dBm)	
RSSI	-67	Received Signal Strength Indic ation	
LAC	2011	Localization Area Code	
RAC	11	Routing Area Code	
TXPWR	1	Tx Power (In traffic only)	
DRX	640	Discontinuous reception cycle L ength(cycle length : display usin g ms)	
MM	19	Mobility Management	
RRC	0	Radio Resource Control	
NOM	1	Network Operator Mode	
BLER	005	Block Error Rate(005 means 0. 5 %)	
CID	2825220	Cell ID(Hexadecimal character format).	

#### #RFSTS - Read current network status

IMSI	"45005020361926 1"	International Mobile Station ID	
NetNameA sc	"SKTelecom"	Operation Name, Quoted string type	
SD	3	Service Domain	
		(0 : No Service, 1 : CS only, 2 : PS only,	
		3 : CS+PS)	
nAST	3	Number of Active Set(Maximum 6)	
nUARFCN		UARFCN of n th active set	
nPSC		PSC of n th active set	
nEc/lo		Ec/lo of n th active Set	

## (LTE Network)

**#RFSTS:** 

<PLMN>,<EARFCN>,<RSRP>,<RSSI>,<RSRQ>,<TAC>,<RAC>,[ <TXPWR>],<DRX>,<MM>,<RRC>,<CID>,<IMSI>,[<NetNameAsc>],<SD>,<ABND>

Parameter	E-UTRAN Example	description	
PLMN	"262 25"	Country code and operator code(MCC, MNC)	
EARFCN	6400	E-UTRAN Assigned Radio Channel	
RSRP	-99	Reference Signal Received Power	
RSSI	-76	Received Signal Strength Indication	
RSRQ	-7	Reference Signal Received Quality	
TAC	40A5	Tracking Area Code	
RAC	255	Routing Area Code	
TXPWR	0	Tx Power (In traffic only)	
DRX	640	Discontinuous reception cycle Length(cycle length : display using ms)	
MM	19	Mobility Management	
RRC	0	Radio Resource Control	
CID	0000007	Cell ID(Hexadecimal character format).	
IMSI	"2620112421 10776"	International Mobile Station ID	
NetNameAs c	" Telekom.de	Operation Name, Quoted string type or "" if network name is unknown	
SD	3	Service Domain (0: No Service, 1: CS only, 2: PS only,	

#### #RFSTS - Read current network status

		3: CS+PS)
ABND	20	Active Band (163) 3GPP TS 36.101

Note: nAST - Number of active set, Maximum is 6.

Note: If nAST value is 1, it means that active set number 1. Module

does not display after parameters of nAST.

Note: TXPWR of GSM network means 1 tx burst

**Note:** MM - Mobility Management States (for debug purpose only)

- 0 NULL
- 3 LOCATION UPDATE INITIATED
- 5 WAIT FOR OUTGOING MM CONNECTION
- 6 CONNECTION ACTIVE
- 7 IMSI DETACH INITIATED
- 8 PROCESS CM SERVICE PROMPT
- 9 WAIT FOR NETWORK COMMAND
- 10 LOCATION UPDATE REJECTED
- 13 WAIT FOR RR CONNECTION LU
- 14 WAIT\_FOR\_RR\_CONNECTION\_MM
- 15 WAIT FOR RR CONNECTION IMSI DETACH
- 17 REESTABLISHMENT INITIATED
- 18 WAIT\_FOR\_RR\_ACTIVE
- 19 IDLE
- 20 WAIT FOR ADDITIONAL OUTGOING MM CONNECTION
- 21 WAIT FOR RR CONNECTION REESTABLISHMENT
- 22 WAIT FOR REESTABLISH DECISION
- 23 LOCATION UPDATING PENDING
- 24 IMSI DETACH PENDING
- 25 CONNECTION\_RELEASE NOT ALLOWED

**Note:** RR- Radio Resource States (for debug purpose only)

- 0 INACTIVE
- 1 GOING ACTIVE
- 2 GOING INACTIVE
- 3 CELL\_SELECTION
- 4 PLMN\_LIST\_SEARCH
- 5 IDLE
- 6 CELL RESELECTION
- 7 CONNECTION PENDING
- 8 CELL REESTABLISH
- 9 DATA TRANSFER
- 10 NO CHANNELS
- 11 CONNECTION RELEASE
- 12 EARLY CAMPED WAIT FOR SI
- 13 W2G INTERRAT HANDOVER PROGRESS
- 14 W2G INTERRAT RESELECTION PROGRESS
- 15 W2G INTERRAT CC ORDER PROGRESS
- 16 G2W INTERRAT RESELECTION PROGRESS
- 17 WAIT FOR EARLY PSCAN



#RFSTS - Read cu	rrent network status
	18 - GRR  19 - G2W_INTERRAT_HANDOVER_PROGRESS 21 - W2G_SERVICE_REDIRECTION_IN_PROGRESS 22 - RESET 29 - FEMTO 30 - X2G_RESEL 31 - X2G_RESEL_ABORTED 32 - X2G_REDIR 33 - G2X_REDIR 34 - X2G_CGI 35 - X2G_CCO_FAILED 36 - X2G_CCO_FAILED 40 - RR_CELL_SELECTED_ACQUIRE_SI 41 - RR_STATE_MAX
	<rrc> - Radio Resource Control state for 3G (for debug purpose only) 0 - IDLE 2 - CELL FACH 3 - CELL DCH 4 - CELL PCH 5 - URA PCH <rrc> - Radio Resource Control state for 4G (for debug purpose only) 0 - IDLE 2 - CELL DCH</rrc></rrc>
AT#RFSTS=?	Test command returns the OK result code.

# 5.6.1.27. Serving Cell Information - #SERVINFO

#SERVINFO – Serving Cell Information		
AT#SERVINFO	Execution command reports information related serving cell, in the format:	
	<wcdma> #SERVINFO: <uarfcn>, <dbm>, <netnameasc>,<netcode>, <psc>,<lac>,<drx>,<sd>,<rscp>, <nom>,<rac></rac></nom></rscp></sd></drx></lac></psc></netcode></netnameasc></dbm></uarfcn></wcdma>	
	<lte></lte>	



# **#SERVINFO – Serving Cell Information** #SERVINFO:<EARFCN>,<dBM>,[<NetNameAsc>],<NetCode>,< CID>,<TAC>,<DRX>,<SD>,<RSRP> where: <NetNameAsc> - operator name, quoted string type <NetCode> - country code and operator code, hexadecimal representation <LAC> - Localization Area Code <RAC> - Routing Area Color Code <UARFCN> - UMTS ARFCN of the serving cell <PSC> - Primary Synchronisation Code <DRX> - Discontinuous reception cycle length <SD> - Service Domain 0 - No Service 1 - CS Only 2 - PS Only 3 - CS & PS <RSCP> - Received Signal Code Power in dBm <EARFCN> - E-UTRAN ARFCN of the serving cell <CID> - Cell Identifier <TAC> - Tracking Area Code <RSRP> - Reference Signal Received Power AT#SERVINFO=? Test command returns the OK result code.

#### 5.6.1.28. Network Timezone - #NITZ

#### **#NITZ - Network Timezone**

#### AT#NITZ=

#### [<val>[,<mode>]]

Set command enables/disables (a) automatic date/time updating, (b) Full Network Name applying and (c) **#NITZ** URC; moreover it permits to change the **#NITZ** URC format.

Date and time information can be sent by the network after GSM registration or after PS attach or after WCDMA/LTE registration.

#### Parameters:

#### <val>

0 - disables (a) automatic data/time updating, (b) Full Network Name applying and (c) **#NITZ** URC; moreover it sets the **#NITZ** URC *'basic'* format (see **<datetime>** below)

1..15 - as a sum of:

# **#NITZ - Network Timezone** 1 - enables automatic date/time updating 2 - enables Full Network Name applying (not supported by LE) 4 - it sets the #NITZ URC 'extended' format (see <datetime> below) 8 - it sets the #NITZ URC 'extended' format with Daylight Saving Time(DST) support (see **<datetime>** below) (factory default is 7) <mode> 0 - disables #NITZ URC (factory default) 1 - enables #NITZ URC; after date and time updating the following unsolicited indication is sent: #NITZ: <datetime> where: <datetime> - string whose format depends on subparameter <val> "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss" - 'basic' format, if <val> is in (0..3) "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss±zz" - 'extended' format, if <val> is in (4..7) "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss±zz,d" - 'extended' format with DST support, if **<val>** is in (8..15) where: yy - year MM - month (in digits) dd - day hh - hour mm - minute ss - second zz - time zone (indicates the difference, expressed in quarter of an hour, between the local time and GMT; two last digits are mandatory, range is -47..+48) **d** – Number of hours added to the local TZ because of Daylight Saving Time (summertime) adjustment: range is 0-2. Note: If the DST information isn't sent by the network, then the <datetime> parameter has the format "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss±zz" AT#NITZ? Read command reports whether (a) automatic date/time updating, (b) Full Network Name applying, (c) #NITZ URC (as well as its format) are currently enabled or not, in the format:

#NITZ: <val>,<mode>



#### **#NITZ - Network Timezone**

AT#NITZ=?

Test command returns supported values of parameters **<val>** and **<mode>**.

#### 5.6.1.29. Tune USB 3.0 PHY

#### **#USB3TUNE - Tune USB 3.0 PHY**

# AT#USB3TUNE=< emp>,<drv>

This command is for tuning USB 3.0 PHY.

Parameters:

<emp>:

Description: Adjusts the Tx output post cursor level.

The value of this parameter should be one of below table.

D	De amula asia (dD)		
Dec	De-emphasis(dB)		
0	0.0		
1	-0.2		
2	-0.4		
3	-0.6		
4	-0.9		
5	-1.1		
6	-1.3		
7	-1.6		
8	-1.8		
9	-2.1		
10	-2.3		
11	-2.6		
12 (default)	-2.9		
13	-3.2		
14	-3.5		
15	-3.8		
16	-4.1		
17	-4.4		

## **#USB3TUNE - Tune USB 3.0 PHY**

18	-4.8
19	-5.1
20	-5.5
21	-5.9
22	-6.3
23	-6.7
24	-7.2
25	-7.7
26	-8.2
27	-8.7
28	-9.3
29	-9.9
30	-10.5
31	-11.3

#### <drv>:

Description: Select Tx drive level.

The value of this parameter should be one of below table.

Dec	Vp-p1 (mV)	% of Vcca
0	218.8	25
1	239.9	27
2	261.1	30
3	282.3	32
4	303.4	35
5	324.6	37
6	345.8	40
7	366.9	42
8	388.1	44



#USB3TUNE - Tune USB 3.0 PHY					
	9	409.3	47		
	10	430.4	49		
	11	451.6	52		
	12	472.8	54		
	13	494.0	56		
	14	515.1	59		
	15	536.3	61		
	16	557.5	64		
	17	578.6	66		
	18	599.8	69		
	19	621.0	71		
	20	642.1	73		
	21	663.3	76		
	22	684.5	78		
	23	705.6	81		
	24	726.8	83		
	25	748.0	85		
	26	769.2	88		
	27	790.3	90		
	28	811.5	93		
	29	832.7	95		
	30	853.8	98		
	31(default)	875.0	100		
	This tune data is going to be applied after target reboot.				
	Note: The setting is maintained for both firmware updates and firmware switches.				
AT#USB3TUNE?	Read command reports the currently selected parameters in the format:				



#USB3TUNE - Tune USB 3.0 PHY	
	#USB3TUNE : <emp>,<drv></drv></emp>
AT#USB3TUNE=?	Reports the supported range of values for parameter(s) <emp> and <drv>.</drv></emp>
	#USB3TUNE: (0-31),(0-31)
Reference	

# 5.6.1.30. LTE Carrier Aggregation Frequencies and Combinations - #LCFC

#LCFC – LTE Carrier Aggregation Frequencies and Combinations	
AT#LCFC	Execution command indicates supported CA frequencies and Combinations of current mode.
	#LCFC: <mode>,<freq>,<combo></combo></freq></mode>
	<mode> - current mode</mode>
	0 – 8
	0: GENERIC
	1: ATT
	2: VZW
	3: EU
	4: SPRINT
	5: TMUS
	6: reserved
	7: reserved
	8: CBRS
	9: LGUplus
	<freq> - Supported frequencies</freq>
	1(2100): Band 1
	2(1900): Band 2
	3(1800): Band 3
	4(1700): Band 4
	5(850): Band 5
	7(2600): Band 7
	8(900): Band 8
	12(700a): Band 12
l	13(700c): Band 13



#LCFC – LTE Carri	ier Aggregation Frequencies and Combinations
	14(700ps): Band 14
	17(700b): Band 17
	18(800): Band 18
	19(800): Band 19
	20(800): Band 20
	25(1900): Band 25
	26(850): Band 26
	28(700): Band 28
	29(700d): Band 29
	30(2300): Band 30
	32(1500): Band 32
	38(TD2600): Band 38
	39(TD1900): Band 39
	40(TD2300): Band 40
	41(TD2500): Band 41
	42(TD3500): Band 42
	43(TD3700): Band 43
	46(TD Unlicensed): Band 46
	48(TD3600): Band 48
	66(1700): Band 66
	71(600): Band 71
	<combo> - Supported combinations</combo>
	Note: Supported CA combination is referred to Appendix 7.1.
	Note: [] means support 4x4 MIMO. For example, 2A-5A-[66A] means support combination Band 2, Band 5 and Band 66 and Band 66 supports 4x4 MIMO.
	Note: UL_ means supported uplink CA combination.
AT#LCFC=?	Test command returns the OK result code.

# 5.6.1.31. LTE Carrier Aggregation enable and disable - #CACTL

#CACTL – LTE Carrier Aggregation enable and disable	
AT#CACTL= <mo de=""></mo>	This command enable / disable the LTE Carrier Aggregation.
	#CACTL: <mode></mode>
	Parameter:
	<mode></mode>



#CACTL - LTE Ca	#CACTL – LTE Carrier Aggregation enable and disable	
	0 – CA disable	
	1 – CA enable (default)	
	Note: The value set by command operate after modem reboot.	
AT#CACTL?	Read command reports the currently selected <b><enable></enable></b> in the format:	
	#CACTL: <mode></mode>	
AT#CACTL=?	Test command reports the supported range of values.	
Example:	.For Carrier Aggregation disable	
	AT#CACTL=0	
	AT#REBOOT	
	.For Carrier Aggregation enable	
	AT#CACTL=1	
	AT#REBOOT	

# 5.6.1.32. Switch USB configuration - #USBSWITCH

0.0.1.02. OWILOIT OOL	5.0.1.52. Switch God Configuration - #GodGovillon	
#USBSWITCH – Switch USB configuration between Super-speed(3.0) and High-speed(2.0) mode		
AT#USBSWITCH= <mode></mode>	Set command switches USB configuration between Super-speed(3.0) and High-speed(2.0) mode.	
	Parameter: <mode></mode>	
	0 - Support USB3.0 mode (default)	
	1 - Support USB2.0 mode	
	Note: Manually reboot is required after changing USB configuration. The setting be maintained for both firmware updates and firmware switches.	
	Note: After "AT#REBOOT" or "AT#SHDN" command is issued, a serial port need to do close in terminal program such as procomm or teraterm because a Yellow Bang error appears once with Windows OS.	
AT#USBSWITCH ?	Read command reports the currently selected <mode> in the format: #USBSWITCH: <mode></mode></mode>	
AT#USBSWITCH =?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <mode></mode>	

# 5.6.1.33. Get firmware status - #GETFW

#GETFW - Get firm	#GETFW – Get firmware status	
AT#GETFW	Execution command return all modem carrier firmware information in the following format  HOST FIRMWARE : <host version=""> SLOT STATUS CARRIER VERSION TMCFG CNV <modem 1="" carrier="" firmware=""> <modem 2="" carrier="" firmware=""> <modem carrier="" firmware="" n="">  MODEM CONFIG : <the m="" maximum="" of="" value=""> SLOT STATUS CARRIER VERSION SIZE <modem 1="" carrier="" configuration=""> <modem 2="" carrier="" configuration=""> <modem carrier="" configuration="" m="">  Note: CNV is optional information. Note: MODEM CONFIG is optional information.</modem></modem></modem></the></modem></modem></modem></host>	
AT#GETFW?	This information field will be shown only if it supported.  Read command returns information of the activated modem carrier firmware  #GETFW: <carrier name="">, <auto_simdet_mode></auto_simdet_mode></carrier>	
	Parameters: <carrier name="">: Actived modem carrier name string <auto_simdet_mode>: Carrier firmware selection mode by SIM  0: Disabled automatic firmware selection mode by SIM  1: Automatic firmware selection mode by SIM  2: One shot automatic firmware selected by SIM  3: One shot automatic firmware selection waiting by SIM</auto_simdet_mode></carrier>	
AT#GETFW=?	Test command returns OK	

# 5.6.1.34. Active firmware - #ACTIVEFW

#ACTIVEFW – Active firmware	
AT#ACTIVEFW= <op_mode>,<opti< th=""><th>Set command active the selected modem carrier firmware at <slot_idx>.</slot_idx></th></opti<></op_mode>	Set command active the selected modem carrier firmware at <slot_idx>.</slot_idx>
on>	If the specified modem carrier firmware selected, it returns OK result. Power-cycle (reboot) action will be performed, automatically. And a new selected modem carrier firmware loaded at boot time.
	Parameter: <op_mode> 0: Active specific modem carrier firmware by SIM 1: Active specific modem carrier firmware by slot index 2: Active specific modem carrier firmware by carrier name 3: Active specific modem carrier firmware by version name</op_mode>



#ACTIVEFW - Acti	#ACTIVEFW – Active firmware	
	<pre><option> If <op_mode> is 0 <option> is decimal number of auto firmware detection mode by SIM 0: one shot: carrier firmware is loaded based on currently inserted SIM 1: automatically at reboot, or in case of hot swap enabled, when new SIM is inserted – switch only occurs if SIM is not matched to the currently running firmware 2: disable automatic mode</option></op_mode></option></pre>	
	If <op_mode> is 1 <option> is decimal number of slot index to active 1: Active modem carrier firmware at slot 1 2: Active modem carrier firmware at slot 2 N: Active modem carrier firmware at slot N</option></op_mode>	
	Where N is the maximum index for the modem firmware  If <b><op_mode></op_mode></b> is 2 <option> is string value of carrier name to active EX&gt; "ATT"</option>	
	If <b><op_mode></op_mode></b> is 3 <option> is string value of version name to active EX&gt; "32.00.010"</option>	
	Note: The SMS/Phonebook user data and SIM dependent information will remain regardless the carrier firmware switch. (SIM dependent information: <number> of +CSVM. etc)  Note: NVM items are applied to the default value corresponding to the carrier after the firmware switch  Note: Firmware switch <op_mode>1-3 operation should be discarded until automatic sim detection mode(#ACTIVEFW=0,2) is disabled.</op_mode></number>	
AT#ACTIVEFW?	Read command returns information of the activated modem carrier firmware	
AT#ACTIVEFW=?	Test command returns OK	

# 5.6.1.35. Extended get firmware status - #GETFWEXT

#GETFWEXT – Extended get firmware status	
AT#GETFWEXT	Execution command return all modem carrier firmware information in the following format
	HOST FIRMWARE : <host version=""> SLOT STATUS CARRIER VERSION TMCFG CNV LOC <modem 1="" carrier="" firmware=""> <modem 2="" carrier="" firmware=""></modem></modem></host>



#GETFWEXT – Exte	#GETFWEXT – Extended get firmware status	
	<modem carrier="" firmware="" n=""></modem>	
	Note: CNV is optional information. Note: MODEM CONFIG is optional information.	
	This information field will be shown only if it supported.	
	Note: LOC is information of loaded firmware index.	
AT#GETFWEXT?	Read command returns information of the activated modem carrier firmware	
	#GETFWEXT: <carrier name="">, <auto_simdet_mode></auto_simdet_mode></carrier>	
	Parameters:	
	<arrier name="">: Activated modem carrier name string <auto_simdet_mode>: Carrier firmware selection mode by SIM 0: Disabled automatic firmware selection mode by SIM 1: Automatic firmware selection mode by SIM 2: One shot automatic firmware selected by SIM 3: One shot automatic firmware selection waiting by SIM</auto_simdet_mode></arrier>	
AT#GETFWEXT=?	Test command returns OK	

# 5.6.1.36. Extended active firmware - #ACTIVEFWEXT

# **#ACTIVEFWEXT – Extended active firmware**

# AT#ACTIVEF WEXT= <op\_mode>,< option>

Set command active the selected modem carrier firmware at extended carrier list(**#GETFWEXT**).

If the specified modem carrier firmware selected, it returns OK result. Power-cycle (reboot) action will be performed, automatically. And a new selected modem carrier firmware loaded at boot time.

#### Parameter:

# <op\_mode>

- 0: Active specific modem carrier firmware by SIM
- 1: Active specific modem carrier firmware by slot index
- 2: Active specific modem carrier firmware by carrier name
- 3: Active specific modem carrier firmware by version name

# <option>

# If <op\_mode> is 0

<option> is decimal number of auto firmware detection mode by SIM 0: one shot: carrier firmware is loaded based on currently inserted SIM 1: automatically at reboot, or in case of hot swap enabled, when new SIM is inserted – switch only occurs if SIM is not matched to the currently running firmware

2: disable automatic mode

# If <op\_mode> is 1

<option> is decimal number of slot index to active

- 1: Active modem carrier firmware at slot 1
- 2: Active modem carrier firmware at slot 2



#ACTIVEFWEXT – Extended active firmware	
	 N: Active modem carrier firmware at slot N
	Where N is the maximum index for the modem firmware
	If <b><op_mode></op_mode></b> is 2 <option> is string value of carrier name to active EX&gt; "ATT"</option>
	If <b><op_mode></op_mode></b> is 3 <option> is string value of version name to active EX&gt; "32.00.010"</option>
	Note: The SMS/Phonebook user data and SIM dependent information will remain regardless the carrier firmware switch. (SIM dependent information: <number> of +CSVM. etc) Note: NVM items are applied to the default value corresponding to the</number>
	carrier after the firmware switch  Note: Firmware switch <op_mode>1-3 operation should be discarded until automatic sim detection mode(#ACTIVEFW=0,2) is disabled.</op_mode>
AT#ACTIVEF WEXT?	Read command returns information of the activated modem carrier firmware
AT#ACTIVEF WFWEXT=?	Test command returns OK

# 5.6.1.37. Clear firmware - #CLEARFW

5.6.1.37. Clear firmware - #CLEARFW		
#CLEARFW - Clea	#CLEARFW – Clear firmware	
AT#CLEARFW=< op_mode>[, <opti on&gt;]</opti 	Execution command clear modem carrier firmware from LM960 family module	
J 1	Parameter:	
	<op_mode></op_mode>	
	0: clear all modem carrier firmware	
	1: clear specific modem carrier firmware by slot index	
	2: clear specific modem carrier firmware by carrier name	
	3: clear specific modem carrier firmware by version name	
	<pre><option> If <op_mode> is 0 There are no option field for <op_mode> 0</op_mode></op_mode></option></pre>	
	If <b><op_mode></op_mode></b> is 1 <option> is decimal number of slot index to clear 2: clear modem carrier firmware at slot 2</option>	
	 N: clear modem carrier firmware at slot N	
	Note: Where N is the maximum index for the modem firmware	



# #CLEARFW – Clear firmware If <op\_mode> is 2 <option> is string value of carrier name to clear EX> "ATT" If <op\_mode> is 3 <option> is string value of version name to clear EX> "32.00.010" Note: Slot 1 is fixed for "Generic" carrier image and cannot be erased by this command. Note: the slot id is defined in #GETFW execution command. Test command returns OK

# 5.6.1.38. Active firmware and display firmware - #FIRMWARE

#FIRMWARE-Firm	#FIRMWARE-Firmware	
AT#FIRMWARE[= <mfw_idx>]</mfw_idx>	Set command load the selected modem carrier firmware.  If the specified modem carrier firmware selected, it returns OK	
	result. Power-cycle (reboot) action will be performed, automatically. And a new selected modem carrier firmware loaded at boot time.	
	Parameter:	
	<mfw_idx></mfw_idx>	
	1: modem carrier firmware 1	
	2: modem carrier firmware 2	
	N: modem carrier firmware N	
	Where N is the maximum index for the modem firmware	
AT#FIRMWARE	Execution command return all firmware information in the following format	
	HOST FIRMWARE : <host version=""></host>	
	MODEM FIRMWARE: <the maximum="" n="" of="" value=""></the>	
	INDEX STATUS CARRIER VERSION TMCFG CNV LOC	
	<modem 1="" carrier="" firmware=""></modem>	
	<modem 2="" carrier="" firmware=""></modem>	
	<modem carrier="" firmware="" n=""></modem>	



#FIRMWARE-Firmware					
	MODEM	CONFIG	: <the maxi<="" th=""><th>imum value o</th><th>f M&gt;</th></the>	imum value o	f M>
	INDEX	STATUS	CARRIER	VERSION	SIZE
	<modem< th=""><th>carrier conf</th><th>iguration 1 &gt;</th><th></th><th></th></modem<>	carrier conf	iguration 1 >		
	<modem< th=""><th>carrier conf</th><th>iguration 2 &gt;</th><th></th><th></th></modem<>	carrier conf	iguration 2 >		
	<modem< th=""><th>carrier conf</th><th>iguration M &gt;</th><th></th><th></th></modem<>	carrier conf	iguration M >		
	Note: CN	IV is optiona	l information.		
	Note: MC	DEM CONF	FIG is optiona	ıl information.	
	Th	is informatio	n field will be	shown only it	f it supported.
	Note: #FI section 5		nas been repla	aced by AT#A	ACTIVEFW (refer to
AT#FIRMWARE?	Read cor	nmand retui	ns the activat	ted modem fir	rmware index
	#FIRMW	ARE: <mfw_< th=""><th>_idx&gt;</th><th></th><th></th></mfw_<>	_idx>		
AT#FIRMWARE=	Test com	mand return	ns the list of s	upported carr	ier firmware index.
?	#FIRMW	ARE: (1-N)			

# 5.6.1.39. Firmware PLMN ID list - #FWPLS

#FWPLS -firmware PLMN ID SELECTION		
AT#FWPLS= <mode>,<car rier_index&gt;[,</car </mode>	Execution command read/write/remove user PLMN IDs for the purpose of use automatic firmware switch by SIM.	
<mccmnc>]</mccmnc>	Parameters:	
	<mode>: Access mode for PLMN ID data in EFS 0: Read 1: Write 2: Delete</mode>	
	<carrier_index> carrier index of EFS memory  If <mode> is 0  0: Read all  If <mode> is 1  0: Not use  If <mode> is 2</mode></mode></mode></carrier_index>	
	0: Delete all 1: Sprint 2: Verizon 3: AT&T 4: FirstNet 5: TMUS	



#FWPLS -firmware PLMN ID SELECTION		
	6: Telstra 7: Docomo	
	<mccmnc> integer  If <mode> is 0,  Do not use this parameter.</mode></mccmnc>	
	If <b><mode></mode></b> is 1, The <b><mccmnc></mccmnc></b> is mandatory field.	
	If <mode> is 2,  If the <mccmnc> is set, the item is deleted in selected carrier list.</mccmnc></mode>	
	If the <b><mccmnc></mccmnc></b> is unset, the selected carrier list is deleted all items.	
	Read response format : #FWPLS: <index>, <carrier_name> #FWPLS: <mccmnc_1>,<access_condition></access_condition></mccmnc_1></carrier_name></index>	
	#FWPLS: <mccmnc_2>,<access_condition></access_condition></mccmnc_2>	
	Whare <access_condition> 0 : Read only (pre-defined MCC/MNC) 1 : Read/Write (user defined MCC/MNC)</access_condition>	
	Note: If the <auto_simdet_mode> is enabled status, the PLMN ID list is used to compare with MCC/MNC of IMSI on SIM. If the MCC/MNC is matched with SIM ID, the firmware will be switched to the carrier of SIM automatically.</auto_simdet_mode>	
AT#FWPLS?	Read command returns information of the loaded modem carrier firmware	
	#FWPLS: <index_1>, <carrier_name><index_n>, <carrier_name></carrier_name></index_n></carrier_name></index_1>	
	Parameters:	
	<pre><index>: Carrier firmware index in EFS <carrier name="">: Active modem carrier name string</carrier></index></pre>	
AT#FWPLS=	Test command returns OK	
f	#FWPLS: (mi_mode-max_mode),(min carrier_index-max carrier index)	

#### **#CAINFO - Show LTE CA Information**

#### AT#CAINFO?

This command indicates the LTE carrier aggregation information of PCC and SCC.

#### <On 2CA>

#### #CAINFO:

<band\_class>,<rx\_channel>,<dl\_bw>,<pci>,<rsrp>,<rssi>,<rsrq>,<s
inr>,<tac>,<tx\_power>,<uplink\_modulation>,<downlink\_modulation
>,<band\_class>,<rx\_channel>,<dl\_bw>,<pci>,<rsrp>,<rssi>,<rsrq>,
<sinr>,<state>,<uplink modulation>,<downlink modulation>

#### <On 3CA>

#### #CAINFO:

<band\_class>,<rx\_channel>,<dl\_bw>,<pci>,<rsrp>,<rssi>,<rsrq>,<s
inr>,<tac>,<tx\_power>,<uplink\_modulation>,<downlink\_modulation
>,<band\_class>,<rx\_channel>,<dl\_bw>,<pci>,<rsrp>,<rssi>,<rsrq>,
<sinr>,<state>,<uplink\_modulation>,<downlink\_modulation>,<band
\_class>,<rx\_channel>,<dl\_bw>,<pci>,<rsrp>,<rssi>,<rsrq>,<state>,<uplink\_modulation>,<downlink\_modulation>,<</pre>

# <On 4CA>

#### #CAINFO:

#### <On 5CA>

### #CAINFO:

<band\_class>,<rx\_channel>,<dl\_bw>,<pci>,<rsrp>,<rssi>,<rsrq>,<s
inr>,<tac>,<tx\_power>,<uplink\_modulation>,<downlink\_modulation
>,<band\_class>,<rx\_channel>,<dl\_bw>,<pci>,<rsrp>,<rssi>,<rsrq>,
<sinr>,<state>,<uplink\_modulation>,<downlink\_modulation>,<band\_class>,<rx\_channel>,<dl\_bw>,<pci>,<rsrp>,<rssi>,<rsrq>,<sinr>,<
state>,<uplink\_modulation>,<downlink\_modulation>,<band\_class>,</rx\_channel>,<dl\_bw>,<pci>,<rsrp>,<rssi>,<rsrq>,<sinr>,<state>,<uplink\_modulation>,<downlink\_modulation>,<state>,<
uplink\_modulation>,<downlink\_modulation>,<band\_class>,<rr\_channel>,<dl\_bw>,<pci>,<rsrp>,<rsrq>,<sinr>,<state>,<uplink\_modulation>,<downlink\_modulation>,<state>,<uplink\_modulation>,<downlink\_modulation>,<state>,<uplink\_modulation>,<downlink\_modulation>,

#### Parameters:



# **#CAINFO – Show LTE CA Information**

<band\_class>: LTE band class.

(band number – band class)

BAND 1 - 120

BAND 2-121

BAND 3 - 122

BAND 4 - 123

BAND 5 - 124

BAND 6 - 125

BAND 7 - 126

BAND 8 - 127

BAND 9 - 128

BAND 10 - 129

BAND 11 - 130

BAND 12 - 131

BAND 13 - 132

BAND 14 - 133

BAND 17 – 134

BAND 33 – 135

BAND 34 - 136

BAND 35 - 137

BAND 36 - 138

BAND 37 – 139

BAND 38 – 140

BAND 39 – 141

BAND 40 – 142

BAND 18 – 143

BAND 19 - 144

BAND 20 - 145

BAND 21 - 146

BAND 24 - 147

BAND 25 - 148

BAND 41 - 149

BAND 42 - 150

BAND 43 - 151

BAND 23 - 152

BAND 26 - 153

BAND 32 - 154

BAND 125 - 155



#### **#CAINFO – Show LTE CA Information**

BAND 126 - 156

BAND 127 - 157

BAND 28 - 158

BAND 29 - 159

BAND 30 - 160

BAND 66 - 161

BAND 250 - 162

BAND 46 - 163

BAND 71 - 166

BAND 47 - 167

BAND 48 - 168

<rx\_channel>: E-UTRA absolute radio frequency channel number of the serving cell.

Range: 0 to 68935.

<dl bw>: Bandwidth. Values:

0 – 1.4 MHz bandwidth

1 – 3 MHz bandwidth

2 – 5 MHz bandwidth

3 – 10 MHz bandwidth

4 – 15 MHz bandwidth

5 – 20 MHz bandwidth

<pci>: Physical Cell Id.

Range: 0 to 503.

<rsrp>: Current RSRP.

Range: -44 to -140 dbm

<rssi>: Current RSSI.

Range: 0 to -120 dbm

<rsrq>: Current RSRQ.

Range: -3 to -20 dbm

<sinr>: Measured SINR. This value is mapped to dB.

Range: 0 to 250

# **#CAINFO - Show LTE CA Information**

0 = -20dB

1 = -19.8 dB

. . .

249 = 29.8 dB

250 = 30dB

<tac>: Tracking area code information for LTE.

<tx\_power>: Current uplink TX power. The tx\_power value is only meaningful when the device is in traffic. When there is no traffic, tx\_power is "0".

Range: -50 to 33

<state>: Current SCC state.

0 - INIT

1 - CONFIGURED

2 – ACTIVE

<uplink modulation>

0 - BPSK

1 – QPSK

2 - 16QAM

3 - 64QAM

4 - 256QAM

5 - UNKOWN

<downlink modulation>

0 - BPSK

1 – QPSK

2 - 16QAM

3 - 64QAM

4 - 256QAM

5 – UNKOWN

**Note**: The first block from <band\_class> to <downlink\_modulation> is PCC information. The next information block which are from <band\_class> to <downlink\_modulation> is information of SCC. Additional SCC information could add in the rear of first SCC. If the LTE information of SCC is not valid, it always returns 0. If it acquires the UMTS or GSM technology, this command will display "**ERROR**".



#CAINFO – Show LTE CA Information		
	Note: The LM960 family can support 5CA.	
AT#CAINFO=?	Test command returns OK	

# 5.6.1.41. LTE Antenna Ports Signals - #LAPS

##ADO LTEA ( D ( O) L			
#LAPS – LTE Antenna Ports Signals			
AT#LAPS	Execution command indicates RSRP and RSRQ signals in LTE separated antenna ports.		
	#LAPS: <rsrp_0>,<rsrq_0>,<rsrp_1>,<rsrq_1>[,<rsrp_2>,<rsrq_2>,<rsrp _3&gt;,<rsrq_3>]</rsrq_3></rsrp </rsrq_2></rsrp_2></rsrq_1></rsrp_1></rsrq_0></rsrp_0>		
	Where:		
	<pre><rsrp_0> Reference Signal Received Power of antenna port 0</rsrp_0></pre>		
	<pre><rsrq_0> Reference Signal Received Quality of antenna port 0</rsrq_0></pre>		
	<pre><rsrp_1> Reference Signal Received Power of antenna port 1</rsrp_1></pre>		
	<pre><rsrq_1> Reference Signal Received Quality of antenna port 1</rsrq_1></pre>		
	<pre><rsrp_2> Reference Signal Received Power of antenna port 2</rsrp_2></pre>		
	<rsrq_2> Reference Signal Received Quality of antenna port 2</rsrq_2>		
	<pre><rsrp_3> Reference Signal Received Power of antenna port 3</rsrp_3></pre>		
	<pre><rsrq_3> Reference Signal Received Quality of antenna port 3</rsrq_3></pre>		
	<b>Note</b> : Current reference signal receive power in dBm.(-44 – -140)		
	<b>Note</b> : Current reference signal receive quality in dBm.( -3 – -20)		
AT#LAPS?	Read command operates as execution command. <b>Note</b> : This command type need for backward compatibility.		
AT#LAPS=?	Test command returns OK		

# 5.6.1.42. ICMP Ping Support - #ICMP

#ICMP - ICMP Ping Support			
AT#ICMP= <mode></mode>	Set command enables/disables the ICMP Ping support.		
	Parameter:		
	<mode></mode>		
	0 - disable ICMP Ping support (default)		
	1 - enable firewalled ICMP Ping support (Not available)		
	2 - enable free ICMP Ping support; the module is sending a proper ECHO_REPLY to every IP Address pinging it.		



#ICMP - ICMP Ping Support		
AT#ICMP?	Read command returns whether the ICMP Ping support is currently enabled or not, in the format: #ICMP: <mode></mode>	
AT#ICMP=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for the <pre><mode> parameter.</mode></pre>	

# 5.6.1.43. Host ODIS parameters management - #HOSTODIS

5.0.1.45. 1105t ODIS parameters management - #110510DIS			
#HOSTODIS – Host Odis parameters management			
AT#HOSTODIS=< Param>, <action> [,<value>[,<insta< th=""><th>The set command is intended to allow the end-user to handle the Host Odis parameters for AT&amp;T LwM2M client.</th></insta<></value></action>	The set command is intended to allow the end-user to handle the Host Odis parameters for AT&T LwM2M client.		
nce>]]	Parameters:		
	<param/> - this parameter should be used to select the parameter to work on:		
	0 is for the Host Manufacturer;		
	1 is for the Host Model;		
	2 is for the Host Software application version;		
	3 is for the Host Device Unique ID.		
	<a href="#"><action> - this parameter should be used to select the action to be performed on the chosen parameter:</action></a>		
	0 is to perform a "set";		
	1 is to perform a "get"		
	2 is to perform a "reset";		
	< <b>Value&gt; -</b> only valid in case of <b><action></action></b> set to 0, it should contain a string with the proper value.		
	<instance> - instance of host details settings:</instance>		
	0 – instance '0' (default)		
	1 - instance '1'		
	Note: Host Manufacturer, Host Model and Host Software application version do not change after an OTA firmware upgrade.		
	Note: "GET" operation not allowed on Host Device Unique ID.		



#HOSTODIS - Ho	ost Odis parameters management
AT#HOSTODIS =?	Test command returns the supported range of <param/> , <action>, <value> and <instance> parameters.</instance></value></action>
Example	//get the currently set values (i.e.: host Model) AT#HOSTODIS=1,1 #HOSTODIS:"HMOD1"
	ОК
	//set a new Host Model value AT#HOSTODIS=1,0,"Model #4 - 2nd version"
	ОК
	//read the currently set value AT#HOSTODIS=1,1
	#HOSTODIS: 0,"Model #4 - 2nd version" OK
	//reset the Model value AT#HOSTODIS=1,2
	ОК
	//read again the currently set value AT#HOSTODIS=1,1 #HOSTODIS:"HMOD1"
	ОК
	//test command AT#HOSTODIS=?
	#HOSTODIS: (0-3),(0-2),64,(0,1)
	ОК

# 5.6.1.44. Thermal Mitigation Level - #TMLVL

#TMLVL - Therma	I Mitigation Level	
AT#TMLVL= <devi ce_id&gt;</devi 	Set command reports a current thermal mitigation level of specific <device_id>.</device_id>	
	Parameters:	
	<device_id> - which device to get mitigation level</device_id>	
	1 – TSENS2	
	2 – PA_THERM	
	The report message is in the format:	
	#TMLVL: <level></level>	
	Where:	
	<level> - thermal mitigation level</level>	
	0 – normal 1 – level1	
	2 – level2	
	3 – level3	
	Note: level2 is shown only with PA_THERM device.	
AT#TMLVL?	Read command reports a current thermal mitigation level of all devices in the format:	
	#TMLVL: TSENS2, <level></level>	
	#TMLVL: PA_THERM, <level></level>	
AT#TMLVL=?	Test command returns the supported range of values for parameter <device_id>.</device_id>	
Example	AT#TMLVL?	
	#TMLVL: TSENS2,1	
	#TMLVL: PA_THERM,1	
	ОК	
	AT#TMLVL=2	
	#TMLVL: 1	
	OK	

# 5.6.1.45. Shutdown Indication - #SHDNIND

#SHDNIND – Shutdown Indication		
AT#SHDNIND= <e nable="">[,<gpio>]</gpio></e>	Set command enable/disables shutdown GPIO indicator. Shutdown GPIO indicator acts as a notification to host when the modem is finished a shutdown process and power removal is possible. Configuration is saved on the modem and will be applied after next power cycling.	
	Parameters:	
	<enable> - enable/disable shutdown GPIO indicator</enable>	
	0 – disable	
	1 – enable indicator when shut down (refer to #SHDN)	
	2 – enable indicator when fast shutdown (refer to #FASTSHDN)	
	3 – enable indicator when shut down and fast shutdown	
	<pre><gpio> - GPIO number will be used for indicator. Use AT#SHDNIND=? test command to know available range.</gpio></pre>	
	Note: don't need to set <b><gpio></gpio></b> when disable indicator using <b><enable></enable></b> =0.	
	Note: the stored configuration is maintained even when firmware update or switching.	
AT#SHDNIND?	Read command reports a current configuration in the format:	
	#SHDNIND: <enable>,<gpio></gpio></enable>	
	Note: <b><gpio></gpio></b> shown as '0' when shutdown indicator is disabled.	
AT#SHDNIND=?	Test command returns the supported range of values for parameter <b><enable></enable></b> and <b><gpio></gpio></b> .	
Example	AT#SHDNIND=3,3	
	ОК	
	A THOUDNING	
	AT#SHDNIND?	
	#SHDNIND: 3,3	
	ОК	

# 5.6.1.46. LTE category Setting - #LTECAT

#LTECAT – LTE category Setting	
AT#LTECAT=	Set command sets the specific LTE category

#LTECAT – LTE category Setting		
<category></category>		
	Parameters:	
	<category> - LTE category.</category>	
	6 – LTE Category 6	
	9 – LTE Category 9(factory default for LM960A9-P)	
	12 – LTE Category 12(factory default for LM960/LM960A18)	
	Note: <category> is saved in NVM.</category>	
	Note: The Category parameter means max supported UE Category.	
	LM960/LM960A18 supports UE CAT12 which is MAX CAT18 DL+ MAX CAT13 UL.	
	LM960A9-P supports UE CAT9 which is MAX CAT9 DL + MAX CAT5 UL.	
AT#LTECAT?	Read command returns the LTECAT current setting, in the format:	
	#LTECAT: <category></category>	
AT#LTECAT=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <b><category></category></b> .	

5.6.1.47. WWLAN\_LED GPIO Setting - #WWANLED

#WWANLED – WWLAN_LED GPIO Setting		
AT#WWANLED= <mode>,<status> [,<on_duration></on_duration></status></mode>	Set command sets the behaviour of the WWLAN_LED GPIO	
[, <off_duration>]]</off_duration>	Parameters:	
	<mode> - modem status desired WWLAN LED blink.</mode>	
	0 – Low power mode	
	1 – Offline	
	2 – No service	
	3 – In Service, Roaming	
	4 – Data Active	
	<status> - On/Off WWLAN LED blink pattern for selected <mode> 0 – Off</mode></status>	
	1 – On	
	<pre><on_duration> - duration of period in which WWLAN_LED signal is tied to Low for selected <mode>     0100 - in tenth of seconds</mode></on_duration></pre>	



#WWANLED - WW	/LAN_LED GPIO Settir	ng	
	<pre><off_duration> - duration of period in which WWLAN_LED signal is tied to High for selected <mode></mode></off_duration></pre>		
	0100 - in tenth of seconds		
	<b>Note</b> : The value of <b>0</b> means "deactivate" in the <b><on_duration></on_duration></b> and <b><off_duration></off_duration></b> . Therefore, the value 0 can be used for this LED always on/off.		
	Note: The following table shows factory default setting		
	Low Power Mode	OFF - Dark	
	Offline	OFF - Dark	
	No Service	OFF - Dark	
	In Service	OFF - Dark	
	Data Active	OFF - Dark	
	Roaming: Blinking ON	N 5s, OFF 200ms.	
	<b>Note</b> : The blink pattern of roaming is fixed and it cannot be modified. However, the roaming status also set to disabled as a factory default setting and it will be activated when "In Service" mode's status is on.		
	Note: Current consum scenario.	ption could increase depends on LED	
AT#WWANLED?	Read command return the format:	ns the WWLAN_LED GPIO current setting, in	
	[#WWANLED: <mode n1=""></mode>	1>, <status1>,<on_duration1>,<off_duratio< th=""></off_duratio<></on_duration1></status1>	
	[ <cr><lf>#WWANL <mode2>,<status2>,</status2></mode2></lf></cr>	ED: <on_duration2>,<off_duration2> […]]]</off_duration2></on_duration2>	
AT#WWANLED=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <mode>,&lt; status&gt;,<on_duration> and <off_duration>.</off_duration></on_duration></mode>		
Example	AT#WWANLED=0,0,0,0		
	OK : Set Always Off the Ll	ED when Low Power Mode	
	AT#WWANLED=2,1,1	1,0	
	_	ED when No Service Mode	
	AT#WWANLED=3,1,1	10,10	
		when In Service Mode	

# 5.6.1.48. Fast Dormancy - #FDOR

# **#FDOR- Fast dormancy**

#### AT#FDOR=

<mode>[,<FDDela yTimer>[,<SCRITi mer>]] This command triggers fast dormancy; if all conditions are passed successfully, SCRI will be sent towards the network. SCRI will be sent as a one shot or according to the specified delay timer expiry, depending on the mode selected.

The Fast Dormancy feature is WCDMA only feature and not present in LTE. Therefore, it can be set in WCMDA online mode.

#### Parameter:

#### <mode>

- 1 indicate application driven (1 shot) Fast Dormancy to modem
- 2 switch ON autonomous Fast Dormancy (AFD) default value
- 3 switch OFF autonomous Fast Dormancy (AFD)

<FDDelayTimer> (maximum timer) will be started when the network re-establishes the radio bearer due to some incoming data. After this timer expiry, Data activity will be checked. If there is data activity within this time period, no action will be taken. If there is no data activity, the signalling connection release request will be sent to network.

1..60 - integer value in seconds

#### <SCRITimer>

- 0 used a T323 Timer value in SIB1
- 1..120 integer value in seconds

Note: the setting is saved in NVM.

Note: When <mode> is 2, <FDDelayTimer> timer value becomes effective and monitor user plane data at the moment of expiry. Default timer value is 6 sec.

Note: The default value for <SCRITimer> is 5 seconds for user-defined timer. If the network supports the T323 timer in SIB1, the network-defined time is used for T323 timer when <SCRITimer> is set 0. Otherwise, user-defined time replaces the network-defined time.

Note: the reject cause from lower layers is reported by the unsolicited indication

#FDOR: <cause>



#FDOR- Fast dormancy	
	where
	<cause> 6 - Reject when Network deactivated FD, by not sending timer T323 in SIB1. Note: be updated later.</cause>
	Note: The setting is maintained for both firmware updates and firmware switches.
AT#FDOR?	Read command returns "OK" string along with last accepted mode and timer values, in the format:
	#FDOR: <mode>,&lt; FDDelayTimer &gt;,&lt; SCRITimer&gt;</mode>
AT#FDOR=?	Test command reports the supported range of values.

5.6.1.49. Set APN param change - #SINGLEAPNSWITCH

#SINGLEAPNSWITCH – Set APN param change	
AT#SINGLEAPNS WITCH= <mode></mode>	This command sets APN param change; If an APN network identifier or APN-related parameter is updated after a PDN connection using the APN has been established, the device shall release the PDN connection and then immediately re-establish the PDN connection.
	Parameter:
	<mode></mode>
	0 – Disable
	1 – Enable (default)
	Note: Value set by command is directly stored in NVM and available at next reboot.
AT#SINGLEAPNS WITCH?	Read command reports current configuration:
	# SINGLEAPNSWITCH: <mode></mode>
AT#SINGLEAPNS WITCH=?	Test command reports the supported range of values. #SINGLEAPNSWITCH: (0,1)

5.6.1.50. Set 4RX disable - #4RXDIS

#4RXDIS – Set 4RX disable	
AT#4RXDIS= <mo< th=""><th>This command enable or disable for 4RX.</th></mo<>	This command enable or disable for 4RX.
	#4RXDIS: <mode></mode>



#4RXDIS – Set 4RX disable	
	Parameter:
	<mode></mode>
	0 – 4RX enable(default)
	1 – 4RX disable
	Note: The value set by command operate after power cycle.  Note: 4RX supported band is 2,4,25,41,66.
AT#4RXDIS?	Read command reports the currently selected <b><mode></mode></b> in the format:
	#4RXDIS: <mode></mode>
AT#4RXDIS=?	Test command reports the supported range of values.
Reference	.AT#4RXDIS?
	#4RXDIS: 0
	Modem support 4RX.
	#4RXDIS: 1
	Modem don't support 4RX, only support 2RX.

# 5.6.1.51. Get System Up Time - #UPTIME

#UPTIME - Get System Up Time	
AT#UPTIME= <format></format>	This command returns elapsed time from system up according to format setting.
	#UPTIME: <format></format>
	Parameter:
	<format></format>
	0 – sec unit
	1 – time unit
AT# UPTIME =?	Test command reports the supported range of values.

# 5.6.1.52. Preserve APN Profile during firmware upgrade - #PERSISTAPN

#PERSISTAPN- APN Persistence	
AT#PERSISTAPN= <mode></mode>	This command determines whether to retain the APN profile. When a firmware download event occurs, the APN profile is backed up. If the backup APN profile exists when you download the firmware, restore the APN profile.
	Parameter: <mode></mode>



#PERSISTAPN- APN Persistence	
	0 – initialized with the APN profile specified by the network operator – default value
	1 – backup and restore the current APN profile.
	Note: When this feature is set to enable, the set value is retained even if the changed firmware is changed.
	Note: It applies not only to downloading the firmware but also when changing the active carrier with the AT#FIRMWARE command.
AT#PERSISTAPN?	Read command returns "OK" string along with last accepted mode in the format:
	#PERSISTAPN: <mode></mode>
AT#PERSISTAPN =?	Test command reports the supported range of values.

# 5.6.1.53. Enable/disable the CLAT interface - #CLATENA

#CLATENA - Enable/disable the CLAT interface		
AT#CLATENA= <cid>,<enable></enable></cid>	This command is used to enable/disable the Modem CLAT(Customer-side Address Translator) functionality to support communication to IPv4 servers on IPv6 only cellular networks.	
	Parameter:	
	<cid> - (PDP Context Identifier) numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition.</cid>	
	1 <i>max</i> - where the value of <i>max</i> is returned by the Test command	
	<enable></enable>	
	0 – disable CLAT interface (default)	
	1 – enable CLAT interface	
AT#CLATENA?	Read command returns the current settings for each defined context in the format:	
	#CLATENA: <cid>,<enable></enable></cid>	
AT#CLATENA=?	Test command returns values supported as a compound value.	
Example	AT#CLATENA=1,1	
	ОК	
		_



# #CLATENA – Enable/disable the CLAT interface AT#CLATENA? #CLATENA: 1,1 #CLATENA: 2,0 #CLATENA: 3,0 OK

5.6.1.54. Set the loopback mode configuration - #LOOPBACKMODECFG

	3	
#LOOPBACKMODECFG – Set the loopback mode configuration		
AT# LOOPBACKMODEC FG	Set command configures the internal loopback mode.	
= <mode>[,<dl_repli< th=""><th>Parameter:</th></dl_repli<></mode>	Parameter:	
cate_cnt>]	<mode></mode>	
	0 - loopback mode disabled; it does not require <dl_replicate_cnt>.</dl_replicate_cnt>	
	1 - loopback mode enabled	
	<pre><dl_replicate_cnt> - number of times in which each packet needs to be     replicated in the direction of DL.</dl_replicate_cnt></pre>	
	17 - It is used to amplify DL data rate by max 7 times of UL data speed.	
	NOTE: Need to power cycle the unit for the setting to take effect.	
	<b>NOTE:</b> If the device needs a firmware change, change the <mode> of parameter to 0 and download it.</mode>	
AT#	Read command reports current configuration:	
LOOPBACKMODEC FG?	#LOOPBACKMODECFG: <mode>,<dl_replicate_cnt></dl_replicate_cnt></mode>	
AT# LOOPBACKMODEC FG =?	Test command reports the range of supported values for parameters <mode>,<dl_replicate_cnt></dl_replicate_cnt></mode>	
Example	Amplify 7x DL data rate of UL data speed in loopback mode:	
	AT#LOOPBACKMODECFG=1,7	
	OK	
	AT#REBOOT	
	OK	

# 5.6.1.55. Saving and Retrieving the Odis Parameters - +ODIS

# +ODIS - Saving and Retrieving the Odis Parameters

AT+ODIS=<Instan ce>,<hostUnique DevId>,<hostMan ufacturer>,<host Model>,<hostSw Version>

This command allows the end-user to handle the Host Odis parameters. In case of AT&T LwM2M agent up and running, the command is executed internally to the LwM2M client, updating this client about the values change (i.e.: the server will be notified about this change if the observation on these items is active).

Parameters:

<Instance> - instance number

0 - instance #0

1 - instance #1

<hostUniqueDevId> - contains a string, between double quotes,
with the host unique device identifier

HUID0, default value

<hostManufacturer> - contains a string, between double quotes, with the host manufacturer identifier.

HMAN0, default value

<hostModel> - contains a string, between double quotes, with the host model identifier.

HMOD0, default value

<hostSwVersion> - contains a string, between double quotes, with the host software version identifier.

HSW0. default value

Note: The value set by command is directly stored in NVM.

Note: The odis setting requires all the odis values to be set each time the command is issued, therefore, to change only one odis parameters it is recommended to read all the values first, and then compose the command input string accordingly.

Note: Since the odis items are 4, it is quite unlikely but possible that some the storing of some of them fails. In this case, the new values, where succeeded, are kept. An advice is that, in case of storing failure, the +ODIS? command is used to verify what are the odis items changed, if any.



+ODIS – Saving ar	+ODIS – Saving and Retrieving the Odis Parameters	
AT+ODIS?	Read command reports the current odis values in the format:	
	+ODIS: <instance#0>,<hostmanufacturer>,<hostmodel>,<hostswversio n&gt;</hostswversio </hostmodel></hostmanufacturer></instance#0>	
	+ODIS: <instance#1>,<hostmanufacturer>,<hostmodel>,<hostswversio n&gt;</hostswversio </hostmodel></hostmanufacturer></instance#1>	
	Note: As per AT&T specification, the <b><hostuniquedevid></hostuniquedevid></b> odis parameter could be set but it cannot be read by AT commands.	
AT+ODIS=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for all the parameters.	
Example	//get the currently set value	
	AT+ODIS?	
	+ODIS: 0,"HMAN0","HMOD0","HSW0"	
	+ODIS: 1,"HMAN1","HMOD1","HSW1"	
	OK	
	//set a new Host odis value	
	AT+ODIS=0,"HUID12","HMAN34","HMOD56","HSW78"	
	ОК	
	//verify the currently set value	
	AT+ODIS?	
	+ODIS: 0,"HMAN34","HMOD56","HSW78"	
	+ODIS: 1,"HMAN1","HMOD1","HSW1"	
	OK	
Reference	AT&T Requirements v20.2	

5.6.1.56. Set B30 TX disable - #B30TXDIS

#B30TXDIS – Set B30 TX disable	
AT#B30TXDIS=< mode>	This command enable or disable the LTE B30 TX
mode>	#B30TXDIS: <mode></mode>
	Parameter:
	<mode></mode>



#B30TXDIS – Set B30 TX disable	
	0 – B30 TX enable(default)
	1 – B30 TX disable
	Note: The value set by command operate after power cycle.
AT#B30TXDIS?	Read command reports the currently selected <b><mode></mode></b> in the format:
	#B30TXDIS: <mode></mode>
AT#B30TXDIS=?	Test command reports the supported range of values.
Reference	AT#B30TXDIS?
	#B30TXDIS: 0
	Modem support LTE B30 TX.
	#B30TXDIS: 1
	Modem don't support LTE B30 TX.

5.6.1.57. PDP authentication parameters - #PDPAUTH

#PDPAUTH - PDP authentication parameters	
AT#PDPAUTH= <c id="">,<auth_type>,[ <username>,[<pa ssword="">]]</pa></username></auth_type></c>	Set command specifies PDP authentication parameters values for a PDP context identified by the (local) context identification parameter <cid>.</cid>
	Parameters:
	<cid> - context identifier</cid>
	1max - numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition. The value of max is returned by the Test command.
	<auth_type> - authentication type</auth_type>
	0 - no authentication (factory default)
	1 - PAP authentication
	2 - CHAP authentication
	<pre><username> - string type, supplied by network provider. Required for <auth_type> = 1 and 2</auth_type></username></pre>
	<pre><password> - string type, supplied by network provider. Required for <auth_type> = 1 and 2.</auth_type></password></pre>
	NOTE: values are automatically saved in NVM.
AT#PDPAUTH?	Read command returns the PDP authentication parameters, excluding <password>, set for every PDP, in the format:</password>
	#PDPAUTH: <cid1>,<auth_type>,<username><cr><lf></lf></cr></username></auth_type></cid1>
	<b></b>



#PDPAUTH – PDP authentication parameters	
	#PDPAUTH: <cidn>,<auth_type>,<username><cr><lf>]]</lf></cr></username></auth_type></cidn>
AT#PDPAUTH=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <b><cid></cid></b> and <b><auth_type></auth_type></b> and the maximum allowed length of the string parameters <b><password></password></b> and <b><username></username></b>

5.6.1.58. Read reason for most recent devices reset or power-down - #RESETINFO

#DESETINEO Do	
	ad reason for most recent devices reset or power-down
AT#RESETINFO	Read command reports most recent reset reason in the following format
	Parameters:
	<pre><type> - type of reset or power down</type></pre>
	0 – unknown
	1 – warm – Reset by SW
	2 – hard – Reset by RESIN_N 3 – crash – Reset by crash
	4 – power – Reset by power cut or unstable voltage
	- Power - Reset by power out of unstable voltage
	<source/> - entity which initiated the reset or power down 0 unknown
	1 user requested (AT#REBOOT, Firmware download - including host-initiated image switching)
	2 Not supported - hardware switch (W_DISABLE)
	3 temperature critical
	4 voltage critical
	5 Not supported - configuration update (SIM-based image switching)
	6 Not supported - LWM2M (Light Weight M2M client (internal process for LWM2M))
	7 Not supported - OMA-DM
	8 Not supported – FOTA
AT#RESETINFO= ?	Test command returns OK result code.
Example	AT#RESETINFO
	#RESETINFO: 2,1
	OK
	OK

# 5.6.1.59. No Starting any LwM2M Client - #LWM2MSKIP

#LWM2MSKIP – No Starting any LwM2M Client	
AT#LWM2MSKIP = <enable></enable>	The set command enables/disables the LwM2M Client startup in the module
	Parameters:



#LWM2MSKIP - No	o Starting any LwM2M Client
	<b><enable> -</enable></b> enables or disables the "skipping client startup" modality 0 – skip is disable, thus all the LwM2M clients shall start 1 – skip is enabled, thus all the LwM2M clients shall not start
	<b>NOTE:</b> Please notice that this command is not intended to give the user the possibility to control the LwM2M client starting. It has been introduced mainly to allow a fast way to enable/disable it in case of demo, module certifications and similar.
	<b>NOTE:</b> The set command reboots the module to make the change immediately effective.
	<b>NOTE:</b> The reboot is requested even if the skip is being applied on a module already set to skip the LwM2M client starting, or, in opposite way, if the skip is disabled on a module already set to this value.
	<b>NOTE:</b> The set command to persistent even after a firmware update or profile switch.
AT#LWM2MSKIP ?	Read command reports the current values of parameters in the format: #LWM2MSKIP: <enable></enable>
AT#LWM2MSKIP =?	Test command reports the supported range of values for all the parameters.
Example	// verify the supported range of values AT#LWM2MSKIP=? #LWM2MSKIP: (0,1)
	OK // verify the currently set value AT#LWM2MSKIP? #LWM2MSKIP: 0
	OK // set to disable lwm2m client, will reboot automatically AT#LWM2MSKIP=1 OK

# 5.6.1.60. TX Dynamic Power Reduction List - #DPRLIST

#DPRLIST – TX Dynamic Power Reduction List	
AT#DPRLIST= <ra t&gt;,<bnd>,<pwr_le vel&gt;</pwr_le </bnd></ra 	This command support TX DPR(Dynamic Power Reduction) list.  #DPRLIST: <rat>,<bnd>,<pwr_level></pwr_level></bnd></rat>
	Parameter:
	<rat>: supported RAT</rat>
	UMTS: 3G
	LTE: 4G
	1 ~ 71: decimal value for LTE
	1 ~ 19: decimal value for UMTS
	<pwr_level>: power backoff level</pwr_level>
	0: TX default power (default: 22~23dbm)
	1: TX power 21dbm
	2: TX power 20dbm
	3: TX power 19dbm
	4: TX power 18dbm
	5: TX power 17dbm
	6: TX power 16dbm
	7: TX power 15dbm
	8: TX power 14dbm
	NOTE: <rat>,<bnd>,<pwr_level> parameter setting is stored in NVM. This command operation depends on the #DPRCTL command.</pwr_level></bnd></rat>
	<b>NOTE:</b> Tx power value base on the LM960 product, so OEM need to set and check the proper value base on the OEM product.
	<b>NOTE:</b> If try to input an unsupported LTE or UMTS band, an ERROR will be returned.
AT#DPRLIST?	Read command reports the currently written <b><rat>,<bnd></bnd></rat></b> and <b><pwr_level></pwr_level></b> in the format:
	#DPRLIST: <rat>,<bnd>,<pwr_level></pwr_level></bnd></rat>



#DPRLIST – TX Dynamic Power Reduction List	
	<b>NOTE:</b> This command reads only values whose <b><pwr_level></pwr_level></b> is not 0.
AT#DPRLIST=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameter <rat>,<bnd> and <pwr_level>.</pwr_level></bnd></rat>
	<b>NOTE:</b> If try to input an supported LTE or UMTS band, but an ERROR is returned, the input value is a band that supports only one of the LTE or UMTS.

5.6.1.61. TX Dynamic Power Reduction Control - #DPRCTL

#DPRCTL - TX Dynamic Power Reduction Control	
AT#DPRCTL= <m< th=""><th>This command control the TX DPR(Dynamic Power Reduction).</th></m<>	This command control the TX DPR(Dynamic Power Reduction).
ode>	#DPRCTL: <mode></mode>
	Parameter:
	<mode>: control the DPR</mode>
	0: DPR disabled (default)
	1: DPR enabled regardless of DPR PIN
	2: DPR enabled depends on DPR PIN
	NOTE: <mode> parameter setting is stored in NVM.</mode>
AT#DPRCTL?	Read command reports the currently written <b><mode></mode></b> in the format:
	#DPRCTL: <mode></mode>
AT#DPRCTL=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameter <mode>.</mode>

5.6.1.62. USB OTG enable/disable and configure - #OTGCFG

#OTGCFG – USB OTG enable/disable and configure	
AT#OTGCFG= <m ode&gt;[,<gpio>]</gpio></m 	Set command enable/disable and configure USB OTG mode
	Parameters:
	<mode> - Status mode</mode>
	0: Disable USB OTG (default)
	1: Enable USB OTG
	<pre><gpio> - GPIO pin number:</gpio></pre>
	The test command returns the range of usable GPIO; this value depends on the hardware.



#OTGCFG – USB OTG enable/disable and configure		
	<b>NOTE:</b> If GPIO is omitted, the dedicated USB_ID pin will be selected. However, it is hardware dependent.	
	<b>NOTE:</b> If <b><mode></mode></b> =0, <b><gpio></gpio></b> have no meaning and can be omitted.	
	<b>NOTE:</b> If <mode> is set 1 and <gpio> is set for USB ID pin purpose, Customer should not use the GPIO for other function.</gpio></mode>	
	<b>NOTE:</b> Manually reboot is required after changing USB OTG configuration. The setting applied from next boot up time.	
	<b>NOTE:</b> The settings are maintained for both firmware updates and firmware switches.	
AT#OTGCFG?	Read command returns the current value in the format.	
	#OTGCFG: <mode>,<gpio></gpio></mode>	
AT#OTGCFG=?	Test command reports supported range of values for all parameters	

# 5.6.2. GPS AT Commands

# 5.6.2.1. GPS Controller Power Management - \$GPSP

\$GPSP - GPS Controller Power Management		
AT\$GPSP= <statu< th=""><th>Set command allows to manage power-up or down of the GPS controller</th></statu<>	Set command allows to manage power-up or down of the GPS controller	
	Parameter:	
	<status></status>	
	0 - GPS controller is powered down (default)	
	1 - GPS controller is powered up	
AT\$GPSP?	Read command reports the current value of the <b><status></status></b> parameter, in the	
	format:	
	\$GPSP: <status></status>	
AT\$GPSP=?	Test command reports the range of supported values for parameter	
	<status></status>	
Example	AT\$GPSP=0	
	ОК	
Note	Power up clears GPS memory and then starts the GPS receiver. GPS data cleaning is performed on the base of the current value of the <pre>reset_type&gt; parameter (see \$GPSR)</pre>	
	GPS operation mode is performed on the base of the current values of <b>\$GPSSLSR</b> configuration (see <b>\$GPSSLSR</b> ).	



\$GPSP - GPS Controller Power Management	
	The <b>\$GPSP</b> and <b>\$GPSSLSR</b> can't be used at same time.
	The current setting is stored through \$GPSSAV.

# 5.6.2.2. GPS Reset - \$GPSR

\$GPSR - GPS Rese	\$GPSR - GPS Reset		
AT\$GPSR=	Execution command allows to reset the GPS controller.		
<reset_type></reset_type>	Parameter:		
	<reset_type></reset_type>		
	<b>0 - Factory reset</b> : This option clears all GPS memory including clock drift. It is available in controlled mode only. (See note).		
	1 - Coldstart (No Almanac, No Ephemeris): this option clears all data that		
	is currently stored in the internal memory of the GPS receiver including		
	position, almanac, ephemeris, and time. The stored clock drift however,		
	is retained. It is available in controlled mode only.		
	2 - Warmstart (No ephemeris): this option clears all initialization data in the		
	GPS receiver and subsequently reloads the data that is currently		
	displayed in the Receiver Initialization Setup screen. The almanac is		
	retained but the ephemeris is cleared. It is available in controlled mode		
	only.		
	<b>3 - Hotstart</b> (with stored Almanac and Ephemeris): the GPS receiver		
	restarts by using the values stored in the internal memory of the GPS		
	receiver; validated ephemeris and almanac. It is available in controlled		
	mode only.		
AT\$GPSR=?	Test command reports the range of supported values for parameter <pre><reset_type></reset_type></pre>		
Example	AT\$GPSR=0		
	ОК		
	'Factory Reset' performs the same operation as 'Coldstart'.		
Note	The <reset_type> sets the kind of start when GPS is activated through \$GPSP or \$GPSSLSR commands.</reset_type>		
	The current setting is stored through \$GPSSAV.		

# 5.6.2.3. Unsolicited NMEA Data Configuration - \$GPSNMUN

# \$GPSNMUN - Unsolicited NMEA Data Configuration

# AT\$GPSNMUN=

<enable>

[,<GGA>,<GLL>, <GSA>,<GSV>, <RMC>,<VTG>] Set command permits to activate an Unsolicited streaming of GPS data (in NMEA format) through the NMEA port and defines which NMEA sentences will be available

Parameters:

#### <enable>

- 0 NMEA data stream de-activated (default)
- 1 NMEA data stream activated with the following unsolicited response

syntax:

#### \$GPSNMUN: <CR><NMEA SENTENCE><CR>

2 - NMEA data stream activated with the following unsolicited response

syntax:

#### <NMEA SENTENCE><CR>

3 - dedicated NMEA data stream; it is not possible to send AT commands;

with the escape sequence '+++' the user can return to command mode

- <GGA> Global Positioning System Fix Data
- 0 disable (default)
- 1 enable
- <GLL> Geographic Position Latitude/Longitude
- 0 disable (default)
- 1 enable
- <GSA> GPS DOP and Active Satellites
- 0 disable (default)
- 1 enable
- <GSV> GPS Satellites in View
- 0 disable (default)
- 1 enable
- <RMC> Recommended Minimum Specific GPS Data
- 0 disable (default)
- 1 enable
- < VTG > Course Over Ground and Ground Speed
- 0 disable (default)
- 1 enable



\$GPSNMUN - Unso	\$GPSNMUN - Unsolicited NMEA Data Configuration		
AT\$GPSNMUN?	Read command returns whether the unsolicited GPS NMEA data streaming		
	is currently enabled or not, along with the NMEA sentences availability		
	status, in the format:		
	\$GPSNMUN: <enable>,<gga>,<gll>,<gsa>,<gsv>,<rmc>,<vtg></vtg></rmc></gsv></gsa></gll></gga></enable>		
AT\$GPSNMUN=?	Test command returns the supported range of values for parameters		
	<enable>, <gga>, <gll>,<gsa>,<gsv>,<rmc>,<vtg></vtg></rmc></gsv></gsa></gll></gga></enable>		
Example	AT\$GPSNMUN=1,0,0,1,0,0,0		
	OK		
	These sets the GSA as available sentence in the		
	unsolicited message		
	AT\$GPSNMUN=0		
	OK		
	Turn-off the unsolicited mode		
	AT\$GPSNMUN?		
	\$GPSNMUN: 1,0,0,1,0,0,0		
	ОК		
	Give the current frame selected (GSA)		
	The unsolicited message will be:		
	\$GPGSA,A,3,23,20,24,07,13,04,02,,,,,2.4,1.6,1.8*3C		
Note	<ol> <li>If the <enable> is 3, it can activate the NMEA Unsolicited streaming both the current dedicated port and NMEA port.</enable></li> <li>The current setting is stored in the profile extended section.</li> <li>For details of NMEA output, please refer to 4.6.4. NMEA 0183 of SW User Guide document.</li> <li>If #LOCNMEATYPE command is already used, the user should avoid using this command because this setting have an effect on #LOCNMEATYPE operation.</li> </ol>		
Reference	NMEA 0183 Specifications		

# 5.6.2.4. Get Acquired Position - \$GPSACP

# **\$GPSACP - Get Acquired Position**

#### AT\$GPSACP

Execution command returns information about the last GPS position in the format:

\$GPSACP: <UTC>,<latitude>,<longitude>,<hdop>,<altitude>,

<fix>,<cog>,<spkm>,<spkn>,<date>,<nsat>

where:

<UTC> - UTC time (hhmmss.sss) referred to GGA sentence

<la>latitude> - format is ddmm.mmmm N/S (referred to GGA sentence)

where:

dd - degrees

00..90

mm.mmmm - minutes

00.0000..59.9999

N/S: North / South

<longitude> - format is dddmm.mmmm E/W (referred to GGA)

sentence)

where:

ddd - degrees

000..180

mm.mmmm - minutes

00.0000..59.9999

E/W: East / West

<hdop> - x.x - Horizontal Diluition of Precision (referred to GGA

sentence)

<altitude> - xxxx.x Altitude - mean-sea-level (geoid) in meters

(referred to

GGA sentence)

<fix> -

0 or 1 - Invalid Fix

2 - 2D fix

3 - 3D fix

<cog> - ddd.mm - Course over Ground (degrees, True) (referred to

VTG

sentence)

where:

ddd - degrees

000..360

mm - minutes



\$GPSACP - Get Acquired Position	
	0059
	<pre><spkm> - xxxx.x Speed over ground (Km/hr) (referred to VTG sentence)</spkm></pre>
	<pre><spkn> - xxxx.x- Speed over ground (knots) (referred to VTG sentence)</spkn></pre>
	<date> - ddmmyy Date of Fix (referred to RMC sentence)</date>
	where:
	dd - day
	0131
	mm - month
	0112
	yy - year
	0099 - 2000 to 2099
	<nsat> - nn - Total number of satellites in use (referred to GGA sentence)</nsat>
	0012
AT\$GPSACP?	Read command has the same meaning as the Execution command
AT\$GPSACP=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code
Example	AT\$GPSACP
	\$GPSACP:080220.479,4542.82691N,01344.26820E,259.07,3,2.1
	,0.1,0.0,0.0,270705,09
	OK
Reference	NMEA 0183 Specifications

# 5.6.2.5. Save GPS Parameters Configuration - \$GPSSAV

\$GPSSAV - Save GPS Parameters Configuration	
AT\$GPSSAV	Execution command stores the current GPS parameters in the NVM of the
	device.
AT\$GPSSAV=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code
Example	AT\$GPSSAV OK

# 5.6.2.6. Restore To Default GPS Parameters - \$GPSRST

\$GPSRST - Restore To Default GPS Parameters	
AT\$GPSRST	Execution command resets the GPS parameters to "Factory Default"

\$GPSRST - Restore To Default GPS Parameters	
	configuration and stores them in the NVM of the device.
AT\$GPSRST=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code
Example	AT\$GPSRST OK
Note	If the GPS controller is powered up (see <b>\$GPSP</b> ), the GPS controller is powered down because the GPS parameters should be reset with factory default.

# 5.6.2.7. Unsolicited NMEA Extended Data Configuration - \$GPSNMUNEX

\$GPSNMUNEX - U	nsolicited NMEA Extended Data Configuration
= <gngns>,</gngns>	Set command permits to activate an Unsolicited streaming of GNSS NMEA data (in NMEA extended format) through the NMEA port and defines which NMEA extended sentences will be available
<gngsa>,</gngsa>	Parameters:
<glgsv></glgsv>	<pre><gngns> - GNSS Fix Data.</gngns></pre>
	0 - disable (default) 1 - enable
	<gngsa> - GNSS DOP and Active satellites</gngsa>
	0 - disable (default)
	1 - enable
	<pre><glgsv> - GLONASS satellites in view</glgsv></pre>
	0 - disable (default)
	1 - enable
AT\$GPSNMUNEX ?	Read command returns the NMEA extended sentences availability status, in the format:
	\$GPSNMUNEX: <gngns>,<gngsa>, <glgsv></glgsv></gngsa></gngns>
AT\$GPSNMUNEX =?	Test command returns the supported range of values for parameters <pre><gngns>,<gngsa>, <glgsv></glgsv></gngsa></gngns></pre>
Note	<ol> <li>The NMEA Extended Data is displayed on NMEA port depending on \$GPSNMUN setting.</li> <li>The current setting is stored in the profile extended section.</li> <li>For details of NMEA output, please refer to 4.6.4. NMEA 0183 of SW User Guide document.</li> <li>If #LOCNMEATYPE command is already used, the user should avoid using this command because this setting have an effect on #LOCNMEATYPE operation.</li> </ol>
Example	AT\$GPSNMUNEX=1,0,0



\$GPSNMUNEX - Unsolicited NMEA Extended Data Configuration	
	OK
	These sets the GNGNS as available sentence in the unsolicited message
	AT\$GPSNMUNEX?
	\$GPSNMUNEX: 1,0,0
	ОК
	Give the current frame selected (GNGNS)
	The unsolicited message will be:
	\$GNGNS,080558.0,3731.306144,N,12655.784429,E,AN,09,1.0,68.0,18.0,,*5B
Reference	NMEA 0183 Specifications

# 5.6.2.8. GPS NVRAM Parameters Delete - \$GPSNVRAM

\$GPSNVRAM - GF	PS NVRAM Parameters Delete
AT\$GPSNVRAM=   	Execution command used to delete the GPS information stored in NVRAM
	Parameters:
	<b><bitfield></bitfield></b> - in integer format. The assistance data mask for the type(s) of GPS-data to read/delete with the following meaning:
	1 - Ephemeris
	2 - Location
	4 - Time
	8 - Almanac
	<action></action>
	0: Delete data described in bitfield
AT\$GPSNVRAM?	Read command reports the current value of the <b><bitfield></bitfield></b> parameter in the format:
	\$GPSNVRAM: <bitfield></bitfield>
AT\$GPSNVRAM=	Test command returns the supported range of values for parameters
?	  ditfield>, <action></action>
Example	AT\$GPSNVRAM=15,0
	ОК



#### **\$GPSNVRAM - GPS NVRAM Parameters Delete**

Note

The current setting if stored through \$GPSSAV

### 5.6.2.9. GPS Quality of Service - \$GPSQOS

#### **\$GPSQOS - GPS Quality Of Service**

#### AT\$GPSQOS=

Command used to set the location's quality of service (QoS).

[<horiz\_accuracy

Parameter:

>

<horiz\_accuracy> (horizontal accuracy):

[,<vertic\_accurac y>

0 - 1800000, where 0 is highest accuracy and 1800000 is lowest accuracy

[,<rsp\_time>

in meters. Default value is 1800000 in meters.

[,<age\_of\_locatio n info>

Note: The LM960 family is supported as following,

[,<location\_type>

1) 0 - 50 : 50m 2) 51 - 500 : 500m

[,< nav\_profile>

3) 501 - 1800000 : 1km

[,<velocity\_reque

<vertic accuracy> (vertical accuracy):

st>

0 - 990, where 0 is highest accuracy and 990 is lowest accuracy in meters.

Default is 990 in meters.

Note: The LM960 family isn't supported about **<vertic\_accuracy>**. It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility.

#### <rsp\_time> (response time):

0 - 14400, where 0 is the low delay and 14400 is the highest delay in seconds. Default value is 14400 in seconds.

Note: The LM960 family is supported by maximum 255 seconds.

#### <age\_of\_location\_info> (Maximum age of location):

0-1966020: Value 0 means that stored location information should not be used. Value 1966020 indicates the maximum tolerable age of the stored location information. The valid range of interval for SUPL (Transport protocol) is [0 - 65535] seconds & [0 - 1966020] seconds for C-plane (Transport protocol).

Note: The LM960 family isn't supported about <

**age\_of\_location\_info** >. It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility.

<location\_type> (type of location required):

Used only in case of C-Plane.

0 - Current Location (default)



\$GPSQOS – GPS Quality Of Service	
	1 - Current or Last known location
	2 - Invalid Location, indicates that this parameter shall not be used
	Note: The LM960 family isn't supported about < location_type >. It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility.
	<nav_profile> (navigation profile):</nav_profile>
	0 - Car navigation profile (default)
	1 - Personal profile
	2 - Low speed profile
	3 - Invalid profile, indicates that this parameter shall not be used
	Note: The LM960 family isn't supported about < nav_profile >. It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility.
	< velocity_request> (velocity information is needed):
	0 - FALSE
	1 - TRUE (default)
	Note: The LM960 family is always supported with TRUE about < velocity_request>. It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility.
AT\$GPSQOS?	Read command returns the current QoS values, in the format: AT\$GPSQOS:
	<pre><horiz_accuracy>,<vertic_accuracy>,<rsp_time> ,<age_of_locat ion_info="">,<location_type>,&lt; nav_profile&gt;,&lt; velocity_request&gt;</location_type></age_of_locat></rsp_time></vertic_accuracy></horiz_accuracy></pre>
AT\$GPSQOS=?	Returns the list of supported QoS values for each field.
	\$GP\$QOS: (0-1800000),(0-990),(0-14400),(0-1966020),(0-2),(0-3),(0,1)
Example	AT\$GPSQOS=1800000,990,150,0,0,0 OK
Note	The current setting if stored through \$GPSSAV

# 5.6.2.10. GPS Start Location Service Request - \$GPSSLSR

\$GPSSLSR – GPS Start Location Service Request	
AT\$GPSSLSR = <transport proto<="" th=""><th>Command used to start the Receiver in Autonomous or A-GPS mode.</th></transport>	Command used to start the Receiver in Autonomous or A-GPS mode.
col>	Parameter:
[, <pos_mode></pos_mode>	<transport_protocol>:</transport_protocol>
[, <client_id>,</client_id>	0 - C-Plane
<cli>clientid_type&gt;</cli>	1 - SUPL

[,<mlc\_number>,

2 - Invalid

<mlcnumber\_typ

Note: If **<pos\_mode >** is Autonomous the **<transport\_protocol>** should be invalid.

[,<interval>

Note: If <transport\_protocol> is C-Plane and <pos\_mode > is Pure MS Assisted, then <interval> should be 0 (or omitted).

[,<service\_type\_i

<pos mode>:

# [,<pseudonym\_in dicator>]]]]]]

- 0 Pure MS Assisted Location estimate from the network (MS Assisted mode).
- 1 MS Based Assistance Data from the network (MS Based mode).
- 2 MS Assisted Based Combination of MS-A and MS-B modes, location estimate computed both at UE and Network.

Note: The LM960 family isn't supported about MS Assisted Based. It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility.

3 - Autonomous – Autonomous GPS mode of operation.

Note: If **<pos\_mode>** is Autonomous the <transport\_protocol> should be invalid.

# <cli>client\_id>:

String parameter containing the ID of the LCS-Client to which the location estimate is to be transferred.

Note: **<cli>client\_id>** is mandatory in case of A-GPS and the **<transport protocol>** should be C-Plane.

Note: The LM960 family isn't supported about **<client\_id>** because of not supporting the 3<sup>rd</sup> Part Location Transfer. It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility.

#### <cli>clientid\_type>:

- 0 MSISDN
- 1 Invalid (default)

Note: **<client\_id>** and **<clientid\_type>** are mandatory for A-GPS mode.

Note: The LM960 family isn't supported about < clientid\_type > because of not supporting the 3<sup>rd</sup> Part Location Transfer. It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility.

#### <mlc number>:

String parameter containing the address of the GMLC through which the location estimate is to be sent to the LCS-Client.

Note: <mlc\_number> is mandatory in case of A-GPS.

Note: The LM960 family isn't supported about < mlc\_number >

because of not supporting the 3<sup>rd</sup> Part Location Transfer. It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility.

#### <mlcnumber\_type>:

- 0 MSISDN
- 1 Invalid (default)

Note: <mlc\_number> and <mlcnumber\_type> are mandatory for A-GPS

mode.

Note: The LM960 family isn't supported about <mlcnumber\_type > because of not supporting the 3<sup>rd</sup> Part Location Transfer. It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility.

#### <interval>:

0 - 7200: GPS reporting period in seconds (will be sent unsolicited).

Note: In the LM960 family, the GPS reporting period is not supported and the **<interval>** means times between fixes.

Note: If this value is not set, it is assumed to be 0.

Note: If this value is not 0, it means a tracking session.

Note: The Unsolicited NMEA sentences have to be enabled with the commands **\$GPSNMUN**.

Note: The NMEA sentences for an immediate fix is generated before a final fix.

#### <service\_type\_id>:

0 - 255 where 255 indicates that this parameter shall not be used.

Note: <service\_type\_id> is mandatory in case of A-GPS.

Note: The LM960 family isn't supported about **service\_type\_id>**. It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility.

# <pseudonym\_indicator>:

- 0 FALSE (default): display username at the external client
- 1 TRUE: display username as anonymous at the external client

Note: The LM960 family isn't supported about

<pseudonym\_indicator >. It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility.

Note: Internal GPS for eCall and **\$GPSP**, **\$GPSSLSR** can't use at same time. If use internal GPS for eCall, **\$GPSP** and **\$GPSSLSR** command will display "**ERROR**"

If C-plane or SUPL session is not successfully completed, then an unsolicited indication reports the error cause in the following formats:

In case C-Plane errors,

\$GPSSLSR: C-PLANE ERROR, <error\_code>

In case SUPL errors,

\$GPSSLSR: SUPL ERROR, <error\_code>

In case GPS errors,

\$GPSSLSR: ERROR, <error code>

where

<error code>

0 PDSM PD END OFFLINE

/\* Phone Offline \*/

1 PDSM PD END\_NO\_SRV

/\* No service \*/

2 PDSM\_PD\_END\_NO\_CON

/\* No connection with PDE \*/

3 PDSM\_PD\_END\_NO\_DATA

/\* No data available \*/

4 PDSM\_PD\_END\_SESS\_BUSY

/\* Session Manager Busy \*/

5 PDSM\_PD\_END\_CDMA\_LOCK

/\* Phone is CDMA locked \*/

6 PDSM PD END GPS LOCK

/\* Phone is GPS locked \*/

7 PDSM PD END CON FAIL

/\* Connection failure with PDE \*/

8 PDSM PD END ERR STATE

/\* PDSM Ended session because of Error condition \*/

12 PDSM\_PD\_END\_TIMEOUT

/\* Timeout (viz., for GPS Search) \*/

13 PDSM PD END PRIVACY LEVEL

/\* Conflicting request for session and level of privacy \*/

14 PDSM PD END NET ACCESS ERR

/\* Could not connect to the Network \*/

15 PDSM\_PD\_END\_FIX\_ERROR

/\* Error in Fix \*/

16 PDSM\_PD\_END\_PDE\_REJECT

```
/* Reject from PDE */
17 PDSM PD END TC EXIT
/* Ending session due to TC exit. */
18 PDSM PD END E911
/* Ending session due to E911 call */
19 PDSM PD END SERVER ERROR
/* Added protocol specific error type */
20 PDSM PD END STALE BS INFO
/* Ending because BS info is stale */
21 PDSM PD END VX AUTH FAIL
/* VX lcs agent auth fail */
22 PDSM PD END UNKNWN SYS ERROR
/* Unknown System Error */
23 PDSM PD END UNSUPPORTED SERVICE
/* Unsupported Service */
24 PDSM PD END SUBSRIPTION VIOLATION
/* Subscription Violation */
25 PDSM PD END FIX METHOD FAILURE
/* The desired fix method failed */
26 PDSM PD END ANTENNA SWITCH
/* Antenna switch */
27 PDSM PD END NO FIX NO TX CONFIRM
/* No fix reported due to no TX confirmation rcvd */
28 PDSM PD END NORMAL ENDING
/* Network indicated a Normal ending of the session */
29 PDSM PD END NONSPECIFIED ERROR
/* No error specified by the network */
30 PDSM PD END RESOURCE SHORTAGE
/* No resources left on the network */
31 PDSM PD END POS SERVER NOT AVAILABLE
/* Position server not available */
32 PDSM PD END UNSUPPORTED VERSION
/* Network reported an unsupported version of protocol*/
33 PDSM PD END SS MOLR ERRORS SYSTEM FAILURE
/* Mapped to corresponding SS-molr-error error code */
PDSM PD END SS MOLR ERRORS UNEXPECTED DATA VA
```

LUE



\$GPSSLSR - GPS	Start Location Service Request
	/* MO-LR Error : Unexpected data value */
	35 PDSM_PD_END_SS_MOLR_ERRORS_DATA_MISSING
	/* MO-LR Error : Data missing */
	36 PDSM_PD_END_SS_MOLR_ERRORS_FACILITY_NOT_SUPPOR TED
	/* MO-LR Error : Facility not supported */
	37 PDSM_PD_END_SS_MOLR_ERRORS_SS_SUBSCRIPTION_VIO LATION
	/* MO-LR Error : SS subscription violation */
	38 PDSM_PD_END_SS_MOLR_ERRORS_POSITION_METHOD_FAILURE
	/* MO-LR Error : Position method failure */
	39 PDSM_PD_END_SS_MOLR_ERRORS_UNDEFINED
	/* MO-LR Error : Undefined */
	40 PDSM_PD_END_CP_CF_DISRUPT_SMLC_TO
	/* Control plane's smlc timeout, may or may not end pd */
	41 PDSM_PD_END_MT_GUARD_TIMER_EXPIRY
	/* Control plane's MT guard time expires */
	42 PDSM_PD_END_WAIT_ADDITION_ASSIST_EXPIRY
	/* End waiting for additional assistance */
	69 PDSM_PD_END_MO_LR_NOT_DELIVERED
	/* When MO LR COMPLETED message is received */
AT\$GPSSLSR?	Read command returns the current settings, in the format:
	\$GPSSLSR: <transport_protocol>[,<pos_mode< th=""></pos_mode<></transport_protocol>
	>[, <client_id>,<clientid_type>[,<mlc_number>,<mlcnumber_type>[,&lt;</mlcnumber_type></mlc_number></clientid_type></client_id>
	interval> [, <service_type_id> [,<pseudonym_indicator>]]]]]]</pseudonym_indicator></service_type_id>
AT\$GPSSLSR=?	\$GPSSLSR: (0-2),(0-3),(64),(0,1),(64),(0,1),(0-7200),(0-255),(0,1)
Example	AT\$GPSSLSR= 2,3,,,,,1 OK
Note	The current setting if stored through \$GPSSAV

5.6.2.11. GPS Stop Location Service Request - \$GPSSTOP

\$GPSSTOP – GPS Stop Location Service Request	
AT\$GPSSTOP= [ <abort_cause>]</abort_cause>	Command used to stop the Receiver in Autonomous or A-GPS mode initiated through \$GPSSLSR set command.  Parameter: <abort_cause> 0 - User denies the request 1 - Unspecified cause for abort 2 - Cause Invalid</abort_cause>
AT\$GPSSTOP?	Read command returns the current value of parameter <abort_cause>.</abort_cause>
AT\$GPSSTOP=?	ОК
Example	AT\$GPSSTOP=1 OK
Note	It has no effect for <abort_cause> and has no difference with \$GPSP=0  The current setting if stored through \$GPSSAV</abort_cause>

# 5.6.2.12. Update SLP address - \$LCSSLP

5.0.2.12. Opuate OLI address - #E000EI	
\$LCSSLP - Update	SLP address
AT\$LCSSLP= <slp_address_ty< th=""><th>Set command allows updating the SLP address and SLP port number.</th></slp_address_ty<>	Set command allows updating the SLP address and SLP port number.
pe>	Parameters:
[, <slp_address></slp_address>	<slp_address_type>: SLP address type</slp_address_type>
[, <slp_port_num< th=""><th>0 - IPv4</th></slp_port_num<>	0 - IPv4
ber>]]	1 - FQDN
	2 - IMSI (default value)
	3 - IPv6 (If the IPv6 is supported)
	<slp_address>: SLP address in FQDN format or IPv4/IPv6 format</slp_address>
	<slp_port_number>: SLP Port number</slp_port_number>
	integer parameter. Default value is 7275
AT\$LCSSLP?	Read command returns the current SLP address.
AT\$LCSSLP=?	Test command returns the range of values for parameter
	<slp_address_type>.</slp_address_type>
Note	If <b><slp_address_type></slp_address_type></b> is 0 ,1 and 3, then <b><slp_address></slp_address></b> is a mandatory parameter If <b><slp_address_type></slp_address_type></b> is 2, then <b><slp_address></slp_address></b> and <b><slp_port_number></slp_port_number></b> aren't required.



# **\$LCSSLP - Update SLP address**

The current setting is stored in NVM.

# 5.6.2.13. Update terminal information - \$LCSTER

\$LCSTER - Update terminal information	
AT\$LCSTER= <id_type></id_type>	Set command updates the terminal information like IMSI, MSISDN or IPv4 address.
[, <id_value></id_value>	Parameters:
[, <pref_pos_mod e&gt;</pref_pos_mod 	<id_type>: is a number which can have any of the following values 0 - MSIDSN</id_type>
[, <tls_mode>]]]</tls_mode>	1 - IMSI (default value)
	2 - IPv4 address
	3 - Invalid
	<id_value>: is a string, as defined in <id_type></id_type></id_value>
	<pre><pref_pos_mode>: preferred position mode,</pref_pos_mode></pre>
	0 - default position mode
	1 - none preferred position mode
	<tls_mode>: indicates if TLS mode should/should not be used by the SET</tls_mode>
	0 - non-TLS mode
	1 - TLS mode (default value)
Note	The LM960 family isn't supported about <id_type>, <id_value> and <pref_pos_mode>. It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility. Only <tls_mode> is valid.</tls_mode></pref_pos_mode></id_value></id_type>
	If <b><id_type></id_type></b> is MSISDN or IPv4 address, then <b><id_value></id_value></b> shall be entered.

# 5.6.2.14. MT Location Request Mode - \$LCSLRMT

\$LCSLRMT - MT Location Request Mode	
AT\$LCSLRMT= <mode></mode>	Set command is used to enable/disable unsolicited \$LCSLRMT response.
	Parameter:
	<mode></mode>
	0 - disable unsolicited
	1 - enable unsolicited (default value)
	The unsolicited result code is in the format:
	\$LCSLRMT: <transport_protocol>,<notif_type>,         <loc_estimate_type>,<client_ld>,<client_nameencoding_type>,<client_name_type>,<client_name>,<requestor_ld_encodin g_type="">,<requestor_ld_type>,<requestor_ld>,<codeword>,<s ervice_type_id="">,<reqid></reqid></s></codeword></requestor_ld></requestor_ld_type></requestor_ld_encodin></client_name></client_name_type></client_nameencoding_type></client_ld></loc_estimate_type></notif_type></transport_protocol>

# **\$LCSLRMT - MT Location Request Mode**

Where

# <transport\_protocol>

- 0 C-Plane protocol
- 1 SUPL Protocol
- 2 Invalid

# <Notif\_type>

- 0 Notify
- 1 Verify request (no response will be treated as permission granted, see \$LCSLRV)
- 2 Verify request (no response will be treated as permission denied, see \$LCSLRV)

# <Loc\_estimate\_type>

- 0 Current location
- 1 Current or Last location known
- 2 Initial location
- <Requestor\_Id\_Encoding\_type>

# <Client\_Name \_Encoding\_type>

- 0 UCS2
- 1 GSM default format
- 2 UTF-8 format
- 3 invalid format

# <Client\_Name\_Type>

# <Requestor\_Id\_Type>

- 0 MSISDN.
- 1 IMSI.
- 2 IPV4.
- 3 IPV6.
- 4 logical name.
- 5 email-address.
- 6 URL
- 7 SIP URL.
- 8 IMS Public Identity.
- 9 USSD type.
- 10 invalid type

# <Client\_Name>

<Requestor\_Id>

#### <Codeword>

is displayed as per data coding scheme.



\$LCSLRMT – MT Location Request Mode	
	<service_type_id></service_type_id>
	0 - 127
	<reqid></reqid>
	Integer that identifies the request.
	<pre><reqid> uniquely identifies the MT-LR sent by the network and the same <reqid> shall be returned in \$LCSLRV command in case the <notif_type> is of type "Verify request"</notif_type></reqid></reqid></pre>
AT\$LCSLRMT?	Read command returns the current value of parameter <mode>.</mode>
AT\$LCSLRMT=?	Test command returns the range of values for parameter <mode>.</mode>
Note	Because the <reqid> is not supported in LM960 family, the <reqid> is 0 with default. It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility.  The current setting is stored in NVM.</reqid></reqid>

# 5.6.2.15. Location request verification - \$LCSLRV

\$LCSLRV - Location request verification	
AT\$LCSLRV= <permission>, <reqid></reqid></permission>	Set command is used to verify a location request coming from the network. The verification is sent back to the network with request id. Parameter: <pre></pre>
AT\$LCSLRV=?	Test command returns the range of values for parameter <pre><pre><permission>.</permission></pre></pre>
Note	Because the < <b>reqid&gt;</b> is not supported in LM960 family, It isn't used for verification. Please uses value 0 by default. It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility.

# 5.6.2.16. LCS certificate - \$LTC

\$LTC – LCS certificate	
-string-,-total_iii	



\$LTC - LCS certificate	
	Parameter:
	<string> - the string certificate segment (max 300 characters per segment)</string>
	<total_message_length> - The total size of the certificate to be received</total_message_length>
	1 - 4096
	<seq_no> - The sequence number of the segment.</seq_no>
	1 - 13
	<security_object_type></security_object_type>
	0 - Root Certificate
AT\$LTC	Execution command deletes the certificates stored in NVM.
AT\$LTC?	Read command provides the first 300 characters of each valid certificate
	stored in NVM in the format:
	\$LTC: <string>,<total_message_length>,1, <security_object_type></security_object_type></total_message_length></string>
	If no certificate is stored the read command provides:
	\$LTC: "",0,1 , <security_object_type></security_object_type>
AT\$LTC=?	Test command returns the range of values for parameters
	<total_message_length>,<seq_no> and <security_object_type></security_object_type></seq_no></total_message_length>
Note	The last two certificates are stored in NVM

5.6.2.17. Configuration of the GNSS Receiver - \$GNSSCONF

\$GNSSCONF - Configuration of the GNSS Receiver	
AT\$GNSSCONF=	Set command configures the capabilities of the GNSS receiver.
<combination></combination>	Parameter:
[, <worldwide>]</worldwide>	<combination>: GNSS configuration</combination>
	0 - GPS Only
	1 - GPS + GLONASS
	2 - GPS + GALILEO
	3 - GPS + GLONASS + GALILEO
	4 - GPS + GLONASS + BEIDOU
	5 - GPS + BEIDOU + GALILEO
	6 - GPS + GLONASS + BEIDOU + GALILEO ( <b>Default</b> )
	7 - GPS + GLONASS + QZSS
	8 - GPS + GLONASS + BEIDOU + QZSS



\$GNSSCONF - Co	\$GNSSCONF - Configuration of the GNSS Receiver	
	<b><worldwide></worldwide></b> : Applicable area The BEIDOU, GALILEO and QZSS are only applicable for this option. 0 - Outside of the United States (Default) 1 - Worldwide (For test/debug purposes)	
AT\$GNSSCONF?	Read command returns the currently selected GNSS configuration in the format:  \$GNSSCONF: <combination>,<worldwide></worldwide></combination>	
	where: <combination> - GNSS configuration <worldwide> - Applicable area</worldwide></combination>	
AT\$GNSSCONF=	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameter(s) <combination>,<worldwide>.</worldwide></combination>	
	\$GNSSCONF: (the supported range of <combination>),(the supported range of <worldwide>)</worldwide></combination>	
Note	New setting is applicable across device power cycles.  The <b><worldwide></worldwide></b> configuration is only meant for test/debug purposes.  The current setting is stored in NVM.	

# 5.6.2.18. GPS Lock Mode - \$GPSLOCK

\$GPSLOCK - GPS Lock Mode	
AT\$GPSLOCK=	Set command sets the GPS Lock Mode.
<mode></mode>	
	Parameter:
	<mode> : Lock Mode</mode>
	0 - GPS Unlock ( <b>Default</b> )
	1 - Mobile-Initiated (MI) session is locked
	2 - Mobile-Terminated (MT) session is locked
	3 - Except for an emergency call, All (MI and MT) is locked
AT\$GPSLOCK?	Read command returns the currently selected Lock Mode in the format:
	\$GPSLOCK: <mode></mode>



\$GPSLOCK - GPS Lock Mode	
	where: <mode> - Lock Mode</mode>
AT\$GPSLOCK=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameter(s) <mode>.  \$GPSLOCK: (the supported range of <mode>)</mode></mode>
Note	During an emergency call, an MT session will always be permitted irrespective of the setting.  The current setting is stored in NVM.

# 5.6.2.19. Configuration of GNSS Antenna Port Type - \$GPSANTPORT

\$GPSANTPORT -	Configuration of GNSS Antenna Port Type
AT\$GPSANTPOR T=	Set command selects to configure GNSS Antenna Port Type.
<type></type>	Parameters:
	<type>: Enabled Port type</type>
	0 – Disable GNSS on AUX Port and GNSS Port. (GNSS Off) 1 – Enable GNSS son AUX Port and disable GNSS on GNSS Port. (Passive antenna on Aux Port) 2 – Enable GNSS on GNSS Port and disable GNSS on AUX Port; DC-Bias Off. (Passive antenna on GNSS Port) (Default) 3 – Enable GNSS on GNSS Port and disable GNSS on AUX Port; DC-Bias On. (Active antenna on GNSS Port) 4 – Enable GNSS on GNSS Port, disable GNSS on AUX Port; High Gain Mode, DC-Bias On. (Active antenna on GNSS Port, High Gain)
AT\$GPSANTPOR T?	Read command returns the currently selected Port Type in the format:
	\$GPSANTPORT: <type></type>
	where:
	<type> - Enabled Port Type</type>
AT\$GPSANTPOR T=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameter(s) <type>.</type>
	\$GPSANTPORT: (the supported range of <type>)</type>
Note	The current setting is stored in NVM.

5.6.2.20. Position Mode Configuration - \$AGPSEN

\$AGPSEN - Set th	ne Position Modes supported on the module.
AT\$AGPSEN= <mode></mode>	Execution command set GPS/A-GPS/A-GLONASS capability supporting to module.
	Parameters: <mode> - GPS Capability  0 - Standalone GPS only (Default on Sprint Ver.)  1 - Full GPS Capability (Standalone GPS, A-GPS) (Default except for Sprint Ver.)  2 - Full GPS (Standalone GPS, A-GPS) and A-GLONASS Capability.  3 - Not support GPS</mode>
AT\$AGPSEN?	Read command returns the currently selected GPS Capability in the format:  \$AGPSEN: <mode>  where:  <mode> - GPS Capability</mode></mode>
AT\$AGPSEN=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameter(s) <mode>.  \$AGPSEN: (the supported range of <mode>)</mode></mode>
Note	The current setting is stored in NVM.

# 5.6.2.21. LPP Configuration - \$LCSLPP

\$LCSLPP - LPP Configuration	
AT\$LCSLPP= <m ode=""></m>	Execution command set the Configuration Information for LPP(LTE Poisoning Protocol).
	Parameters:
	< mode > - Configuration for LPP. (Default see Note 1)
	0 – RRLP in LTE
	1 – LPP User Plane in LTE
	2 – LPP Control Plane in LTE
	3 – LPP UP/CP in LTE
AT\$LCSLPP?	Read command returns the currently selected Configuration for LPP in the format:



\$LCSLPP – LPP Configuration	
	\$LCSLPP: <mode></mode>
	where: <mode> - Configuration for LPP</mode>
AT\$LCSLPP=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameter(s) <mode>.</mode>
	\$LCSLPP: (the supported range of <mode>)</mode>
Note	Default is dependent according to operator requirement.     VZW / T-Mobile (TMUS): 3     Others: 2     The current setting is stored in NVM.

# 5.6.2.22. Selection of Positioning Protocol for A-GLONASS - \$LCSAGLO

\$LCSAGLO - Sele	ction of Positioning protocols for A-GLONASS
AT\$LCSAGLO= <mask></mask>	Execution command set selection of positioning protocols for A-GLONASS.
	Parameters:
	<mask> - Protocol mask of A-GLONASS</mask>
	0 – Not selected ( <b>Default</b> )
	1 – RRC Control Plane (In case <b>AT&amp;T</b> , Default)
	2 – RRLP User Plane
	4 – LPP User Plane
	8 – LPP Control Plane
AT\$LCSAGLO?	Read command returns the currently selected Protocol mask of A-GLONASS in the format:
	\$LCSAGLO: <mask></mask>
	where:
	<mask> - Protocol mask of A-GLONASS</mask>
AT\$LCSAGLO=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameter(s) <mask>.</mask>
	\$LCSAGLO: (the supported range of <mask>)</mask>
Note	This command is only applicable for A-GLONASS capable setting. (see <b>\$AGPSEN</b> )



# \$LCSAGLO - Selection of Positioning protocols for A-GLONASS The <mask> 4 and 8 must be set in the LPP configuration for this to take effect. (see \$LCSLPP) The current setting is stored in NVM.

# 5.6.2.23. GPS Location Request Mode - \$LOCMODE

\$LOCMODE - GPS Location Request Mode	
AT\$LOCMODE=	This command executes the Location request for autonomous GPS.
<mode></mode>	
	Executes Position Location request depending on parameter <mod e=""></mod>
	Parameter:
	<mode>: location request mode</mode>
	Integer
	0 – Terminate autonomous GPS session
	1 – Activate autonomous GPS session
AT\$LOCMODE=?	Test command returns the current value of the location mode <mode>.</mode>
	\$LOCMODE: <mode></mode>
	where:
	<mode> - location request mode</mode>
Note	This command is only applicable for Sprint version.

# 5.6.2.24. Enable NMEA Stream - \$NMEA

\$NMEA – Enable NMEA Stream	
AT\$NMEA= <n></n>	This command enables/disables the NMEA 0183 standard stream inside the module.
	Sets the ability to enable or disable the NMEA stream.
	Allows NEMA 0183 Sentences:
	\$GPGGA,\$GPGSA,\$GPGSV,\$GPRMC and \$GPVTG
	Parameter:
	<n>: Integer</n>
	0 – Disable the NMEA 0183 standard stream.
	1 – Enable the NMEA 0183 standard stream.



\$NMEA – Enable NM	MEA Stream
AT\$NMEA=?	Reports the current value of the <n> parameter, in the format: \$NMEA: <n></n></n>
Note	This command is only applicable for Sprint version.  This setting has an effect on <b>\$GPSNMUN</b> setting and follows the storing operation of <b>\$GPSNMUN</b> setting.
Example	AT\$NMEA=? \$NMEA: 0  OK AT\$GP\$NMUN? \$GP\$NMUN: 0,0,0,0,0,0  OK AT\$NMEA=1 OK AT\$GP\$NMUN? \$GP\$NMUN? \$GP\$NMUN: 2,1,0,1,1,1,1  OK AT&W  OK AT&P  OK //After module is reboot, AT\$GP\$NMUN? \$GP\$NMUN: 2,1,0,1,1,1,1  OK //AT\$GP\$NMUN? \$GP\$NMUN: 2,1,0,1,1,1,1

# 5.6.2.25. Enable Location Services - \$LOCATION

\$LOCATION – Enable Location Services	
AT\$LOCATION= <n></n>	This command enables/disables the Location Services inside the module.
	Sets the ability to enable or disable the Location Services



\$LOCATION - Enable Location Services	
	Parameter:
	<n>: Integer</n>
	0 – Disable Location Services
	1 – Enable Location Services ( <b>Default</b> )
AT\$LOCATION=?	Reports the current value of the <n> parameter, in the format:</n>
	\$LOCATION: <n></n>
Note	This command is only applicable for Sprint version.
Example	AT\$LOCATION=?
·	\$LOCATION: 0
	ОК
	AT\$LOCATION =1
	OK

# 5.6.2.26. Get Current Location - \$GETLOCATION

\$GETLOCATION -	\$GETLOCATION – Get Current Location	
AT\$GETLOCATIO N	Execution command returns information about the last current location	
	in the format:	
	<date>,<time>,<latitude>,<longitude>,<elevation>,<hepe>,<sp eed="">,</sp></hepe></elevation></longitude></latitude></time></date>	
	 <bearing>,<nsat></nsat></bearing>	
	where: <date> - date (MM/DD/YYYY) stamp</date>	
	<time> - 24 hour time (HH:MM:SS) stamp</time>	
	<a href="#"><a hre<="" th=""></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a>	
	+/- : North / South	
	max of 90.000000 degrees	
	<li><longitude> - longitude in decimal degrees (±DDD.dddddd)</longitude></li>	
	+/-: East / West	
	max of 180.000000 degrees	
	<elevation> - elevation in meters (±nnnn)</elevation>	
	Above [+] or below [-] sea level with reference to the WGS 84 reference Ellipsoid	
	<hepe> - Horizontal Estimated Position Error in meters (nnnnnn)</hepe>	
	<speed> - speed in meters per second (nnn)</speed>	



\$GETLOCATION - Get Current Location	
	 <b>bearing&gt;</b> - bearing in decimal degrees (+DDD.dd)
	<nsat> - number of satellites used in location fix (nn)</nsat>
	Note: If the location position is not to be retrieved or the location services are turned off, <b>ERROR</b> will be return.
Note	This command is only applicable for Sprint version.
Example	AT\$GETLOCATION
	09/24/2009,21:43:57,39.012345,- 104.012345,+312,1234567,40,359.93,13
	ОК

5.6.2.27. GNSS Auto Start Configuration - #LOCAUTOSTART

#LOCAUTOSTART – GNSS Auto Start Configuration	
AT#LOCAUTOST ART=	Set command sets the GNSS Auto Start configuration.
<pre><function>[,<fix_t ype="">[,<max_time< pre=""></max_time<></fix_t></function></pre>	Parameters:
>[, <max_dist>[,<f ix_rate&gt;]]]]</f </max_dist>	<function>: Integer, setting to indicate when modem should start an automatic</function>
	0 – Disabled
	1 – AT Bootup
	2 – When NMEA port is opened ( <b>Default with OEM PRI setting</b> )
	<fix_type>: Integer, Type of GNSS fix</fix_type>
	1 – Default Engine mode
	2 – MS-Based
	3 – MS-Assisted
	4 – Standalone ( <b>Default with OEM PRI setting</b> )
	<max_time>: Integer, Maximum time allowed for the receiver to get a fix in seconds</max_time>
	1-255
	Default with OEM PRI setting: 255
	<max_dist>: Integer, Maximum uncertainty of a fix measured by distance in meters.</max_dist>
	1-4294967280
	Default with OEM PRI setting: 1000
	<fix_rate>: Integer, Time between fixes in seconds</fix_rate>



#LOCAUTOSTAR1	#LOCAUTOSTART – GNSS Auto Start Configuration	
	1-65535	
	Default with OEM PRI setting: 1	
AT#LOCAUTOST ART?	Read command returns the current GNSS Auto Start setting, in the format:	
	#LOCAUTOSTART: <function>,<fix_type>,<max_time>,<max_dist>,<fix_rate></fix_rate></max_dist></max_time></fix_type></function>	
	Where,	
	<pre><function>: Integer, setting to indicate when modem should start an automatic</function></pre>	
	0 – Disabled	
	1 – AT Bootup	
	2 – When NMEA port is opened	
	255 - not reported by modem ( <b>Default without OEM PRI setting</b> )	
	Default response without OEM PRI setting:	
	#LOCAUTOSTART: 255,,,,	
AT#LOCAUTOST ART=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <pre><function>,<fix_type>,<max_time>,<max_dist>,<fix_rate>.</fix_rate></max_dist></max_time></fix_type></function></pre>	
Note	1. This setting has an effect on current GNSS setting.  - <fix_type>: \$GPSSLSR (<transport_protocol>, <pos_mode>)  - <fix_rate>: \$GPSSLSR(<interval>)  - <max_time>: \$GPSQOS(<rsp_time>)  - <max_dist>: \$GPSQOS(<horiz_accuracy>)  2. The current setting is stored in NVM.  3. The Defaults or parameters are values after applying OEM PRI setting.</horiz_accuracy></max_dist></rsp_time></max_time></interval></fix_rate></pos_mode></transport_protocol></fix_type>	
Reference	80568ST10908A LM960 QMI Command Reference Guide.docx	
	- QMI_GMS_LOC_GET_AUTO_START - QMI_GMS_LOC_SET_AUTO_START	

5.6.2.28. NMEA Type Configuration - #LOCNMEATYPE

#LOCNMEATYPE – NMEA Type Configuration		
AT#LOCNMEATY PE=	Set command sets the NMEA Type Configuration.	
<nmea_mode_in d&gt;[,<nmea_type> ]</nmea_type></nmea_mode_in 	Parameters: <nmea_mode_ind>: Integer - Execute the Location Fix start or stop.</nmea_mode_ind>	



# **#LOCNMEATYPE - NMEA Type Configuration**

- Indicate whether NMEA port is opened or not

0 - NMEA Streaming stop

1 – NMEA Streaming start

<nmea\_type>: Integer

- Set NMEA type mask to modem

0 - Disable NMEA type

1 - 134020607

Default with OEM PRI setting: 134020607

**Default without OEM PRI setting:** 0

- Enable GPGGA type: 0x00000001

- Enable GPRMC type: 0x00000002

- Enable GPGSV type: 0x00000004

- Enable GPGSA type: 0x00000008

- Enable GPVTG type: 0x00000010

- Enable GPGLL type: 0x00000020

- Enable GLGSV type: 0x00000040

- Enable GNGSA type: 0x00000080

- Enable GNGNS type: 0x00000100

- Enable GARMC type: 0x00000400

- Enable GAGSV type: 0x00000800

- Enable GAGSA type: 0x00001000

- Enable GAVTG type: 0x00002000

- Enable GAGGA type: 0x00004000

- Enable BDGSV type: 0x00008000

- Enable GPGNS type: 0x00040000

- Enable GLGNS type: 0x00080000

- Enable GNGSV type: 0x00100000

- Enable GAGNS type: 0x00200000

- Enable BDGSA type: 0x00400000

- Enable BDRMC type: 0x00800000

- Enable BDVTG type: 0x01000000

- Enable BDGGA type: 0x02000000

- Enable BDGNS type: 0x04000000



#LOCNMEATYPE	#LOCNMEATYPE - NMEA Type Configuration	
AT#LOCNMEATY PE?	Read command returns the current NMEA Type configuration, in the format:	
	#LOCNMEATYPE: <nmea_type></nmea_type>	
AT#LOCNMEATY PE=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <nmea_mode_ind>,<nmea_type>.</nmea_type></nmea_mode_ind>	
Note	<ol> <li>For <nmea_mode_ind> value, each value means the following description,</nmea_mode_ind></li> <li>NMEA streaming start: GPS engine start location fix and start to stream out NMEA sentences.</li> <li>NMEA streaming stop: GPS engine stop location fix and stop NMEA streaming</li> <li>The current setting <nmea_type> is stored in NVM.</nmea_type></li> <li>The Default of <nmea_type> is value after applying OEM PRI setting.</nmea_type></li> <li>If \$GPSNMUN or \$GPSNMUNEX command is already used, the user should avoid using this command because this setting have an effect on \$GPSNMUN and \$GPSNMUNEX operation.</li> </ol>	
Reference	80568ST10908A_LM960_QMI_Command_Reference_Guide.docx - QMI_GMS_LOC_SET_NMEA_TYPE	

# 5.6.3. SMS AT Commands

# 5.6.3.1. Select 3GPP or 3GPP2 Format for MO SMS - #SMSFORMAT

#SMSFORMAT – Select 3GPP or 3GPP2 Format for MO SMS		
AT#SMSFORMAT	Set command selects the 3GPP or 3GPP2 format for MO SMS.	
[ <mode>]</mode>	Parameter: <mode> - MO SMS format  0 - 3GPP format  1 - 3GPP2 format (factory default for Verizon)  Note: The input format for 3GPP2 SMS is according to Telit syntax: see 5.5.5</mode>	
AT#SMSFORMAT ?	NOTE: the setting is saved in NVM.  Read command reports the current setting of parameter <mode>, in the format:  #SMSFORMAT: <mode> (<mode> described above)</mode></mode></mode>	



# #SMSFORMAT – Select 3GPP or 3GPP2 Format for MO SMS AT#SMSFORMAT | Test command returns the supported range of values for parameter <mode>

# 5.6.3.2. Domain Configuration for Outgoing SMS - #ISMSCFG

#ISMSCFG – Domain Configuration for Outgoing SMS		
AT#ISMSCFG= [ <mode>]</mode>	Set command changes the configuration parameter for outgoing SMS, which will be used to route the outgoing SMS either over CPS or over IMS (IP Multimedia Core Network Subsystem).	
	Parameter:	
	<mode></mode>	
	0 - the SMS service is not to be invoked over the IP networks;	
	1 - the SMS service is preferred to be invoked over the IP networks (default)	
	NOTE: the setting is saved in NVM.	
AT#ISMSCFG?	Read command returns the current domain selected to route the outgoing SMS in the format:	
	#ISMSCFG: <mode></mode>	
	( <mode> described above)</mode>	
AT#ISMSCFG=?	Test command returns the supported range of values for parameter <mode></mode>	

# 5.6.4. SIM Toolkit AT Commands

# 5.6.4.1. SIM Toolkit Interface Activation - #STIA

#STIA - SIM Toolkit Interface Activation		
AT#STIA= [ <mode></mode>	Set command is used to activate the SAT sending of unsolicited indications when a <b>proactive command</b> is received from SIM.	
[, <timeout>]]</timeout>	Parameters: <mode></mode>	
	0 - disable SAT  1 - enable SAT without unsolicited indication #STN (default)	
	2 - enable SAT and extended unsolicited indication #STN (see #STGI)	
	3 - enable SAT and reduced unsolicited indication <b>#STN</b> (see <b>#STGI</b> )	

- 17 enable SAT without unsolicited indication #STN and 3GPP TS 23.038 alphabet used
- 18 enable SAT and extended unsolicited indication #STN (see #STGI) and 3GPP TS 23.038 alphabet used
- 19 enable SAT and reduced unsolicited indication #STN (see #STGI)and 3GPP TS 23.038 alphabet used
- 33 enable SAT without unsolicited indication #STN and UCS2 alphabet used
- 34 enable SAT and extended unsolicited indication #STN (see #STGI)and UCS2 alphabet used
- 35 enable SAT and reduced unsolicited indication #STN (see #STGI)and UCS2 alphabet used

# <timeout> - time-out for user responses

1.. 2 - time-out in minutes (default 2). Any ongoing (but unanswered) proactive command will be aborted automatically after <timeout> minutes. In this case, the terminal response is either "ME currently unable to process command", or if applicable, "No response from user". In addition an unsolicited indication will be sent to the external application:

#### **#STN: <cmdTerminateValue>**

where:

<cmdTerminateValue> is defined as <cmdType> +
terminate offset; the terminate offset equals 100.

Note: every time the SIM application issues a **proactive command** that requires user interaction an unsolicited code will be sent, if enabled with **#STIA** command, as follows:

if <mode> parameter of #STIA command has been set to 3
 (reduced unsolicited indication) an unsolicited indication will be
 sent, indicating the type of proactive command issued by the
 SIM:

#STN: <cmdType>

 if <mode> parameter of #STIA command has been set to 2 (extended unsolicited indication) the format of the unsolicited indication depends on the specific command:

#### if <cmdType>=1 (REFRESH)

an unsolicited notification will be sent to the user:

#STN: <cmdType>,<refresh type>

where:

# <refresh type>

- 0 SIM Initialization and Full File Change Notification;
- 1 File Change Notification;
- 2 SIM Initialization and File Change Notification;
- 3 SIM Initialization;
- 4 SIM Reset

In this case neither **#STGI** nor **#STSR** commands are required:

- AT#STGI is accepted anyway.
- AT#STSR=<cmdType>,0 will answer OK but do nothing.

if <cmdType>=17 (SEND SS)
if <cmdType>=19 (SEND SHORT MESSAGE)
if <cmdType>=20 (SEND DTMF)
if <cmdType>=32 (PLAY TONE)

an unsolicited notification will be sent if allowed by SIM (see GSM 11.14):

**#STN:** <cmdType>[,<text>]

where:

<text> - (optional) text to be displayed to user

In these cases neither **#STGI** nor **#STSR** commands are required:

• AT#STGI is accepted anyway.

 AT#STSR=<cmdType>,0 will answer OK but do nothing.

In case of SEND SHORT MESSAGE (**<cmdType>**=19) command if sending to network fails an unsolicited notification will be sent

#STN: 119

if <cmdType>=33 (DISPLAY TEXT)

an unsolicited notification will be sent if allowed by SIM (see GSM 11.14):

#STN: <cmdType>[,<cmdDetails>[,<text>]

where:

<cmdDetails> - unsigned Integer used as a bit field.

0..255 - used as a bit field:

bit 1:

0 - normal priority

1 - high priority

bits 2 to 7: reserved for future use

bit 8:

0 - clear message after a delay

1 - wait for user to clear message

<text> - (optional) text to be displayed to user

# In this case:

- 1. if <cmdDetails>/bit8 is 0 neither #STGI nor #STSR commands are required:
  - AT#STGI is accepted anyway.
- AT#STSR=<cmdType>,0 will answer OK but do nothing.
- 2. If <cmdDetails>/bit8 is 1 #STSR command is required

if <cmdType>=40 (SET UP IDLE MODE TEXT)

an unsolicited notification will be sent:

**#STN:** <cmdType>[,<text>]

where:

<text> - (optional)text to be displayed to user

In these cases neither **#STGI** nor **#STSR** commands are required:

- AT#STGI is accepted anyway.
- AT#STSR=<cmdType>,0 will answer OK but do nothing.

if <cmdType>=18 (SEND USSD)

an unsolicited notification will be sent to the user:

**#STN**: <cmdType>[,<text>]

where:

<text> - optional text string sent by SIM

In this case:

- AT#STSR=18,20 can be sent to end USSD transaction.
  - AT#STGI is accepted anyway.
- AT#STSR=<cmdType>,0 will answer OK but do nothing.

if <cmdType>=5 (SET UP EVENT LIST)

an unsolicited notification will be sent:

**#STN:** <cmdType>[,<event list mask>]

where:

<event list mask> - (optional)hexadecimal number
representing the list of events to monitor (see GSM 11.14)

- '00' = MT call

- '01' = Call connected
- '02' = Call disconnected
- '03' = Location status
- '04' = User activity
- '05' = Idle screen available
- '06' = Card reader status (if class "a" is supported)
- '07' = Language selection
- '08' = Browser Termination (if class "c" is supported)
- '09' = Data available (if class "e" is supported)
- '0A' = Channel status (if class "e" is supported)

The hexadecimal number is actually a bit mask, where each bit, when set, indicates that the corresponding event has to be monitored (e.g., if <event list mask> is 0x0001, it means that MT call has to be monitored).

In these cases neither **#STGI** nor **#STSR** commands are required:

- AT#STGI is accepted anyway.
- AT#STSR=<cmdType>,0 will answer OK but do nothing.

if <cmdTvpe>=64 (OPEN CHANNEL)

an unsolicited notification will be sent to the user:

**#STN: <cmdType>[,<text>]** 

where:

<text> - optional text string sent by SIM

In this case:

- AT#STSR=64,34 can be sent to reject request.
- AT#STGI is accepted anyway.
- AT#STSR=<cmdType>,0 will start connection.

All other commands:

the unsolicited indication will report just the proactive command type:

#STN: <cmdType>

Note: if the **call control** or **SMS control facility in the SIM** is activated, when the customer application makes an outgoing call, or sends an SS or USSD, or an SMS, the following **#STN** unsolicited indication could be sent, according to GSM 11.14, to indicate whether the outgoing call has been accepted, rejected or modified by the SIM, or if the SMS service centre address or destination has been changed:

# #STN: <cmdTerminateValue>,<Result>[,<TextInfo>[,<Number> [,<MODestAddr>]]]

where

#### <cmdTerminateValue>

150 - SMS control response

160 - call/SS/USSD response

#### <Result>

- 0 Call/SMS not allowed
- 1 Call/SMS allowed
- 2 Call/SMS allowed with modification

< Number > - Called number, Service Center Address or SS String in ASCII format.

<MODestAddr> - MO destination address in ASCII format.

<TextInfo> - alpha identifier provided by the SIM in ASCII format.

Note: an unsolicited result code

**#STN: 254** 

is sent if the user has indicated the need to end the proactive SIM application session (AT#STSR=<cmdType>,16 i.e. "proactive SIM application session terminated by the user" according to GSM 11.14).

The TA does not need to respond directly, i.e. **AT#STSR** is not required.

It is possible to restart the SAT session from the main menu again with the command **AT#STGI=37**.

#STIA - SIM Toolkit Interface Activation		
	Note: The settings are saved on user profile and available on following reboot. SIM Toolkit activation/deactivation is only performed at power on.	
AT#STIA?	Read command can be used to get information about the SAT interface in the format:	
	#STIA: <state>,<mode>,<timeout>,<satprofile></satprofile></timeout></mode></state>	
	where:	
	<state> - the device is in one of the following state:</state>	
	0 - SIM has not started its application yet	
	1 - SIM has started its application (SAT main menu ready)	
	<mode> - SAT and unsolicited indications enabling status (see above)</mode>	
	<timeout> - time-out for user responses (see above)</timeout>	
	<b>SatProfile&gt;</b> - SAT Terminal Profile according to GSM 11.14, i. e. the list of SIM Application Toolkit facilities that are supported by the ME. The profile cannot be changed by the TA.	
	Note: In SAT applications usually an SMS message is sent to the network provider containing service requests, e.g. to send the latest news. The provider returns a message with the requested information.	
	Before activating SAT it is recommended to set the SMS text mode with command <b>AT+CMGF=1</b> and to enable unsolicited indications for incoming SMS messages with command <b>+CNMI</b> .	
AT#STIA=?	Test command returns the range of available values for the parameters <mode> and <timeout>.</timeout></mode>	
Note	Just one instance at a time, the one which first issued <b>AT#STIA=</b> <i>n</i> (with <i>n</i> different from zero), is allowed to issue SAT commands, and this is valid till the same instance issues <b>AT#STIA=0</b> .	
	After power cycle another instance can enable SAT.	
Note	A typical SAT session on AT interface starts after an <b>#STN: 37</b> unsolicited code is received, if enabled(see above). At that point usually an <b>AT#STGI=37</b> command is issued (see <b>#STGI</b> ), and after the SAT main menu has been displayed on TE an <b>AT#STSR=37,0,x</b> command is issued to select an item in the menu (see <b>#STSR</b> ).	

#### 5.6.4.2. SIM Toolkit Get Information - #STGI

# **#STGI - SIM Toolkit Get Information**

# AT#STGI= [<cmdType>]

**#STGI** set command is used to request the parameters of a **proactive command** from the ME.

Parameter:

<cmdType> - proactive command ID according to GSM 11.14 (decimal); these are only those command types that use the AT interface; SAT commands which are not using the AT interface (not MMI related SAT commands, e.g. PROVIDE LOCAL INFORMATION) are executed without sending any indication to the user

- 1 REFRESH
- 5 SET UP EVENT LIST
- 16 SET UP CALL
- 17 SEND SS
- 18 SEND USSD
- 19 SEND SHORT MESSAGE
- 20 SEND DTMF
- 32 PLAY TONE
- 33 DISPLAY TEXT
- 34 GET INKEY
- 35 GET INPUT
- 36 SELECT ITEM
- 37 SET UP MENU
- 40 SET UP IDLE MODE TEXT
- 64 OPEN CHANNEL

Requested command parameters are sent using an **#STGI** indication:

**#STGI: <parameters>** 

where **parameters>** depends upon the ongoing **proactive command** as follows:

if <cmdType>=1 (REFRESH)

#STGI: <cmdType>,<refresh type>

where:

#### <refresh type>

- 0 SIM Initialization and Full File Change Notification;
- 1 File Change Notification;
- 2 SIM Initialization and File Change Notification;
- 3 SIM Initialization;
- 4 SIM Reset

#### if <cmdType>=5 (SET UP EVENT LIST)

#STGI: <cmdType>,<event list mask>

where:

<event list mask> - hexadecimal number representing the list of
events to monitor (see GSM 11.14):

- '00' = MT call
- '01' = Call connected
- '02' = Call disconnected
- '03' = Location status
- '04' = User activity
- '05' = Idle screen available
- '06' = Card reader status (if class "a" is supported)
- '07' = Language selection
- '08' = Browser Termination (if class "c" is supported)
- '09' = Data available (if class "e" is supported)
- '0A' = Channel status (if class "e" is supported)

The hexadecimal number is actually a bit mask, where each bit, when set, indicates that the corresponding event has to be monitored (e.g., if <event list mask> is 0x0001, it means that MT call has to be monitored).

#### if <cmdTvpe>=16 (SET UP CALL)

**#STGI:** <cmdType>,<commandDetails>,[<confirmationText>],

<calledNumber>where:

<commandDetails> - unsigned integer, used as an enumeration

- 0 Set up call, but only if not currently busy on another call
- 1 Set up call, but only if not currently busy on another call, with redial
- 2 Set up call, putting all other calls (if any) on hold
- 3 Set up call, putting all other calls (if any) on hold, with redial
- 4 Set up call, disconnecting all other calls (if any)
- 5 Set up call, disconnecting all other calls (if any), with redial



```
<confirmationText> - string for user confirmation stage
<calledNumber> - string containing called number
                 if <cmdType>=17 (SEND SS)
               if <cmdType>=18 (SEND USSD)
         if <cmdType>=19 (SEND SHORT MESSAGE)
                if <cmdType>=20 (SEND DTMF)
                if <cmdType>=32 (PLAY TONE)
         if <cmdType>=40 (SET UP IDLE MODE TEXT)
             if <cmdType>=64 (OPEN CHANNEL)
#STGI: <cmdType>[,<text>]
where:
<text> - text to be displayed to user
              if <cmdType>=33 (DISPLAY TEXT)
#STGI: <cmdType>,<cmdDetails>[,<text>]
where:
<cmdDetails> - unsigned Integer used as a bit field.
0..255 - used as a bit field:
  bit 1:
   0 - normal priority
   1 - high priority
  bits 2 to 7: reserved for future use
  bit 8:
   0 - clear message after a delay
   1 - wait for user to clear message
<text> - text to be displayed to user
                if <cmdType>=34 (GET INKEY)
#STGI: <cmdType>,<commandDetails>,<text>
```

where:

```
<commandDetails> - unsigned Integer used as a bit field.
```

0..255 - used as a bit field:

#### bit 1

- 0 Digits only (0-9, \*, # and +)
- 1 Alphabet set;

#### bit 2:

- 0 SMS default alphabet (GSM character set)
- 1 UCS2 alphabet

#### bit 3:

- 0 Character sets defined by bit 1 and bit 2 are enabled
- 1 Character sets defined by bit 1 and bit 2 are disabled and the "Yes/No" response is requested

#### bits 4 to 7:

0

#### bit 8:

- 0 No help information available
- 1 Help information available

<text> - String as prompt for text.

## #STGI: <cmdType>,<commandDetails>,<text>,<responseMin>, <responseMax>[,<defaultText>]

#### where:

<commandDetails> - unsigned Integer used as a bit field.

0..255 - used as a bit field:

#### **bit 1**:

- 0 Digits only (0-9, \*, #, and +)
- 1 Alphabet set

#### **bit 2**:

- 0 SMS default alphabet (GSM character set)
- 1 UCS2 alphabet

#### bit 3:

- 0 ME may echo user input on the display
- 1 User input shall not be revealed in any way. Hidden entry mode (see GSM 11.14) is only available when using digit input. In hidden entry mode only characters ('0'-'9', '\*' and '#') are allowed.

#### bit 4:

- 0 User input to be in unpacked format
- 1 User input to be in SMS packed format

#### bits 5 to 7:

0

#### bit 8:

- 0 No help information available
- 1 Help information available
- <text> string as prompt for text
- <responseMin> minimum length of user input
- 0..255
- <responseMax> maximum length of user input
  - 0..255
- <defaultText> string supplied as default response text

#### if <cmdType>=36 (SELECT ITEM)

The first line of output is:

#### #STGI:

<cmdType>,<commandDetails>,<numOfItems>[,<titleText>]
<CR><LF>

One line follows for every item, repeated for <numOfltems>:

**#STGI**: <cmdType>,<itemId>,<itemText>[,<nextActionId>]

#### where:

- <commandDetails> unsigned Integer used as a bitfield
- 0..255 used as a bit field:

#### **bit 1**:

- 0 Presentation type is not specified
- 1 Presentation type is specified in bit 2

#### bit 2:

- 0 Presentation as a choice of data values if bit 1 = '1'
- 1 Presentation as a choice of navigation options if bit 1 is '1'

#### bit 3:

0 - No selection preference



1 - Selection using soft key preferred

bits 4 to 7:

0

bit 8:

- 0 No help information available
- 1 Help information available

<numOfItems> - number of items in the list

<titleText> - string giving menu title

<itemId> - item identifier

1..<numOfItems>

<itemText> - title of item

<nextActionId> - the next proactive command type to be issued upon execution of the menu item.

0 - no next action information available.

if <cmdType>=37 (SET UP MENU)

The first line of output is:

#STGI:

<cmdType>,<commandDetails>,<numOfItems>,<titleText> <CR><LF>

One line follows for every item, repeated for <numOfitems>:

**#STGI:** <cmdType>,<itemId>,<itemText>[,<nextActionId>]

where:

<commandDetails> - unsigned Integer used as a bitfield

0..255 - used as a bit field:

bit 1:

0 - no selection preference

1 - selection using soft key preferred

bit 2 to 7:

0

bit 8:

- 0 no help information available
- 1 help information available



<numofitems> - number of items in the list</numofitems>
<titletext> - string giving menu title</titletext>
<itemid> - item identifier</itemid>
1 <numofitems></numofitems>
<itemtext> - title of item</itemtext>
<nextactionid> - the next proactive command type to be issued upon execution of the menu item.</nextactionid>
0 - no next action information available.
Note: upon receiving the <b>#STGI</b> response, the TA must send <b>#STSR</b> command (see below) to confirm the execution of the proactive command and provide any required user response, e.g. selected menu item.
The read command can be used to request the currently ongoing <b>proactive command</b> and the SAT state in the format
#STGI: <state>,cmdType&gt;</state>
where:
<state> - SAT interface state (see #STIA)</state>
<mdtype> - ongoing proactive command</mdtype>
An error message will be returned if there is no pending command.
Test command returns the range for the parameters <b><state></state></b> and <b><cmdtype></cmdtype></b> .
The unsolicited notification sent to the user:
#STN: 37
is an indication that the main menu of the SIM Application has been sent to the TA. It will be stored by the TA so that it can be displayed later at any time by issuing an <b>AT#STGI=37</b> command.
A typical SAT session on AT interface starts after an <b>#STN: 37</b> unsolicited code is received, if enabled. At that point usually an <b>AT#STGI=37</b> command is issued, and after the SAT main menu has been displayed on TE an <b>AT#STSR=37,0,x</b> command is issued to select an item in the menu (see below). The session usually ends with a SIM action like sending an SMS, or starting a call. After this, to restart the session from the beginning going back to SAT main menu it is usually required an <b>AT#STSR=37,16</b> command.



The unsolicited notification sent to the user:

**#STN:237** 

is an indication that the main menu of the SIM Application has been removed from the TA, and it is no longer available. In this case **AT#STGI=37** command response will be always **ERROR**.

#### 5.6.4.3. SIM Toolkit Send Response - #STSR

#### **#STSR - SIM Toolkit Send Response**

## AT#STSR= [<cmdType>, <userResponse> [,<data>]]

The write command is used to provide to SIM user response to a command and any required user information, e.g. a selected menu item.

Parameters:

<userResponse> - action performed by the user

- 0 command performed successfully (call accepted in case of call setup)
  - 16 proactive SIM session terminated by user
- 17 backward move in the proactive SIM session requested by the user
- 18 no response from user
- 19 help information required by the user
- 20 USSD/SS Transaction terminated by user
- 32 TA currently unable to process command
- 34 user has denied SIM call setup request
- 35 user cleared down SIM call before connection or network release
- <data> data entered by user, depending on <cmdType>, only
  required if <Result> is 0:

#### Get Inkey

<data> contains the key pressed by the user; used character set should be the one selected with +CSCS

Note: if, as a user response, a binary choice (Yes/No) is requested by the SIM application using bit 3 of the **<commandDetails>** parameter the valid content of the **<inputString>** is:

- a) "IRA", "8859-1", "PCCP437" charsets: "Y" or "y" (positive answer) and "N" or "n" (negative answer)
- b) UCS2 alphabet "0079" or "0059" (positive answer) and "006E" or "004E" (negative answer)



#STSR - SIM Toolk	it Send Response
	Get Input
	<data> - contains the string of characters entered by the user (see above)</data>
	Select Item
	<data> - contains the item identifier selected by the user</data>
	Note:
	Use of icons is not supported. All icon related actions will respond with no icon available.
AT#STSR?	The read command can be used to request the currently ongoing <b>proactive command</b> and the SAT state in the format
	#STSR: <state>,<cmdtype></cmdtype></state>
	where:
	<state> - SAT interface state (see #STIA)</state>
	<cmdtype> - ongoing proactive command</cmdtype>
	An error message will be returned if there is no pending command.
AT#STSR=?	Test command returns the range for the parameters <b><state></state></b> and <b><cmdtype></cmdtype></b> .

#### 5.6.4.4. Select language - #LANG

#LANG – select lar	#LANG – select language	
AT#LANG= <lan></lan>	Set command selects the currently used language for displaying different messages.	
	Parameter:	
	<lan> - selected language</lan>	
	"en" - English (factory default)	
	"it" - Italian	
	"de" - German	
AT#LANG?	Read command reports the currently selected <b><lan></lan></b> in the format:	
	#LANG: <lan></lan>	
AT#LANG=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <b><lan></lan></b> .	

#### 5.6.4.5. Set SIM Toolkit Display Mode - #SDM

#SDM - Set SIM Toolkit Display Mode	
AT#SDM= <priority></priority>	Set command sets to normal/high priority standby display mode.
	Parameter:
	<pre><priority> - priority</priority></pre>
	0 - normal
	1 - high
AT#SDM?	Read command returns the current value of the <b><pri>priority&gt;</pri></b> parameter.
AT#SDM=?	Test command returns the range of values for parameter <b><pri>riority&gt;</pri></b> .

#### 5.6.4.6. Set SIM Toolkit Timeout value - #STIME

5.0.4.6. Set Silvi Toolkit Tilleout value - #STIIviE	
#STIME - Set SIM 1	Toolkit Timeout value
AT#STIME=	Set command sets a unit of STK timeout value.
<mode></mode>	
	Parameter:
	<mode> - a unit of STK timeout value</mode>
	0 - in minute
	1 - in second
AT#STIME?	Read command returns the current <b><mode></mode></b> .
AT#STIME=?	Test command returns the supported range of values for parameter <mode>.</mode>
Examples	Set STK timeout value to a second unit.
	AT#STIME=1
	ок
	Timeout value is 30 second
	AT#STIA=2,30
	ОК
	Set STK timeout value to a minute unit.
	AT#STIME=0
	ок
	Timeout value is 1 minute
	AT#STIA=2,1
	<u> </u>



#STIME - Set SIM Toolkit Timeout value	
	ОК
Notes	AT#STIA command is not set to a second unit. When you test "No response from user" and "timeout" of STK test, you must change to a second unit to timeout value of STK.

#### 5.6.4.7. Send SIM Toolkit Envelop Command - #STKENV

#STKENV - Send SIM Toolkit Envelop Command	
AT#STKENV=	Execution command sends Envelop command to UICC.
<cmd_id></cmd_id>	
	Parameter:
	<cmd_id> - command type</cmd_id>
	1 - menu selection
	2 - language selection
	3 - user activity
	4 - idle screen available
AT#STKENV=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.
Example	#STN: 05,03
	AT#STKENV=3
	OK

#### 5.6.5. Power Saving AT Commands

#### 5.6.5.1. Power Saving mode configuration - #PSMWDISACFG

#PSMWDSIACFG – Power Saving mode configuration command	
AT#PSMWDISA	Set command Power Saving mode.
CFG= <mode></mode>	This command is related to W_DISABLE_N pin.
	Parameter:
	<mode> - Power Saving Mode</mode>
	0 : Low Power Mode (both RX/TX disable) (factory default)
	1 : power saving mode which watch W_DISABLE_N pin
	2 : ignore on W_DISABLE_N pin
	10: enable dying gasp with W_DISABLE_N pin (activated on low edge)
	Note: after command issued, the modem will be reset.



#PSMWDSIACFG	- Power Saving mode configuration command
	Note: USB suspend mode is not supported (Qualcomm limitation)  Note: The setting is maintained for both firmware updates and firmware switches.
AT# PSMWDISACFG ?	display current mode
AT# PSMWDISACFG =?	Test command reports the supported mode
Example	AT#PSMWDISACFG=1
	OK
	AT# PSMWDISACFG?
	AT# PSMWDISACFG: 1
	ОК

#### 5.6.5.2. Wake Up Event configuration - #PSMEVTCFG

#PSMEVTCFG - V	Vake Up Event configuration
AT#PSMEVTCF G= <sms>,&lt;</sms>	Set command enable/disable each wake up event
Network_Dregist ration >	Parameter:
	<sms></sms>
	0 - disable (factory default)
	1 - enable
	< Network_Dregistration >
	0 - disable (factory default)
	1 – enable
	Note: The setting is maintained for both firmware updates and firmware switches.
AT#PSMEVTCF G?	display current wake up event configurations mask
AT#PSMEVTCF G=?	Test command reports the supported wake up event.
Example	AT#PSMEVTCFG=?

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#PSMEVTCFG – Wake Up Event configuration	
	AT#PSMEVTCFG: (0,1),(0,1)
	ОК
	AT#PSMEVTCFG = 1,1
	ОК
	AT#PSMEVTCFG? AT#PSMEVTCFG = 1,1
	ОК

#### $5.6.5.3.-WAKE\_N\ pin\ configuration\ -\ \#PSMWAKENCFG$

#PSMWAKENCF	G – WAKE_N pin configuration command
AT#PSMWAKEN CFG= <n>,<t_rin< th=""><th>Set command WAKE_N pin configuration</th></t_rin<></n>	Set command WAKE_N pin configuration
g>, <t_pause></t_pause>	Parameter:
	<n> : number of wake_n , default = 3</n>
	<tring> : time of wake_n pin duration, defalut = 100</tring>
	<tpause> : time of pause the wake_n pin duration, defualt = 100</tpause>
	N
	Note: The time duration is millisecond base
	Note: If WAKE_N pin configuration changed, reboot the modem required.
	Note: The setting is maintained for both firmware updates and firmware switches.
AT#PSMWAKEN CFG?	display current wake up event configurations mask
AT#PSMWAKEN CFG=?	Test command reports the supported wake up event.
Example	AT#PSMWAKENCFG=1,1000,1000
	ОК
	AT# PSMWAKENCFG?
	AT# PSMWAKENCFG: 1, 1000, 1000



#PSMWAKENCFG – WAKE_N pin configuration command	
	OK

#### 5.6.5.4. Get Wake up events - #PSMEVT

#PSMEVT – Get W	Vake up events
AT#PSMEVT	Execution command which display wake up event.
	This command display source mask, last event source,
	and Last event source timestamp
	Format:
	#PSMEVT: <source mask=""/> , <last event="" source="">,<timestamp></timestamp></last>
	Source Mask:
	SMS event - 0x00000001
	Network_de-registration event – 0x000000002
	Note: Time stamp is based on Epoch time and micro seconds.
AT#PSMEVT=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code
Example	SMS event received at 1516708576002437 epoch time
	(Tuesday, January 23, 2018 11:56:16.002 AM)
	AT#PSMEVT
	#PSMEVT: 0x00000001,0x00000001,1516708576002437
	ОК

#### 5.6.6. QMI Qos Flow Reporting Control AT Commands

#### 5.6.6.1. – QMI Qos Flow Indication Interval - #QOSINTER

#QOSINTER – QMI Qos Flow Indication Interval	
AT#QOSINTER= <interval></interval>	Set command used to set qos flow indication interval.  After setting, UE sends QoS flow indicators to Host every the given time interval
	Parameter: <interval> - qos interval in second unit.  0 - Generating indicators whenever it happens (default)</interval>



#QOSINTER – QMI Qos Flow Indication Interval	
	110 – Periodic timer
	NOTE: It works after setting report_global_qos_flows to 1 with qos_indication_register_req (QMI_QOS_INDICATION_REGISTER_REQ_V01).
	After setting, it periodically operates after receiving the first event (QOS_FLOW_ENABLED_V01 or QOS_FLOW_DISABLED_V01).
	<b>NOTE:</b> The default setting of 0 generates all qos flow indicators. When the non-zero value is set by the command, it operates on the basis of the timer.
	NOTE: The setting is saved in NVM
AT#QOSINTER?	Read command returns the current interval value, in the format:
	#QOSINTER: <interval></interval>
AT#QOSINTER= ?	Test command return the supported ranges

#### 5.6.7. Customization Feature AT Commands

#### 5.6.7.1 Get the Setting of Customization Feature - #GETCUSTEFAT

#GETCUSTFEAT – Get the Setting of Customization Feature	
This command used to get the setting of customization feature.	
Parameter:	
<pre><cust_id> - String of customization feature "AUDIS" - Audio disable</cust_id></pre>	
"DGACTION" - Dying gasp Action	
"DGENABLE" - Dying gasp Enable	
"GPSSEL" - GPS Antenna Select	
"IPV6ENABLE" - support IPV6 Data Connection	
The setting of the specified <b><cust_id></cust_id></b> will be returned in the format:	
#GETCUSTFEAT: <cust_id>,<cust_value>,<cust_attr></cust_attr></cust_value></cust_id>	
where:	
<pre><cust_id> - String of customization feature</cust_id></pre>	
"AUDIS" - Audio disable	
"DGACTION" - Dying gasp Action "DGENABLE" - Dying gasp Enable	
"GPSSEL" - GPS Antenna Select	

#GETCUSTFEAT – G	et the Setting of Customization Feature
	"IPV6ENABLE" – support IPV6 Data Connection
	<pre><cust_value> - Customization setting value "AUDIS" - Audio disable     0 - enable audio     1 - disable audio (default)</cust_value></pre>
	"DGACTION" - Dying gasp Action (same with #DGENABLE) 0 - Disable sending both detach request and SMS 1 - Enable only the SMS option (default) 2 - Enable only sending detach request 3 - Enable sending both SMS and detach request 4 - Graceful shutdown 5 - SMS sending and graceful shutdown
	"DGENABLE" – Dying gasp Enable cust_value[0] – enable/disable dying gasp 0: disable (default) 1: enable cust_value[1] – GPIO number used for dying gasp event monitoring. Refer to AT#GPIO command for available GPIO number range. cust_value[2] – GPIO trigger used for event 0: activate dying gasp when GPIO translates from high to low (default) 1: activate dying gasp when GPIO translates from low to high
	"GPSSEL" - GPS Antenna Select 0 - Dedicated GPS Port 1 - GPS Rx over AUX Port 2 - GPS Rx over dedicated GPS port with no bias voltage applied. 255 - Invalid data  "IPV6ENABLE" – whether to support IPV6
	0 - disabled 1 - enabled
	<pre><cust_attr> - Customization setting attribute 0 - read only 1 - read/write</cust_attr></pre>
	Note: <cust_id> only supports upper case.</cust_id>
AT#GETCUSTFEAT =?	Test command returns the supported customization features for parameter <b><cust_id></cust_id></b> .
Example	AT#GETCUSTFEAT=?



#### **#GETCUSTFEAT – Get the Setting of Customization Feature**

**#GETCUSTFEAT:** 

("AUDIS", "DGACTION", "DGENABLE", "GPSSEL", "IPV6ENABLE")

OK

AT#GETCUSTFEAT="IPV6ENABLE" #GETCUSTFEAT: "IPV6ENABLE", 1, 1

OK

AT#GETCUSTFEAT="DGENABLE" #GETCUSTFEAT="DGENABLE",000,1

OK

#### 5.6.7.2. Set the Customization Feature - #SETCUSTFEAT

#### **#SETCUSTFEAT - Set the Customization Feature**

## AT#SETCUSTFEAT =<cust\_id>,<cust\_v alue>

Set commands used to set the customization feature.setting of customization feature.

Parameter:

<cust id> - String of customization feature

"AUDIS" - Audio disable

"DGACTION" - Dying gasp Action

"DGENABLE" - Dying gasp Enable

"GPSSEL" - GPS Antenna Select

"IPV6ENABLE" - support IPV6 Data Connection

<cust\_value> - Customization setting value

"AUDIS" - Audio disable

0 - enable audio

1 - disable audio (default)

"DGACTION" - Dying gasp Action (same with #DGENABLE)

- 0 Disable sending both detach request and SMS
- 1 Enable only the SMS option (default)
- 2 Enable only sending detach request
- 3 Enable sending both SMS and detach request
- 4 Graceful shutdown
- 5 SMS sending and graceful shutdown

"DGENABLE" - Dying gasp Enable

cust\_value[0] - enable/disable dying gasp



#SETCUSTFEAT - S	et the Customization Feature
	0: disable (default)
	1: enable
	cust_value[1] – GPIO number used for dying gasp event monitoring. Refer to #GPIO for available GPIO number range.
	cust_value[2] – GPIO trigger used for event
	0: activate dying gasp when GPIO translates from high to low (default)
	1: activate dying gasp when GPIO translates from low to high
	"GPSSEL" - GPS Antenna Select 0 - Dedicated GPS Port 1 - GPS Rx over AUX Port 2 - GPS Rx over dedicated GPS port with no bias voltage applied. Note: "GPSSEL" configuration is stored in NVM.
	"IPV6ENABLE" – whether to support IPV6 0 - disabled 1 - enabled
	Note: The "AUDIS" setting is saved in system and available on following reboot, therefore manual reboot is required after changing <cust_value> of "AUDIS".  Note: The "AUDIS" setting is maintained even after power off.  Note: If in case audio is disabled('1'), DVI pins are assigned as GPIO pins (GPIO_05~GPIO_08).  Note: "DGACTION" configuration is stored in NVM. As default dying gasp do fast shutdown. If want a graceful shutdown instead, configure to '4' or '5'.  Note: "DGENABLE" configuration is stored in NVM. Recommend do not use GPIO number '3' because this pin is not wakeup GPIO.  Note: <cust_id> only supports upper case.</cust_id></cust_value>
AT#SETCUSTFEAT =?	Test command returns the supported customization features for parameter <b><cust_id></cust_id></b> .
Example	AT#SETCUSTFEAT=?
	#SETCUSTFEAT: ("AUDIS","DGACTION","DGENABLE","GPSSEL","IPV6ENABLE")
	ОК
	AT#SETCUSTFEAT="IPV6ENABLE",1 OK



# #SETCUSTFEAT – Set the Customization Feature AT#SETCUSTFEAT="DGENABLE",140 OK

#### 5.6.8. Dying GASP AT Commands

#### 5.6.8.1. Dying GASP Configuration - #DGCFG

#DGCFG – Dying GASP Configuration	
AT#DGCFG=[ <dest SMSNumber&gt;[,<de stSMSContent&gt;]]</de </dest 	Set command sets the Dying GASP configuration.
stawacontent/]]	Parameters:
	<destsmsnubmer>: String</destsmsnubmer>
	- SMS Destination Number as string of 8bit ASCII Characters
	- Max 20 chars
	<destsmscontent>: String</destsmscontent>
	- SMS Content as a string of 8bit ASCII text characters
	- Max 160 chars
AT#DGCFG?	Read command returns the current Dying GASP setting, in the format:
	#DGCFG: <destsmsnumber>,<destsmscontent></destsmscontent></destsmsnumber>
AT#DGCFG=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <pre>Content</pre>
Note	The current setting is stored in NVM.

#### 5.6.8.2. Dying GASP Statistics Management - #DGSTAT

#DGSTAT - Dying GASP Statistics Management	
AT#DGSTAT= <mod e=""></mod>	Set command sets to read/clear the Dying GASP Statistics.
	Parameters:
	<mode>: Integer</mode>
	0 - Clear the Dying GASP Statistics.
	1 - Read the Dying GASP Statistics.
	When <mode> is 1, returns information about the Dying GASP</mode>



#DGSTAT – Dying	GASP Statistics Management
	Statistics in the format:
	#DGSTAT: <timestamp>,<smsattemptedflag></smsattemptedflag></timestamp>
	Where:
	<timestamp>: Timestamp of the last time power loss was detected and Dying Gasp feature was triggered.</timestamp>
	- UTC time in seconds since Jan 06, 1980 (GPS Epoch).
	<b>SMSAttemptedFlag&gt;</b> : Indicates whether device attempted to send SMS in the last power loss event.
	0 - SMS not attempted
	1 - SMS attempted
	Note: This only indicates device sent the SMS does not guarantee network delivery.
AT#DGSTAT?	Read command returns the current Dying GASP Statistics, in the format:
	#DGSTAT: <timestamp>,<smsattemptedflag></smsattemptedflag></timestamp>
	Where:
	<timestamp>: Timestamp of the last time power loss was detected and Dying Gasp feature was triggered.</timestamp>
	- UTC time in seconds since Jan 06, 1980 (GPS Epoch).
	<smsattemptedflag>: Indicates whether device attempted to send SMS in the last power loss event.</smsattemptedflag>
	0 - SMS not attempted
	1 - SMS attempted
	Note: This only indicates device sent the SMS does not guarantee network delivery.
AT#DGSTAT=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <mode></mode>

#### 5.6.8.3. Dying GASP Enable/Disable SMS/Detach Request - #DGENABLE

#DGENABLE - Dying GASP Enable/Disable SMS/Detach Request	
AT#DGENABLE=[< Value>]	Set command which can enable/disable module to send SMS/detach request in Dying Gasp
	Parameters:
	<value>: Enable/disable SMS/detach request</value>
	0 - Disable sending both detach request and SMS 1 - Enable only the SMS option (default) 2 - Enable only sending detach request 3 - Enable sending both SMS and detach request 4 - Graceful shutdown 5 - SMS sending and graceful shutdown  Note: As default dying gasp do fast shutdown. If want a graceful shutdown instead configure to '4' or '5'.
A T // D O E N A D I E O	shutdown instead, configure to '4' or '5'.
AT#DGENABLE?	Read command returns the current setting, in the format:  #DGENABLE: <value></value>
AT#DGENABLE=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <b><value></value></b> .
Note	The current setting is stored in NVM.

#### 5.6.9. Easy Scan® Extension AT Commands

**NOTE**: it is strongly suggested to issue all the Easy Scan® Extension AT commands with NO SIM inserted, to avoid a potential conflict with normal module operations, such as "incoming call", "periodic location update, "periodic routing area update" and so on.

#CSURV (LTE Currently work only if module camped on LTE cell)

#CSURVC (LTE Currently work only if module camped on LTE cell)

#### 5.6.9.1. Network survey - #CSURV

#CSURV - Network Survey	
AT#CSURV[= [ <s>,<e>]]</e></s>	Execution command allows to perform a quick survey through channels belonging to the band selected by last <b>#BND</b> command issue, starting from channel <b><s></s></b> to channel <b><e></e></b> . Issuing <b>AT#CSURV<cr></cr></b> , a full band scan is performed.
	Parameters:
	<s> - starting channel</s>
	<e> - ending channel</e>
	After issuing the command the device responds with the string:
	Network survey started
	and, after a while, a list of information, one for each received carrier, is reported, each of them in the format:

#### **#CSURV - Network Survey**

In 3G

uarfcn: <uarfcn> rxLev: <rxLev> mcc: <mcc> mnc: <mnc> scr code: <scrcode> cellId: <cellId> lac: <lac> cellStatus:

<cellStatus> rscp: <rscp> ecio: <ecio>

<CR><LF><CR><LF>

where:

<uarfcn> - The carrier frequency is designated by the UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number.

<rxLev> - decimal number; it is the reception level (in dBm).<mcc> - hexadecimal 3-digits number; it is the mobile country

<mnc> - hexadecimal 2-digits number; it is the mobile network code.

<scrcode> - decimal number; it is the scrambling code

<cellid> - cell identifier; if #CSURVF last setting is 0, <cellid> is a decimal number, else it is a 4-digits hexadecimal number.

<lac> - location area code; if #CSURVF last setting is 0, <lac> is a decimal number, else it is a 4-digits hexadecimal number.

<cellStatus> - string type; it is the cell status.

CELL SUITABLE - C0 is a suitable cell.

**CELL\_LOW\_PRIORITY** - the cell is low priority based on the received system information.

CELL FORBIDDEN - the cell is forbidden.

**CELL\_BARRED** - the cell is barred based on the received system information.

CELL\_LOW\_LEVEL - the cell <rxLev> is low.

**CELL\_OTHER** - none of the above e.g. exclusion timer running, no BCCH available...etc.

<rscp> - decimal number; it is the received signal code power (in dBm)

<ecio> - decimal number; it is the chip energy per total wideband power (in dBm)

In 4G (partly implemented)

Currently work only if module camped on LTE cell.

For serving cell or other carrier cells:

earfcn: <earfcn> rxLev: <rxLev> mcc: <mcc> mnc: <mnc> cellId: <cellId> tac: <tac> phyCellId: <pci> cellStatus: <cellStatus> rsrp: <rsrp> rsrq: <rsrq> bw: <bandwidth> For neighbor cell:

earfcn: <earfcn> rxLev: <rxLev> phyCellId: <pci> cellStatus: <cellStatus> rsrp: <rsrp> rsrq: <rsrq>

#### Where:

<earfcn> - E-UTRA Assigned Radio Channel

<rxLev> - decimal number; it is the reception level (in dBm)

<mcc> - hexadecimal 3-digits number; it is the mobile country code

#### **#CSURV - Network Survey**

<mnc> - hexadecimal 2-digits number; it is the mobile network code

<cellId> - cell identifier; if #CSURVF last setting is 0, <cellId> is a decimal number, else it is a 8-digits hexadecimal number
<tac> - Tracking Area Code. if #CSURVF last setting is 0, <tac> is a decimal number, else it is a 4-digits hexadecimal number
<pci> - physical cell identifier; if #CSURVF last setting is 0, <cellId> is a decimal number, else it is a 4-digits hexadecimal number

<cellStatus> - string type; it is the cell status.

CELL SUITABLE - C0 is a suitable cell.

**CELL\_LOW\_PRIORITY** - the cell is low priority based on the received system information.

**CELL FORBIDDEN** - the cell is forbidden.

**CELL\_BARRED** - the cell is barred based on the received system information.

CELL\_LOW\_LEVEL - the cell <rxLev> is low.

**CELL\_OTHER** - none of the above e.g. exclusion timer running, no BCCH available...etc.

<rsrp> - Reference Signal Received Power

<rsrq> - Reference Signal Received Quality

<bandwidth> - E-UTRA bandwidth of serving cell

Lastly, the **#CSURV** output ends in two ways, depending on the last **#CSURVF** setting:

if #CSURVF=0 or #CSURVF=1

The output ends with the string:

**Network survey ended** 

if #CSURVF=2

the output ends with the string:

Network survey ended (Carrier: <NoARFCN> BCCh:

<NoBCCh>)

Where:

<NoARFCN> - number of scanned frequencies

<NoBCCH> - number of found BCCh

Note: the value of **<bah** for LTE neighbor cells(intra/inter) cannot be appeared.

Note: the value of **<cellId>** for LTE serving cell or other carrier cells is replaced to cell identifier.

Note: **<pci>** is added with name of phyCellId and the cellId name for neighbor cells were replaced to phyCellId.

Note: The CELL\_LOW\_PRIORITY of **<cellStatus>** for LTE is not supported.

#### **Example**

(WCDMA)

AT#CSURV

Network survey started ...



#### **#CSURV - Network Survey**

uarfcn: 10737 rxLev: -55 mcc: 450 mnc: 05 scr code: 224 cellld: 63808804 lac: 8673 cellStatus: CELL\_SUITABLE rscp: -59 ecio: -4.5

uarfcn: 10836 rxLev: -68 mcc: 450 mnc: 08 scr code: 1488 cellld: 14909569 lac: 7170 cellStatus: CELL\_FORBIDDEN rscp: -70 ecio: -2.5

Network survey ended

OK

(LTE)

#### AT#CSURV

Network survey started ...

earfcn: 1350 rxLev: -59 mcc: 450 mnc: 05 cellld: 7323719 tac: 12556 phyCellld: 64 cellStatus: CELL\_SUITABLE rsrp: -95 rsrq: -16 bw: 20

earfcn: 2500 rxLev: -66 mcc: 450 mnc: 05 cellld: 448779 tac: 12556 phyCellld: 87 cellStatus: CELL\_SUITABLE rsrp: -97 rsrq: -11 bw: 20

earfcn: 100 rxLev: -43 mcc: 450 mnc: 06 cellId: 51999244 tac: 8471 phyCellId: 245 cellStatus: CELL\_FORBIDDEN rsrp: -71 rsrg: -11 bw: 10

earfcn: 3743 rxLev: -54 mcc: 450 mnc: 08 cellld: 2486272 tac: 27 phyCellld: 245 cellStatus: CELL\_FORBIDDEN rsrp: -85 rsrq: -11 bw: 20

earfcn: 1550 rxLev: -55 mcc: 450 mnc: 08 cellld: 2486275 tac: 27 phyCellld: 245 cellStatus: CELL\_FORBIDDEN rsrp: -83 rsrq: -11 bw: 10

earfcn: 1694 rxLev: -59 mcc: 450 mnc: 08 cellld: 2486293 tac: 27 phyCellld: 29 cellStatus: CELL\_FORBIDDEN rsrp: -87 rsrq: -11 bw: 10

earfcn: 2600 rxLev: -56 mcc: 450 mnc: 06 cellld: 51999242 tac: 8471 phyCellld: 245 cellStatus: CELL\_FORBIDDEN rsrp: -84 rsrq: -11 bw: 10

earfcn: 3895 rxLev: -59 mcc: 450 mnc: 08 cellld: 2486293 tac: 27 phyCellld: 29 cellStatus: CELL\_FORBIDDEN rsrp: -87 rsrq: -11 bw: 10



#### **#CSURV - Network Survey** earfcn: 1350 rxLev: -72 phyCellId: 45 cellStatus: CELL SUITABLE rsrp: -102 rsrq: -20 earfcn: 2500 rxLev: -47 phyCellId: 273 cellStatus: CELL SUITABLE rsrp: -64 rsrq: -8 uarfcn: 10836 rxLev: -74 mcc: 450 mnc: 08 scr code: 1488 cellld: 14909569 lac: 7170 cellStatus: CELL FORBIDDEN rscp: -75 ecio: -5.0 uarfcn: 10737 rxLev: -52 mcc: 450 mnc: 05 scr code: 224 cellld: 63808804 lac: 8673 cellStatus: CELL SUITABLE rscp: -56 ecio: -7.0 Network survey ended OK Note: The WCDMA scan info is not reported on LM960A9-P. Note 1. The command is executed within max. 3 minute.

#### 5.6.9.2. Network Survey (Numeric Format) - #CSURVC

#### **#CSURVC - Network Survey (Numeric Format)**

### AT#CSURVC[= [<s>,<e>]]

Execution command allows to perform a quick survey through channels belonging to the band selected by last **#BND** command issue, starting from channel **<s>** to channel **<e>**. Issuing **AT#CSURVC<CR>**, a full band scan is performed.

#### **Parameters:**

<s> - starting channel

<e> - ending channel

After issuing the command the device responds with the string: **Network survey started...** 

and, after a while, a list of information, one for each received carrier, is reported, each of them in the format:

In 3G

<uarfcn>,<rxLev>,<mcc>,<scrcode>,<cellId>,<lac>,<cellId>,<lac>,<cellId>,<lac>,<cellId>,<lac>,<cellId>,<lac>,<cellId>,<lac>,<cellId>,<lac>,<cellId>,<lac>,<cellId>,<lac>,<cellId>,<lac>,<cellId>,<lac>,<cellId>,<lac>,<cellId>,<lac>,<cellId>,<lac>,<cellId>,<lac>,<cellId>,<lac>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<lac>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<cellId>,<ce

<CR><LF><CR><LF>

where:

<uarfcn> - The carrier frequency is designated by the UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number

<rxLev> - decimal number; it is the receiption level (in dBm)
<mcc> - hexadecimal 3-digits number; it is the mobile country
code

#### **#CSURVC - Network Survey (Numeric Format)**

<mnc> - hexadecimal 2-digits number; it is the mobile network code

<scrcode> - decimal number; it is the scrambling code
<cellId> - cell identifier; if #CSURVF last setting is 0, <cellId> is
a decimal number, else it is a 4-digits hexadecimal number
<lac> - location area code; if #CSURVF last setting is 0, <lac> is
a decimal number, else it is a 4-digits hexadecimal number
<cellStatus> - string type; it is the cell status

- 0 C0 is a suitable cell (CELL SUITABLE).
- 1 the cell is low priority based on the received system information (CELL LOW PRIORITY).
- 2 the cell is forbidden (CELL FORBIDDEN).
- 3 the cell is barred based on the received system information (CELL BARRED).
- 4 the cell <rxLev> is low (CELL LOW LEVEL).
- 5 none of the above e.g. exclusion timer running, no BCCH available...etc.. (CELL\_OTHER).
- <rscp> decimal number; it is the received signal code power (in dBm)
- <ecio> decimal number; it is the chip energy per total wideband power (in dBm)

In 4G (partly implemented)

Currently work only if module camped on LTE cell.

For serving cell or other carrier cells:

<earfcn>,<rxLev>,<mcc>,<mc>,<cellId>,<tac>,<pci>,<cellSta
tus>,<rsrp>,<rsrq>,<bandwidth>

For neighbor cell:

<earfcn>,<rxLev>,<pci>,<cellStatus>,<rsrp>,<rsrg>

#### Where:

<earfcn> - E-UTRA Assigned Radio Channel

<rxLev> - decimal number; it is the reception level (in dBm)

<mcc> - hexadecimal 3-digits number; it is the mobile country code

<mnc> - hexadecimal 2-digits number; it is the mobile network code

<cellid> - cell identifier; if #CSURVF last setting is 0, <cellid> is a decimal number, else it is a 8-digits hexadecimal number

<tac> - Tracking Area Code. if #CSURVF last setting is 0, <tac> is a decimal number, else it is a 4-digits hexadecimal number

<pci>- physical cell identifier; if #CSURVF last setting is 0,
<cellId> is a decimal number, else it is a 4-digits hexadecimal number

<cellStatus> - string type; it is the cell status

- 0 C0 is a suitable cell (CELL SUITABLE).
- 1 the cell is low priority based on the received system information (CELL LOW PRIORITY).
- 2 the cell is forbidden (CELL FORBIDDEN).



#### **#CSURVC - Network Survey (Numeric Format)** 3 - the cell is barred based on the received system information (CELL BARRED). 4 - the cell <rxLev> is low (CELL LOW LEVEL). 5 - none of the above e.g. exclusion timer running, no BCCH available...etc.. (CELL OTHER). <rsrp> - Reference Signal Received Power <rsrq> - Reference Signal Received Quality <bandwidth> - E-UTRA bandwidth of serving cell The last information from **#CSURVC** depends on the last **#CSURVF** setting: When #CSURVF=0 or #CSURVF=1 The output ends with the string "Network survey ended" when #CSURVF=2 the output ends with the string "Network survey ended (Carrier: <NoARFCN> BCCh: <NoBCCh>) Where: <NoARFCN> - number of scanned frequencies <NoBCCH> - number of found BCCh Note: the value of **<bandwidth>** for LTE neighbor cells(intra/inter) cannot be appeared. Note: the value of <cellId> for LTE serving cell or other carrier cells is replaced to cell identifier. Note: <pci> is added with name of phyCellId and the cellId name for neighbor cells were replaced to phyCellId. Note: The CELL LOW PRIORITY of <cellStatus> for LTE is not supported. AT#CSURVC **Example** Network survey started ... 1350,-58,450,05,7323719,12556,64,0,-94,-16,20 2500,-42,450,05,448779,12556,273,0,-70,-11,10 275,-74,450,05,7321443,12556,99,0,-104,-11,15 475,-67,450,08,2487055,27,165,2,-97,-11,15 100,-69,450,06,51999248,8471,29,2,-100,-11,20 3743,-43,450,08,2486272,27,245,2,-71,-11,10 1350,-72,45,0,-98,-17 10836,-66,450,08,1488,14909569,7170,2,-70,-6.0 10737,-58,450,05,224,63808804,8673,0,-59,-4.0



#CSURVC - Network Survey (Numeric Format)	
	Network survey ended
	ОК
	Note: The WCDMA scan info is not reported on LM960A9-P.
Note	The command is executed within max. 3 minute.
	The information provided by <b>#CSURVC</b> is the same as that provided by <b>#CSURV</b> . The difference is that the output of <b>#CSURVC</b> is in numeric format only.

#### 5.6.10. ECM/RNDIS commands

#### 5.6.10.1. DISCONNECT/CONNECT - #ICMCONNECT

## AT#ICMCONNECT =<Cid>,<Connectio n>[,<userlpType>]

This command establishes data call, referring to the PDP profile specified by the Cid and makes it possible that ECM/RNDIS could bind the activated data service and have an access to external internet.

Parameters:

<Cid>: PDP profile identifier

1-5

#### <Connection>

0 - disconnect

1 - connect

#### <userlpType>

1 - ipv4 (default)

2 - ipv6

Note: It should be set to ECM or RNDIS in advance which interface is configured with the #USBCFG=0 or the #USBCFG=3 respectively.

Note: This command activates a specified PDP context, so all necessary operations have to be done before issuing the command like registering to network and configuring PDP profiles.



#ICMCONNECT - Es	tablish RNDIS data call
	Note: The "OK" result code does not guarantee that ECM/RNDIS is connected successfully. It is recommended that User should verify the status of connection by issuing read command.
	Note: Error is returned if profile is not valid. Refer to +CDGCONT to set profile.
AT#ICMCONNECT?	Read command returns the session state in the following format:
	#ICMCONNECT: <cid>,<ipv4state>,<ipv6state></ipv6state></ipv4state></cid>
	#ICMCONNECT: <cid>,<ipv4state>,<ipv6state></ipv6state></ipv4state></cid>
	ок
	where <b><ipv4state></ipv4state></b> and <b><ipv6state></ipv6state></b> can be:
	0 - disconnected
	1 - connected
	Ex)
	AT#ICMCONNECT?
	#ICMCONNECT: 1,0,1
	ОК
AT#ICMCONNECT=	Test command returns the range of supported values for all the parameters.
	AT#ICMCONNECT=?
	#ICMCONNECT: (1-5),(0,1),(1,2)
	ОК
Reference	
	I

#### 5.6.10.2. LAN configuration - #ICMLANCFG

#ICMLANCFG – Configure LAN Setting		
AT#ICMLANCFG= <gwipaddress>,<s ubnetmask="">[,<dhc p="">,<start_ipaddres< th=""><th>This command configures LAN parameters for gateway, subnet mask and DHCP. One network interface (Primary interface in tagged mode) is only supported and DHCP is always enabled.</th><th></th></start_ipaddres<></dhc></s></gwipaddress>	This command configures LAN parameters for gateway, subnet mask and DHCP. One network interface (Primary interface in tagged mode) is only supported and DHCP is always enabled.	



#### **#ICMLANCFG - Configure LAN Setting**

#### s>,<End\_IPaddress >[,<lease\_time>]]

TE(Host) is assigned both local and gateway IP addresses by DHCP server which is subject to this command even if there is no activated PDP context.

#### Parameters:

<GWIPAddress>: Gateway IP address inside AP subsystem.

192.168.225.1 (default)

- any valid IP address in the format: "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx"

<SubNetMask>: Subnet mask for gateway to route intranet and internet. 255.255.255.0 (default)

- any valid IP address in the format: "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx"

**<DHCP state>**: DHCP server to assign IP address for ECM/RNDIS client

1 - enable (default)

<Start\_IPaddress>: Starting of IP range to be assigned by DHCP server to ECM/RNDIS client

192.168.225.20 (default)

- any valid IP address in the format: "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx"

<End\_IPaddress>: Last of IP range to be assigned by DHCP server to ECM/RNDIS client

192.168.225.60 (default)

- any valid IP address in the format: "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx"

**<lease\_time>**: Lease time for maintaining IP address assigned by DHCP. Device will be reassigned as expired lease time(seconds).

43200 (default)

120 - 2592000

Note:Start\_IPaddress and End\_IPaddress should be configured within the same subnet as GWIPaddress. Otherwise, module responds with Error. If GWIPaddres is x.x.x.1, then Start\_IPaddress is x.x.x.11 and End\_IPaddress is x.x.x.20.

#### AT#ICMLANCFG?

Read command returns the values in the following format:



#ICMLANCFG - Configure LAN Setting		
	#ICMLANCFG: <gwipaddress>,<subnetmask>,<dhcp>,<start_ipaddress>,<end_ifddress>,<lease_time></lease_time></end_ifddress></start_ipaddress></dhcp></subnetmask></gwipaddress>	a ·
	ок	
	Ex) AT#ICMLANCFG? #ICMLANCFG: 192.168.225.1,255.255.255.0,1,192.168.225.11,192.168.225.20,2592000 OK	
AT#ICMLANCFG =?	Test command returns the range of supported values for all the parameter	ſS.
	AT#ICMLANCFG=? #ICMLANCFG: ,,(1),,,(120-2592000)	
	ОК	
Reference		

#### 5.6.10.3. Enable roaming data call - #ICMROAMINGEN

# ICMROAMINGEN -	Restrict or allow data call in roaming area	
AT#ICMROAMINGE N= <mode></mode>	Restrict or allow data call in roaming area	
	Parameters:	
	<mode>:</mode>	
	0 : not allowed (default)	
	1 : allowed	
AT#ICMROAMINGE N?	Read command shows the current configuration in the following format:	
	#ICMROAMINGEN: <mode></mode>	
	ex)	
	AT#ICMROAMINGEN?	
	#ICMROAMINGEN: 0	



# ICMROAMINGEN – Restrict or allow data call in roaming area	
	ОК
AT#ICMROAMINGE N =?	Test command returns the list of the supported values.
	AT#ICMROAMINGEN=? #ICMROAMINGEN: (0,1) OK
Reference	

#### 5.6.11. eUICC commands

#### 5.6.11.1. EUICC ID - #ESIMID

#ESIMID – Provides the EUICC ID	
AT#ESIMID= <slot></slot>	Set command provides the unique ID number for the eUICC card present in the slot  Parameter: <slot> - Integer, slot for which the EID is requested</slot>
	1 – Slot 1 2 – Slot 2  Response: #ESIMID: <eid_value></eid_value>
	Where: <eid_value> - hexadecimal string, The EID value</eid_value>
AT#ESIMID=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <b><slot></slot></b>

#### 5.6.11.2. Manage Profiles - #ESIMPF

#ESIMPF – Manage the Profiles	
AT#ESIMPF= <mode>,<slot>[,<profile_i d="">[,<enable_profile< th=""><th>Set command queries, switches or deletes the profiles supported by the card. The response contains a list of profiles supported by the card and profile information of the currently active profile.</th></enable_profile<></profile_i></slot></mode>	Set command queries, switches or deletes the profiles supported by the card. The response contains a list of profiles supported by the card and profile information of the currently active profile.
>]]	Parameter: <mode> - Integer 0 - queries the profiles 1 - switches the profiles 2 - deletes the profiles  <slot> - Integer</slot></mode>
	1 – slot 1



#ESIMPF – Manage t	the Profiles
	2 – slot 2
	<pre>&lt; profile_id &gt; - Integer 1 - profile 1 2 - profile 2</pre>
	8 – Profile 8 <enable_profile> - Integer 0 – disable the profile 1 – enable the profile</enable_profile>
	Note) If you want queries the profile, only two parameters <mode> and <slot> are needed. The return value is as follow.</slot></mode>
	Response about queries the profile: #ESIMPF: <pre>profile_id&gt;,<pre>,<pre>,</pre></pre></pre>
	Where: <pre><pre> &lt; profile_type &gt; - Integer 0 - Profile type regular 1 - Profile type emergency</pre></pre>
	Note) If you want deletes the profile, only three parameters <mode>, <slot> and <profile_id> are needed. The return value is OK or ERROR.</profile_id></slot></mode>
	Note) If you want switches the profile, all parameters are needed. The return value is OK or ERROR.
AT#ESIMPF=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <mode>,<slot>,<profile_id>,<enable_profile></enable_profile></profile_id></slot></mode>
	<example> Profile query: AT#ESIMPF=0,1</example>
	#ESIMPF: 1,0 #ESIMPF: 2,0 OK
	Switches the profile:
	AT#ESIMPF=1,1,2,1
	ОК
	Deletes the profile:
	AT#ESIMPF=2,1,1
	OK

#### 5.6.11.3. Profile Data - #ESIMPFINFO

#### **#ESIMPFINFO - Provides the Profile data** Set command provides the profile data for the profile ID in AT#ESIMPFINFO=< request. slot>,<profile id> Parameter: <slot> - integer 1 -slot 12 -slot 2< profile\_id > - integer 1 – profile 1 2 – profile 2 . . . . . . . 8 - Profile 8 **#ESIMPFINFO:** <iccid>,<profile state>,<profile nickname>,<profile spn>,<p rofile\_name>,<profile\_class>,<profile\_rules> Where: < iccid > - Integer, card identification number. cprofile state> - integer 0 – inactive profile 1 – active profile cprofile\_nickname>- string cprofile\_spn> - string, the profile service provider cprofile name> - string class> - interger 0 - Test profile 1 - Provisioning profile 2 - Operational profile rofile\_rules> - interger, Indicates the profile policy rules applicable for this profile. If this parameter is missing, it indicates there is no profile policy rule associated with this profile. Test command reports the supported range of values for AT#ESIMPFINFO=?

#### 5.6.11.4. Nickname - #ESIMUPN

#ESIMUPN – Updates the Nickname	
AT#ESIMUPN= <slot><profile_id>,<nick name=""></nick></profile_id></slot>	Set command updates the nickname of the requested profile. If the nickname is missing or has zero length, the nickname is removed from profile.
	Parameter: <slot> - Integer  1 - slot 1  2 - slot 2  &lt; profile_id &gt; - Integer</slot>

parameters <slot>,<profile id>



#ESIMUPN - Updates the Nickname	
	1 – profile 1 2 – profile 2
	8 – Profile 8
	<nickname> - string, supported 0 ~ 64 character string.</nickname>
AT#ESIMUPN=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <slot>,<profile_id></profile_id></slot>

5.6.11.5. SM-DP+ Address - #ESIMGETADDR

5.0.11.5. SW-DP+ Address - #ESIMGETADDR		
#ESIMGETADDR – Configures the default SM-DP+ address		
#ESIMGETADDR - C AT#ESIMGETADDR = <slot>[,<default_s mdp_addr="">]</default_s></slot>	Set command configures the default SM-DP+ address on the eUICC.  Parameter: <slot> - Integer 1 - slot 1 2 - slot 2  <default_smdp_addr> - character, Support 0 ~ 255 character string. Indicates the address that must be configured on the eUICC as the default SM-DP+ address.  Note) If <default_smdp_addr> is set to 0, the command removes the default SM-DP+ address from the eUICC</default_smdp_addr></default_smdp_addr></slot>	
	Note) If the Default SM-DP+ Address TLV is missing, the command retrieves the default SM-DS address configured on the eUICC. It can also return the default SM-DP+ address if it is configured on the eUICC.	
	Response: #ESIMGETADDR: <default_smds_address>,<default_smdp_addr></default_smdp_addr></default_smds_address>	
	Where: <default_smds_address> - default SM-DS address</default_smds_address>	
AT#ESIMGETADDR =?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <b><slot></slot></b>	

5.6.11.6. Terminal Capability - #ESIMCAP

#ESIMCAP – Set or get the Terminal Capability	
	Set command allows the client to set the contents of the TERMINAL CAPABILITY command that is sent to the card as part of card initialization procedure. The configuration set by this command is applicable only from the next card initialization

#### **#ESIMCAP - Set or get the Terminal Capability**

Parameter:

<slot> - Integer

1 -slot 1

2 - slot 2

<tag> - Integer, terminal capability tag, according to ETSI TS 102.221. The service allows the client to update only certain tags including the following:

82 – additional interface support

83 - eUICC-related capabilities

In case **<tag>** is '82':

<value> - Integer, value of the terminal capability.

**0** - UICC-CLF interface according to ETSI TS 102.613 not supported

1 - UICC-CLF interface according to ETSI TS 102.613 supported

In case <tag> is '83':

<value> - unsigned Integer used as a bit field, according to GSMA SGP.22

0 ... 255 - used as a bit field:

bit1:

- 0 Local User Interface in the Device (LUId) not supported
- 1 Local User Interface in the Device (LUId) supported
- 0 Local Profile Download in the Device (LPDd) not supported
- 1 Local Profile Download in the Device (LPDd) supported **bit3**:
- 0 Local Discovery Service in the Device (LDSd) not supported
- 1 Local Discovery Service in the Device (LDSd) supported **bit4:**
- 0 LUIe based on SCWS not supported
- 1 LUIe based on SCWS supported

bit5 to 8: reserved for future.

<remove\_tlv> - Integer

0 – not remove the terminal capability

1 – remove the terminal capability, the value field is ignored

**Note:** If there is only <slot> parameter in set command, this command returns Terminal Capability set in card as follows:

Response:

#ESIMCAP: <terminal\_cap\_len>,< tag >,<value>,<tag>,<value>.....

Where:

<terminal\_cap\_len> - number of sets of <tag> and <value>

<tag> - Integer, terminal capability tag, according to ETSI TS 102.221. The service allows the client to update only certain tags including the following:

80 - Terminal power supply



#ESIMCAP – Set or get the Terminal Capability		
	81 – Extended logical channels terminal support 82 – additional interface support 83 – eUICC-related capabilities  In case <tag> is '80':</tag>	
	Third byte – Actual used clock frequency ('0A' to 'FF')  In case <tag> is '81':   <value> - The extended logical channels terminal support TLV with zero length. In order to allow future extension of this TLV.</value></tag>	
AT#ESIMCAP=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <slot>,<tag>,<remove_tlv></remove_tlv></tag></slot>	

#### 5.6.11.7. User Consent - #ESIMPFUC

#ESIMPFUC - Provides the User Consent		
AT#ESIMPFUC= <sl ot&gt;,<user_consent></user_consent></sl 	Set command provides the user consent to the service which is required for proceeding with the profile download/installation operation after receiving a UIM_ADD_PROFILE_IND indication with status set to UIM_PROFILE_USER_CONSENT_REQUIRED.  Parameter: <slot> - Integer 1 - slot 1 2 - slot 2  <user_consent> - Integer 0 - Not OK for profile operation 1 - OK for profile operation</user_consent></slot>	
AT#ESIMPFUC=?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <slot>,<user_consent></user_consent></slot>	

#### 5.6.11.8. Download Profile - #ESIMADDPF

#ESIMADDPF – Allows Download a New Profile		
AT#ESIMADDPF=< slot>, <act_code>[,&lt; conf_code&gt;,<user_ consent&gt;]</user_ </act_code>	Set command allows the eUICC card to download a new profile based on the activation code and confirmation code provided.  Parameter:	
	<pre><slot> - Integer 1 - slot 1 2 - slot 2 <act_code> - character, Indicated the activation code required</act_code></slot></pre>	

#### **#ESIMADDPF - Allows Download a New Profile**

for downloading a profile.

<conf \_code> - character, Indicated the confirmation code
required for downloading a profile.

<user\_consent> - Integer, indicates whether the control point is
able to support a request for consent from the user.

- 0 User consent not supported
- 1 User consent supported

Indication during profile download:

#### **#ESIMADDPF:**

<slot>,<status>[,<error\_cause>,<percentage>,<pp\_rule>,<us er\_consent\_needed>]

#### Where:

<status> - Indicates the status of profile download and install.

- 1 Profile download error
- 2 Profile download in progress with download percentage.
- 3 Profile download is complete, and installation is in progress.
- 4 Profile installation is complete.
- 5 User consent is required for proceeding with download/installation of profile.

<error\_cause> - Indicates the cause of the download error.

- 1 Profile download generic error.
- 2 Profile download error from the SIM card.
- 3 Profile download error from the network.
- 4 Profile download error no memory on terminal.
- 5 Profile download error unsupported profile class.
- 6 Profile download error profile policy rules not allowed.

<percentage> - Percentage of download/installation done.

< pp\_rule > - Indicates the profile policy rules for this profile.

<user\_consent\_needed> - Indicates whether user consent is
required or not.

## AT#ESIMADDPF=?

Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters **<slot>.<user consent>** 

## 5.6.11.9. Reset eUICC - #ESIMMEMRST

# #ESIMMEMRST – Resets Profile or SM-DP+ address

AT#ESIMMEMRST= <slot>,<option\_1>,< option\_2>,<option\_ 3> Set command resets the eUICC card present on given slot based on the provided option. If two or more options are set, the action is taken for all those set options.

Parameter: <slot> - integer



#ESIMMEMRST – Resets Profile or SM-DP+ address			
	1 – slot 1 2 – slot 2		
	<pre>&lt; option_1 &gt; - integer 0 - do not action 1 - delete all the test profiles</pre>		
	<pre>&lt; option_2 &gt; - integer 0 - do not action 1 - delete all operational profiles</pre>		
	<pre>&lt; option_3 &gt; - integer 0 - do not action 1 - reset the default SM-DP+ address.</pre>		
AT#ESIMMEMRST= ?	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <slot>,<option_1>,<option_2> and <option_3></option_3></option_2></option_1></slot>		



## 6. AT PARSER ABORT

The following AT Command list can be aborted, while executing the AT Command

ATD

ATA

+CMGS

+CMSS

+COPN

+COPS

+CPOL

**NOTE:** If DTE transmit any character before receiving the response to the issued AT Command, this make current AT Command to be aborted.

## 7. APPENDIX

## 7.1. CA List Supported Per Variant for LM960

2CA:

CA\_1A-3A, CA\_1A-5A, CA\_1A-7A, CA\_1A-8A, CA\_1A-18A, CA\_1A-19A, CA 1A-20A, CA 1A-26A, CA 1A-28A, CA 1A-32A, CA 1A-38A, CA 1A-40A, CA 1A-41A, CA 1A-42A, CA [2A]-[4A], CA [2A]-5A, CA [2A]-7A, CA [2A]-12A, CA [2A]-28A, CA [2A]-46A, CA [2A]-48A, CA [2A]-[66A], CA [2A]-71A, CA 3A-5A, CA 3A-7A, CA 3A-8A, CA 3A-19A, CA 3A-20A, CA 3A-26A, CA 3A-28A, CA 3A-32A, CA 3A-38A, CA 3A-40A, CA 3A-42A, CA [4A]-5A, CA 4A-7A, CA [4A]-12A, CA [4A]-28A, CA [4A]-46A, CA 5A-7A, CA 7A-8A, CA 7A-12A, CA 7A-20A, CA 7A-28A, CA 7A-42A, CA 8A-38A, CA 8A-40A, CA 8A-42A, CA 12A-[66A], CA 20A-32A, CA 20A-38A, CA 20A-40A, CA 20A-42A, CA 26A-[41A], CA 28A-40A, CA 28A-42A, CA 39A-41A, CA 40A-42A, CA 46A-[66A], CA 48A-[66A], CA [66A]-71A, CA 1A-1A, CA [2A]-[2A], CA 3A-3A, CA [4A]-[4A], CA\_7A-7A, CA\_40A-40A, CA\_42A-42A, CA\_48A-48A, CA\_[66A]-[66A], CA [2C], CA 3C, CA 7B, CA 7C, CA 8B, CA 12B, CA 38C, CA 39C, CA 40C, CA [41C], CA 42C, CA 48C, CA [66B], CA [66C]

## **GENERIC**

3CA:

CA\_1A-1A-3A, CA\_1A-3A-3A, CA\_1A-3A-7A, CA\_1A-3A-8A, CA\_1A-3A-19A, CA 1A-3A-20A, CA 1A-3A-28A, CA 1A-3A-32A, CA 1A-3A-38A, CA 1A-3A-40A, CA 1A-3A-41A, CA 1A-3A-42A, CA 1A-3C, CA\_1A-7A-7A, CA\_1A-7A-8A, CA\_1A-7A-20A, CA\_1A-7A-28A, CA 1A-7A-42A, CA 1A-7C, CA 1A-8A-40A, CA 1A-20A-32A, CA\_1A-20A-42A, CA\_1A-28A-42A, CA\_1A-40C, CA\_1A-41C, CA\_1A-42C, CA\_1A-46C, CA\_1C-3A, CA\_[2A]-2A-12A, CA\_2A-[2A]-12A, CA [2A]-2A-66A, CA 2A-[2A]-66A, CA 2A-2A-[66A], CA [2A]-2A-71A, CA 2A-[2A]-71A, CA [2A]-4A-4A, CA 2A-[4A]-4A, CA 2A-4A-[4A], CA [2A]-4A-5A, CA 2A-[4A]-5A, CA [2A]-4A-12A, CA 2A-[4A]-12A, CA\_[2A]-4A-29A, CA\_2A-[4A]-29A, CA\_[2A]-4A-71A, CA\_2A-[4A]-71A, CA 2A-7A-12A, CA [2A]-12A-66A, CA 2A-12A-[66A], CA\_[2A]-12B, CA\_[2A]-46A-46A, CA\_[2A]-46A-66A, CA\_2A-46A-[66A], CA [2A]-46C, CA [2A]-48A-48A, CA [2A]-48C, CA [2A]-48A-66A, CA 2A-48A-[66A], CA [2A]-66A-66A, CA 2A-[66A]-66A, CA 2A-66A-[66A], CA [2A]-66A-71A, CA 2A-[66A]-71A, CA [2A]-



[66C], CA [2A]-66C, CA 2A-[66C], CA 3A-3A-7A, CA 3A-3A-8A, CA 3A-3A-20A, CA 3A-3A-28A, CA 3C-5A, CA 3A-7A-7A, CA 3A-7A-8A, CA 3A-7A-20A, CA 3A-7A-28A, CA 3A-7A-42A, CA 3A-7B, CA 3A-7C, CA 3C-7A, CA 3A-8A-38A, CA 3A-8A-40A, CA 3C-8A, CA 3A-20A-32A, CA 3A-20A-42A, CA 3A-28A-40A, CA 3A-28A-42A, CA 3C-20A, CA 3C-28A, CA 3A-40A-40A, CA 3A-40C, CA 3A-42A-42A, CA 3A-42C, CA 3A-46C, CA 3C-32A, CA 3C-38A, CA 3C-40A, CA 4A-4A-7A, CA [4A]-4A-12A, CA 4A-[4A]-12A, CA [4A]-4A-71A, CA 4A-[4A]-71A, CA 4A-7A-12A, CA [4A]-12B, CA [4A]-46A-46A, CA [4A]-46C, CA 7A-7A-8A, CA 7A-20A-42A, CA 7C-20A, CA 7B-28A, CA 7C-28A, CA 7A-46C, CA 8A-40C, CA 8A-42C, CA 12A-[66A]-66A, CA 12A-66A-[66A], CA 12A-[66C], CA 19A-42C, CA 20A-38C, CA 28A-40C, CA 28A-42C, CA 40A-40C, CA 40D, CA 40A-42C, CA 40C-42A, CA 42A-42C, CA 42D, CA\_46C-[66A], CA\_48A-48C, CA\_48D, CA\_48A-48A-[66A], CA\_48C-[66A], CA [66A]-66A-71A, CA 66A-[66A]-71A

#### 4CA:

CA 1A-1A-3A-28A, CA 1A-3A-3A-28A, CA 1A-3A-7A-7A, CA 1A-3A-7C, CA 1A-3A-7A-8A, CA 1A-3A-7A-20A, CA 1A-3A-7A-28A, CA 1A-3A-8A-40A, CA 1A-3A-3A-8A, CA 1A-3A-40C, CA 1A-3A-42C, CA 1A-3C-5A, CA 1A-3C-7A, CA 1A-3C-8A, CA 1A-3C-28A, CA\_1A-7C-28A, CA\_1A-42D, CA\_1A-46D, CA\_2A-2A-12A-66A, CA 2A-2A-66A-66A, CA 2A-2A-66A-71A, CA [2A]-2A-66C, CA 2A-[2A]-66C, CA 2A-2A-[66C], CA 2A-4A-7A-12A, CA 2A-12A-66A-66A, CA 2A-46A-46A-66A, CA [2A]-46A-46C, CA [2A]-46C-66A, CA 2A-46C-[66A], CA [2A]-46D, CA [2C]-66A-66A, CA 2C-[66A]-66A, CA 2C-66A-[66A], CA 3A-3A-7A-7A, CA 3A-3A-7A-8A, CA 3A-3A-7A-20A, CA 3A-3A-7A-28A, CA 3A-5A-7A-7A, CA 3A-7A-7A-8A, CA 3A-7C-20A, CA 3A-7C-28A, CA 3A-28A-40C, CA 3A-28A-42C, CA 3A-40D, CA 3A-46D, CA 3C-7A-20A, CA 3C-7A-28A, CA 3C-7C, CA 3C-40C, CA [4A]-46A-46C, CA [4A]-46D, CA 7A-46D, CA 28A-40D, CA 28A-46D, CA 40C-40C, CA 40C-42C, CA 40E, CA [41C]-42C, CA 42C-42C, CA 42E, CA 46A-46C-[66A], CA 46D-[66A], CA 48D-[66A], CA 48E

5CA:

CA\_1A-3A-7C-28A, CA\_1A-3C-7C, CA\_1A-3C-40C, CA\_2A-46A-46C-66A, CA\_2A-46D-66A, CA\_3A-28A-40D, CA\_3C-7C-28A, CA\_3A-40E

#### 2ULCA:

UL\_1A-7A, UL\_1A-8A, UL\_1A-28A, UL\_3A-7A, UL\_3A-8A, UL\_3A-20A, UL\_3A-28A, UL\_4A-7A, UL\_3C, UL\_7C, UL\_38C, UL\_39C, UL\_40C, UL\_41C, UL\_42C

#### 2CA:

CA\_[2A]-[2A], CA\_[2A]-[4A], CA\_2A-5A, CA\_2A-12A, CA\_2A-14A, CA\_2A-29A, CA\_2A-30A, CA\_[2A]-46A, CA\_[2A]-[66A], CA\_2C, CA\_[4A]-[4A], CA\_4A-5A, CA\_4A-12A, CA\_4A-29A, CA\_4A-30A, CA\_[4A]-46A, CA\_5A-30A, CA\_5A-66A, CA\_5B, CA\_12A-30A, CA\_12A-66A, CA\_12B, CA\_14A-30A, CA\_14A-66A, CA\_29A-30A, CA\_29A-66A, CA\_30A-66A, CA\_[66A]-[66A], CA\_66B, CA\_66C

CA 2A-2A-5A, CA [2A]-2A-12A, CA 2A-2A-14A, CA 2A-2A-30A,

## 3CA:

CA\_2A-2A-66A, CA\_[2A]-4A-4A, CA\_2A-[4A]-[4A], CA\_[2A]-4A-5A, CA\_2A-[4A]-5A, CA\_[2A]-4A-12A, CA\_2A-[4A]-12A, CA\_2A-4A-30A, CA\_2A-5A-30A, CA\_[2A]-5A-66A, CA\_2A-5A-[66A], CA\_2A-12A-30A, CA\_[2A]-12A-66A, CA\_2A-12A-[66A], CA\_2A-14A-30A, CA\_2A-14A-66A, CA\_2A-29A-30A, CA\_2A-30A-66A, CA\_2A-46C, CA\_2A-66A-66A, CA\_[4A]-4A-5A, CA\_[4A]-4A-12A, CA\_4A-4A-30A, CA\_4A-5A-30A, CA\_4A-12A-30A, CA\_4A-12B, CA\_4A-29A-30A, CA\_5A-30A-66A, CA\_5A-66A-66A, CA\_5A-66A, CA\_12A-30A-66A, CA\_12A-66A-66A, CA\_29A-30A-66A, CA\_29A-66A-66A, CA\_30A-66A, CA\_14A-66A-66A, CA\_29A-30A-66A, CA\_29A-66A-66A, CA\_30A-66A, CA\_14A-66A-66A, CA\_29A-30A-66A, CA\_29A-66A-66A, CA\_30A-66A, CA\_29A-30A-66A, CA\_29A-66A-66A, CA\_30A-66A, CA\_29A-30A-66A, CA\_29A-66A-66A, CA\_30A-66A, CA\_29A-66A-66A, CA\_29A

## 4CA:

66A-66A

CA\_2A-2A-5A-30A, CA\_2A-2A-5A-66A, CA\_2A-2A-12A-30A, CA\_2A-2A-12A-66A, CA\_2A-2A-14A-66A, CA\_2A-2A-29A-30A,

CA\_2A-2A-66A-66A, CA\_2A-4A-4A-12A, CA\_2A-4A-5A-30A, CA\_2A-

ATT



4A-12A-30A, CA\_2A-5A-30A-66A, CA\_2A-5A-66A-66A, CA\_2A-5B-30A, CA\_2A-5B-66A, CA\_2A-12A-30A-66A, CA\_2A-12A-66A-66A, CA\_2A-14A-30A-66A, CA\_2A-14A-66A-66A, CA\_2A-29A-30A-66A, CA\_[2A]-46D, CA\_[4A]-46D, CA\_4A-4A-12A-30A, CA\_5A-30A-66A-66A, CA\_5B-30A-66A, CA\_5B-66A-66A, CA\_12A-30A-66A-66A, CA\_14A-30A-66A-66A, CA\_29A-30A-66A-66A, CA\_46D-[66A]

#### 5CA:

CA\_2A-2A-46D, CA\_2A-5B-30A-66A, CA\_2A-5B-66A-66A, CA\_2A-46D-66A, CA\_5B-30A-66A-66A, CA\_46D-66A-66A

#### 2ULCA:

UL\_2A-12A, UL\_2A-5A, UL\_4A-12A, UL\_5A-66A, UL\_5B, UL\_12A-66A

#### 2CA:

CA\_[2A]-[2A], CA\_[2A]-[4A], CA\_[2A]-5A, CA\_[2A]-13A, CA\_[2A]-[66A], CA\_[4A]-[4A], CA\_[4A]-5A, CA\_[4A]-13A, CA\_5A-[66A], CA\_5B, CA\_13A-[66A], CA\_[66A]-[66A], CA\_[66B], CA\_[66C], CA\_[2A]-48A, CA\_13A-48A, CA\_48A-[66A]

#### 3CA:

CA\_[2A]-2A-5A, CA\_[2A]-2A-13A, CA\_[2A]-2A-66A, CA\_2A-2A-[66A], CA\_[2A]-4A-5A, CA\_2A-[4A]-5A, CA\_[2A]-4A-13A, CA\_2A-[4A]-13A, CA\_[2A]-5A-66A, CA\_2A-5A-[66A], CA\_[2A]-13A-66A, CA\_2A-13A-[66A], CA\_[2A]-66A-66A, CA\_2A-[66A]-66A, CA\_[2A]-[66B], CA\_[2A]-[66C], CA\_[4A]-4A-5A, CA\_[4A]-4A-13A, CA\_5A-[66A]-66A, CA\_5A-[66B], CA\_5A-[66C], CA\_13A-[66A]-66A, CA\_13A-[66B], CA\_13A-[66C], CA\_[66A]-[66C], CA\_[66D], CA\_[2A]-48A-48A, CA\_[2A]-48A-66A, CA\_2A-48A-[66A], CA\_13A-48C, CA\_48A-48A-[66A], CA\_48A-[66A], CA\_5A-[66A], CA\_5A-[

## 4CA:

CA\_2A-48A-48A-66A, CA\_[2A]-48D, CA\_13A-48A-48A-66A, CA\_13A-48A-48C, CA\_13A-48C-[66A], CA\_13A-48D, CA\_48A-48A-66A-66A, CA\_48A-48A-[66B], CA\_48A-48A-[66C], CA\_48A-48C-[66A], CA\_48D-[66A]

**VZW** 



	5CA: CA_2A-48E, CA_13A-48A-48C-66A, CA_13A-48C-48C, CA_13A-48D-66A, CA_13A-48E, CA_48A-48C-66B, CA_48A-48C-66C, CA_48C-48C-66A, CA_48E-66A  2ULCA: UL_2A-13A, UL_4A-13A
	2CA: CA_[25A]-[25A], CA_[25A]-26A, CA_25A-41A, CA_26A-[41A], CA_[41A]-[41A[, CA_[41C]
SPRINT	3CA: CA_[25A]-25A-26A, CA_26A-[41C], CA_[41A]-[41C], CA_[41D], CA_25A-41C
	4CA: CA_25A-41D, CA_[41C]-41C, CA_[41A]-41D, CA_41E  2ULCA: UL_41C

## 7.2. CA List Supported Per Variant for LM960A18

2CA: CA 1A-3A, CA 1A-5A, CA 1A-7A, CA 1A-8A, CA 1A-18A, CA 1A-19A, CA\_1A-20A, CA\_1A-26A, CA\_1A-28A, CA\_1A-32A, CA\_1A-38A, CA 1A-40A, CA 1A-41A, CA 1A-42A, CA [2A]-[4A], CA [2A]-5A, CA [2A]-7A, CA [2A]-12A, CA [2A]-28A, CA [2A]-46A, CA [2A]-48A, CA\_[2A]-[66A], CA\_[2A]-71A, CA\_3A-5A, CA\_3A-7A, CA\_3A-8A, CA 3A-19A, CA 3A-20A, CA 3A-26A, CA 3A-28A, CA 3A-32A, CA\_3A-38A, CA\_3A-40A, CA\_3A-42A, CA\_[4A]-5A, CA\_4A-7A, **GENERIC** CA\_[4A]-12A, CA\_[4A]-28A, CA\_[4A]-46A, CA\_5A-7A, CA\_7A-8A, CA 7A-12A, CA 7A-20A, CA 7A-28A, CA 7A-42A, CA 8A-38A, CA 8A-40A, CA 8A-42A, CA 12A-[66A], CA 20A-32A, CA 20A-38A, CA\_20A-40A, CA\_20A-42A, CA\_26A-[41A], CA\_28A-40A, CA\_28A-42A, CA 39A-41A, CA 40A-42A, CA 46A-[66A], CA 48A-[66A], CA [66A]-71A, CA 1A-1A, CA [2A]-[2A], CA 3A-3A, CA [4A]-[4A], CA\_7A-7A, CA\_40A-40A, CA\_42A-42A, CA\_48A-48A, CA\_[66A]-

[66A], CA\_[2C], CA\_3C, CA\_7B, CA\_7C, CA\_8B, CA\_12B, CA\_38C, CA\_39C, CA\_40C, CA\_[41C], CA\_42C, CA\_48C, CA\_[66B], CA\_[66C]

#### 3CA:

CA 1A-1A-3A, CA 1A-3A-3A, CA 1A-3A-7A, CA 1A-3A-8A, CA 1A-3A-19A, CA 1A-3A-20A, CA 1A-3A-28A, CA 1A-3A-32A, CA 1A-3A-38A, CA 1A-3A-40A, CA 1A-3A-41A, CA 1A-3A-42A, CA 1A-3C, CA 1A-7A-7A, CA 1A-7A-8A, CA 1A-7A-20A, CA 1A-7A-28A, CA 1A-7A-42A, CA 1A-7C, CA 1A-8A-40A, CA 1A-20A-32A, CA 1A-20A-42A, CA 1A-28A-42A, CA 1A-40C, CA 1A-41C, CA 1A-42C, CA 1A-46C, CA 1C-3A, CA [2A]-2A-12A, CA 2A-[2A]-12A, CA [2A]-2A-66A, CA 2A-[2A]-66A, CA 2A-2A-[66A], CA [2A]-2A-71A, CA 2A-[2A]-71A, CA [2A]-4A-4A, CA 2A-[4A]-4AC, CA 2A-4A-[4A], CA\_[2A]-4A-5A, CA\_2A-[4A]-5A, CA\_[2A]-4A-12A, CA\_2A-[4A]-12A, CA [2A]-4A-29A, CA 2A-[4A]-29A, CA [2A]-4A-71A, CA 2A-[4A]-71A, CA 2A-7A-12A, CA [2A]-12A-66A, CA 2A-12A-[66A], CA\_[2A]-12B, CA\_[2A]-46A-46A, CA\_[2A]-46A-66A, CA\_2A-46A-[66A], CA [2A]-46C, CA [2A]-48A-48A, CA [2A]-48C, CA [2A]-48A-66A, CA 2A-48A-[66A], CA [2A]-66A-66A, CA 2A-[66A]-66A, CA 2A-66A-[66A], CA [2A]-66A-71A, CA 2A-[66A]-71A, CA [2A]-[66C], CA [2A]-66C, CA 2A-[66C], CA 3A-3A-7A, CA 3A-3A-8A, CA 3A-3A-20A, CA 3A-3A-28A, CA 3C-5A, CA 3A-7A-7A, CA 3A-7A-8A, CA 3A-7A-20A, CA 3A-7A-28A, CA 3A-7A-42A, CA 3A-7B, CA 3A-7C, CA 3C-7A, CA 3A-8A-38A, CA 3A-8A-40A, CA 3C-8A, CA 3A-20A-32A, CA 3A-20A-42A, CA 3A-28A-40A, CA 3A-28A-42A, CA 3C-20A, CA 3C-28A, CA 3A-40A-40A, CA 3A-40C, CA 3A-42A-42A, CA 3A-42C, CA 3A-46C, CA 3C-32A, CA 3C-38A, CA 3C-40A, CA 4A-4A-7A, CA [4A]-4A-12A, CA 4A-[4A]-12A, CA [4A]-4A-71A, CA 4A-[4A]-71A, CA 4A-7A-12A, CA [4A]-12B, CA [4A]-46A-46A, CA [4A]-46C, CA 7A-7A-8A, CA 7A-20A-42A, CA 7C-20A, CA 7B-28A, CA 7C-28A, CA 7A-46C, CA 8A-40C, CA 8A-42C, CA 12A-[66A]-66A, CA 12A-66A-[66A], CA 12A-[66C], CA 19A-42C, CA 20A-38C, CA 28A-40C, CA 28A-42C, CA 40A-40C, CA 40D, CA 40A-42C, CA 40C-42A, CA 42A-42C, CA 42D, CA 46C-[66A], CA 48A-48C, CA 48D, CA 48A-48A-[66A], CA 48C-[66A], CA [66A]-66A-71A, CA 66A-[66A]-71A

4CA:

CA 1A-1A-3A-28A, CA 1A-3A-3A-28A, CA 1A-3A-7A-7A, CA 1A-3A-7C, CA 1A-3A-7A-8A, CA 1A-3A-7A-20A, CA 1A-3A-7A-28A, CA 1A-3A-8A-40A, CA 1A-3A-3A-8A, CA 1A-3A-40C, CA 1A-3A-42C, CA 1A-3C-5A, CA 1A-3C-7A, CA 1A-3C-8A, CA 1A-3C-28A, CA 1A-7C-28A, CA 1A-42D, CA 1A-46D, CA 2A-2A-12A-66A, CA 2A-2A-66A-66A, CA 2A-2A-66A-71A, CA [2A]-2A-66C, CA 2A-[2A]-66C, CA 2A-2A-[66C], CA 2A-4A-7A-12A, CA 2A-12A-66A-66A, CA 2A-46A-46A-66A, CA [2A]-46A-46C, CA [2A]-46C-66A, CA 2A-46C-[66A], CA [2A]-46D, CA [2C]-66A-66A, CA 2C-[66A]-66A, CA 2C-66A-[66A], CA 3A-3A-7A-7A, CA 3A-3A-7A-8A, CA 3A-3A-7A-20A, CA 3A-3A-7A-28A, CA 3A-5A-7A-7A, CA 3A-7A-7A-8A, CA 3A-7C-20A, CA 3A-7C-28A, CA 3A-28A-40C, CA 3A-28A-42C, CA 3A-40D, CA 3A-46D, CA 3C-7A-20A, CA 3C-7A-28A, CA 3C-7C, CA 3C-40C, CA [4A]-46A-46C, CA [4A]-46D, CA 7A-46D, CA 28A-40D, CA 28A-46D, CA 40C-40C, CA 40C-42C, CA 40E, CA [41C]-42C, CA 42C-42C, CA 42E, CA 46A-46C-[66A], CA 46D-[66A], CA 48D-[66A], CA 48E

#### 5CA:

CA\_1A-3A-7C-28A, CA\_1A-3C-7C, CA\_1A-3C-40C, CA\_2A-46A-46C-66A, CA\_2A-46D-66A, CA\_3A-28A-40D, CA\_3C-7C-28A, CA\_3A-40E

## 2ULCA:

UL\_1A-7A, UL\_1A-8A, UL\_1A-28A, UL\_3A-7A, UL\_3A-8A, UL\_3A-20A, UL\_3A-28A, UL\_4A-7A, UL\_3C, UL\_7C, UL\_38C, UL\_39C, UL\_40C, UL\_41C, UL\_42C

#### 2CA:

ATT

CA\_[2A]-[4A], CA\_[2A]-5A, CA\_2A-7A, CA\_[2A]-12A, CA\_[2A]-14A, CA\_[2A]-29A, CA\_2A-30A, CA\_[2A]-46A, CA\_[2A]-48A, CA\_[2A]-[66A], CA\_[2A]-71A, CA\_[4A]-5A, CA\_4A-7A, CA\_[4A]-12A, CA\_[4A]-29A, CA\_4A-30A, CA\_[4A]-46A, CA\_[4A]-71A, CA\_5A-30A, CA\_5A-[66A], CA\_7A-12A, CA\_12A-30A, CA\_12A-[66A], CA\_14A-30A, CA\_14A-[66A], CA\_[25A]-26A, CA\_25A-41A, CA\_26A-[41A], CA\_29A-30A, CA\_29A-[66A], CA\_30A-66A, CA\_46A-[66A], CA\_48A-[66A], CA\_[66A]-71A, CA\_[2A]-[2A], CA\_[4A]-[4A], CA\_[25A]-[25A], CA\_[41A]-[41A], CA\_48A-48A, CA\_[66A]-[66A], CA\_[2C], CA\_5B,

CA\_7C, CA\_12B, CA\_[41C], CA\_48C, CA\_[66B], CA\_[66C]

#### 3CA:

CA [2A]-2A-5A, CA 2A-[2A]-5A, CA [2A]-2A-12A, CA 2A-[2A]-12A, CA 2A-2A-30A, CA [2A]-2A-66A, CA 2A-[2A]-66A, CA 2A-2A-[66A], CA [2A]-2A-71A, CA 2A-[2A]-71A, CA [2A]-4A-4A, CA 2A-[4A]-4A, CA 2A-4A-[4A], CA [2A]-4A-5A, CA 2A-[4A]-5A, CA [2A]-4A-12A, CA\_2A-[4A]-12A, CA\_[2A]-4A-29A, CA\_2A-[4A]-29A, CA\_2A-4A-30A, CA [2A]-4A-71A, CA 2A-[4A]-71A, CA 2A-5A-30A, CA [2A]-5A-66A, CA 2A-5A-[66A], CA 2A-7A-12A, CA 2A-12A-30A, CA [2A]-12A-66A, CA 2A-12A-[66A], CA [2A]-12B, CA 2A-14A-30A, CA [2A]-14A-66A, CA 2A-14A-[66A], CA 2A-29A-30A, CA 2A-30A-66A, CA [2A]-46A-46A, CA [2A]-46A-66A, CA 2A-46A-[66A], CA [2A]-46C, CA [2A]-48A-48A, CA [2A]-48C, CA [2A]-48A-66A, CA 2A-48A-[66A], CA\_[2A]-66A-66A, CA\_2A-[66A]-66A, CA\_2A-66A-[66A], CA [2A]-66A-71A, CA 2A-[66A]-71A, CA [2A]-[66C], CA [2A]-66C, CA 2A-[66C], CA [4A]-4A-5A, CA 4A-[4A]-5A, CA 4A-4A-7A, CA [4A]-4A-12A, CA 4A-[4A]-12A, CA 4A-4A-30A, CA [4A]-4A-71A, CA 4A-[4A]-71A, CA 4A-5A-30A, CA 4A-7A-12A, CA 4A-12A-30A, CA [4A]-12B, CA 4A-29A-30A, CA [4A]-46A-46A, CA [4A]-46C, CA 5A-30A-66A, CA 5A-[66A]-66A, CA 5A-66A-[66A], CA 5A-[66C], CA\_12A-30A-66A, CA\_12A-[66A]-66A, CA\_12A-66A-[66A], CA\_12A-[66C], CA\_14A-30A-66A, CA\_14A-[66A]-66A, CA\_14A-66A-[66A], CA [25A]-25A-26A, CA 25A-[25A]-26A, CA 25A-41C, CA 26A-[41C], CA\_29A-30A-66A, CA\_29A-[66A]-66A, CA\_29A-66A-[66A], CA 30A-66A-66A, CA [41A]-[41C], CA [41A]-41C, CA 41A-[41C], CA [41D], CA 46C-[66A], CA 48A-48C, CA 48D, CA 48A-48A-[66A], CA 48C-[66A], CA [66A]-66A-71A, CA 66A-[66A]-71A

## 4CA:

CA\_2A-2A-5A-30A, CA\_2A-2A-5A-66A, CA\_2A-2A-12A-30A, CA\_2A-2A-12A-66A, CA\_2A-2A-2A-2A-66A, CA\_2A-2A-2A-66A, CA\_2A-2A-66A, CA\_2A-2A-66A-71A, CA\_[2A]-2A-66C, CA\_2A-[2A]-66C, CA\_2A-2A-[66C], CA\_2A-4A-4A-12A, CA\_2A-4A-5A-30A, CA\_2A-4A-7A-12A, CA\_2A-4A-12A-30A, CA\_2A-5A-30A-66A, CA\_2A-5A-66A-66A, CA\_2A-5B-30A, CA\_[2A]-5B-66A, CA\_2A-5B-[66A], CA\_2A-12A-30A-66A, CA\_2A-12A-66A-66A, CA\_2A-29A-30A-66A, CA\_2A-46A-46A-66A,



CA\_[2A]-46A-46C, CA\_[2A]-46C-66A, CA\_2A-46C-[66A], CA\_[2A]-46D, CA\_2A-66A-66A-71A, CA\_2A-66C-71A, CA\_[2C]-66A-66A, CA\_2C-[66A]-66A, CA\_2C-66A-[66A], CA\_4A-4A-12A-30A, CA\_[4A]-46A-46C, CA\_[4A]-46D, CA\_5A-30A-66A-66A, CA\_5B-30A-66A, CA\_5B-66A-66A, CA\_12A-30A-66A-66A, CA\_25A-41D, CA\_29A-30A-66A-66A, CA\_[41A]-41D, CA\_[41C]-41C, CA\_41C-[41C], CA\_41E, CA\_46A-46C-[66A], CA\_46D-[66A], CA\_48D-[66A], CA\_48E

#### 5CA:

CA\_2A-2A-46D, CA\_2A-5B-30A-66A, CA\_2A-5B-66A-66A, CA\_2A-46A-46C-66A, CA\_2A-46D-66A, CA\_5B-30A-66A-66A, CA\_46D-66A-66A

## 2ULCA:

UL 2A-5A, UL 2A-12A, UL 4A-12A, UL 5A-66A, UL 5B, UL 41C

#### 2CA:

CA\_[2A]-[2A], CA\_[2A]-[4A], CA\_[2A]-5A, CA\_[2A]-13A, CA\_[2A]-[66A], CA\_[4A]-[4A], CA\_[4A]-5A, CA\_[4A]-13A, CA\_5A-[66A], CA\_5B, CA\_13A-[66A], CA\_[66A]-[66A], CA\_[66B], CA\_[66C], CA\_[2A]-48A, CA\_13A-48A, CA\_48A-[66A]

#### 3CA:

CA\_[2A]-2A-5A, CA\_[2A]-2A-13A, CA\_[2A]-2A-66A, CA\_2A-2A-[66A], CA\_[2A]-4A-5A, CA\_2A-[4A]-5A, CA\_[2A]-4A-13A, CA\_2A-[4A]-13A, CA\_[2A]-5A-66A, CA\_2A-5A-[66A], CA\_[2A]-13A-66A, CA\_2A-13A-[66A], CA\_[2A]-66A-66A, CA\_2A-[66A]-66A, CA\_[2A]-[66B], CA\_[2A]-[66C], CA\_[4A]-4A-5A, CA\_[4A]-4A-13A, CA\_5A-[66A]-66A, CA\_5A-[66B], CA\_5A-[66C], CA\_13A-[66A]-66A, CA\_13A-[66B], CA\_13A-[66C], CA\_[66A]-[66C], CA\_[66A]-66A, CA\_13A-48A-48A, CA\_13A-48A-[66A], CA\_2A-48A-[66A], CA\_13A-48C, CA\_48A-48A-[66A], CA\_48A-[66A], CA\_48A-[66A], CA\_48A-[66A], CA\_48A-[66A], CA\_48A-[66A], CA\_48A-[66A], CA\_48C-[66A]

#### 4CA:

CA\_2A-48A-48A-66A, CA\_[2A]-48D, CA\_13A-48A-48A-66A, CA\_13A-48A-48C, CA\_13A-48C-[66A], CA\_13A-48D, CA\_48A-48A-

**VZW** 



66A-66A, CA\_48A-48A-[66B], CA\_48A-48A-[66C], CA\_48A-48C-[66A], CA\_48D-[66A]

#### 5CA:

CA\_2A-48E, CA\_13A-48A-48C-66A, CA\_13A-48C-48C, CA\_13A-48D-66A, CA\_13A-48E, CA\_48A-48C-66B, CA\_48A-48C-66C, CA\_48C-48C-66A, CA\_48E-66A

#### 2ULCA:

UL 2A-13A, UL 4A-13A

#### 2CA:

CA\_[2A]-[4A], CA\_[2A]-5A, CA\_2A-7A, CA\_[2A]-12A, CA\_[2A]-14A, CA\_[2A]-29A, CA\_2A-30A, CA\_[2A]-46A, CA\_[2A]-48A, CA\_[2A]-[66A], CA\_[2A]-71A, CA\_[4A]-5A, CA\_4A-7A, CA\_[4A]-12A, CA\_[4A]-29A, CA\_4A-30A, CA\_[4A]-46A, CA\_[4A]-71A, CA\_5A-30A, CA\_5A-[66A], CA\_7A-12A, CA\_12A-30A, CA\_12A-[66A], CA\_14A-30A, CA\_14A-[66A], CA\_[25A]-26A, CA\_25A-41A, CA\_26A-[41A], CA\_29A-30A, CA\_29A-[66A], CA\_30A-66A, CA\_46A-[66A], CA\_48A-[66A], CA\_[66A]-71A, CA\_[2A]-[2A], CA\_[4A]-[4A], CA\_[25A]-[25A], CA\_[41A]-[41A], CA\_48A-48A, CA\_[66A]-[66A], CA\_[2C], CA\_5B, CA\_7C, CA\_12B, CA\_[41C], CA\_48C, CA\_[66B], CA\_[66C]

## 3CA:

## **TMUS**

CA\_[2A]-2A-5A, CA\_2A-[2A]-5A, CA\_[2A]-2A-12A, CA\_2A-[2A]-12A, CA\_2A-2A-30A, CA\_[2A]-2A-66A, CA\_2A-[2A]-66A, CA\_2A-2A-[66A], CA\_[2A]-2A-71A, CA\_2A-[2A]-71A, CA\_[2A]-4A-4A, CA\_2A-[4A]-4A, CA\_2A-4A-[4A], CA\_[2A]-4A-5A, CA\_2A-[4A]-5A, CA\_[2A]-4A-12A, CA\_2A-[4A]-12A, CA\_[2A]-4A-29A, CA\_2A-[4A]-29A, CA\_2A-4A-30A, CA\_[2A]-4A-71A, CA\_2A-[4A]-71A, CA\_2A-5A-30A, CA\_[2A]-5A-66A, CA\_2A-5A-[66A], CA\_2A-7A-12A, CA\_2A-12A-30A, CA\_[2A]-12A-66A, CA\_2A-12A-[66A], CA\_[2A]-12B, CA\_2A-14A-30A, CA\_[2A]-12A-66A, CA\_2A-14A-[66A], CA\_2A-29A-30A, CA\_2A-30A-66A, CA\_[2A]-46A-46A, CA\_[2A]-46A-66A, CA\_2A-46A-[66A], CA\_[2A]-46A-66A, CA\_2A-46A-[66A], CA\_[2A]-48A-48A, CA\_[2A]-48C, CA\_[2A]-48A-66A, CA\_2A-48A-[66A], CA\_[2A]-66A-66A, CA\_2A-[66A]-66A, CA\_2A-66A-[66A], CA\_[2A]-66A-71A, CA\_2A-[66A]-71A, CA\_[2A]-[66C], CA\_[2A]-66C, CA\_2A-[66C], CA\_[4A]-4A-5A, CA\_4A-[4A]-5A, CA\_4A-4A-7A,



CA\_[4A]-4A-12A, CA\_4A-[4A]-12A, CA\_4A-4A-30A, CA\_[4A]-4A-71A, CA\_4A-[4A]-71A, CA\_4A-5A-30A, CA\_4A-7A-12A, CA\_4A-12A-30A, CA\_[4A]-12B, CA\_4A-29A-30A, CA\_[4A]-46A-46A, CA\_[4A]-46C, CA\_5A-30A-66A, CA\_5A-[66A]-66A, CA\_5A-66A-[66A], CA\_5A-[66C], CA\_12A-30A-66A, CA\_12A-[66A]-66A, CA\_12A-66A-[66A], CA\_12A-[66C], CA\_14A-30A-66A, CA\_14A-[66A]-66A, CA\_14A-66A-[66A], CA\_[25A]-25A-26A, CA\_25A-[25A]-26A, CA\_25A-41C, CA\_26A-[41C], CA\_29A-30A-66A, CA\_29A-[66A]-66A, CA\_29A-66A-[66A], CA\_30A-66A-66A, CA\_[41A]-[41C], CA\_[41A]-41C, CA\_41A-[41C], CA\_[41D], CA\_46C-[66A], CA\_48A-48C, CA\_48D, CA\_48A-48A-[66A], CA\_48C-[66A], CA\_[66A]-66A-71A, CA\_66A-[66A]-71A

#### 4CA:

CA\_2A-2A-5A-30A, CA\_2A-2A-5A-66A, CA\_2A-2A-12A-30A, CA\_2A-2A-12A-66A, CA\_2A-2A-2A-2A-2A-66A, CA\_2A-2A-2A-66A, CA\_2A-2A-66A-66A, CA\_2A-2A-66A-71A, CA\_[2A]-2A-66C, CA\_2A-[2A]-66C, CA\_2A-2A-[66C], CA\_2A-4A-4A-12A, CA\_2A-4A-5A-30A, CA\_2A-4A-7A-12A, CA\_2A-4A-12A-30A, CA\_2A-5A-30A-66A, CA\_2A-5B-30A, CA\_2A-5B-66A, CA\_2A-5B-[66A], CA\_2A-12A-30A-66A, CA\_2A-12A-66A-66A, CA\_2A-29A-30A-66A, CA\_2A-46A-46A-66A, CA\_[2A]-46A-46C, CA\_[2A]-46C-66A, CA\_2A-46C-[66A], CA\_[2A]-46D, CA\_2A-66A-66A, CA\_2A-66C-71A, CA\_[2C]-66A-66A, CA\_2C-[66A]-66A, CA\_2C-66A-[66A], CA\_4A-4A-12A-30A, CA\_[4A]-46A-46C, CA\_[4A]-46D, CA\_5A-30A-66A-66A, CA\_5B-30A-66A, CA\_5B-66A-66A, CA\_12A-30A-66A-66A, CA\_25A-41D, CA\_29A-30A-66A-66A, CA\_[41A]-41D, CA\_[41C]-41C, CA\_41C-[41C], CA\_41E, CA\_46A-46C-[66A], CA\_46D-[66A], CA\_48D-[66A], CA\_48E-

## 5CA:

CA\_2A-2A-46D, CA\_2A-5B-30A-66A, CA\_2A-5B-66A-66A, CA\_2A-46A-46C-66A, CA\_2A-46D-66A, CA\_5B-30A-66A-66A, CA\_46D-66A-66A

#### 2ULCA:

UL 2A-5A, UL 2A-12A, UL 4A-12A, UL 5A-66A, UL 5B, UL 41C

## **LGUplus**

2CA:

1A-5A, 1A-7A, 5A-7A, 5B, 7B, 7C



3CA:

1A-5A-7A, 1A-7A-7A, 1A-7C

2ULCA:

UL\_1A-5A, UL\_1A-7A, UL\_5B, UL\_7C

# 7.3. CA List Supported Per Variant for LM960A9-P

2CA:

CA\_42A-42A, CA\_48A-48A, CA\_42C, CA\_48C

**CBRS** 

3CA:

CA\_42A-42C, CA\_42D, CA\_48A-48C, CA\_48D

2ULCA:

UL\_42C



## 8. LIST OF ACRONYMS

ARFCN Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number

AT Attention command BA BCCH Allocation

BCCH Broadcast Control Channel

CA Cell Allocation

CBM Cell Broadcast Message
CBS Cell Broadcast Service
CCM Current Call Meter

CLIR Calling Line Identification Restriction

CTS Clear To Send
CUG Closed User Group
DCD Data Carrier Detect

DCE Data Communication Equipment

DCS Digital Cellular System

DNS Domain Name System Server

DSR Data Set Ready

DTE Data Terminal Equipment
DTMF Dual Tone Multi Fraquency
DTR Data Terminal Ready
GPRS Global Packet Radio Service

IMEI International Mobile Equipment Identity
IMSI International Mobile Subscriber Identity

IP Internet Protocol

IRA International Reference Alphabet

IWFInterworking FunctionMOMobile OriginatedMTMobile TerminalNVMNon Volatile Memory

PCS Personal Communication Service

PDP Packet Data Protocol
PDU Packet Data Unit

PIN Personal Identification Number

PPP Point to Point Protocol
PUK Pin Unblocking Code
RLP Radio Link Protocol

RMC Recommended minimum Specific data

RTS Request To Send
SAP SIM Access Profile
SCA Service Center Address
SMS Short Message Service

SMSC Short Message Service Center SMTP Simple Mail Transport Protocol

TA Terminal Adapter

TCP Transmission Control Protocol

TE Terminal Equipment
UDP User Datagram Protocol

USSD Unstructured Supplementary Service Data

UTC Coordinated Universal Time VDOP Vertical dilution of precision

VTG Course over ground and ground speed

# 9. DOCUMENT HISTORY

Revision	Date	Changes
0	2017-12-20	Initial release
1	2018-11-01	New: #CAINFO, #TESTMODE, #LAPS, #PSMWDISACFG, #PSMWAKENCFG, #PSMEVTCFG, #PSMEVT, #ICMP, #HOSTODIS, #TMLVL
		Update:  #QSS, #SIMDET, #BND, \$LCSAGLO,  #LCFC,#RXTOGGLE, #RXDIV, +WS46, #USB3TUNE,  #USBCFG, +COPS, #ACTIVEFW, +CEMODE, #LRXDIV,  #GETFW, #TEMPSENS, #FASTSHDN, +CLCK, +CMGD,  +CSCA, +CMGS, +CMSS, +CMGW
		Deleted:  S0, S1, +CHUP, +CRC, +CVHU, +CSTA, +CLIP, +CLIR, +COLP, +COLR, +CCFC, +CCWA, +CHLD, +CTFR, +CUSD, +CAOC, +CLCC, +CSSN, +CDIP, +VTS, +VTD, #SMSFORMAT, #ISMSCFG
2	2019-09-04	New:  #SHDNIND, #AUDIS, #FIRMWARE, #LTECAT, #WWANLED, #FDOR, #GETCUSTFEAT, #SETCUSTFEAT, #DGCFG, #DGSTAT, #LOCAUTOSTART, #DGENABLE, #LOCNMEATYPE, #SMSFORMAT, #ISMSCFG, 5.5.5. 3GPP2 AT Commands for SMS, #4RXDIS, #CQI, #UPTIME,
		Update:  #LAPS, +CSCA, +CMGS, +CMSS, +CMGW, +CNMI, +CMGL, +CMGR, #BND, #LRXDIV, #GPIO, #TESTMODE, #ENS, #LCFC, #GETFW, #PERSISTAPN, #QOSINTER, #FASTSHDN, #ACTIVEFW, #CAINFO, \$GPSNMUN, \$GPSNMUNEX, +CGCLASS, #HOSTODIS, #PSMWDISACFG, +CPMS, #SIMDET, +CSCB, #GPIO, #SHDN
3	2020-01-07	New: #GETFWEXT, #ACTIVEFWEXT, #FWPLS, #CSURV, #CSURVC
		Update: #BND, \$LCSLPP, #LAPS, #USBCFG, #LCFC



4	2020-03-10	Update: Applicability table corrected
5	2020-05-28	New:  LM960A9-P project in section 4(availability table),  CA list supported for LM960A9-P as section 7.3  #CLATENA, #ICMCONNECT, #ICMLANCFG,  #ICMROAMINGEN, #LTECAT, +ODIS  Update:  #LCFC,#LTECAT, #SHDNIND  Delete:
6	2021-02-02	New:  LGU variant in section 4 (Availability table), #LOOPBACKMODECFG, #ESIMID, #ESIMPF, #ESIMPFINFO, #ESIMUPN, #ESIMGETADDR, #ESIMCAP, #ESIMPFUC, #ESIMADDPF, #ESIMMEMRST, #SDM, #STIME, #STKENV, #B30TXDIS,#PDPAUTH, #RESETINFO, #LWM2MSKIP,#DPRLIST,#DPRCTL,#OTGCFG  Update: #USBCFG, \$LCSLPP, +ODIS, #GETCUSTFEAT, #SETCUSTFEAT, +CEMODE, +CGREG, +CIND,#TESTMODE,#CAINFO, #GPIO  Delete:



7	2021-04-13	New:
		Update:
		#GPIO, #CSURV, #CSURVC, #GETCUSTFEAT, #SETCUSTFEAT, #DGENABLE, +CEMODE, #LCFC, #HSEN, +CGREG, +WS46
		Delete:

# SUPPORT INQUIRIES

Link to **www.telit.com** and contact our technical support team for any questions related to technical issues.

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